

ANNUAL REPORT 2024



Energy with Intelligence

At Pakistan State Oil (PSO), we are dedicated to illuminating a brighter future for our nation. As Pakistan's leading Oil Marketing Company (OMC), we believe that energy is a fundamental right, and we are committed to making it more accessible, sustainable, and affordable for all.

By harnessing the power of innovation, technology, and expertise, we are driving progress and empowering communities to thrive. Our goal is to deliver energy solutions that not only fuel Pakistan's growth but also prioritize the well-being of our people and the planet.

We are using data-driven insights and cutting-edge technologies to optimize energy distribution, energize industries, homes, and transportation, and streamline our operations. As a forward-thinking energy pioneer, we are passionate about crafting modern, sector-specific solutions that balance economic growth, environmental stewardship, and social progress.

Our 'Energy with Intelligence' ethos is more than just a promise – it is a commitment to creating a brighter, more sustainable future for generations to come.

Toble Of CONTENTS

Overview and Strategy

About the Report	04
Key Highlights	06
Chairman's Review	08
Managing Director & CEO's Letter to Shareholders	10
Vision, Mission and Values	12
Code of Conduct	14
PSO at a Glance	16
Business Lines	20
Regulatory Framework	21
Geographical Presence	22
Major Events	24
Marketing Initiatives	28
Integrated Business Model	32
Significant Factors Affecting the External Environment	34
Significant Events	35
SWOT Analysis	36
Business Objectives and Strategy	37
Company's Strategy on Market Development, Product	
and Service Development	38
The Effects of the given Factors on Company Strategy	
and Resource Allocation	38
The Linkage of Strategic Objectives with Company's	
Overall Mission, Vision and Objectives	39
Board's Statement on the Significant Plans and Decisions	40
Composition of Local vs. Imported Material	
and Sensitivity Analysis	40
Materiality Approach Adopted by the Management	40
International Integrated Reporting Framework	41
Value Creation by the Business Using its Resources	41
Competitive Landscape and Market Positioning	42
Resource Allocation Plan	42
Key Performance Indicators	42
The Legitimate Needs, Interests of Key Stakeholders	
and Industry Trends	43
Key Resources and Capabilities that provide	
Sustainable Competitive Advantage	43
Harnessing Technology	44
Risk and Opportunity Report	48
Notice of Monting	52

Corporate Governance Company Information 58 The Board of Management Profile 59 Engagement of Board Members in **Business Entities** 68 **Board Committees** 69 Board's Operating Style and Delegation to Management 73 Role of Chairman & CEO 73 CEO's Performance Review by the Board 73 73 Evaluation of Board's Performance 73 Board Audit & Compliance Committee Evaluation 73 **Training of Board Members** 73 **Orientation of Board Members** Remuneration of Non-executive Board Members 73 Policy for Retention of Fee by an Executive Member 74 74 Board's View on Diversity Company's Policy for Safeguarding of Records 74 Conflict of Interest amongst Board Members 74 Compliance with the Best Practices of the Code 74 of Corporate Governance **External Oversight of Various Functions** 74 Board Meetings held outside Pakistan 74 74 **Related Parties** Management's Responsibility towards 75 **Financial Statements** 75 Appointment of Board including Chairman 75 **Business Plan** Board's Statements on Internal Controls 75 Board's Commitment to Upholding the Highest Standards of Ethics and Compliance 75 **Organizational Structure** 76 Report of the Board Audit & Compliance Committee 78 Statement of Compliance 80 Review Report to the Members 82 Attendance at the Board of Management and **Board Committee Meetings** 83 Statement of Corporate Intent 84 86 Management Committees

Report to Shareholders

-	
Global Economic Environment	90
Pakistan's Economic Review	90
Petroleum Industry Overview	92
Company Performance	94
Supply Chain	106
Operations	107
Technology	108
Human Resource	110
Environmental Social Governance	116
Health, Safety & Environment	118
Quality Assurance	120
Sustainability	120
Corporate Social Responsibility	122
Procurement, Waste and Emissions	123
Strategic Initiatives	125
Awards and Accolades	126
Financial Performance	128
Other Matters	128
Company Performance Against Forward-Looking	
Disclosures made Last Year	131
Forward-Looking Statement	132
Source of Information & Assumption	133

Financial Performance

Dupont Analysis
Market Share Information
Share Price Sensitivity Analysis
Analysis of Financial Position
Analysis of Financial Performance
Analysis of Performance against Target
Segmental Review of Business Performance
Analysis of Results in Interim Period
Summary of Cash Flow Statement
Direct Cash Flow Statement
Financial Ratios
Statement of Value Additions
Statement of Economic Value Added
Vertical and Horizontal Analysis
Indicators and Performance Measures
Taxes and Dividends

Unconsolidated Financials

Independent Auditor's Report	163
Financial Statements	167
Notes to the Financial Statements	172
Consolidated Financials	
Independent Auditor's Report	241
Financial Statements	245
Notes to the Financial Statements	250
Stakeholders' Information	
Stakeholders' Engagement Policy	332
Stakeholders' Identification & Engagement	332
Analyst and Corporate Briefings	333
Corporate Benefits to Shareholder	333
Resolution of Concerns raised at the Last AGM	334
Encouragement of the Shareholders to	
attend the General Meetings	334
Presence of Chairperson of Board Audit &	
Compliance Committee at AGM	334
Redressal of Investors' Grievances	334
Investors' Relations Section on PSO's Website	334
Pattern of Shareholding	335
Shareholder's Categories	339
Shareholders' and Investors' Information	340
Managing Director & CEO's Interview	340
Glossary	341
Feedback	341

Chairman's Review (Urdu)

Report to Shareholders (Urdu)

Forms

Proxy Form – Urdu/English Postal Ballot Paper - Urdu/English

About The REPORT

The Annual Report 2024 spans the fiscal period from July 1, 2023, to June 30, 2024, and includes key subsequent events leading up to its release. This report presents a thorough analysis of PSO's performance, with a particular focus on the value generated for stakeholders over the course of the year.

The report explores PSO's sustainability strategy, technological advancements and digitization initiatives emphasizing the interconnectedness between the company's internal and external environments, strategy, business model, integrated risk management, and corporate governance framework. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards, ensuring transparency and accuracy.

Through an integrated reporting strategy, the report offers an in-depth understanding of PSO's business lines, opportunities, risks, governance, and performance, all aligned with the company's strategic objectives. Presented clearly and concisely, it provides a comprehensive view of PSO's prospects, highlighting key aspects such as the health and safety of workers, clients, and contractors.

PSO is dedicated to driving positive change for the society and environment. Through its CSR Trust, the company implements a wide range of impactful initiatives across healthcare, education, environmental stewardship, and community development. These efforts are strategically designed to contribute to the overall betterment and sustainable development of the nation. By applying principles focused on cohesion and efficiency, this report aims to enhance the quality of information provided.

It is important to note that the reporting scope, boundary, and basis remain largely unchanged since the last reporting date of June 30, 2023.

The report is also available on the corporate website through the following link:

https://www.psopk.com/en/investors/financial

We hope you find this report insightful and informative as you explore PSO's achievements and contributions.









Chairman's Review

Dear Shareholders,

On behalf of the Board of Management, I am pleased to present my review on the performance of PSO and its subsidiaries - Pakistan Refinery Limited (PRL), Cerisma (Pvt.) Limited, PSO Renewable Energy (Pvt.) Limited (PSORE) and PSO Venture Capital (Pvt.) Limited (PSOVC) for the financial year ended June 30, 2024.

Firstly, I would like to commend the management and employees of PSO who have demonstrated remarkable resilience and adaptability in the face of a challenging economic landscape, marked by global uncertainties and domestic pressures. By leveraging strategic foresight and operational expertise, the company has overcome significant challenges, delivering a strong performance that aligns with our long-term vision. The Board recognizes and lauds the notable progress made by the employees and management of the Group in diversification efforts, which will continue to drive value for our stakeholders.

Economic Overview

The global economy has regained momentum in 2024, slowly overcoming recent headwinds. Despite easing inflation and improving trade, growth remains moderate. Advanced economies are poised for gradual strengthening, while emerging markets may experience a slight deceleration. Nevertheless, geopolitical tensions and market uncertainties continue to pose risks.

Pakistan's economy followed a similar trajectory, facing significant challenges. The government's stringent measures to address economic imbalances led to a slowdown in overall growth, with the agricultural sector being an exception. The industrial and services sectors were impacted by tight economic policies, resulting in a modest GDP growth of 2.4%, reflecting the straitened economic landscape.

Group's Performance

PSO delivered a robust financial performance in 2023-24, with a profit after tax of PKR. 15.9 billion. The Board declared a dividend of PKR. 10 per share, representing a yield of 100%. PSO's subsidiary, PRL followed a similar trend with a profit after tax of PKR. 4.1 billion and gross revenue of PKR. 403.6 billion. The Group's consolidated profit after tax reached PKR. 18.3 billion, solidifying PSO's leadership in the energy sector.

The company's market preponderance is evident in its 51.6% share of the white oil market and impressive 99.1% share of the jet fuel market. Under the guidance of the Board, the management ensured the company remained focused on delivering exceptional performance and creating value for shareholders.

PSO is undergoing a remarkable transformation, emerging as a dynamic and forward-thinking energy, innovation and financial company. This transformation has been driven by strategic initiatives in a search for excellence that have enhanced operational efficiency through business process reengineering, automation & digitization and a robust, upgraded storage infrastructure.

We have successfully streamlined our operations by re-engineering 760 processes into a more efficient 430 processes, and then digitized them. PSO is leveraging its existing ERP system to create a digital ecosystem with front end supported by multi layered software hardware interface, and back end with extensive digitisation and instrumentation, which will create an environment of real time data gathering and decision making with predictive modelling. Moreover, we are pioneering the integration of Artificial Intelligence across all our operations to elevate our people's capabilities and operational efficiency to new heights.

A key milestone in this journey has been achieved by our fintech Cerisma (Pvt.) Limited, which has secured in-principal approval for an EMI license, laying the groundwork for an advanced digital financial infrastructure. Cerisma has the potential to become Pakistan's financial highway by leveraging and taking advantage of PSO's extensive 3,580 strong retail network whose retail sales total eight percent of Pakistan's GDP and forging strategic, high-yield partnerships. To achieve this vision, we are actively seeking innovative, value-added partners to collaborate with and drive mutually beneficial growth to achieve a PSO led Pakistan digital financial highway.

PSO is also capitalizing on its market leadership in fuel to drive profitable sales in other areas. One such area is development of non-fuel retail which includes aggressive expansion in our convenience stores, auto care services and other convenience platforms including cafés, bakeries and other quick service restaurants. Besides growth in numbers, major emphasis is being made on improving the retail experience for customers by offering quality products in an aesthetic and pleasant ambiance. Through strategic partnerships and experimentation with various models, we are identifying the most effective and profitable approaches to accelerate our retail growth and maximize returns. Cerisma benefits three ways from PSO. First, our average fuel customers already are spending approximately 20% of their income on fuel. Our wallet size is substantial just to pay the average fuel bill.

Secondly, the vast footprint of PSO at strategic locations can offer a financial hub for various districts and towns where miscellaneous financial services including cash in and out, inward foreign remittance, top ups, bill payments etc. can be availed by communities where no structured and secured services' outlets are available. Thirdly, our internationally benchmarked, tried-and-tested national HR & vendor systems offer unparalleled value to numerous organizations, positioning the fintech as a trusted and reliable partner.

PSO has also ventured into developing an e-commerce platform. This omni channel platform has been setup to act as a virtual station where customers can avail services at their door step without having the need to visit a physical retail outlet. Customers can pre-book appointments for car wash, avail lubricant delivery and change at home, order LPG cylinders and as per the latest initiative, can pre-order groceries and other eatables for pick up from the store or avail home delivery. As c-stores at our retail outlets continue to expand, our e-commerce business is poised for rapid growth, with our forecourts evolving into the preferred pick-up and drop-off points across the country.

In parallel, PSO Renewable Energy (Pvt.) Limited is driving sustainability through pioneering solar initiatives across various sectors, yielding remarkable results. We are actively exploring B2B opportunities in diverse avenues under the Renewable Energy umbrella to secure larger volumes. Our primary focus lies in developing Mini Grids and catering to large institutional sales, leveraging the expertise of our seasoned personnel who played a pivotal role in K-Electric's successful turnaround.

With our extensive experience in managing PSO's intricate supply chain, we have a proven track record of delivering large-scale projects efficiently. Our goal is to provide electricity at significantly reduced costs to power utilities, enhancing their operational efficiency. We are partnering with blue chip parties in shaping a profitable and sustainable energy future.

Building on this momentum, PSO Venture Capital (Pvt) Limited has expanded its investment portfolio by venturing into fund management by focusing on nurturing innovative start-ups. We firmly believe that Pakistan is home to exceptional, intelligent, and resourceful youth, capable of creating world-class unicorns that can compete globally. PSO intends to invest significantly in our stars and in Pakistan. We invite our talented youth to use our platforms for achieving ubiquity especially in AI.

Furthermore, Pakistan Refinery Limited (PRL) has leveraged the brownfield refining policy, with the FEED completion slated for December 2024, marking progress in its strategic growth trajectory.

PSO is shaping a sustainable future by integrating environmental responsibility with energy security and a resilient national supply chain. Our holistic approach to sustainability delivers a powerful dual impact: reducing our ecological footprint while generating significant financial returns. Through strategic investments in energy-efficient technologies, optimized resource allocation, and a culture of sustainability, we have achieved significant operational cost reductions.

Our commitment to sustainability has also enabled us to navigate risks associated with regulatory shifts, market volatility, and reputational exposure. By prioritizing sustainability, we have cultivated a culture of innovation, collaboration, and responsible stewardship, driving long-term financial performance and value creation for our stakeholders.

Although PSO navigated financial headwinds, primarily fuelled by rising circular debt and high financing costs, the company remained focused on capitalizing growth avenues, underscoring its resilience and adaptability.

Performance of the Board

The Board remained resolute in its pursuit of excellence, ensuring shareholder interests remained paramount while upholding strong corporate governance. Through active oversight, the Board closely monitored the management's performance and assessed potential risks to the company. It also affirmed the efficiency of the company's planning and decision-making procedures, aided by its sub-committees, which played a pivotal role in identifying areas for enhancement and proposing solutions to optimize performance and facilitate well-informed decision-making.

PSO's Board of Management was reconstituted on May 29, 2023, introducing fresh perspectives with the appointment of 4 new independent members. The outgoing members' contributions, strategic vision, and leadership have been instrumental in shaping PSO's success.

The Board continued to carry out rigorous performance evaluations, ascertaining the effectiveness of the internal control function and company processes, assessing its own effectiveness, committees, and individual members, adhering to best-in-class corporate governance standards. This ensured the Board's continued effectiveness in driving the Group's achievements.

Significant Commitments

As Chairman, my significant commitments encompassed a comprehensive range of strategic, financial, CSR, and ESG initiatives, with a noteworthy increase in emphasis on ESG and CSR compared to last year. We ensured the effective conduct of Board meetings and decision-making, fostering a culture of collaboration, transparency, and accountability. This included overseeing strategic reviews to identify opportunities for further increasing market share in all major product lines, devising a framework for future diversification projects, Specifically, we focused on developing innovative products, and enhancing our digital transformation journey.

Moreover, we prioritized efforts towards recovering long outstanding receivables, implementing robust measures to enhance financial discipline, and optimizing our capital structure. In the realm of CSR, we launched initiatives to promote education, healthcare, and environmental sustainability, while our ESG efforts focused on reducing carbon footprint, ensuring ethical governance, and promoting diversity and inclusion. These commitments reflect my dedication to driving sustainable growth, enhancing operational efficiency, and strengthening the company's foundation for future success, while also prioritizing social responsibility and environmental stewardship.

Future Outlook

The Group is positioned to seize growth and diversification opportunities, shaping a sustainable energy future for Pakistan while generating shareholder value. Amidst economic and geopolitical uncertainties, the Board and management are collaboratively developing adaptive strategies to address demand and supply dynamics.

Building on a solid foundation, the Board is confident in its ability to unlock sustainable growth and propel the Group forward. Through pioneering new ventures like Cerisma, PSO Renewable Energy, and PSO Venture Capital, the company is poised to drive innovation, create new opportunities, and enhance shareholder value, all while advancing its strategic diversification goals.

In our Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) efforts, we have historically supported government initiatives and reputable institutions that benefit marginalized communities. However, our focus now is on maximizing the impact of our contributions by exploring innovative solutions like AI Doctors and AI personal tutors to augment the health and education sectors.

I express sincere thanks to our management for their continued passion and commitment, to all our partners for their unwavering support, and to all our shareholders for their continued trust and confidence. I would like to thank the Government of Pakistan, especially the Ministry of Energy (Petroleum Division) for their continued support and guidance on our journey of excellence.

In conclusion, I am confident that our future is bright and that PSO will be the beacon of hope and prosperity for Pakistan. Pakistan Zindabad!

Asif Baigmohamed Chairman August 27, 2024 Karachi



Managing Director & CEO's Letter to Shareholders

My Dear Shareholders,

It is my honour to present your company's exceptional financial and operational results for FY24, alongside our vision for future success. Our strategic approach, progressive culture, and focus on safety and excellence have successfully transformed PSO into a dynamic organization. These elements have collectively positioned your company for sustained growth and prosperity.

The global economic slowdown has had far-reaching consequences for emerging markets, including Pakistan, fuelling macroeconomic risks such as inflation and currency volatility. The global economy in 2024 is experiencing a sluggish and uneven recovery, with a projected growth of 3.2%.

While inflationary pressures have largely eased, the global trade environment is expected to rebound in the second half of the year, driven by improving economic conditions. Despite these challenges, your company exceptional adaptability and made significant strides across its diverse business segments, driving growth and excellence in an ever-evolving landscape.

PSO reported a gross revenue of PKR. 3.8 trillion (compared to PKR. 3.6 trillion in FY23) and a notable market share of 49.2%. Notwithstanding a challenging pricing environment that compressed gross margins and a substantial escalation in financial expenses amounting to PKR. 52 billion, your company closed the year with a profit after tax of PKR. 15.9 billion. As a group, PSO & PRL collectively achieved a profit after tax of PKR. 18.3 billion.

Your company reinforced its leadership in the white oil segment with a market share of 51.6%. In motor gasoline, PSO maintained a robust market presence, with a 45.8% share, selling 3.3 million tons out of an industry total of 7.1 million tons. In a remarkable display of market agility, PSO achieved a 53.2% market share and sold 3.3 million tons, contending the industry trend of declining diesel consumption. This impressive feat highlights PSO's ability to navigate complex market landscapes and capitalize on opportunities for growth.

PSO continued its stronghold with an impressive 99.1% market share in jet fuel, a significant increase from the previous year, solidifying its position as the leading fuel supplier for the nation's airports. Your company also successfully thrived in the black oil market, selling 295,709 tons, despite a 46% contraction in industry sales.

PSO excelled in a challenging market, increasing its lubricants market share to 26.9%, selling 38,429 tons in FY24. Additionally, PSO achieved a record-breaking LPG sales volume of 49,111 tons, marking a 22% increase from the previous year's 40,338 tons.

Moreover, your company imported 105 LNG vessels, totalling 6,369 thousand tons, a 6.9% increase from the previous year, through seamless supply chain management and collaborative efforts with key stakeholders.

PSO is making significant progress in its long-term corporate strategy by venturing into the fintech industry through Cerisma (Pvt.) Limited. A significant milestone was achieved with the in-principal approval for an Electronic Money Institution (EMI) license for Cerisma (Pvt.) Limited from the State Bank of Pakistan, forging the way for innovative financial solutions.

Staying at the forefront of Pakistan's clean energy journey, PSO is driving efforts to reduce its carbon footprint and promote environmental sustainability. Through the establishment of PSO Renewable Energy (Pvt.) Limited, your company is transforming the landscape of sustainable energy solutions, aligning with the government's visionary goals for a greener future.

In tandem with our strategic initiatives, Pakistan Refinery Limited (PRL) is capitalizing on the brownfield refining policy incentives, with the front-end-engineering-design (FEED) for its refinery upgrade and expansion project currently underway and is expected to be completed by December 2024. This project will not only enhance the refinery's capacity and environmental sustainability but also generate substantial value for shareholders.

The successful rehabilitation of 48,000 tons of existing storage capacity, coupled with the addition of 91,000 tons, has increased your company's total storage capacity to 1.24 million tons, significantly enhancing PSO's operational capabilities. Through a concerted effort to upgrade and expand its storage facilities, your company bolstered its storage infrastructure, achieving an outstanding operational availability rate of over 90% throughout the year.

In addition to this, PSO is actively engaged in acquiring lands in Khyber Pakhtunkhwa (KPK) and Punjab to support operational enhancements and cater to the increasing fuel requirements of the nation.

PSO enhanced its retail footprint by adding 101 new outlets, bringing the total number of outlets in its network to 3,580 across the country. This expansion is complemented by your company's extensive convenience store network, comprising over 200 locations, designed to provide customers with unparalleled ease and satisfaction.

With a customer-first mindset, your company strives to meet the changing needs of the market. In pursuit of this mission, PSO has introduced a range of innovative products and provided comprehensive training to its forecourt staff, ensuring exceptional customer service. The Fuelink app and DIGICASH platform have undergone significant enhancements, enabling seamless financial transactions, rewards management, and convenient services such as LPG cylinder pre-ordering and doorstep lubricant delivery.

PSO's digital transformation journey has reached new heights, optimizing operations and cementing its status as an industry innovator. Your company has successfully automated 2 more terminals at Mehmoodkot and Shikarpur, bringing the total to 5, significantly enhancing overall operational efficiency. Retail outlet integration is also underway at 200 sites aiming for a total of 1,200 integrated sites, delivering convenience and enhanced customer experience.

The Automated Queue Management & Scheduling System (AQMS) has been implemented at 2 additional locations: Mehmoodkot and Shikarpur, optimizing tank lorry operations and minimizing turnaround time, and is now operational at 9 locations across Pakistan.

As part of PSO's state-of-the-art Fuel Management System solution, your company, in partnership with Pakistan Railways, is upgrading Railways Filling and Storage Facilities in Karachi and Lahore followed by others across the country. This step marks a substantial leap in operational efficiency and strengthens the decades-long collaboration between the 2 national flag bearers.

In a bold move to revolutionize Pakistan's fuel supply chain, PSO is joining forces with Frontier Works Organization (FWO) and Inter State Gas Systems (ISGS) to launch the White Oil Pipeline initiative. This project aims to expand the pipeline network from Lahore to Peshawar, improving efficiency, safety, and enabling cost-effectiveness while minimizing environmental impact.

The launch of a Computerized Maintenance Management System (CMMS) for dealers allows real-time complaint reporting and resolution tracking, elevating service excellence and providing valuable insights for network-wide performance improvement. PSO has recently developed two innovative portals designed to optimize interactions with customers, dealers, and vendors. The ServiceSphere Portal streamlines issue resolution, while the Business Partner Profiling Portal provides valuable insights for network improvements.

Your company's commitment to excellence has been recognized with several prestigious awards and accolades. PSO was awarded the

"Largest Tax Payer Excellence Award" by the Prime Minister of Pakistan, recognizing its significant contributions to the national revenue.

PSO took top honours at the Management Association of Pakistan's 38th Corporate Excellence Awards 2022, winning 1st prize in the Oil & Gas Marketing Companies Sector. Your company also attained the "Best Corporate Report Award 2022", organized by the Joint Committee of Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (ICAP) and the Institute of Cost and Management Accountants of Pakistan (ICMAP).

PSO's exceptional financial reporting and transparency earned a "Merit Certificate" at the South Asian Federation of Accountants (SAFA) for the Best Presented Annual Report 2022 in the Public Sector Entities category.

Championing workplace wellness, PSO received the "Best in Health & Wellbeing" award at the prestigious HR Pinnacle awards. Driving for exceptional results leading to business growth and brand success, PSO's Quaid Day Campaign earned the prestigious award for "Creativity & Innovation" at the Pakistan Digital Awards (PDA) 2024.

PSO is pioneering eco-friendly infrastructure through its ECO street initiative, which has transformed 49,428 square feet of traditional road into a symbol of green living using 5,000 kg of recycled plastic waste. This innovative approach reduces waste, increases road durability, and sets a new standard for environmentally responsible construction.

Driven by our CSR values, PSO is dedicated to delivering energy security that not only powers progress but also uplifts communities, fosters resilient growth, and enriches lives for a brighter, more sustainable future. Through our CSR Trust, your company has collaborated with NGOs and other stakeholders to address critical areas such as healthcare, education, community development, disaster management, and environmental preservation with support totalling PKR. 350 million during FY24.

PSO has made commendable progress in receivables management despite the prevailing circular debt crisis. While average circular debt receivables increased by 6.4% year-on-year, your company achieved a notable reduction of PKR. 8.8 billion in its exposure to SNGPL and recovered PKR. 7.1 billion in outstanding claims, demonstrating effective debt management and recovery efforts.

As we look to the future, we are guided by a simple yet powerful purpose: to propel forward with sustainable growth while maximizing value for our esteemed shareholders. To ensure triumphant success in the near, intermediate, and long-term, we will continue to strategically invest in innovation-driven projects. Moreover, we are focused on expanding our presence in the rapidly evolving landscapes of fintech, clean energy, and renewables.

I extend my sincere appreciation to our valued shareholders for their trust, confidence, and investment in our company. I would also like to thank our valued customers, business partners, and stakeholders for their continued support. I express my heartfelt appreciation to our employees for their efforts throughout the past year.

The guidance and support of the Government of Pakistan, particularly the Petroleum Division of the Ministry of Energy, and PSO's Board of Management has been instrumental in making this journey successful and prosperous.

Syed Muhammad Taha Managing Director & CEO

August 27, 2024 Karachi

Vision, Mission and Values









Our Vision

We enrich lives around the world just as we do in our country.

Our Mission

To leverage our strengths in order to grow, diversify, and build value.

Our Values

INNOVATION

We are redefining leadership in energy to build an agile, creative, and future-focused organization

TEAMWORK

For sustainable productivity and efficiency, we leverage our strengths through coaching and collaboration

INCLUSIVE LEADERSHIP

We welcome all voices and points of view to gain understanding and perspective in healthy interactions across our organization

INTEGRITY

We are unwavering and transparent. Focused on reliable and consistent quality practices in everything we do

CARING AND GIVING

We value our customers, employees, community and environment, and take pride in cultivating loyal relationships that foster outreach and cooperation

13

Code of Conduct

In line with management's effort to maintain the decorum and ensure an environment that is cohesive to the development and success of our people, a Code of Conduct has been put in place where the following activities can result in disciplinary action:

01	Habitual lack of punctuality
02	Unauthorized/habitual absenteeism
03	Unsatisfactory/negligent performance
04	Smoking at any PSO location/office
05	Breaking of safety regulations/HSE standards/policies
06	Breach of privacy and/or trust
07	Misuse of confidential information/record
08	Falsification of records
09	Offering/accepting bribes/gifts
10	Intentional damage to company's/any individual's property
Φ	Reporting for duty drunk, drugged or intoxicated
12	Activities bringing disrepute to the company
13	Use or possession of arms, explosives, alcohol or drugs
14	Negligence causing loss to company's property(ies)
15	Submission of fake/forged testimonial(s)/document(s) at the time or during the course of employment
16	Bullying/intimidation/uncalled for behaviour/mental and gender harassment

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PSO at a Glance

Company Profile

With an unparalleled network spanning the nation, PSO, Pakistan's leading energy company, operates 3,580 retail outlets, 9 state-of-the-art installations, 19 strategically located depots, and provides refuelling facilities at 14 major airports and operations at 2 key seaports while boasting a record storage capacity of 1.24 million tons.

For nearly 5 decades, since its inception in 1976, PSO has been at the forefront of the energy industry, providing innovative solutions and exceptional service to the customers. As a trusted fuel partner, PSO supports the nation's transportation needs across land, air, and sea. During FY24, the company further strengthened its leadership position in the oil marketing industry by closing the year with a market share of 51.6% in white oil.

PSO has various strategic investments in the oil value chain through shareholding in Pakistan Refinery Limited, Asia Petroleum Limited, Pak Grease Manufacturing Company (Private) Limited, Joint Installation of Marketing Companies, Pak-Arab Pipeline Company Limited and New Islamabad International Airport. PSO also owns subsidiaries like Cerisma (Private) Limited, PSO Renewable Energy (Private) Limited and PSO Venture Capital (Private) Limited.

> SHOP Cards Cards Lubricants

PSO's lubricant manufacturing capabilities are anchored by a 70,000-ton annual blending capacity, complemented by a widespread network of 16 LPG storage and bottling facilities across Pakistan. As the nation's largest LNG importer, the company facilitates the annual import of approximately 6.7 million tons of LNG through strategic partnerships with Qatargas.



With a rich legacy of powering the country's transportation sector, PSO continues to make a meaningful difference in the lives of our customers. The company has increased its footprint in ancillary businesses including non-fuel retail and cards.

At PSO, we believe that every customer interaction is an opportunity to make a positive impact. The company's state-of-the-art customer service centre is dedicated to promptly resolving customer queries and providing customer satisfaction.

PSO is committed to enriching the lives of others through our

Hi-Cetane

113

CSR Trust, which supports a diverse range of community development, healthcare, environmental, and educational initiatives. This year, we invested PKR. 350 million to drive positive change and create a lasting impact in the communities we serve.

To stay connected with the latest updates, including product prices, retail network information, and other company details, PSO has a dedicated website at www.psopk.com.

JOURNEY

NO

You can find us on social media platforms at:

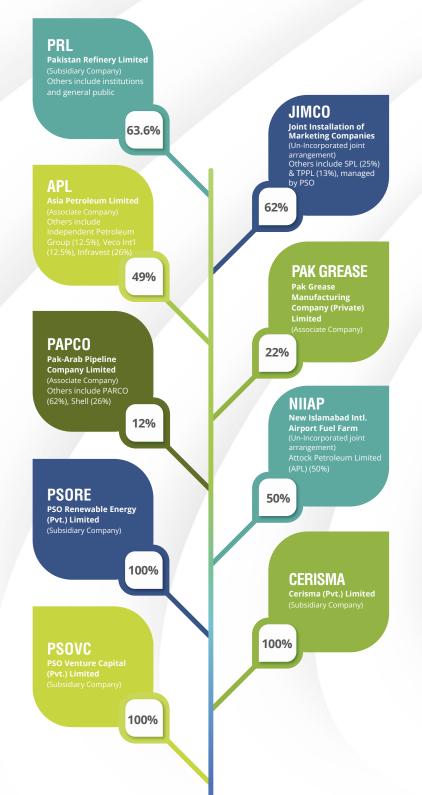
ILHYDRIATE REFRESH REFUEL

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PSO at a Glance

Strategic Investments

With a comprehensive understanding of the evolving energy landscape, PSO has strategically diversified its investments to capitalize on emerging opportunities and mitigate potential risks. These investments have encompassed a wide range of areas, including infrastructure development, renewable energy projects, exploration and production ventures, and technological advancements.



Ownership and Operating Structure

The Government of Pakistan maintains a direct shareholding of 22.47% in PSO, with a total of 51% direct and indirect shares.

PSO holds 63.6% shares in Pakistan Refinery Limited. The company's established subsidiaries are Cerisma (Private) Limited, PSO Renewable Energy (Private) Limited and PSO Venture Capital (Private) Limited. All these subsidiaries have been incorporated and are conducting their operations within Pakistan with head offices based in Karachi.

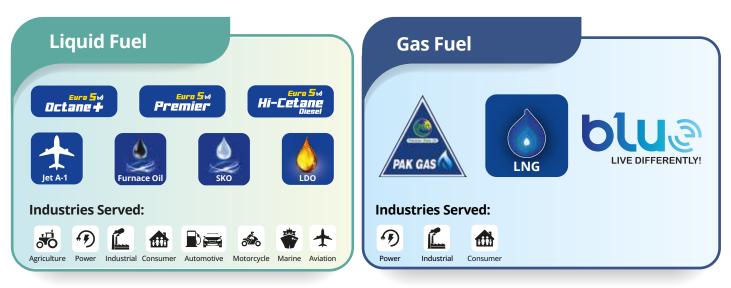
Value Chain

The oil industry value chain is segregated into 3 distinct tiers, i.e. upstream, midstream and downstream. PSO, with its strong presence in the oil marketing segment and shareholding in PRL, has established itself in both the mid and downstream sectors. PSO maintains a substantial stake in PAPCO, a cross-country white oil pipeline company.

In addition to its prominent position in the value chain, PSO is also the largest importer of petroleum products in Pakistan. With storage facilities and retail outlets spread across the country, PSO's operations touch the lives of nearly 3.5 million Pakistanis every day.



Business Lines





Regulatory Framework

Pakistan State Oil Company Limited (PSO) is a public sector and public limited company functioning under the Companies Act, 2017. The shares of PSO are listed on Pakistan Stock Exchange (PSX) making PSO subject to the relevant provisions of PSX Rule Book. Apart from the regulatory framework, PSO is a "Managed company" under the provisions of the Marketing of Petroleum Products (Federal Control) Act, 1974 (the "1974 Act"). In this regard, through Notification S.R.O.100 (I)/77 dated January 31, 1977 pursuant to Section 5 of the 1974 Act, the management control of PSO has been taken over by the Federal Government through Ministry of Energy-Petroleum Division, with effect from December 30, 1976.

Securities & Exchange Commission of Pakistan



Being a company, PSO is subject to the regulatory framework of Securities & Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP). PSO, to the extent of its entity-based regulation, is subject to various laws administered by SECP. This includes but is not limited to the Companies Act, 2017, the Securities Act, 2015 and the subordinate legislation administered by SECP. As a company, PSO adheres to full compliance of the regulatory mandate and ensures working in a transparent and efficient manner.

Public Procurement Regulatory Authority



PSO, being a public sector company, is required to ensure regulatory compliance with the provisions of Public Procurement Regulatory Authority (PPRA) Ordinance, 2002, and the Rules and Regulations thereof in its procurement processes including inter alia procurement planning, advertisements, pre-qualifications, methods of procurement, opening, evaluation, acceptance and rejection of bids, award of procurement contracts and redressal of grievances.

Oil & Gas Regulatory Authority



PSO being an oil marketing company, to the extent of its business, is under the regulatory framework of Oil & Gas Regulatory Authority (OGRA). In this regard, the Authority is empowered to regulate the business of PSO through Oil & Gas Regulatory Authority Ordinance, 2002, Pakistan Oil (refining, blending, transportation, storage and marketing) Rules, 2016 and respective subordinate legislations on case to case basis. With respect to pricing, domestic oil prices of petroleum products are fixed under Petroleum Products (Petroleum Levy) Ordinance 1961, Petroleum Products (Petroleum Levy) Rules 1967, and OGRA Ordinance, 2002.

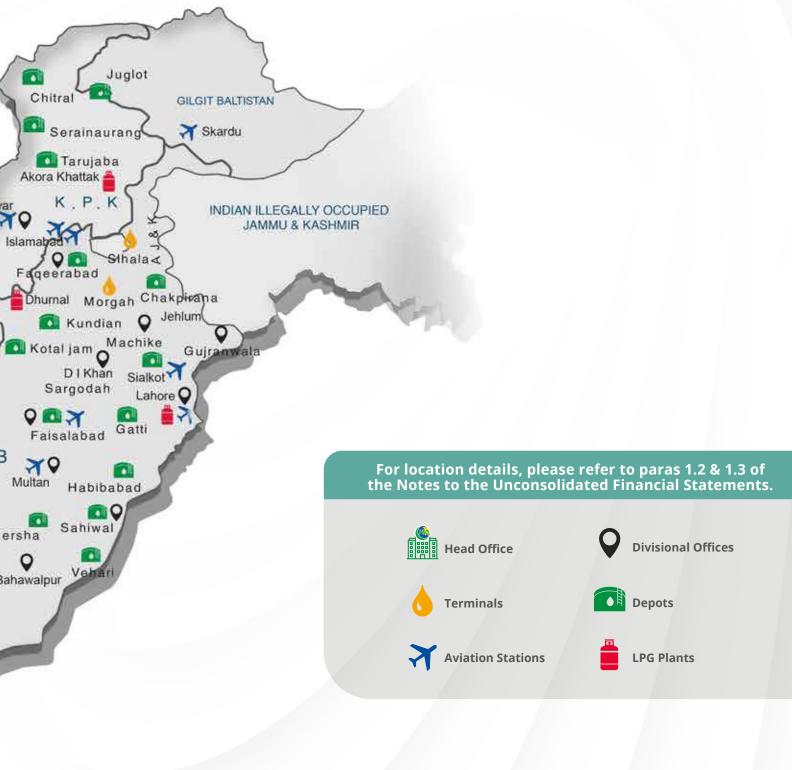
Similarly, the prices are regulated, reviewed and communicated by OGRA based on PSO's cumulative landed import cost. The Oil Marketing Company (OMC) and dealer margins (profits) are also fixed and regulated by the federal government. OGRA computes and notifies Inland Freight Equalization Margin (IFEM) for petroleum products such as high-speed diesel, MoGas, kerosene oil and light diesel oil on every price change. IFEM is an integral component of the final selling price that covers primary transportation cost at 23 locations. The purpose is to ensure uniform selling prices of these products across the country.

State-Owned Enterprises (Governance and Operations) Act, 2023

PSO has been notified as a state-owned enterprise under the subject Act. Through the Act PSO has been made responsible to comply with the SOE Policy. The Act amongst other provisions provide for best practices of corporate governance, ensuring transparency, establishment of Central Monitoring Unit, independent procurement policy and public service obligations.

Geographical Presence





Major Events













ADP Meeting with key LNG supply chain stakeholders including, Qatar Gas, MoE, SNGPL, SSGC, PQA, Engro Elengy Terminal, PGPCL, PLL and GSA













Major Events









February 22, 2024 PSO & The National Logistics Corporation align for Strategic Growth





March 5, 2024 Inauguration of PSO ECO Street









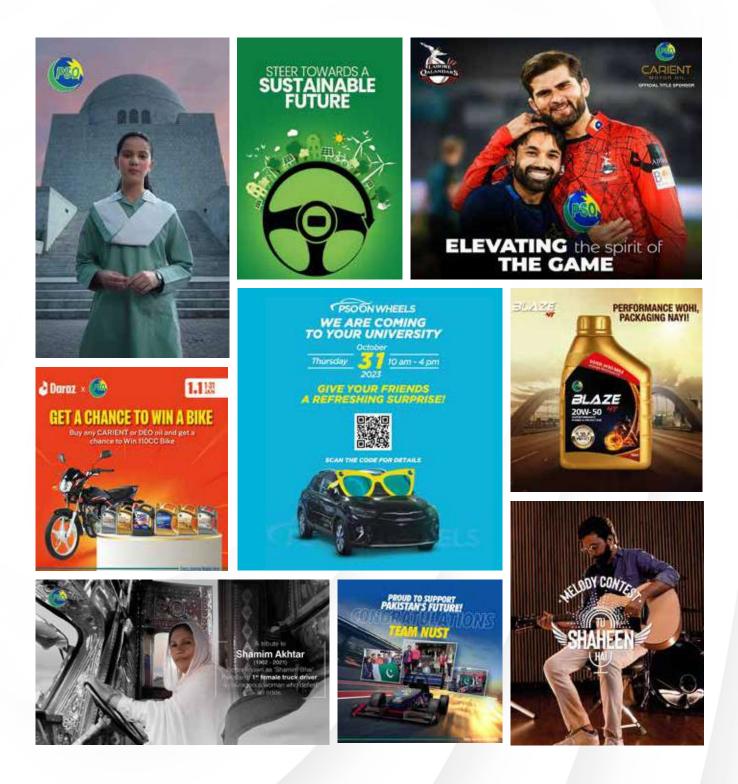




June 25, 2024 PSO Shaheen Launch Event for Women

Marketing Initiatives







Energy with Innovation

At PSO, we are fuelled by a passion to make a difference in the lives of our customers, communities, and the environment. We are revolutionizing our business by nurturing a culture of creativity, innovation, and collaboration.

Our purpose is to deliver exceptional value to our stakeholders by harnessing the power of digital transformation, advanced tools, and AI to make energy more accessible, affordable, and sustainable. We are dedicated to elevating customer experiences, prioritizing safety, and streamlining energy operations to create a brighter future for all.

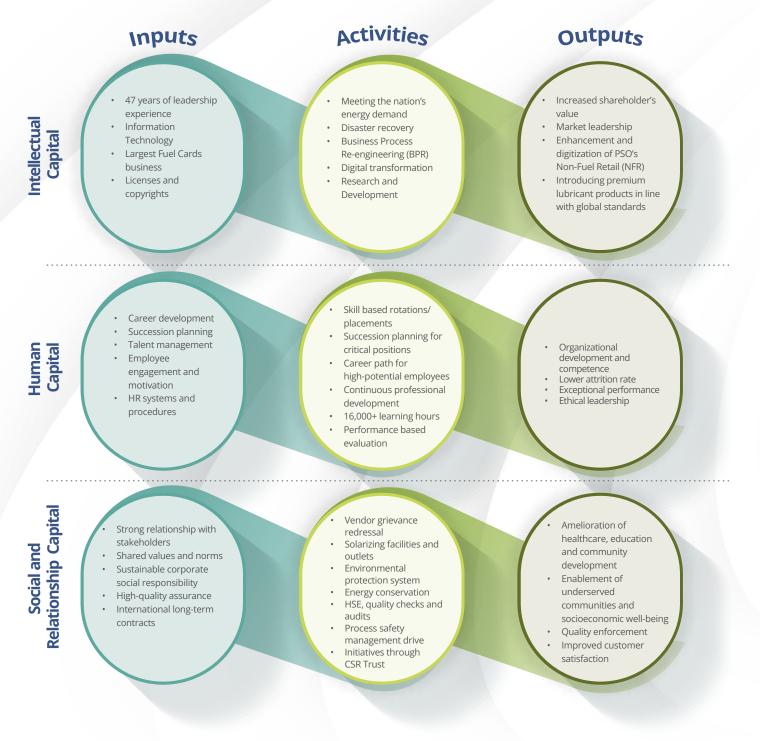
Through our unwavering commitment to excellence, we are pioneering new practices, embracing automation, and enhancing processes to maximize efficiency, reduce costs, and ensure a reliable energy supply, while maintaining our leadership position and setting new industry standards.

Integrated Business Model

The integrated business model adopted by PSO showcases its commitment towards achieving excellence in the energy sector that has remained consistent from the previous year with no material change except for the creation of subsidiaries as already highlighted in the group structure.

PSO has successfully positioned itself as a leading player in the

oil and gas industry with a relentless focus on quality, efficiency, and sustainability. The company has established a robust supply chain that spans production, refining, storage, and distribution. Through strategic partnerships, cutting-edge technology, and a customer-centric approach, PSO has not only ensured a steady supply of petroleum products but has also created a resilient infrastructure to meet the evolving energy needs of Pakistan.



By leveraging its extensive network, diverse product portfolio, and dedication to innovation, the company continues to drive economic growth and contribute significantly to the nation's energy security.



Significant Factors Affecting the External Environment

The success of organizations is heavily influenced by the external factors that shape the business landscape. This is particularly true for PSO, where a number of significant factors have had a profound impact on its operations.

The demand for fuel is influenced by a number of external factors, such as the influx of cross-border products, economic growth and fiscal policies. These elements directly influence consumer behaviour and can have a notable effect on PSO's financial performance.

The fuel industry as a whole has seen a substantial decline in demand mainly due to influx of products from the western border, elevated fuel prices and economic slowdown. There has been a significant reduction in the demand for furnace oil, attributed to a 10% decrease in electricity production, change in energy mix and high energy cost within the country, leading to reduced power generation.

To provide a brief overview, there are various external factors that are impacting both the industry and PSO:

Political Environment

The oil market is highly vulnerable to national and international political factors. The ongoing conflicts in the Middle East has caused significant global upheaval. This tension has led to increase in oil price fluctuations, resulting in heightened uncertainty in the oil market. As a result, developing nations like Pakistan, have been particularly affected, facing economic slowdown, high cost of doing business and currency instability.

Economic Environment

PSO's profitability is being undesirably impacted by a range of factors, mainly high borrowing cost and increased taxation. The influx of goods from the western border combined with economic slowdown have created unprecedented imbalances in supply and demand, thus decreasing the sales volume for gasoline and diesel.

Social Environment

Pakistan is one of the top 10 countries globally with the largest labour force. However, there is a notable skill gap that needs to be addressed to meet current expectations and demands. In response, the government has implemented several proactive measures, including various developmental and youth entrepreneurial programs. These initiatives are designed to develop the essential skills and knowledge among young people, helping them to compete at international standards.

Technological Environment

The rapid evolution of the technological landscape is revolutionizing the way businesses operate, giving them a competitive edge through innovative technologies. Within the petroleum downstream sector, technology is playing a crucial role in improving operational efficiency and minimizing the need for human intervention. Moreover, rising demand for alternate energy sources is anticipated to have a significant impact on future energy demand, potentially leading to a decrease in expected consumption.

Natural Environment

Global environmental protection campaigns have urged local companies to adopt ambitious measures in reducing their carbon footprint. The increasing popularity of clean and green energy among financial and regulatory institutions serves as a catalyst for companies to expedite their environmental protection efforts.

Legal Environment

PSO operates within the regulatory framework of the Securities & Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP), Oil & Gas Regulatory Authority (OGRA), and Public Procurement Regulatory Authority (PPRA). The company is committed to upholding the highest standards of compliance by diligently adhering to the guidelines and instructions set forth by the regulators.

The Company's Response

The year presented numerous challenges for PSO. The high cost of finance, along with a rise in circular debt receivables and a substantial decrease in fuel demand, greatly impacted the company's profitability. PSO has proposed certain measures to reduce the unwarranted burden of circular debt receivables in its books, which are under deliberation at the government's end.

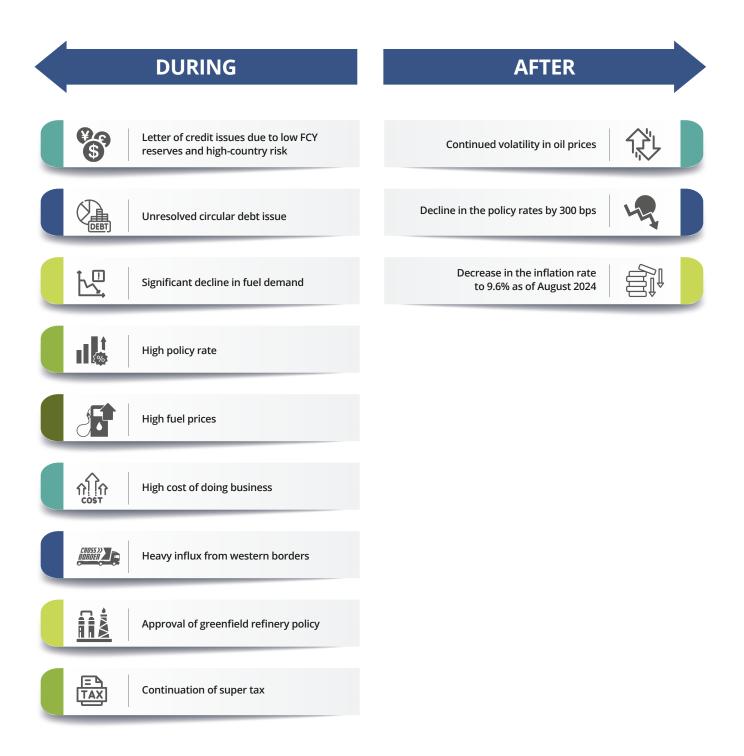
Despite these challenges, the company remains committed to adaptability and responsiveness. PSO is actively investing in its human and infrastructure resources to ensure preparedness for the future.

Effect of Seasonality

The industry is subject to seasonal fluctuations, which impact sales patterns. Liquid fuels typically experience a surge in demand during the harvesting and summer seasons, whereas gaseous fuels see an increase in sales during the winter season. This seasonal variability influences our business operations and requires adaptive strategies to meet changing customer needs.

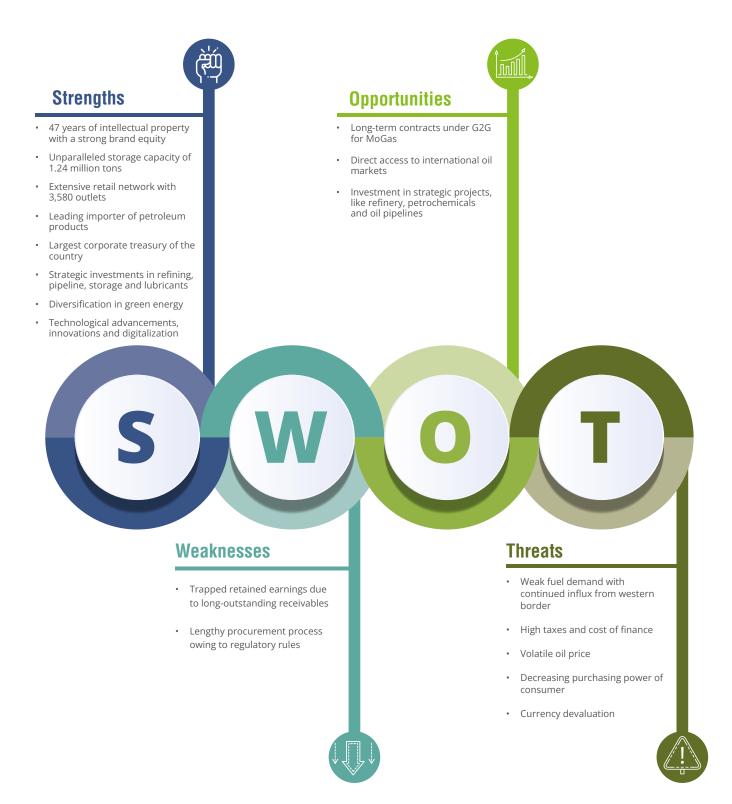
Significant Events

PSO has encountered numerous significant events throughout the year that have shaped the company's trajectory. To effectively navigate the challenges and opportunities that lie ahead, the company will closely monitor the outlined factors and their impact. This will enable the company to adapt and make informed decisions as PSO moves forward.



SWOT Analysis

PSO's continued market dominance depends on its ability to harness its strengths, exploit opportunities, and navigate challenges with agility. By doing so, the company can ensure a resilient and forward-thinking approach to maintaining its competitive edge.



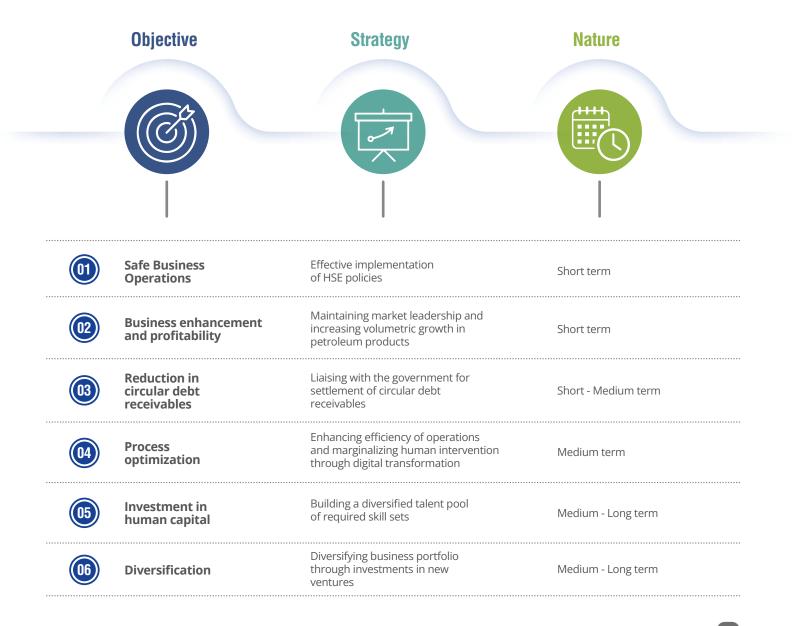
Business Objectives and Strategy

PSO's business objectives and strategies are focused on ensuring sustainable growth and maintaining a prominent position in the energy sector. The company's primary objective is to meet the energy needs of the nation, while simultaneously maximizing shareholder value. To achieve this, PSO has devised a multi-pronged strategy that encompasses operational excellence, customer-centricity, and diversification.

PSO achieves operational excellence by streamlining its supply chain, optimizing logistics, and implementing cutting-edge technology and automation. By doing so, the company strives to enhance its efficiency, reduce costs, and maintain a competitive edge in the market. Additionally, PSO places great emphasis on customer-centricity, recognizing that customer satisfaction is crucial for long-term success. Therefore, the company continually endeavours to provide superior customer service, develop innovative products, and build strong relationships with its customers.

PSO understands the importance of diversification in mitigating risks and capitalizing on emerging opportunities. As a result, the company has expanded its business portfolio by venturing into related sectors like renewable energy. This strategy not only ensures a more balanced revenue stream but also aligns with the global shift towards sustainable energy solutions.

PSO seeks to achieve sustainable growth and contribute to the overall development of the energy sector in the country.



Overview and Strategy

Company's Strategy on Market Development, Product and Service Development

PSO's strategy for market development, product, and service development centers on expanding its customer base, enhancing product offerings, and improving service delivery. This involves identifying new market segments, understanding evolving consumer needs, and tailoring products and services accordingly.

The company focuses on strengthening its retail network, improving supply chain efficiency, and leveraging technology to enhance customer experience.

By investing in research and development, the company aims to introduce innovative fuel products and value-added services, while maintaining a strong focus on quality and reliability to solidify its position as a leading oil marketing company in Pakistan.

PSO's strategy is anchored in the following key areas:

- **Geographic Expansion:** Expanding its retail network to increase market penetration and cater to a wider customer base.
- **Digital Transformation:** Enhancing customer experience, refining operational efficiency, and uncovering new revenue streams through convenient digital platforms like online delivery, loyalty programs, and mobile apps, driving business growth and innovation.
- **Product Diversification:** PSO is expanding its portfolio with value-added offerings like lubricants, LPG, and signature c-stores, enhancing customer experience and driving business growth.
- **Product Quality Enhancement:** Continuously improving product quality to meet evolving customer expectations and regulatory standards.
- **Customer-Centric Approach:** Prioritizing customer satisfaction through efficient and reliable service delivery, training staff to provide exceptional customer service, including prompt assistance and resolving customer complaints effectively.

The Effects of the given Factors on Company Strategy and Resource Allocation

Technological Changes

PSO has led a ground-breaking digital overhaul, transforming the way it operates and engages with stakeholders. By transitioning to a state-of-the-art, integrated, and automated framework, the company has achieved remarkable improvements in efficiency, accuracy, and transparency.

The adoption of cutting-edge technologies like SAP Ariba, SAP VIM, and SAP Sahulat has significantly reduced the risk of human error and enhanced governance capabilities, ensuring greater control, compliance, and decision-making accuracy.

In the logistics and inventory management domains, PSO has leveraged cutting-edge GPS tracking and geo-fencing technologies to guarantee the security and efficiency of its transportation operations. The company's telemetric solutions have improved inventory management by providing real-time monitoring, optimization, and predictive insights, enabling proactive decision-making and minimizing potential disruptions.

Sustainability Reporting and Challenges

The company's sustainability efforts have significantly enhanced its strategy and resource performance, aligning it with the United Nations' Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs).

PSO adheres to National Environmental Quality Standards (NEQS) and implements proactive measures like oil-water separators, RO plants, and waste management procedures, ensuring clean water and sanitation (SDG 06).

PSO's sustainable production and consumption initiatives (SDG 12) have yielded notable results, including:

- Reduced waste,
- Increased recycling, and
- Optimized resource utilization

The company has adopted eco-friendly practices, such as utilizing recycled plastic, minimizing paper usage, and promoting cleaner fuels.

To address climate change (SDG 13), PSO has installed vapour recovery systems, launched tree plantation drives, and introduced

the Zero Carbon Challenge. With electric vehicle charging stations as part of its offerings, the company demonstrates its forward-thinking approach to minimizing environmental impact.

While challenges remain, PSO's comprehensive disaster management and business continuity plans ensure preparedness and resilience. By integrating sustainability into its operations, the company is driving positive impact and contributing to a greener future.

Initiatives taken by the Company in Promoting and Enabling Innovation

PSO's LPG BLUE initiative in Hunza represents a major breakthrough in energy accessibility, leveraging e-commerce to provide a reliable, affordable, and user-friendly energy solution. This effort addresses the region's LPG supply challenges, simplifying the purchasing process while stimulating local economic growth through job creation.

Key benefits of LPG BLUE include:

- Eco-friendly and economical
- Exceptional quality and safety assurance
- Seamless, hassle-free doorstep delivery

The company has introduced a comprehensive e-commerce platform, fully integrated with its vast c-store network spanning Pakistan. This user-friendly platform offers customers the convenience of real-time product availability checks, pre-ordering for effortless shopping, flexible delivery options including click-and-collect and doorstep delivery, and secure online payments via DIGICASH.

PSO has embarked on a transformative relaunch of its convenience stores, featuring the appointment of seasoned managers, implementation of robust merchandising strategies, elevated hygiene standards, and modular and agile, customer-centric store layouts.

The Fuelink app now offers a unified suite of services, including LPG cylinder management, tailored lubricant recommendations, and easy appointment scheduling for car maintenance, all accessible with a single tap delivering unparalleled customer convenience and satisfaction.

Resource Shortages

The company has adopted a multi-faceted approach to address resource shortages:

• **Supplier diversification:** PSO has broadened its supplier network to minimize dependence on single sources, fostering a

more resilient supply chain.

- **Resource Optimization:** Initiatives have been launched to streamline resource utilization, reduce waste, and lower consumption, promoting a culture of efficiency.
- **Innovation and Technology:** PSO is actively exploring alternative technologies and innovative solutions to decrease reliance on scarce resources.
- Risk Management: The company has developed comprehensive risk management strategies and contingency plans to mitigate potential resource shortages, ensuring uninterrupted business operations.
- Prioritized Resource Allocation: Clear frameworks have been established to allocate resources effectively, focusing on critical operations and strategic initiatives that drive business growth.

PSO is proactively addressing resource shortages, ensuring strategic flexibility, and maintaining operational resilience.

The Linkage of Strategic Objectives with Company's Overall Mission, Vision and Objectives

1. Market Expansion

Mission Alignment: Strategically expand into new markets, diversifying the company's business portfolio, and driving sustainable growth and value creation through increased market share and revenue streams.

Vision Alignment: Empower a wider customer base by providing access to essential energy products and services, thereby enhancing their overall quality of life, supporting economic development, and contributing to a more energy-secure future.

2. Product Diversification

Mission Alignment: Develop and launch innovative products and services that align with PSO's diversification strategy, driving growth through new revenue streams, increasing customer value, and enhancing the company's competitive edge.

Vision Alignment: Deliver a portfolio of products and services that cater to the diverse and evolving needs of the customers, staying ahead of changing market trends, technological advancements, and emerging consumer preferences, to become the trusted partner for their energy requirements.

Overview and Strategy

3. Operational Excellence

Mission Alignment: Achieve world-class operational performance by streamlining processes, leveraging technology, and fostering a culture of continuous improvement, resulting in enhanced efficiency, reduced costs, and increased profitability, which drives sustainable value creation for the stakeholders.

Vision Alignment: Unlock customer prosperity by delivering high-quality, affordable products through optimized operations, enabling the company to pass the benefits of efficiency on to the customers, support their financial well-being, and contribute to a more equitable and thriving community.

4. Sustainable Development

Mission Alignment: Embed sustainability into PSO's DNA, driving eco-friendly practices, minimizing the carbon footprint, and promoting social responsibility, attract socially conscious investors, and build enduring value for the company's stakeholders.

Vision Alignment: Integrate environmental stewardship and social consciousness into every aspect of the business, aligning with PSO's purpose of enriching lives, to create a better future for generations to come, while ensuring a resilient and thriving business that makes a positive impact on the world.

5. Digital Transformation

Mission Alignment: Harness the power of technology to revolutionize operations, amplify customer engagement, and unlock new revenue streams, thereby future-proofing the company's business and driving sustainable growth.

Vision Alignment: Empower customers to effortlessly manage their energy needs through intuitive, personalized, and seamless digital experiences, liberating their time and energy to focus on what matters most, while fostering a deeper connection with PSO.

Board's Statement on the Significant Plans and Decisions

After careful consideration and thorough evaluation, the Board approved the business plan for fiscal year 2025, encompassing capital expense budget, operating expense budget, revenue, investment in strategic projects, CSR contribution and performance targets for next year.

The decisions are aligned with PSO's strategic objectives and are expected to drive significant benefits, including:

- Improved operational efficiency and reduced costs
- Increased revenue and profitability
- Enhanced competitiveness and market position
- Stronger returns on investment for the company's shareholders

The Board is confident that these plans and decisions will position PSO for long-term success and create sustainable value for its stakeholders.

Composition of Local vs. Imported Material and Sensitivity Analysis

PSO effectively manages the supply chain by utilizing a combination of imports and local refinery upliftment. To ensure stability, the imports are carefully being arranged through spot, short-term and long-term contracts. Throughout the year FY24, PSO sourced 3.32 million tons from local refineries and imported an additional 4.12 million tons from international suppliers.

It is essential to acknowledge that there are several dynamic factors that are considered to work out an optimum blend of import and locally sourced products. These factors include overall demand and product availability situation in the country as well as in the region, company's stocks situation, international pricing trend, exchange rate movement, banking lines availability etc. Accordingly, the company continuously monitors the situation and manoeuvres its sourcing plans to minimize the risks and optimize profitability.

Sensitivity analysis is required due to foreign currency fluctuations. Further, foreign exchange risk has been covered by the company through its inclusion in pricing. Thus, PSO effectively minimizes its net foreign exchange exposure on import purchases.

Materiality Approach Adopted by the Management

Materiality is a concept that includes both qualitative and quantitative aspects. In general, matters are considered to be material if, individually or in aggregate, they are expected to significantly affect the position, performance and profitability of the Company.

Every transaction is approved from Management team / Board of Management (BoM) as per the limits approved in the Limits of Authority Manual (LAM). LAM has been framed keeping in view the Companies Act 2017, the Code of Corporate Governance, the Articles of Association of the Company, the Marketing of Petroleum Products (Federal Control) Act, 1974, the guidelines and frameworks issued by professional bodies and best practices.

The annual Report discloses information about matters that substantively affect the organization's ability to create value over the short, medium and long term.

International Integrated Reporting Framework

PSO rigorously follows the international integrated reporting framework and the annual report 2024 describes how its strategy, governance, performance and prospects lead to the creation of value over the short, medium and long term.

The annual report 2024 accordingly discloses the following information:

Organizational Overview and External Environment

To ensure clarity and comprehension, it is crucial for readers to understand PSO's operations and the circumstances under which the company operates. The annual report's overview and strategy section serves as the primary source for this information. Within the report, readers will find an extensive profile of the company, encompassing details regarding its products, activities, markets, vision, mission, values, code of conduct, ownership and operating structure, competitive landscape, market positioning, geographical presence, and more.

This report further includes the regulatory framework under which PSO operates, strategic investments and presentation of marketing initiatives in pictorial form, providing readers with an understanding of the landscape within which PSO functions.

Governance

The corporate governance section of the report provides a detailed overview of the company's governance structure and framework. This section covers various aspects, including the organizational leadership structure, the roles and responsibilities of the CEO and Chairman, along with the remuneration of the Board, etc.

Business Model

The overview and strategy section provides a comprehensive overview of the organization's business model. This section delves into the various components of the model, including the inputs, activities, processes, and outputs. Additionally, the report to shareholders also reveals key information about tax payments and CSR initiatives undertaken by the company.

Risks and Opportunities

The annual report includes a comprehensive risk and opportunity report in the overview section. The report discloses the specific source of risks and opportunities, the magnitude of its effect on capital and the specific steps being taken to mitigate the risks or to create value from any opportunities.

Strategy and Resource Allocation

The annual report provides a comprehensive overview of PSO's desired direction and the strategies it will employ to achieve its goals. It presents a clear outline of the company's strategic objectives, resource allocation plans, Key Performance Indicators (KPIs), and any changes made in strategies from the previous year.

Performance

The performance of the company has been disclosed in detail in the report to shareholders and financials section. This comprehensive report includes an analysis of the performance of each product, various indicators and performance measures, ratio analysis, statements regarding value addition, and a comprehensive overview of the company's financial position and performance.

Outlook

In addition to other important information, the report to shareholders provides a comprehensive overview of the company's future prospects. It encompasses forward-looking statements, a comparison of performance to last year's forward-looking projections, sources of information and assumptions, as well as an assessment of the company's readiness to tackle potential challenges and uncertainties that may arise in the future.

Basis of Presentation

The annual report provides detailed information about the basis of presentation, which can be found in the about the report section. Additionally, the overview and strategy section elaborate on the materiality approach adopted by the management.

Value Creation by the Business Using its Resources

PSO has cemented its position in the oil industry by effectively harnessing its resources to create substantial value for both the company and the nation. Through strategic resource utilization,

Overview and Strategy

the company has not only contributed to the economic growth of Pakistan but also emerged as a trusted source of energy.

Recognizing the immense potential of its resources, PSO has implemented measures to optimize their utilization by capitalizing on the company's extensive infrastructure.

One of the primary drivers of PSO's value creation is the company's unwavering focus on quality. By adhering to stringent quality control measures, PSO ensures that its products consistently meet international standards. This commitment to excellence has not only earned the trust and satisfaction of customers but has also enabled the company to expand its market reach and gain a competitive edge.

By investing in innovative technologies that minimize environmental impact, such as cleaner fuel options and energy-efficient processes, PSO not only contributes to a greener future but also positions itself as an industry leader in sustainability.

Beyond its business operations, PSO plays a pivotal role in advancing social welfare through its corporate social responsibility initiatives. By investing in education, environment, healthcare, and community development programs, the company actively contributes to the well-being of society. This approach not only benefits the communities in which PSO operates but also strengthens the company's reputation and fosters long-term relationships with key stakeholders.

By leveraging its resources effectively, focusing on quality, harnessing technology and innovation, and upholding social responsibility, PSO has reinforced its role as a driving force in the oil industry. The company's strategic initiatives in FY24 have significantly contributed to Pakistan's economic growth.

Competitive Landscape and Market Positioning

Pakistan's downstream segment is highly saturated with over 22 players competing for market share. Despite this intense competition, PSO is investing in its infrastructure and introducing value-added services and products in the retail segment to enhance the customer experience. The company's increasing market share, profitability, and sustainability are clear indicators of customer's confidence and trust.

Despite this potential threat, PSO is determined to maintain its leadership position in the market. With a strong focus on adapting to these changes, the company remains committed to

delivering superior value and service to its customers.

PSO's extensive network of retail outlets and infrastructure has been a significant advantage in maintaining its market leadership. The company's ability to provide a consistent and reliable supply of high-quality products has fostered strong customer loyalty and trust. The expansion of retail outlets and the opening of new convenience stores have further increased PSO's reach.

Resource Allocation Plan

PSO plays a pivotal role in the country's energy sector. The allocation of resources by the company is a critical aspect that demands careful consideration and efficient management. With a commitment towards maintaining a fair and balanced approach, PSO allocates resources in a manner that ensures the energy needs of the nation are met while promoting sustainability and economic growth.

Through thorough analysis and strategic planning, PSO optimizes the allocation process, considering various factors such as demand patterns, market dynamics, and the overall energy landscape. This approach allows the company to adapt to changing circumstances and effectively distribute fuel across different sectors, ensuring a reliable and consistent supply.

The company allocates maximum amount to infrastructure development for capacity enhancement, replacement and rehabilitation of assets, studies and Engineering, Procurement and Construction (EPC) of strategic projects, procurement of products, operating cost and financial cost.

By employing a professional and conscientious approach, PSO upholds its responsibility as a key player in the energy sector, contributing to the progress and development of Pakistan.

Key Performance Indicators

PSO maintains a balanced approach towards achieving its objectives. One of the primary indicators that the company focuses on is its market share in the petroleum industry. By consistently monitoring and improving this metric, PSO ensures its position as a market leader.

Another crucial KPI for PSO is profitability and growth. By maintaining a healthy balance between revenue generation and cost management, the company endeavours to deliver sustainable financial results.

By embracing innovative technologies and environment friendly practices, PSO aspires to contribute to a greener and more sustainable future. The company's key performance indicators showcase its dedication to excellence, innovation, and customer-centricity, all while maintaining a balanced approach towards achieving its goals revolving around HSE, profitability, technology and organizational development.

PSO has implemented a highly effective and reliable performance monitoring framework that aligns seamlessly with the company's strategic plans and objectives. This framework is supported by regular business reviews, ensuring that the company's progress remains on track. A balanced scorecard system is in place to comprehensively measure and monitor the company's achievements across various disciplines. Any deviations or exceptions are promptly reported and thoroughly reviewed by the management to determine the most appropriate actions to be taken.

The company's Board of Management regularly evaluates performance against the KPIs that encompass key focus areas. This professional approach ensures that PSO remains accountable. These indicators will continue to be relevant in the future as well as these are critical for the evaluation of the performance.

The Legitimate Needs, Interests of Key Stakeholders and Industry Trends

PSO is a key player in the energy sector of Pakistan and holds a significant responsibility in meeting the legitimate needs and interests of its stakeholders. The company strives to ensure a congenial and value-driven relationship with all its stakeholders be it the shareholders, employees, or customers. The interest of each stakeholder is protected through the company's policies, procedures and focused approach.

To meet these legitimate needs and interests, PSO closely monitors and adapts to industry trends and needs. The energy sector in Pakistan is experiencing several dynamic shifts, including a growing demand for renewable energy sources, increasing emphasis on environmental sustainability, and evolving customer preferences. PSO stays abreast of these industry trends and actively invests in exploring alternative energy solutions. By diversifying its energy portfolio, PSO is geared to cater to the changing needs of customers while being aligned with the global shift towards clean and sustainable energy sources. PSO also focuses on enhancing operational efficiency, adopting advanced technologies, and implementing effective risk management strategies to remain competitive in the market.

The company can maintain its position as a leading energy company in Pakistan and contribute towards the nation's energy security and sustainable development goals by proactively responding to industry trends.

Key Resources and Capabilities that provide Sustainable Competitive Advantage

PSO being the national flag bearer possesses a combination of resources and capabilities that give the company a sustainable competitive advantage in the petroleum industry. These key factors set PSO apart from its rivals and contribute to the company's ongoing success.

One of the company's primary strengths lies in its extensive infrastructure network. With a vast array of storage facilities, terminals, and pipelines spanning across the country, PSO can efficiently distribute petroleum products to even the most remote regions. This widespread reach ensures that customers across Pakistan have timely access to the energy they need, giving PSO a competitive edge by catering to a diverse customer base.

PSO has forged strong relationships with global oil suppliers. Through strategic partnerships and long-term contracts, PSO secures a consistent and dependable supply of high-quality petroleum products. This reliable supply chain not only safeguards PSO's operations but also enables the company to offer competitive pricing to its customers, enhancing its position in the market.

PSO also leverages advanced technology systems to optimize its operations. From inventory management to logistics and customer service, the company harnesses cutting-edge technology to enhance efficiency, reduce costs, and deliver superior service. This technological prowess distinguishes PSO from its competitors and enables the company to adapt swiftly to evolving market dynamics.

In addition to its infrastructure and technology, PSO has a skilled and experienced workforce. The company invests in comprehensive training and development programs to empower its employees with the necessary expertise that enables PSO to stay ahead of the curve, drive innovation, and provide exceptional customer service. It is this commitment to

Overview and Strategy

continuous improvement and customer satisfaction that strengthens PSO's competitive advantage.

The company has established a strong brand equity and enjoys unwavering customer loyalty. For more than 4 decades, the company has built trust and confidence among its customers through reliable service and consistent product quality. This deep-rooted customer loyalty serves as a barrier to entry for potential competitors and solidifies PSO's market position.

PSO's sustainable competitive advantage stems from its key resources and capabilities. The company's extensive infrastructure network, strong supplier relationships, utilization of advanced technology, skilled workforce, and trusted brand equity all contribute to its success in the petroleum industry. By leveraging these assets and continuously enhancing them, PSO remains well-equipped to thrive in a fiercely competitive market.

Harnessing Technology

Smart Technology for Transformed Operations and Improved Lives

PSO is at the forefront of a technological evolution, redefining industry benchmarks and driving excellence. The company's commitment to digital innovation and automation is transforming operations, enhancing efficiency, and future-proofing the business.

With a focus on improvement and a strategic embrace of advanced technologies, PSO is pioneering new possibilities in the oil and gas industry. In partnership with its stakeholders, the company is leveraging technology to shape a more sustainable and prosperous future.

Enhancing Efficiency with AI & Computer Vision

PSO is harnessing the power of cutting-edge AI-Computer Vision technology to transform its operations and elevate customer experiences. By converting digital images, videos, and visual inputs into actionable insights, PSO gains valuable intelligence to:

- Enhance customer engagement and personalization
- Optimize layout and inventory management across retail outlets and terminals

 Strengthen safety protocols through automated surveillance, anomaly detection, and compliance with safety regulations

This technology enables PSO to create a secure, efficient, and customer-centric environment, driving business excellence and setting new industry standards.

Accelerating Operational Agility

As part of its strategic initiative to enhance operational agility, PSO has adopted low-code and no-code platforms for in-house software development. This approach facilitates rapid creation and deployment of customized solutions, precisely tailored to meet the company's distinct operational needs, thereby significantly accelerating the software delivery life-cycle.

By embracing Agile Software Development methodologies, PSO fosters a culture of swift iteration, adaptability, and cross-functional collaboration, ensuring seamless alignment with evolving business requirements. This forward-thinking approach positions PSO at the forefront of technological innovation, driving business excellence and competitive advantage in the industry.

Operational Excellence through Automation and Digitization

PSO has made significant strides in operational excellence through a comprehensive series of automation and digitization initiatives. Key achievements include:

- Implementation of the Online Tank Stock Variance Report for LPG, enabling real-time monitoring and accurate reporting of stock levels
- Automation of retail-related shortage bookings via the Sahulat App, resulting in faster response times and enhanced customer service
- Digitization of gate entry and exit logs across all depots in Pakistan, strengthening security, operational tracking, and regulatory compliance
- Auto computation of tank lorry transit losses, improving precision in loss management
- Automated inventory count updates, minimizing manual errors and ensuring greater accuracy
- Digitalization of rental payments, streamlining financial processes

 Auto-unblocking of retail credit customers through Smart NFA, enhancing credit management, customer satisfaction, and operational liquidity

These initiatives align with PSO's strategic objective to create a technology-driven, efficient, and customer-centric business environment, driving innovation, excellence, and sustainable growth.

Elevating Service Delivery

PSO has introduced 2 innovative portals designed to optimize interactions with customers, dealers, and vendors. The ServiceSphere Portal streamlines issue resolution, while the Business Partner Profiling Portal provides valuable insights for network enhancement.

Key features and benefits include:

ServiceSphere Portal:

- Direct complaint logging by dealers, ensuring prompt resolution by vendor representatives
- Seamless issue resolution workflows, monitored by the Retail Facilities Team to meet Turnaround Times (TATs)
- Near real-time status updates for Dispenser Units, enabling business partners to track key parameters

Business Partner Profiling Portal: Comprehensive rating summary for each PSO retail outlet, facilitating informed decision-making and targeted improvements.

Strengthening Cybersecurity with Next-Generation Firewall Solutions

PSO has strengthened its cybersecurity framework by deploying state-of-the-art firewall solutions. This advanced system offers unified security and threat management, enhanced visibility and control, advanced threat detection and response, streamlined security operations, and comprehensive reporting and compliance. These measures ensure the protection of PSO's digital infrastructure and safeguard stakeholder trust.

Data centre security has also been strategically bolstered with advanced firewall solutions that provide robust threat protection, improved performance and scalability, streamlined security management, and effective compliance and risk management. These enhancements align with the company's broader cybersecurity strategy to protect assets and maintain business continuity.

Education and Training Efforts of PSO to Mitigate Cybersecurity Risks

PSO recognizes the importance of education and training in mitigating cybersecurity risks. The company have implemented a comprehensive cybersecurity awareness and training program to equip its employees, and other stakeholders with the knowledge and skills to identify and respond to cyber threats.

The program includes:

- · Cybersecurity awareness training for all employees
- Advanced training for IT personnel and cybersecurity teams
- · Phishing simulations and incident response exercises
- Cybersecurity compliance training for employees with access to sensitive data

The training efforts focus on:

- · Identifying and reporting suspicious activity
- · Safe handling of sensitive data
- Best practices for password management and authentication
- · Secure use of company systems and networks
- Compliance with cybersecurity policies and procedures

PSO also conducts phishing simulations and incident response exercises to test the employees' knowledge and preparedness and ensures that the workforce is equipped to defend against evolving cyber threats.

The Board's Statement on Implications of Cyber Risks

The Board of Management of PSO acknowledges its responsibility to ensure the company's cybersecurity and compliance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements. We recognize the increasing threat of cyber risks and their potential impact on the company's operations, reputation, and stakeholders.

The Board assumes the following key responsibilities with utmost commitment:

• **Cybersecurity Oversight:** Ensuring the implementation of robust cybersecurity measures to protect the company's systems, data, and assets

Overview and Strategy

- **Regulatory Compliance:** Ensuring compliance with applicable laws, regulations, and industry standards related to cybersecurity
- **Risk Evaluation:** Evaluating and addressing potential legal and regulatory implications of cyber risks
- **Incident Response:** Providing guidance and oversight on incident response and crisis management in the event of a breach
- Accountability: Holding management accountable for implementing effective cybersecurity compliance

In the event of a cyber breach, the Board will:

- Take immediate action to contain and mitigate the breach
- Conduct a thorough investigation to determine the cause and scope of the breach
- Notify relevant authorities and stakeholders as required by law and regulation
- Review and update our cybersecurity measures and incident response plans to prevent future breaches
- Hold management accountable for implementing effective cybersecurity controls and compliance

The Board is committed to ensuring PSO's cybersecurity and compliance with legal and regulatory requirements, and will take swift and decisive action in the event of a breach.

Optimized Network Management with SD-WAN Implementation

PSO has successfully implemented a Software-Defined Wide Area Network (SD-WAN) solution, significantly enhancing its network management capabilities. This cutting-edge technology provides dynamic path selection for optimized traffic routing, cost efficiency through reduced bandwidth consumption, and integrated security measures for robust threat protection. Additionally, SD-WAN enables centralized management for streamlined network operations and enhanced application performance for improved user experience.

This strategic initiative is a key pillar of PSO's digital transformation journey, aimed at elevating connectivity and network reliability, reducing costs and optimizing resource allocation, and strengthening agility and resilience in network operations.

Evolving IT Governance

PSO maintains effective IT governance to manage its technological infrastructure adeptly. In the face of the rapidly evolving oil industry, the company adopts robust governance practices that align with strategic objectives and address risks effectively.

This framework is crafted to align IT initiatives with organizational objectives, improving decision-making and fostering accountability. Furthermore, it ensures compliance with regulatory standards and industry best practices, safeguarding PSO's reputation and maintaining stakeholder confidence. To stay adaptive in a dynamic business environment, the company continuously monitors, evaluates, and refines its IT governance framework, enabling the company to respond effectively to emerging challenges and opportunities.

The company's IT Policy focuses on effective management of system-related risks through measures such as segregation of duties, authorization controls, and regular reviews. Access to sensitive data is secured through stringent password management and identification protocols. PSO prioritizes training and continuous development for its software users, with regular training sessions and on-the-job learning opportunities to ensure users are proficient in the latest software and equipped to maximize its effectiveness.

Company's Controls and Procedures about its "Early Warning System"

PSO has established an early warning system to identify, assess, address, and disclose cybersecurity risks and incidents in a timely manner. The controls and procedures include:

- Continuous monitoring of cybersecurity threats and vulnerabilities
- · Regular risk assessments and penetration testing
- · Incident response planning and simulation exercises
- Automated alert systems for suspicious activity
- · Cybersecurity reporting to the Management

The company's early warning system enables PSO to:

· Identify potential cybersecurity risks and incidents swiftly

- Assess the severity and impact of identified risks and incidents
- · Address and contain cybersecurity incidents promptly
- Make timely disclosures to regulatory authorities and stakeholders as required
- Communicate cybersecurity risks and incidents to the management in a timely and transparent manner

Through this early warning system, PSO ensures proactive identification, assessment, and addressing of cybersecurity risks and incidents, maintaining the trust and confidence of our stakeholders.

Oversight of IT Governance and Cybersecurity Matters and Board's Administration of IT Risk

The PSO Board of Management oversees IT governance and cybersecurity matters through its IT Committee. The committee is responsible for:

- Reviewing and approving IT risk management strategies and policies
- Monitoring the effectiveness of IT risk controls and mitigation
 measures
- Advising the Board on emerging IT risks and cybersecurity threats
- · Ensuring alignment of IT initiatives with business objectives

The Board administers its IT risk oversight function which:

- Meets regularly to review IT risk and cybersecurity matters
- Receives regular updates from management on IT risk management and cybersecurity initiatives
- Engages with external experts and advisors to stay informed on best practices and emerging trends
- Reports to the full Board on IT risk and cybersecurity matters, providing recommendations for improvement

Through this structured approach, the Board ensures effective oversight of IT governance and cybersecurity risks, protecting PSO's assets, operations, and reputation.

Independent Comprehensive Security Assessment of Technology Environment

PSO has a policy of conducting regular independent comprehensive security assessments of the technology environment, including third-party risks. This policy ensures the company's technology infrastructure and third-party vendors meet rigorous security standards.

Key aspects of the policy:

- Annual independent security assessments conducted by reputable third-party firms
- Comprehensive review of the technology environment, including networks, systems, and applications

Transformative Journey Through Business Process Re-engineering

PSO's Business Process Reengineering (BPR) initiative is pioneering a culture of innovation, leveraging process digitization, automation, and technology-driven solutions to unlock data-driven insights. This comprehensive transformation is building a future-proof operational foundation for sustainable growth, fostering a culture of continuous improvement.

PSO has successfully revamped its business value chain processes for POL products, transitioning from manual operations to system-driven, business intelligence-based processes on a unified platform. This end-to-end overhaul encompasses planning, procurement, receipt, storage, transportation, and sales, ensuring a seamless digital trail.

To support this transformation, PSO has established the Program Management Office (PMO), which, in collaboration with the BPR team, will guide the implementation of these re-engineered processes. From ideation to execution, the BPR and PMO teams are driving the successful integration and continuous improvement of the new digital workflows, ensuring a sustainable and innovative operational foundation for PSO's future growth.

The business process re-engineering initiative is a major step towards transforming the organization into a more agile, efficient, and customer-centric entity. With a dedicated team leading the way and a commitment to embracing change, the company is poised to achieve remarkable results and set new industry standards.

Risk and Opportunity Report

PSO, being the country's leading oil marketer and a Public Sector entity, has an overall low risk appetite for conducting its business operations. The discipline and core-competence of the company demonstrates that risk management has always been an integral part of its strategic direction and the way of doing business, that has continuously been adding value to its stakeholders, especially its customers, employees and shareholders.

PSO's well-established risk governance structure, under the Board of Management's oversight, ensures the existence of, and the accountability for an effective and timely management of risks across the company. Under the authority delegated by the BoM, the Board Finance and Risk Management Committee is responsible for ensuring the compliance and efficacy of the risk management framework, supported by the company's executive management team.

The company's risk management policy is commensurate with international best practices and its business strategy. The policy requires the identification, assessment and measurement, treatment, monitoring and reporting of all major risks affecting the corporate objectives and core values, and entails a sound risk management culture and environment across the company.

With the passage of time, the risk profile of the company is changing with the changes in the underlying risk factors, mainly due to ageing of assets, changes in regulatory requirement and market-driven forces. The risks, stated below, in the corporate risk radar, are continuously being assessed, monitored and addressed by the company's executive management and BoM.





contracts, while there is no such arrangement at its selling end (i.e., between PSO and SNGPL). The company is continuously pursuing for activating the tripartite agreement with SNGPL and SSGC to reduce its commercial risk; however, PSO has not been successful so far due to resistance from SNGPL.

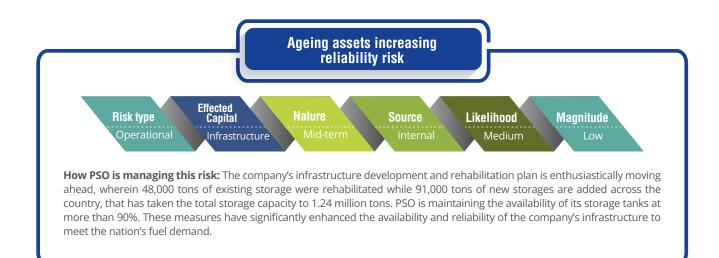


leveraging strategically located storage facilities, maintaining sufficient fuel inventories, and effectively planning for fluctuating consumption. To ensure uninterrupted fuel availability, especially in peak demand periods, PSO maintains a robust distribution network and closely coordinates with stakeholders such as transportation authorities and law enforcement agencies. Furthermore, the company is investing in infrastructure development to enhance supply resilience and cater to evolving consumer demand.



By leveraging technology and data analytics, PSO is gaining deeper insights into consumer behaviour, enabling tailored product offerings and promotions. Additionally, the company is emphasizing value-added services and loyalty programs to foster stronger customer relationships. During the year, the market share of the company in white oil products increased to 51.6%.

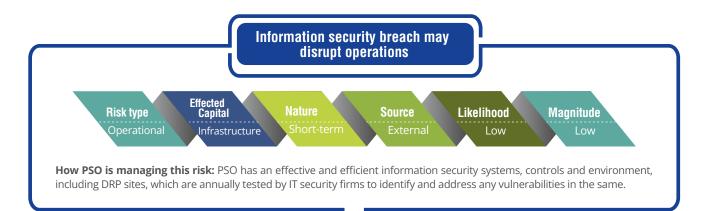






How PSO is managing this risk: The company has an effective disaster recovery plan in place for its critical operations which is periodically tested. The company has adequate and comprehensive insurance coverage for its assets (including inventory) against disaster events. Furthermore, coordinated security measures are in place and periodic mock drills are conducted to test the adequacy of the company's security protocol, especially for its highly sensitive facilities.

In response to the climate crisis, PSO has planted around 12,000 trees at Pipri Marshalling Yard and 6,500 trees at 11th Avenue in Islamabad. These afforestation efforts mark a significant commitment to environmental stewardship and climate regulation.



Adequacy of Capital Structure

The company's capital structure is adequate enough to absorb the unexpected losses from its risky assets, which is monitored on periodic basis.

Sustainability-related Risks and Opportunities

Sustainability-related risks and opportunities impacting capital availability, quality, and affordability are increasingly shaping the financial landscape, and PSO is no exception. The company's sustainability performance significantly influences its access to capital, posing both challenges and opportunities.

Risks

- Increased Cost of Capital: Sub-par sustainability performance can lead to higher borrowing costs, as investors demand a premium for assuming ESG risks, impacting capital affordability:
 - Higher borrowing costs
 - Reduced credit ratings
 - Lower equity valuations
 - Stricter lending terms
- **Reduced Investor Interest:** A weak sustainability profile may deter investors, limiting capital availability, particularly for large capital-intensive projects
- **Regulatory Hurdles:** Stringent environmental regulations and carbon pricing can increase operational costs, reducing profitability and investor confidence, thereby affecting capital availability and affordability
- **Reputational Damage:** Negative publicity related to environmental or social issues can tarnish PSO's reputation, making it challenging to attract investors and secure favourable capital terms

Opportunities

- Lower Cost of Capital: Exceptional sustainability performance can lead to lower borrowing costs, as investors reward companies with robust ESG practices, improving capital affordability
- Increased Investor Interest: Investors increasingly seek companies with strong sustainability profiles, creating opportunities for PSO to attract a broader investor base and access a wider pool of capital
- Access to Green Financing: PSO can leverage the growing green finance market, unlocking a new source of capital for sustainable projects and initiatives

Notice of Meeting

Notice is hereby given that the 48th Annual General Meeting of Pakistan State Oil Company Limited ("the Company") will be held at the Grand Ballroom, Pearl Continental Hotel, Karachi on Thursday, October 24, 2024 at 11:00 a.m. as well as through Video Conferencing facility to transact the following business:

Ordinary Business:

- 1. To confirm the minutes of the 47th Annual General Meeting (AGM) held on October 26, 2023.
- 2. To receive, consider and adopt the Audited Unconsolidated and Consolidated Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended June 30, 2024 together with the Report to the Shareholders and Auditors' Report thereon.
- 3. To lay information before the members of the Company for the appointment of M/s. KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co., Chartered Accountants as external auditors of the Company for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025.
- 4. To approve payment of final cash dividend of Rs. 10 per share i.e. 100% for the year ended June 30, 2024, as recommended by the Board of Management.

Special Business:

5. To consider and pass with or without any amendment/modification the following resolution as special resolution:

The matter with respect to remaining payments of estimated FEED cost for Pakistan Refinery Limited ("PRL") was presented before the Board of Management in its meeting held on April 26, 2024 whereby options were presented for financing arrangements. After detailed deliberations and presentations, the Board recommended for approval the payment mechanism which is placed before the AGM for approval as follows;

"**RESOLVED** that the members of PSO hereby approve the amount of Rs. 3.15 billion or proportionate amount in USD for PRL's FEED to be paid by PSO through loan facility to PRL.

FURTHER RESOLVED that for the loan to PRL:

- PSO will borrow the amount in Pak Rupees from local bank(s) and extend it as loan at market competitive rate (i.e. at same or higher premium) to PRL subject to necessary approval from SECP.
- PRL will utilize the borrowed amount in Pak Rupees to purchase US dollars (through forward or spot contracts) to settle final FEED payments.
- PSO will have the right of repayment and an option to convert the loan into equity after necessary approvals. This option will be utilized if deemed essential for PSO's long-term interests.

• For the purpose of loan, PSO shall have the first Pari-Passu right in the event of PRL's default in repayment of loan. This provision shall be made part of the financing arrangement with PRL."

FURTHER RESOLVED THAT for the purpose of giving effect to the foregoing, the Managing Director & CEO and / or the Company Secretary be and are hereby singly or jointly authorized to do all necessary acts, deeds and things and take any and all necessary steps to fulfill the legal, corporate and procedural formalities and to file all documents/returns as deemed necessary, expedient and desirable to give effect to this resolution."

6. To consider and, if thought fit, to pass, the following resolution:

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the [draft] Scheme of Arrangement (initialed by the [Chairman] and presented before the meeting), (i) the carve-out/separation of (a) Digicash Undertaking and (b) Solar Undertaking from Pakistan State Oil Company Limited (the "Company"); (ii) the carve-out, transfer and merger, by way of amalgamation, of the DigiCash Undertaking with and into Cerisma (Private) Limited; and (iii) the carve-out, transfer and merger, by way of amalgamation, of the Solar Undertaking with and into PSO Renewable Energy (Private) Limited, along with all ancillary matters thereto, subject to any modifications/amendments required or conditions imposed by the Honorable High Court of Sindh at Karachi, and subject to sanction by the Honorable High Court of Sindh at Karachi, in terms of the provisions of Sections 279 to 282 and all other enabling provisions of the Companies Act, 2017, be and is hereby approved and adopted.

FURTHER RESOLVED THAT the Managing Director & CEO and/or the Company Secretary be and are hereby singly or jointly authorized to do all necessary acts, deeds and things in connection therewith and ancillary thereto as may be required or expedient to give effect to the spirit and intent of the above resolution."

By Order of the Board

September 30, 2024 Karachi

Ambreen Ali Company Secretary (A)

Notes:

1. Closure of Share Transfer Books

The Share Transfer books of the Company will remain closed from October 17, 2024 to October 24, 2024 (both days inclusive). Transfers received in order at the office of the Company's Share Registrar, M/s. CDC Share Registrar Services Limited, CDC House, 99-B, Block-B, S.M.C.H.S., Main Shahrah-e-Faisal, Karachi up to the close of business on October 16, 2024 will be considered in time for the purposes of attending the AGM.

2. Participation in the AGM via physical presence or through video-link facility

- a) A member entitled to attend and vote at this meeting may appoint any other member as his/her proxy to attend and vote. A proxy form is annexed in the report and available on the Company's website: www.psopk.com.
- b) The instrument appointing a proxy and the power of attorney or other authority under which it is signed or a notarized/attested copy of power of attorney must be deposited at the Registered Office of the Company situated at PSO House, Khayaban-e-lqbal, Clifton, Karachi at least 48 hours before the time of the AGM i.e. latest by Tuesday, October 22, 2024 at 11:00 am.
- c) The Company also facilitate participation of its shareholders through a video link facility in pursuance to Circulars notified by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP). The members/proxies interested to participate in the AGM through this facility are requested to get themselves registered with the Company at least two (2)- days before the time of AGM i.e. by Tuesday, October 22, 2024, 11:00 a.m. by sending an email with subject: "Registration for PSO AGM" at the given email address cdcsr@cdcsrsl.com or WhatsApp No. 0321-8200864 along with a valid scanned copy of their CNIC.

Shareholders are advised to provide the following details:

Folio / CDS	Company	Name of	CNIC	Cell	Email
A/c No.		Shareholder	number	number	address
	Pakistan State Oil Company Limited				

Video-link for the meeting will be sent to members at their provided email addresses enabling them to attend the meeting on the given date and time. Login facility will be opened thirty (30) minutes before the meeting time to enable the participants to join the meeting after the identification process. Shareholders will be able to login and participate in the AGM proceedings through their devices after completing all the formalities required for the identification and verification of the shareholders.

3. Guidelines for CDC Account Holders

CDC Account Holders will further have to follow the under mentioned guidelines as laid down by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan:

A. For attending the meeting:

- i) In case of individuals, the account holder or sub-account holder and/or the person whose securities are in group account and their registration details are uploaded as per the CDC Regulations, shall authenticate his/her identity by showing his/her original Computerized National Identity Card (CNIC) or original passport at the time of attending the meeting.
- ii) In case of corporate entity, the Board of Directors' resolution/power of attorney with specimen signature of the nominee shall be produced (unless it has been provided earlier) at the time of the meeting.

B. For appointing proxies:

- In case of individuals, the account holder or sub-account holder and/or the person whose securities are in group account and their registration details are uploaded as per the CDC Regulations, shall submit the proxy form accordingly.
- ii) The proxy form shall be witnessed by two persons whose names, addresses and CNIC number shall be mentioned on the form.
- iii) Attested copies of CNIC or the passport of the beneficial owners and the proxy shall be furnished with the proxy form.
- iv) The Proxy shall produce his/her original CNIC or original passport at the time of the meeting.
- v) In case of a corporate entity, the Board of Directors' resolution/power of attorney with specimen signature shall be submitted (unless it has been provided earlier) along with proxy form to the Company.

4. Notification for change in address

Members holding shares in physical form are requested to promptly notify Share Registrar of the Company of any

Notice of Meeting

change in their addresses. Shareholders maintaining their shares in electronic form should get their address updated with their participant or CDC Investor Account Services.

5. Submission of copy of CNIC/NTN (Mandatory)

Individual members who have not yet submitted photocopy of their valid CNIC to the Company/Share Registrar, are once again requested to send their CNIC (copy) at the earliest directly to the Company's Share Registrar, CDC Share Registrar Services Limited, CDC House, 99-B, Block-B, S.M.C.H.S., main Shahrah-e-Faisal, Karachi. Corporate Entities are requested to provide their National Tax Number (NTN). Please also give Folio Number with the copy of CNIC/NTN details.

6. Payment of Cash Dividend Electronically (Mandatory)

In accordance with the provisions of Section 242 of the Companies Act, 2017 and Regulation no. 4 of the Companies (Distribution of Dividends) Regulations, 2017, it is mandatory for a listed company to pay cash dividend to its shareholders only through electronic mode directly into bank account designated by the entitled shareholders.

In order to receive dividend directly into their bank account, shareholders are requested to fill in "E-Dividend Mandate Form" available on the Company's website (http://www.psopk.com) and send it duly signed along with a copy of CNIC to the Company's Share Registrar, M/s. CDC Share Registrar Services Limited, CDC House, 99-B, Block-B, S.M.C.H.S., main Shahrah-e-Faisal, Karachi, in case of physical shares.

In case shares are held in CDC then "E-Dividend Mandate Form" must be submitted directly to shareholder's broker/participant/CDC Investor Account Services.

Please note that as per Section 243 of the Companies Act, 2017 and Regulation No. 6 of the Companies (Distribution of Dividends) Regulations, 2017, listed companies are entitled to withhold payment of dividend, if necessary information is not provided by the shareholders.

7. Withholding Tax on Dividend Income

The rates of deduction of income tax from dividend payments under the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 are as follows:

	Rate of tax deduction for persons appearing in Active Taxpayer List (ATL)	15%
2.	Rate of tax deduction for persons not appearing in Active Taxpayer List (ATL)	30%

In this regard, all shareholders who hold shares with Joint Shareholder(s) are requested to provide shareholding proportions

of Principal Shareholder and Joint Shareholder(s) in respect of shares held by them to our Share Registrar, in writing, as follows:

Folio/CDS		Principal Shareholder		Joint Shareholder	
Account #	Shares	Name and	Shareholding	Name and	Shareholding
		CNIC #	Proportion	CNIC #	Proportion
			(No. of Shares)		(No. of Shares)

Note: The required information must reach the Company's Share Registrar by Wednesday, October 16, 2024; otherwise it will be assumed that the shares are equally held by Principal Shareholder and Joint Shareholder(s).

To enable the Company to make tax deductions on the amount of cash dividend @15% instead of 30%, shareholders are requested to please check and ensure Filer status from Active Taxpayer List ("ATL") available on FBR's website http://www.fbr.gov.pk/ as well as ensure that their CNIC/Passport number has been recorded by the Participant/Investor Account Services or by Share Registrar (in case of physical shareholding). Corporate entities (non-individual shareholders) should ensure that their names and National Tax Numbers (NTN) are available in the ATL on FBR's website and recorded by respective Participant/Investor Account Services or in case of physical shareholding by Company's Share Registrar.

Withholding tax exemption from dividend income, shall only be allowed if a copy of valid tax exemption certificate is made available to the Company's Share Registrar by Wednesday, October 16, 2024.

8. Availability of Annual Audited Financial Statements

The Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan vide S.R.O. 389(I)/2023 dated March 21, 2023 has allowed the transmission of the Annual Audited Financial Statements of the Company and related documents (included in the Annual Report) along with the Notice of General Meeting through a QR enabled code. Pursuant to the approval of shareholders, the annual audited financial statements of the Company for the year ended June 30, 2024 are being circulated to the members through QR enabled code and weblink, which is given below:



https://psopk.com/en/investors/financial

In accordance with the provisions of Section 223(7) of the Companies Act, 2017, the audited financial statements of the Company for the year ended June 30, 2024, are available on the Company's website (http://www.psopk.com).

Any member requiring printed copy of the Annual Report 2024 may send a request using a "Standard Request Form" placed on the Company's website (http://www.psopk.com).

9. Transmission of Financial Statements to the Members through e-mail

SECP, through its SRO 787 (I)/2014 dated September 08, 2014 has provided an option for shareholders to receive annual audited financial statements along with Notice of AGM electronically through email. Members who are interested in receiving the annual reports and Notice of AGM electronically in future, are requested to send their email addresses on the "Consent Form" placed on the Company's website (http://www.psopk.com) to the Company's Share Registrar.

10. Conversion of Physical Shares into Book Entry Form

Section 72(2) of the Companies Act, 2017 provides that every existing company shall be required to replace its physical shares with book-entry form within four (4) years from the date of the promulgation of the Act. Further, vide its letter dated March 26, 2021, Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan has directed listed companies to pursue their such shareholders who are still holding shares in physical form to convert the same into book entry form. In order to ensure compliance with the aforementioned provision, all shareholders having physical shareholding are requested to open a CDC sub-account with any of the brokers or an Investor Account directly with CDC to place their physical shares into scripless form. This will facilitate them in many ways, including safe custody and sale of shares, any time they want, as the trading of physical shares is not permitted as per existing regulations of the Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited.

11. Polling on Special Business:

The members are hereby notified that pursuant to Companies (Postal Ballot) Regulations, 2018 ("the Regulations") amended through Notification vide SRO 2192(1)/2022 dated December 05, 2022, issued by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan ("SECP"), SECP has directed all the listed companies to provide the right to vote through electronic voting facility and voting by post to the members on all businesses classified as special business.

Accordingly, members of Pakistan State Oil Company Limited (the "Company") will be allowed to exercise their right to vote through electronic voting facility or voting by post for the special business in its forthcoming Annual General Meeting to be held on Thursday, October 24, 2024, at 11:00 a.m., in accordance with the requirements and subject to the conditions contained in the aforesaid Regulations.

12. Procedure for E-Voting:

- Details of the e-voting facility will be shared through an e-mail with those members of the Company who have their valid CNIC numbers, cell numbers, and e-mail addresses available in the register of members of the Company by the close of business on October 16, 2024.
- II. The web address, login details, and password, will be communicated to members via email. The security

codes will be communicated to members through SMS from the web portal of CDC Share Registrar Services Limited (being the e-voting service provider).

- III. Identity of the Members intending to cast vote through e-voting shall be authenticated through electronic signature or authentication for login.
- IV. E-Voting lines will start from October 18, 2024, 09:00 a.m. and shall close on October 23, 2024 at 5:00 p.m. Members can cast their votes any time during this period. Once the vote on a resolution is cast by a Member, he / she shall not be allowed to change it subsequently.

Procedure for Voting through Postal Ballot:

The shareholders shall ensure that duly filled and signed ballot papers along with copy of valid Computerized National Identity Card (CNIC)/ copy of passport (non-resident) should reach the Chairman of the meeting through post on the Company's registered address, PSO House, Khayaban-e-Iqbal, Clifton, Karachi or e-mail at amir.ali@psopk.com on or before October 23, 2024 during working hours. The signatures on the ballot paper shall match with the signature on CNIC.

For the convenience of the shareholders, the ballot paper is annexed in the report and available on the Company's website: www.psopk.com.

Statement under section 134(3) of the Companies Act, 2017

This statement sets out the material facts concerning the special business to be transacted at the Annual General Meeting of the Company to be held on October 24, 2024.

Item 5 of the Agenda

To give effect to the said special resolution, consent of the members is being sought on the amount of Rs. 3.15 billion or proportionate amount in USD for PRL's FEED to be paid by PSO through loan facility to PRL.

Item 6 of the Agenda

To give effect to the said resolution, consent of the members is being sought on inter alia, (i) the carve-out/separation of (a) Digicash Undertaking and (b) Solar Undertaking from Pakistan State Oil Company Limited (the "Company"); (ii) the carve-out, transfer and merger, by way of amalgamation, of the Digicash Undertaking with and into Cerisma (Private) Limited; and (iii) the carve-out, transfer and merger, by way of amalgamation, of the Solar Undertaking with and into PSO Renewable Energy (Private) Limited in accordance with the Scheme of Arrangement, in terms of the provisions of Sections 279 to 282 and all other enabling provisions of the Companies Act, 2017.

None of the Members of the Board of Management has any direct or indirect interest in the above said special business.



Oil Change

Evergy with Synergy

At PSO, we're igniting a revolution of inclusivity, fueled by the conviction that talent knows no boundaries. Our diverse workforce proudly comprises women, differently-abled individuals, and members of underrepresented communities. We believe that inclusivity is the spark that unleashes the full potential of our team, driving growth, excellence, and innovation.

Our mission is to craft a workplace where every individual feels valued, empowered, and celebrated for their unique contributions. Where equality and collaboration are the cornerstones of our culture, and diversity is the driving force behind our success.

Through our pursuit of inclusivity, we're not just transforming our organization – we're reshaping the oil industry's landscape. We're setting a new standard for diversity, equality, and excellence, and we won't rest until every voice is heard, every talent is unleashed, and every individual can thrive.

Corporate Governance

Company Information

Board of Management

Chairman (Independent) Mr. Asif Baigmohamed

Independent Members

Mr. Ahmed Jamal Mir Mr. Mushtaq Malik Mr. Waheed Ahmed Shaikh

Non-Executive Members

Mr. Asad Rehman Gilani Mr. Awais Manzur Sumra Mr. Hassan Mehmood Yousufzai Mr. Shahbaz Tahir Nadeem

Managing Director & Chief Executive Officer Syed Muhammad Taha

Chief Financial Officer Ms. Gulzar Khoja

Company Secretary (A) Ms. Ambreen Ali

Auditors

M/s. KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co. Chartered Accountants

Legal Advisor M/s. Orr, Dignam & Co. Advocates

Registered Office

Pakistan State Oil Company Limited PSO House Khayaban-e-Iqbal, Clifton Karachi – 75600, Pakistan UAN: +92 21 111 111 PSO (776) Fax: +92 21 9920 3721 Website: www.psopk.com

Share Registrar

CDC Share Registrar Services Limited CDC House, 99-B Block B, S.M.C.H.S. Main Shahrah-e-Faisal Karachi-74400, Pakistan Tel.: 0800-CDCPL (23275) Fax: +92 21 3432 6053 Email: info@cdcsrsl.com

Bankers

Allied Bank Limited Askari Bank Limited Bank Alfalah Limited Bank Al Habib Limited Citibank N.A. Faysal Bank Limited Habib Bank Limited Habib Metropolitan Bank Limited MCB Bank Limited McB Bank Limited Meezan Bank Limited National Bank of Pakistan Standard Chartered Bank (Pakistan) Limited The Bank of Punjab United Bank Limited

58

The Board of Management Profile



MR. ASIF BAIGMOHAMED Chairman, BOM

Mr. Asif Baigmohamed took up the position of Chairman of the Board of Management of Pakistan State Oil Company Limited on May 29, 2023.

Mr. Baigmohamed is the Group Chief Executive Officer of Baigmohamed Group of Companies and Chief Executive Officer of ABM Investment, a private equity firm with interests in telecom, technology and construction.

Mr. Baigmohamed was previously Chief Executive Officer of Coca-Cola Southern Pakistan. During his tenure, the company received one of the top ten world positions in plant ratings and sales growth. He has also served as Director of Pakistan Petroleum Limited and Pakistan LNG Limited.

Mr. Baigmohamed graduated from Brown University with Honors in Economics and minor in Applied Mathematics. His academic excellence and prowess were acknowledged by his selection into Omicron Delta Epsilon, a prestigious American national honor society for achievement in the field of economics.

The Board of Management Profile



SYED MUHAMMAD TAHA MD, CEO & Member, BOM

Syed Taha, capitalizing on his over three decades of cross-industry experience, both local and international, marked the highest ever profits, raising the bar with historic operational and financial performance for two years in a row in fiscal years 2021 & 2022 in the approximately five decades of Pakistan's largest energy icon - PSO.

Under his leadership, the company has gone from strength to strength, maintaining strong volumetric growth in all product lines and steadily increasing market shares across major portfolios. Taha has successfully transformed PSO from an oil marketing business to an agile, integrated & future-ready energy company.

He spearheaded the clean energy revolution in Pakistan, making PSO the first company to introduce Euro 5 fuels in the country while also building scale in low carbon energy alternatives such EV charging and solarization of locations. He streamlined management and marketing, redesigned the company's internal architecture and unlocked the talent and potential of the organization's human capital with special focus on diversity and inclusion.

Harnessing the power of disruptive and indigenous technologies, he set the wheels for the company's long-term sustainability in motion through business process reengineering, automation & digitization, diversification and new ventures. He increased focus on infrastructural projects, strategic financial management and high margin products with safety and customer-centricity being underpinning drivers of all initiatives.

Previously, he worked as an Executive Director in Oasis Energy, heading the Program Management Office of Port Harcourt Electricity Distribution Company, Nigeria. Prior to that, as the Chief Distribution Officer at K-Electric Limited, he managed revenues exceeding USD 1.9 billion, catering to 2.4 million customers in Karachi and improving the productivity and effectiveness of 8,000+ employees.

Well known as a visionary strategist and respected for his transformational skills in the energy sector with over two decades of executive level experience, Taha has been a key member of the change management and leadership teams in various organizations where he successfully turned around struggling enterprises into highly profitable concerns. He holds an engineering degree with an MBA from the Institute of Business Administration, Karachi.



MR. AHMED JAMAL MIR Member, BOM

Mr. Ahmed Jamal Mir is the CEO of Prestige Communications (Pvt.) Ltd. ("Prestige"). He holds a bachelor's degree in Economics from the University of California, USA. He took over the reins at the advertising business set up by his father in 1986. Prestige is amongst the top agencies of Pakistan which was established in 1960. Over three decades, Mr. Jamal has managed a whole plethora of clients and big names such as British American Tobacco, Proctor & Gamble, GlaxoSmithKline, English Biscuits Manufacturers, Emirates, Sony, Nissan, Nestle Milkpak, Habib Bank Ltd., Jubilee General Insurance, Packages Limited and many others. He believes in building meaningful partnerships locally thus consolidating the legacy of his business. Mr. Jamal was responsible for raising the bar for quality film production by adding value through creative and innovative concepts and insights into brand building.

Mr. Jamal's vision expanded his business through a global affiliation. Prestige was affiliated with Grey Group (a WPP company) for nearly 20 years. Additionally, he has been associated with several global networks working out of the Middle Eastern region, APCO, TD&A DDB, Fortune PromoSeven and several others.

Mr. Jamal's passion for growth has associated him in key leadership roles in many other areas of interest. He has been a member of the American Business Council for over 12 years and was the elected President of the American Business Council during 2018 - 2019. He has also served as a Director of NIB Bank and most recently, he has served as the Chairman of Pakistan Advertising Association. Currently, he is also a member of the Executive Committee for the Pakistan Turkish Business Council at the Federation of Pakistan Chamber of Commerce & Industry. He has also enjoyed a stint as Media Consultant for Pakistan Cricket Board.

Beyond the world of advertising, Mr. Jamal contributes and plays an important role in various charitable foundations like the Agha Khan University Hospital Annual Fundraising Committee, Lady Dufferin Hospital, Layton Rahmatulla Benevolent Trust and the Cardiovascular Foundation.

The Board of Management Profile



MR. ASAD REHMAN GILANI Member, BOM

Mr. Gilani is an officer of the Pakistan Administrative Service (PAS) currently serving as Principal Secretary to the Prime Minister of Pakistan.

He joined the service in 1996 and has experience of multiple sectors and jurisdictions. He has served in provincial governments of Balochistan, Punjab and in the Federal Government. He has been involved in running of the Transport, Environment, Housing, Food and Agriculture Departments in Punjab. He remained the Secretary of the Home, Law, Prosecution the Local Government Department in Balochistan. He remained the Deputy Commissioner of Sheikhupura District and Commissioner of Zhob Division. His longest stint of 4 years was at the Energy Department in Punjab where he led the initiative to add about 10,000 MW to the national grid to rid the country of electricity outages. At the Agriculture department one of the projects that he championed was curbing the practice of crop residue burning through mechanization of residue removal.

He previously served as Secretary for the Pakistan Board of Investment (BOI) at the PM Office Chairman of the National Database and Registration Authority (NADRA) in an acting capacity. He has also served as Additional Secretary in-charge at Ministry of Industries & Production and as Additional Secretary in-charge at Ministry of Power.

Mr. Gilani has degrees in Public Administration from the Harvard Kennedy School (Harvard University) and Medicine from the King Edward Medical University in Lahore. He completed an Edward S. Mason Fellowship in Public Policy from Harvard University in 2009. He also participated in a summer course of International Political Economy at London School of Economics. He also has taken various trainings and courses in USA and Pakistan.

He writes on the issues of current affairs and policy designs in the public sector. He also lectures on Administrative and Governance issues in various public and private sector institutions.



MR. AWAIS MANZUR SUMRA Member, BOM

Mr. Awais Manzur Sumra is a qualified professional, with nearly 31 years of experience in serving the Federal and Provincial Governments as a member of the Pakistan Administrative Service. He is currently working as Secretary Planning, Ministry of Planning, Development and Special Initiatives.

Since his first posting as Assistant Commissioner in North-West Frontier Province (now Khyber Pakhtunkhwa) in 1995, Mr. Sumra has served on various positions including Special Secretary - Ministry of Finance, Additional Secretary-Ministry of Finance, Additional Secretary - Establishment Division, Joint Secretary-Ministry of Finance, Finance Secretary-Gilgit-Baltistan, Director-Earthquake Reconstruction and Rehabilitation Authority, Deputy General Manager-Pakistan Electronic Media Regulatory Authority, and Deputy Secretary-Ministry of Finance.

Mr. Sumra has also served as Senior Advisor to Executive Director at the World Bank Group in Washington D.C (USA) and as Commercial Counselor at the Embassy of Pakistan, Athens (Greece).

Mr. Sumra graduated with a Bachelor's Degree in Civil Engineering from the University of Engineering and Technology, Lahore followed by a Bachelors in Arts from the University of Punjab in 1991. Later, he completed his Master in Business Administration from Stockholm University in 2002, and another Masters in Finance from London Business School in 2005.

The Board of Management Profile



MR. HASSAN MEHMOOD YOUSUFZAI Member, BOM

Mr. Hassan Mehmood Yousufzai is currently serving as Additional Secretary, Petroleum Division, Government of Pakistan. He has served as the Additional Secretary, Ministry of Maritime Affairs, Director General, National Institute of Management, Pakistan Academy for Rural Development and Pakistan Provincial Services Academy, Peshawar. In Khyber Pakhtunkhwa (KPK), Mr. Yousufzai has served as Secretary Higher Education Department, Housing Department, Auqaf Department, Law and Order (Merged Area) and Administration (Establishment).

Mr. Yousufzai has also served as Commercial Counselor in Frankfurt, Germany, Managing Director Small Industries, KPK and Chief Economist in the Planning & Development Department of the KPK Government. Outside the Government, he has experience of working as Capacity Development Specialist in Asian Development Bank and Assistant Political Agent in Bajaur Agency. Early in his career, Mr. Yousufzai served as District Coordination Officer, Swat; Additional Secretary, Establishment Department and Personal Staff Officer to the Chief Secretary, and was also the Assistant Commissioner in Chitral and Swat.

He passed his CSS Examination in 1995 to join the 24th CTP, in the Pakistan Administrative Service (formerly called DMG). He attained M.A. in Conflict Transformation from Eastern Mennonite University, USA as a Fulbright Fellow. Currently, he is enrolled in the PhD program in the Department of International Relations, University of Peshawar. He did his schooling from Cadet College, Petaro, F.Sc. from PAF College, Sargodha and also graduated from PAF College of Aeronautical Engineering. Mr. Yousufzai is also an M.A. in Political Science from Peshawar University and B.Sc. (Aero Sciences) from PAF Academy in Risalpur.

He has participated in diverse professional training courses and promotion exams in PAF, 18-month Common Training Program and Specialized Trading Program at Civil Services Academy, mid-career management course, senior management and national management courses, JICA training on development studies and economic development training in China. Mr. Yousufzai has also participated in numerous domestic and international seminars, certificate courses and non-degree programs on areas related to public sector. He has also drafted 'Manual for Musalihat Anjumans' for Asian Development Bank and co-authored 'Towards Understanding Pakhtoon Jirga, an indigenous way of peace building and more'.

Mr. Yousufzai is a member of SNGPL's Board, Mari Petroleum Company Limited (MPCL), Pakistan Petroleum Limited (PPL), Oil & Gas Development Company Limited (OGDCL), Saindak Metals Limited (SML) and Board of Management of Pakistan State Oil Company Limited (PSO) and their various committees as representative from the Government side.



MR. MUSHTAQ MALIK Member, BOM

Mr. Mushtaq Malik holds Master's degrees in Economics and in Business Administration from Boston University, USA, with specialization in International Business Management and Finance. He has also done an Executive Course in Project Evaluation and Management from Harvard University and has a Marketing Management Diploma from Delft University of Netherland.

Mr. Malik has also attended courses on Macroeconomic Stability and Balance of Payment Management arranged by International Monetary Fund (IMF) at Washington DC and Project Planning, Implementation and Monitoring in Manila. He has worked as Joint Secretary- External Finance (EF) and Additional Secretary (EF), Ministry of Finance. He headed the Board of Investment (BOI) as a Federal Secretary, Pakistan Electronic Media Regulatory Authority (PEMRA) as Chairman and Member, Federal Services Tribunal (FST). He has represented Pakistan at various international forums and has worked as the Economic Minister and Financial Advisor in the Embassy of Pakistan at Washington DC (July 2002 to July 2006).

Currently Mr. Malik also serves on the boards of Hinopak Motors Limited, Sindh Insurance Limited, Cnergyico Pk Limited and as Chairman of MM Management Consultants (Private) Limited.

He has previously served on the boards of Askari Bank Limited, Habib Bank Limited and ECO Bank, Istanbul for six years, five years and two years respectively, and has served for 14 years in the Government of Punjab in various positions such as DG Local Government, Director of Industries and Mineral Development, Secretary Excise and Taxation, Secretary Environment Protection Development, Secretary Population Welfare and Managing Director, Punjab Mineral Development Corporation.

Presently, he is the Project Director of ASPIRE, a World Bank programme with Ministry of Federal Education. Besides, he is Patron in Chief of the Awan Foundation of Pakistan, an NGO running schools on no-profit no loss basis.

The Board of Management Profile



MR. SHAHBAZ TAHIR NADEEM Member, BOM

Mr. Shahbaz Tahir Nadeem is a highly experienced civil servant and a member of the Pakistan Administrative Service. He is currently serving as Joint Secretary (Investments/JVs/Development) in the Petroleum Division of the Ministry of Energy, Government of Pakistan. In this role, he oversees international cooperation efforts of the division. He is also acting as the Director General/CEO of the Hydrocarbon Development Institute of Pakistan (HDIP).

Mr. Shahbaz has a diverse educational background, including a Commonwealth Masters in Business Administration, LLB, and B.Sc. in Computer Sciences. He has also completed numerous professional training courses, both locally and internationally.

Mr. Shahbaz has extensive experience in public sector management, having worked in all three tiers of Government in Pakistan. He has served as the Project Director of the KP Investment in Human Capital (World Bank), Director General of the KP Revenue Authority (Finance Department), and Deputy Commissioner in Gilgit, Diamer, and Hunza districts.

In addition to his public sector roles, Mr. Shahbaz has served as a board member for several organizations, including Pakistan LNG Limited, Pakistan Refinery Limited, Saindak Metals, Government Holdings (Private) Limited (GHPL), Pakistan Mineral Development Corporation (PMDC), Inter State Gas Systems (Private) Limited (ISGS), Sui Northern Gas Pipeline Company Limited (SNGPL) and Pakistan Petroleum Limited (PPL). He has also held board positions for educational institutions and regulatory authorities in Khyber Pakhtunkhwa.

Mr. Shahbaz is committed to public service and has made significant contributions in the fields of general administration, economic development, and multitier governance.



MR. WAHEED AHMED SHAIKH Member, BOM

Mr. Waheed Ahmed Shaikh brings over four decades of exceptional experience in the downstream oil and gas industry, demonstrating expertise across a wide array of areas, including the acquisition, integration, and turnaround of both private and state-owned enterprises. A Mechanical Engineer by training from the University of Engineering & Technology, Lahore, Mr. Shaikh also holds an MBA from a prestigious U.S. institution, completed on scholarship.

Mr. Shaikh's career began with distinguished service at Pakistan International Airlines and Pakistan Burmah Shell (PBS), where he played a pivotal role in transforming PBS into one of Pakistan's leading oil marketing companies. His early contributions laid the foundation for his future success.

In Shell Pakistan, Mr. Shaikh served as Supply & Transport Manager and Retail Manager before being recruited as CEO of a struggling lubricant company in Saudi Arabia. Under his leadership, he successfully turned around the business and led the acquisition of Petromin from Aramco, subsequently merging the two companies. As an Executive Board Member of Petromin Corporation, the largest downstream oil business in Saudi Arabia, Mr. Shaikh was instrumental in conceptualizing and expanding Petromin Express, transforming it into the world's fifth-largest lube change retail network. His remarkable achievements during this period are documented in Amr Al-Dabbagh's book, Omnipreneurship. Following these successes, Mr. Shaikh was promoted to Chief Operating Officer of Dabbagh Group, Saudi Arabia.

Beyond the oil and gas sector, Mr. Shaikh has demonstrated his versatile leadership abilities across various industries. He has served as a Board Member for Supreme Foods, the sole supplier of processed chicken to Burger King in the Middle East, and Red Sea Housing Company, a key supplier of prefabricated housing solutions for oil exploration companies and armed forces in remote locations across 55 countries. Additionally, he served on the board of Greif Plastic, the largest flexible packaging company with manufacturing plants in Türkiye, Ukraine, Romania, and the UK.

Engagement of Board Members in Business Entities

Sr. No.	Name of Board Member	Other Engagements
1	Mr. Asif Baigmohamed Chairman (Independent)	Chief Executive Officer 1. ABM Investment
		Director 1. Digital Bridge (Pvt.) Limited 2. Iman Construction (Pvt.) Limited 3. Marina City Developers
		Chairman 1. CERISMA (Private) Limited
2	Syed Muhammad Taha (MD, CEO & Member, BOM)	Director 1. Asia Petroleum Limited 2. Pak-Arab Pipeline Company Limited 3. Pakistan Refinery Limited 4. Petroleum Institute of Pakistan 5. PSO Renewable Energy (Private) Limited
3	Mr. Ahmed Jamal Mir (Independent Member)	Managing Director & CEO 1. Prestige Communications (Pvt.) Ltd.
4	Mr. Asad Rehman Gilani (Non–executive Member)	None
5	Mr. Awais Manzur Sumra (Non–executive Member)	Director 1. Pakistan Petroleum Limited 2. Saudi Pak Investment Company
6	Mr. Hassan Mehmood Yousufzai (Non–executive Member)	Director 1. Mari Petroleum Company Limited 2. Oil & Gas Development Company Limited 3. Pakistan Petroleum Limited 4. Saindak Metals Limited 5. Sui Northern Gas Pipeline Company Limited
7	Mr. Mushtaq Malik (Independent Member)	Chairman 1. MM Management Consultants (Pvt.) Limited
		Director 1. Cnergyico Pk Limited 2. Genco Holding Company Limited 3. Hinopak Motors Limited 4. Sindh Insurance Limited
8	Mr. Shahbaz Tahir Nadeem (Non–executive Member)	Director 1. Pakistan LNG Limited 2. Sui Southern Gas Company Limited
9	Mr. Waheed Ahmed Shaikh (Independent Member)	Advisor 1. Petromin Corporation – Saudi Arabia

Board Committees

Board Finance & Risk Management Committee

Mr. Awais Manzur Sumra			
Mr. Ahmed Jamal Mir			
Mr. Asad Rehman Gilani			
Mr. Asif Baigmohamed			
Mr. Waheed Ahmed Shaikh			
Company Secretary			

Chairman Member Member Member Secretary

Terms of Reference

The Board Finance & Risk Management Committee primarily reviews the financial and operating plans of the company and is responsible for overseeing the risk management activities, approving appropriate risk management procedures and measurement methodologies across the company.

The Committee's scope of work entails carrying out following activities and duties and recommending their findings to the Board of Management (BOM) for approval:

- 1. Reviewing corporate strategy, operational plans and long-term projections of the company.
- 2. Reviewing proposals/feasibility studies prepared by the Management of all major projects.
- 3. Review the proposed Annual Business Plan and Budget and endorsing the same for approval of BOM.
- 4. Identification and management of strategic business risks of the company considering the general economic conditions of the country, competitive realities and scenarios and ensuring that risk management processes and cultures are embedded throughout the company.
- 5. Providing regular update to the BOM on key risk management issues and its proposed mitigating factors.
- 6. Considering investments and disinvestments of funds outside normal conduct of business and reviewing cash and fund management policies and procedures.
- 7. Consideration of any other issue or matter as may be assigned by the BOM.

Board Human Resource & Remuneration Committee

Mr. Waheed Ahmed ShaikhChairmanMr. Asif BaigmohamedMemberMr. Awais Manzur SumraMemberMr. Hassan Mehmood YousufzaiMemberMr. Mushtaq MalikMemberSyed Muhammad TahaMemberCompany SecretarySecretary

Terms of Reference

The Committee will be responsible for making recommendations to the Board for maintaining:

- A sound plan of organization for the company.
- · An effective employees' development programme.
- Sound compensation and benefits plans, policies and practices designed to attract and retain the calibre of personnel needed to manage the business effectively.

The terms of reference of the Committee shall also include the following:

- 1. Review the organizational structure periodically to:
 - a. Evaluate and recommend for approval of the Board, changes in the organization, functions and relationships affecting management positions equivalent in importance to those on the management position schedule.
 - b. Establish plans and procedures that provide an effective basis for management control over company manpower.
 - c. Determine appropriate limits of authority and approval procedures for personnel matters requiring decisions at different levels of management.
- 2. Review the employees' development system to ensure that it:
 - a. Foresees the company's senior management requirements.
 - b. Provides for early identification, development, and succession of key personnel and leadership positions.
 - c. Brings forward specific succession plans for senior management positions.
 - d. Training and development plans.

Board Committees

- 3. Compensation and Benefits:
 - Review data of competitive compensation practices and review and evaluate policies and programmes through which the company compensates its employees.
 - b. Recommend for approval salary ranges, salaries and other compensation for the CEO and Senior Management reporting to the CEO.

Board Audit & Compliance Committee

Mr. Mushtaq Malik	Chairman
Mr. Ahmed Jamal Mir	Member
Mr. Awais Manzur Sumra	Member
Mr. Shahbaz Tahir Nadeem	Member
Mr. Waheed Ahmed Shaikh	Member
Company Secretary	Secretary

Terms of Reference

The committee shall, among other things, be responsible for recommending to the BOM the appointment of external auditors by the company's shareholders and shall consider any questions of resignation or removal of external auditors, audit fees and provision by external auditors of any service to the company in addition to audit of its financial statements. In the absence of strong grounds to proceed otherwise, the BOM shall act in accordance with the recommendations of the Board Audit & Compliance Committee in all these matters.

The committee will also assist the Board in overseeing the company's compliance program with respect to: (i) compliance with the laws; and (ii) compliance with the company's Code of Conduct and related policies by employees, officers, directors and other agents and associates of the company.

The terms of reference of the Board Audit & Compliance Committee shall also include the following:

Audit

- 1. Determination of appropriate measures to safeguard the company's assets.
- 2. Review of preliminary announcements of results prior to publication.
- 3. Review of quarterly, half-yearly and annual financial statements of the company, prior to their approval by the BOM, focusing on:

- Major judgemental areas;
- Significant adjustments resulting from the audit;
- The going-concern assumption;
- Any changes in accounting policies and practices;
- Compliance with applicable accounting standards; and
- Compliance with listing regulations and other statutory and regulatory requirements.
- 4. Facilitating the external audit and discussion with external auditors on major observations arising from interim and final audits and any matter that the auditors may wish to highlight (in the absence of management, where necessary).
- 5. Review of management letter issued by external auditors and management's response thereto.
- 6. Ensuring coordination between the internal and external auditors of the company.
- 7. Review of the scope and extent of internal audit and ensuring that the internal audit function has adequate resources and is appropriately placed within the company.
- 8. Consideration of major findings of internal investigations and management's response thereto.
- 9. Ascertaining that the internal control system including financial and operational controls, accounting system and reporting structure are adequate and effective.
- 10. Review of the company's statement on internal control systems prior to endorsement by the BOM.
- Instituting special projects, value for money studies or other investigations on any matter specified by the BOM, in consultation with the Chief Executive and to consider remittance of any matter to the external auditors or to any other external body.
- 12. Determination of compliance with relevant statutory requirements.
- 13. Monitoring compliance with the best practices of corporate governance and identification of significant violations thereof.
- 14. Recommending or approving the hiring or removal of the chief internal auditor.
- 15. Overseeing whistle-blowing policy and protection mechanism; and
- 16. Consideration of any other issue or matter as may be assigned by the BOM.

Compliance

- 1. Review Code of Conduct and related policies applicable to employees, officers, and directors and other agents and associates of the company at least annually and make recommendations to the Board as appropriate.
- Provide oversight as needed to ensure that the Compliance program effectively prevents and/or detects violations by company employees, officers, directors and other agents and associates of the company law, regulation, company policy, special conditions imposed on the company by any licensing authorities, and the Code of Conduct.
- 3. The Whistle-Blowing Unit will report to the Board Audit & Compliance Committee.
- 4. Review and evaluate, at least annually, the performance of the Committee, including compliance by the Committee with this Charter.
- 5. Review and assess, at least annually, the adequacy of this Charter and submit any proposed changes to the Board for approval.
- 6. Review resources assigned to the Compliance program to assess their adequacy relative to the program's effectiveness.
- 7. Receive such reports of relevant conduct, misconduct and other issues as appropriate to the Committee.
- Perform any other activities consistent with this Charter and the company's Bylaws and Certificate of Incorporation, as the Committee may deem necessary or appropriate for the fulfilment of its responsibilities under this Charter or as required by applicable law or regulation, or as may be determined by the Board.
- 9. Do every other act incidental to, arising out of or in connection with, or otherwise related to the authority granted to the Committee hereby or the carrying out of the Committee's duties and responsibilities hereunder.
- 10. Notwithstanding any of the foregoing, the legal liability of any of the Committee members shall not be greater than that of other members of the Board.

Board Procurement Committee

Mr. Hassan Mehmood YousufzaiChairmanMr. Asad Rehman GilaniMemberMr. Mushtaq MalikMemberMr. Shahbaz Tahir NadeemMemberMr. Waheed Ahmed ShaikhMemberCompany SecretarySecretary

Terms of Reference

The Terms of reference of the Board Procurement Committee are as follows:

- 1. Review and approve Procurement Policy Framework and any subsequent changes to the same.
- Recommend procurement awards for capital and revenue expenditure for amounts in excess of Rs. 200 million for local procurement and USD 5 million for foreign procurement (other than product procurement) for approval of the BOM. Awards requiring urgent approval will be approved through circulation to all members.
- 3. Recommend procurement of spot cargoes of Liquefied Natural Gas (LNG) for approval of the BOM.
- 4. Provide advice on procurement related matters and approval processes as and when required.

Board IT & Innovation Committee

Mr. Shahbaz Tahir Nadeem	Chairman
Mr. Asif Baigmohamed	Member
Mr. Hassan Mehmood Yousufzai	Member
Syed Muhammad Taha	Member
Company Secretary	Secretary

Terms of Reference

The Board IT & Innovation Committee has been set up with the objective of:

- 1. Building Competitive Advantage for PSO in the Industry using Technology.
- 2. Automation of all company activities and operations wherever possible primarily enabling controls on processes and flow of information for fast and quality decision making.

The Committee shall primarily set the Automation and Digitalization targets of the company. The Committee shall take whatever steps necessary to ensure implementation of Automation and Digitalization initiatives and progress towards company's Digital

Board Committees

Transformation. The Committee shall review, recommend for approval to BOM, monitor and enforce implementation of all IT plans, scope, budgets and keep BOM abreast on progress made on execution of all IT projects.

The Committee's scope of work entails carrying out following activities and duties:

- 1. Set, review and monitor implementation of automation and digital transformation goals and strategy of the company.
- 2. Review and approve short-term, medium-term and long-term plans to fulfil company's Automation and Digital Transformation goals.
- 3. Establish policies and guidelines to ensure security of all IT and Automation systems, use of systems by all relevant management and employees in the company and build accountability, responsibility and ownership.
- Review Business Plans, Budgets, Project scopes, Technologies and Proposals/Feasibility Studies prepared by the management for all major Automation and Digital Transformation projects, ensuring alignment with corporate strategy, and endorsing the same for approval of BOM.
- 5. Determine and assign roles and responsibilities of all stakeholders for timely execution of Automation and Digital Integration projects.
- 6. Review and ensure adequate resources are appropriately placed for the execution of all Automation and Digital Integration initiatives.
- 7. Review monthly or as the Committee may decide, progress on all Automation and Digital Transformation projects.
- 8. Provide regular update to the BOM on key Automation and Integration hurdles and its proposed mitigating factors.
- 9. Review exceptions, if any, presented for information and approval in terms of the Automation and Digital Transformation policy guidelines.
- As necessary, hold meetings separately with senior management, employees or independent advisors in respect of matters pertaining to a Project to ensure implementation of automation projects.
- 11. Any other tasks as assigned to the Committee by the BOM and/or referred by other Committees.

Board Strategy & Diversification Committee

Mr. Asif Baigmohamed Mr. Ahmed Jamal Mir Mr. Awais Manzur Sumra Mr. Waheed Ahmed Shaikh Syed Muhammad Taha Company Secretary Chairman Member Member Member Secretary

Terms of Reference

The energy landscape of Pakistan is fast changing and the oil and gas marketing sector in the country has become increasingly competitive over the last few years. In this backdrop, not only oil & gas sector players of the country are required to align themselves with the changing scenario but also additional efforts have to be made by public sector companies to play their due role in the overall development of the energy sector.

To effectively address these challenges and sustain progressive growth, the Board Strategy & Diversification Committee has been constituted to formulate business diversification strategy and monitor progress of diversification projects of the company.

- Review company's medium to long-term investment diversification strategy and provide guidance to the management on all matters related to business/risk diversification.
- Formulate Strategic Investment Guidelines for the company.
- Review proposals on business diversification/investment projects in downstream sector.
- Review growth possibilities through new projects in oil and gas sector which includes inter-alia infrastructure development, liquefied natural gas, liquefied petroleum gas, downstream projects, refining etc.
- Review feasibility studies for special projects to assess possibilities for prospective business expansion and investment.
- Make recommendations to the BOM regarding potential projects and new avenues for diversified investment of the company's capital and financial resources providing attractive returns.
- Review and monitor progress of on-going key strategic & diversification projects in line with Board approvals.
- Considering new business opportunities as may be referred by the BOM or other stakeholders.

72

Corporate Governance

Board's Operating Style and Delegation to Management

The Board is responsible for setting strategic/overall objectives of the company, effective management and control of the company, oversight on all high priority corporate risk matters and ensuring all policies are in place to manage those risks.

The Board has delegated certain responsibilities to its committees for review and recommendations to the Board through their respective Terms of Reference. An agenda or matter that requires Board's approval is first presented to the respective committee by the management. After thorough deliberations, the final recommendations are presented to the Board for approval.

Moreover, the Board has delegated day-to-day management of the affairs of the company to the management through the approved Limits of Authority Manual prepared in line with applicable statutory/legal requirements and best practices.

Role of Chairman and CEO

Chairman of the Board is responsible for ensuring that the Board is working properly and all matters relevant to the governance of the company are considered in Board Meetings. The Chairman conducts the Board meeting and has the responsibility to lead the Board and ensure its effective functioning and continuous development. The Chairman has no involvement in day-to-day operations of the company.

The Managing Director & CEO of the company is responsible for the management of the company, in accordance with all statutory obligations and subject to the oversight and directions of the Board. His responsibilities, inter-alia, include implementation of strategies and policies approved by the Board.

CEO's Performance Review by the Board

The performance of the Managing Director & CEO is evaluated by the Board on an annual basis based on the business activities performed during the year in line with the corporate strategy. The Board oversees the activities of the company including the corporate performance and advises the management accordingly. A corporate strategy is set out by the company under the supervision of the Managing Director & CEO. The performance thereof is monitored during the year.

Evaluation of Board's Performance

In accordance with the requirements of the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019, the evaluation of performance of the Board and its Committees was carried out under self-evaluation mode through third party i.e. Pakistan Institute of Corporate Governance (PICG), an accredited institution by Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) whereby an online questionnaire is disseminated amongst the Board members for the assessment of their performance. The evaluation exercise is undertaken on an annual basis to enhance the effectiveness of the Board.

Board Audit & Compliance Committee Evaluation

Every year, Board Audit & Compliance Committee evaluation is conducted by an independent evaluator (i.e. PICG) as part of the annual evaluation of the Board, Committees and Members. Summary of key activities carried out during the year has been disclosed in the Report of the Board Audit & Compliance Committee on page 78.

Training of the Board Members

During the year, the company sponsored its Board Members, Mr. Ahmed Jamal Mir and Mr. Waheed Ahmed Shaikh for attending Directors' Training Programme.

Orientation of Board Members

New Board Members were provided a formal orientation about the company and their roles and responsibilities. This helps the incoming Board Members in effective performance of their roles and responsibilities.

Remuneration of Non-executive (Including Independent) Board Members

The Non-executive Board members do not have fixed remuneration per se and are being paid a fixed fee for each meeting attended. The said fees are decided upon by the Board collectively.

Policy for Retention of Fee by an Executive Member

Managing Director & CEO, PSO is the only Executive Member on PSO's Board. He also holds Non-executive directorship in Asia Petroleum Limited, Pakistan Refinery Limited, Pak-Arab Pipeline Company Limited, Petroleum Institute of Pakistan and PSO's Renewable Energy (Private) Limited. He is entitled to retain in full the fee received from the above-mentioned entities against his services as Non-executive Director.

Board's View on Diversity

PSO has a diversified and experienced Board of Management duly appointed by the Government of Pakistan (GoP) in line with the requirements of the 1974 Act. The members possess a mix of professional expertise in leadership, finance, economics, engineering and business management skills covering areas of PSO's business undertakings along with diversified experience from both the Public and Private sectors.

As of June 30, 2024, the Board consisted of one Executive Member i.e. the Managing Director & CEO, PSO, four independent and four non-executive members.

PSO's Board and Management are committed to encouraging diversity and ensuring equal opportunity for individuals based on merit without any external influence or bias in the form of age, gender, ethnicity etc., which make PSO's pool of employees a unique and diversified blend representing all segments of the society.

Company's Policy for Safeguarding of Records

Safety of Records is a critical control procedure which requires attention at all levels. Company has a detailed policy/Standard Operating Procedure (SOP) in respect of Handling, Retention and destruction of records and documents. The records have been kept at secured places with adequate measures in place. Further, the company has a redefined Information Technology policy that articulates corporate and information security governance, program management and cyber security management. The company also has a Disaster Recovery Plan which entails necessary backup facilities.

Conflict of Interest amongst Board Members

Any conflict of interest relating to members of the Board of Management is managed as per provisions of the company law and rules & regulations of SECP and Pakistan Stock Exchange.

Compliance with the Best Practices of the Code of Corporate Governance

Report of the Board Audit & Compliance Committee on adherence to the Code of Corporate Governance, Statement of Compliance with the Code of Corporate Governance and Auditors' Review Report thereon also form part of this report and are annexed.

External Oversight of various Functions

Internal Controls and systems are the lifeline of an organization. To enhance the credibility of internal controls and systems, external oversight is an important tool that is being used by the management.

Company has a process whereby regular system audits are conducted by external IT Firms. Further, various ISO certifications are acquired and maintained by the company to ensure continued sanctity of systems and processes. During FY24, PSO has strengthened its safety leadership position by achieving ISO 45001 certification across its HSE department and key operational sites.

Additionally, considering the importance of Information Technology in strengthening the Internal control structure and environment, management has always emphasized on digitalization of its processes/optimization of IT usage and re-engineering of existing business processes.

Board Meetings held outside Pakistan

During the year, no board meeting was held outside Pakistan.

Related Parties

Names of Related parties /Transactions with related partied along with the basis of relationship are disclosed in note 44 to the financial statements.

Contract or arrangements with related parties were in the ordinary course of business and were at arm's length basis.

The normal policies of the company are applicable on related party transactions as well since these are not at any special terms i.e. are at the same terms as applicable to transactions with other unrelated parties.

Directors are required to disclose their interest, if any, in related party transactions. During the year no conflicts arose that were required to be monitored / managed by the Board.

Management's Responsibility towards the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and the requirements of Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017)

Management is also responsible to implement such internal controls as it determines as necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement.

In preparing the financial statements, management has to make various estimates, assumptions and use judgements that affect the application of accounting policies and reported amounts.

The following are areas of significant judgements:

- · Valuation of stock in trade
- · Valuation / Impairment of Trade debt and other receivables
- Provision for retirement and other service benefits
- Taxation including deferred taxation
- Depreciation /amortization methods and determination of useful lives of items of Property, Plant and Equipment and Intangibles.
- Right of use Assets and corresponding Lease liability

Board of Management is responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process and approving the financial statements.

Appointment of the Board including Chairman

The Federal Government controls the management of affairs of the company under the provisions of the Marketing of Petroleum Products (Federal Control) Act, 1974. Accordingly, the Chairman, Managing Director & CEO and all BOM members are appointed by the Federal Government.

Business Plan

PSO remains focused and committed towards the following goals:

- Sustaining Financial Resilience
- Operational Excellence
- Innovation and Diversification
- Social Responsibility
- Business Growth and Optimization
- Continuing to enhance operational efficiencies through business process re-engineering and digital transformation
- Forging strategic partnerships on projects to drive business forward

The Board has approved the business plan for PSO encompassing capital expense budget, operating expense

budget, revenue, investment in strategic projects, CSR contribution and performance targets for next year.

The decisions are aligned with PSO's strategic direction and are expected to drive significant benefits, including:

- · Improved operational efficiency and reduced costs
- Increased revenue and profitability
- Enhanced competitiveness and market position
- Stronger returns on investment for the company's shareholders

The Board is confident that these plans, goals and decisions will enable PSO to achieve its primary objective through long-term success and sustainable value for its stakeholders.

Board Statement on Internal Controls

The Board has a established process to review and ascertain the effectiveness of the Internal Control system and the Internal Audit Function through Board Audit & Compliance Committee.

The system of internal controls is sound in design and has been effectively implemented and monitored. While carrying out its responsibilities in line with TOR, the Committee also recommended certain improvements including financial and operational controls, accounting system and reporting structure. The company has a code of conduct and has ensured that appropriate steps have been taken to disseminate it throughout the company along with its supporting policies and procedures.

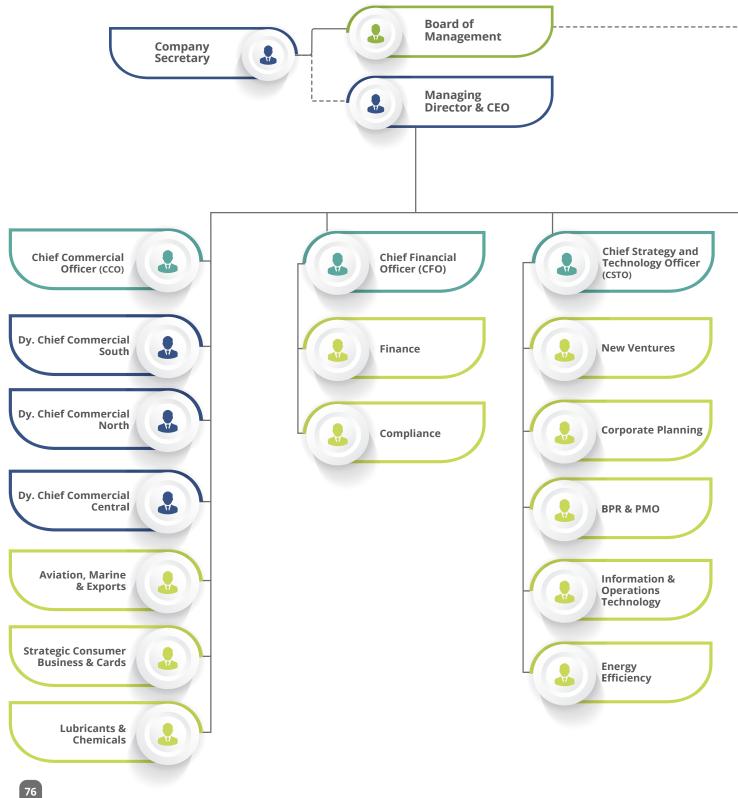
Board's Commitment to Upholding the Highest Standards of Ethics and Compliance

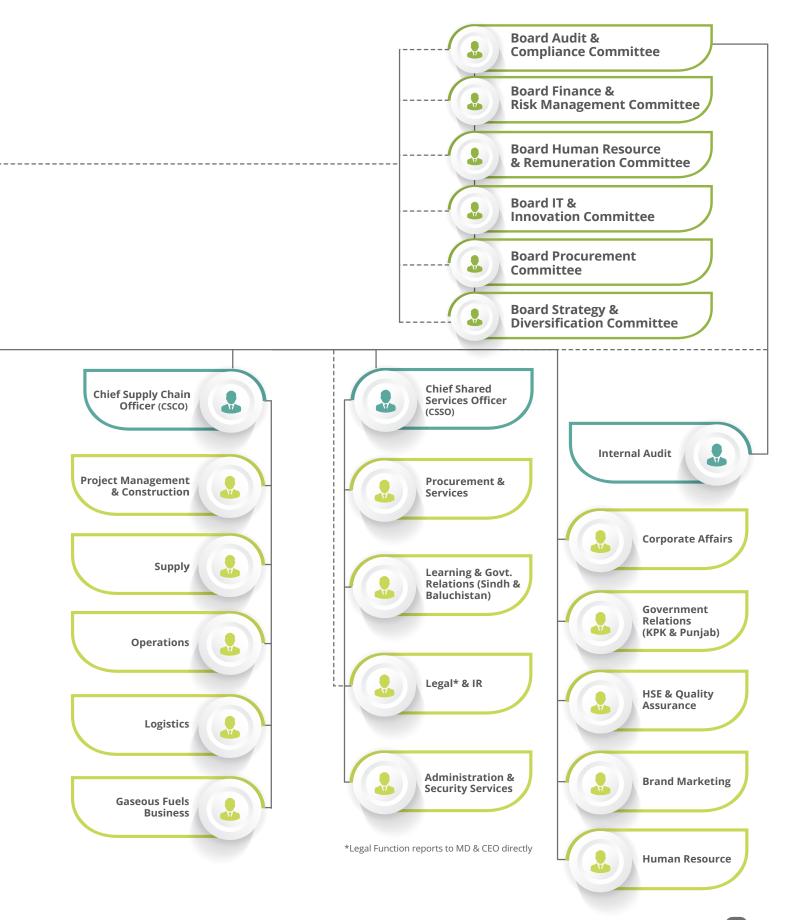
We are dedicated to maintaining the highest ethical standards, sustainable practices, transparent reporting, and strong Corporate Governance to ensure success for all stakeholders.

The Board outlines its role in setting ethical leadership, guiding strategy, and overseeing management for sustainable growth. Board members actively participate in meetings to review operations, shape policies, and ensure compliance with legal and business obligations. The Chairman ensures that meeting discussions and decisions are promptly documented and shared within time.

All financial statements and materials are circulated to Board Members in advance, allowing informed decision-making. This year, the Board held nine (9) meetings, with agendas distributed at least a week prior, except for meetings of emergent nature where the notice period was waived.

Organizational Structure





Report of the Board Audit & Compliance Committee

The Board Audit & Compliance Committee (BACC) including its Chairman comprises three independent members and two non-executive members. The Chairman of the Committee is an independent member and has relevant financial/ accounting background.

The Committee met four (04) times during the year ended June 30, 2024 wherein various matters were taken up as per the Terms of Reference (TOR) of the Committee.

Regular attendees at Committee meetings, on the invitation of the Committee, included the Managing Director & Chief Executive Officer, Chief Internal Auditor and Chief Financial Officer (CFO).

The Audit Committee believes that it has carried out responsibilities to the full, in accordance with the Terms of Reference approved by the BOM, which included principally the items mentioned below and the actions taken by the Committee in respect of each of these responsibilities.

Summary of Key Activities:

The key functions performed by the Committee are given below:

Financial Reporting

- The Committee reviewed and recommended for BOM's approval, the draft annual and interim Unconsolidated and Consolidated Financial Statements of the company. The Committee discussed with the CFO and the statutory auditors, the significant changes made in International Financial Reporting Standards, Accounting Policies and Accounting Estimates used in the preparation of Financial Statements along with key audit matters and significant issues in relation to the Financial Statements and their addressal to the satisfaction of statutory auditors.
- The Committee also reviewed the Management Letter issued by the statutory auditors wherein control weaknesses were highlighted. Compliance status of highlighted observations by the statutory auditors is also reviewed and corrective measures are discussed / recommended to improve overall control environment.

Assessment of Internal Audit Function

• The Committee has an established process to review and ascertain the effectiveness of the Internal Control system and the Internal Audit Function. While carrying out its

responsibilities in line with TOR, the Committee recommended various improvements including financial and operational controls, accounting system and reporting structure.

- The Chief Internal Auditor has direct access to the Committee. The Committee also met the Chief Internal Auditor in the absence of CEO and CFO in compliance with the requirements of the Code of Corporate Governance.
- The Committee reviewed that the Internal Audit function is adequately resourced with suitably, technically qualified and experienced staff for the purpose and are conversant with the policies and procedures of the company.
- The Committee reviewed and approved the risk based internal audit plan covering all business activities.
- The Committee reviewed the status of planned versus actual audit activities along with major internal audit observations and implementation status of decisions made in the previous Committee meetings. The Committee involved the management in the implementation process with firm deadlines for all action items.
- The Committee also reviewed the major Audit Observations which were highlighted in the Cybersecurity Audit carried out by an Independent Audit firm i.e. M/s A.F. Ferguson & Co. (PWC).

Whistle-Blowing

As per the Whistle-Blowing Policy approved by BOM, the Committee is entrusted with the responsibility to monitor the effectiveness of the Whistle-Blowing Unit. Reports on the complaints received vis-à-vis the actions taken are presented in the Committee meetings. For the year ended June 30, 2024, three (3) actionable complaints received through Whistle-Blowing Unit were reviewed and reported by Internal Audit to the Board Audit & Compliance Committee.

Review of Compliance with the Code of Corporate Governance

The Committee places great importance on ensuring compliance with the best practices of the Code of Corporate Governance. In this respect, the Committee annually reviews the company's Compliance with the Code of Corporate Governance. The Committee reviewed the Statement of Compliance with the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019 to be published in the Annual Report.

Appointment of Statutory Auditors

- A separate Policy governing audit related and additional services obtained from the Statutory Auditors is in place, which is approved by the Board, and is designed to safeguard Statutory Auditors objectivity and independence. The Committee reviewed the scope of work and fee of all services obtained by Management from the Statutory Auditors of the company in addition to the audit of its Financial Statements.
- The statutory auditors or the persons associated with them have not been appointed to provide other services except in accordance with the Act, the Regulations or any other regulatory requirement.
- The statutory auditors of the company, M/s KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co. have completed their audit of the company's financial statements and review of the Statement of Compliance with Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019 for the financial year ended June 30, 2024. M/s KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co, being eligible, have been recommended for appointment as statutory auditors of the company for the Financial Year ending June 30, 2025.
- M/s KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co. have been given a satisfactory rating under the Quality Control Review Program of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (ICAP) and are fully compliant with the International Federation of Accountants (IFAC) Guidelines on Code of Ethics, as adopted by ICAP.
- The Committee also met the Statutory Auditors separately in the absence of CEO and CFO to get their feedback on the overall control and governance structure within the company.
- The Audit Committee has discussed the audit methodologies being followed by the Statutory Auditors and the observations raised by them in their letter to the Board regarding the financial statements including compliance with the applicable regulations or any other issues.

Annual Report

- The company has issued a very comprehensive Annual Report which besides presenting the financial statements and the Member's Report of the company, also discloses other information over and above the regulatory requirements to offer an in-depth understanding about management style, the policies set in place by the company, assessment of company's position, business model, its performance during the year and future prospects/ strategy to various stakeholders of the company.
- The information has been disclosed in the form of ratios, trends, graphs, analyses, explanatory notes, statements, etc.
 The Audit Committee believes that the Annual Report gives a detailed view of how the company has evolved, its state of affairs and future prospects.

Evaluation of BACC Performance

In accordance with the requirements of the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019, the evaluation of performance of the Board and its Committees was carried out under self-evaluation mode through third party i.e. Pakistan Institute of Corporate Governance (PICG), an accredited institution by Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) whereby an online questionnaire is disseminated amongst the Board members for the assessment of their performance. The evaluation exercise is undertaken on an annual basis to enhance effectiveness and better understanding of the roles and responsibilities of the Board.

Mushtaq Malik Chairman – Board Audit & Compliance Committee

August 27, 2024 Karachi

Statement of Compliance

With the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019

Name of company: Pakistan State Oil Company Limited Year Ended: June 30, 2024

This statement is being presented to comply with the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019 ("the Regulations") issued by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) for the purpose of establishing a framework of good governance, whereby a listed company is managed in compliance with the best practices of the Regulations.

Pakistan State Oil Company Limited (the Company/PSO) is primarily regulated under the provisions of the Marketing of Petroleum Products (Federal Control) Act, 1974 ("the 1974 Act") which takes precedence over the provisions contained in the Companies Act, 2017 ("the Act"). The Regulations promulgated by the SECP have laid down certain criteria for the election, functioning and responsibilities of the Board of Directors and related administrative matters, the election of the Chairman and the appointment of the Managing Director. However, the said criteria of the Regulations are not considered applicable to the extent of overriding provisions contained in the 1974 Act and Board of Management Regulations, 1974 of the Company.

The Company is managed by the Board of Management (BOM) appointed by the Federal Government under section 7 of the 1974 Act.

In view of the above, the Company applied the principles contained in the Regulations in the following manner:

- 1. The total number of BOM Members is nine as per the following:
 - a. Male: Nine (09)
 - b. Female:
- 2. The composition of the Board of Management (BOM) as on June 30, 2024 was as follows:

Category	Names	Date of appointment
Independent Members	Mr. Asif Baigmohamed Mr. Ahmed Jamal Mir Mr. Mushtaq Malik Mr. Waheed Ahmed Shaikh	May 29, 2023 May 29, 2023 May 29, 2023 May 29, 2023
Non-Executive Members	Mr. Awais Manzur Sumra Mr. Asad Rehman Gilani Mr. Hassan Mehmood Yousufzai Mr. Shahbaz Tahir Nadeem	May 29, 2023 January 29, 2024 September 22, 2023 May 29, 2023
Executive Member	Syed Muhammad Taha	February 26, 2023

- 3. The members of the BOM have confirmed that none of them is serving as a director on more than five public sector companies and listed companies simultaneously, except their subsidiaries.
- 4. The company has a code of conduct and has ensured that appropriate steps have been taken to disseminate it throughout the company along with its supporting policies and procedures.
- 5. The BOM has developed a vision / mission statement, overall corporate strategy and significant policies of the company. The BOM has ensured that complete record of particulars of the significant policies along with their date of approval and / or updating are maintained by the company.
- All the powers of the BOM have been duly exercised and decisions on relevant matters have been taken by the BOM / shareholders as empowered by the relevant provisions of the 1974 Act, the Act and these Regulations.
- 7. The meetings of the BOM were presided over by the Chairman. The BOM has complied with the requirements of the 1974 Act and the Regulations with respect to frequency, recording and circulating minutes of meetings of the Board.
- 8. The responsibility for fixing the remuneration packages of the Managing Director and the Chairman of BOM is the function of the Federal Government under the 1974 Act. Accordingly, this function was performed by the Federal Government. The non-executive BOM members do not have fixed remuneration per se and are being paid a fixed fee for each meeting attended. The said fees are decided upon by the BOM collectively.
- 9. The BOM has arranged Directors' Training Program for the following:
 - a. Mr. Ahmed Jamal Mir Member, Board of Management
 - b. Mr. Waheed Ahmed Shaikh Member, Board of Management
 - c. Ms. Ambreen Ali Assistant Company Secretary
- 10. There was no change in the position of the Chief Financial Officer, the Company Secretary and the Head of Internal Audit during the year.
- 11. The Chief Financial Officer and Chief Executive Officer duly endorsed the financial statements before approval of the Board.

12. The BOM has formed Committees comprising members given below:

Board Audit & Compliance Committee	Mr. Mushtaq Malik Mr. Ahmed Jamal Mir Mr. Awais Manzur Sumra Mr. Shahbaz Tahir Nadeem Mr. Waheed Ahmed Shaikh	Chairman Member Member Member Member
Board Human Resource & Remuneration Committee	Mr. Waheed Ahmed Shaikh Mr. Awais Manzur Sumra Mr. Asif Baigmohamed Mr. Hassan Mehmood Yousufzai Mr. Mushtaq Malik Syed Muhammad Taha	Chairman Member Member Member Member Member
Board Procurement Committee	Mr. Hassan Mehmood Yousufzai Mr. Asad Rehman Gilani Mr. Mushtaq Malik Mr. Shahbaz Tahir Nadeem Mr. Waheed Ahmed Shaikh	Chairman Member Member Member Member
Board Finance & Risk Management Committee	Mr. Awais Manzur Sumra Mr. Ahmed Jamal Mir Mr. Asad Rehman Gilani Mr. Asif Baigmohamed Mr. Waheed Ahmed Shaikh	Chairman Member Member Member Member
Board IT & Innovation Committee	Mr. Shahbaz Tahir Nadeem Mr. Asif Baigmohamed Mr. Hassan Mehmood Yousufzai Syed Muhammad Taha	Chairman Member Member Member
Board Strategy & Diversification Committee	Mr. Asif Baigmohamed Mr. Ahmed Jamal Mir Mr. Awais Manzur Sumra Mr. Waheed Ahmed Shaikh Syed Muhammad Taha	Chairman Member Member Member Member

- 13. The terms of reference of the aforesaid committees have been formed, documented and advised to the committees for compliance.
- 14. The frequency of meetings (yearly) of the Board Committees were as follows:

Board Sub-Committee	Frequency
Board Audit & Compliance Committee	4
Board Human Resource & Remuneration Committee	5
Board Procurement Committee	5
Board Finance & Risk Management Committee	2
Board IT & Innovation Committee	2

- 15. The BOM has set up an effective internal audit function which is considered suitably qualified and experienced for the purpose and is conversant with the policies and procedures of the company.
- 16. The statutory auditors of the company have confirmed that they have been given a satisfactory rating under the Quality Control Review program of the Institute of Chartered

Accountants of Pakistan and registered with Audit Oversight Board of Pakistan, that they and all their partners are in compliance with International Federation of Accountants (IFAC) guidelines on code of ethics as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan and that they and the partners of the firm involved in the audit are not a close relative (spouse, parent, dependent and non-dependent children) of the Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, Head of Internal Audit, Company Secretary or Member Board of Management.

- 17. The statutory auditors or the persons associated with them have not been appointed to provide other services except in accordance with the Act, these Regulations or any other regulatory requirement and the auditors have confirmed that they have observed IFAC guidelines in this regard.
- We confirm that all requirements of regulations 3, 6, 7, 8, 27,32, 33 and 36 of the Regulations have been complied with except where the requirements are inconsistent with the provisions of the 1974 Act.

Syed Muhammad Taha Managing Director & CEO

August 27, 2024 Karachi

Asif Baigmohamed Chairman

Corporate Governance

KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co. Chartered Accountants Sixth Floor, State Life Building, Blue Area Islamabad, Pakistan Telephone: +92 (51) 282 3558, Fax +92 (51) 282 2671

Review Report to the Members

On the Statement of Compliance with the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019

We have reviewed the enclosed Statement of Compliance with the best practices contained in the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019 (herein referred to as 'Code') prepared by the Board of Management (BOM) of Pakistan State Oil Company Limited (the Company) for the year ended June 30, 2024 to comply with the requirement of regulation 36 of Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019.

The responsibility for compliance with the Code is that of the BOM of the Company. Our responsibility is to review, to the extent where such compliance can be objectively verified, whether the Statement of Compliance reflects the status of the Company's compliance with the provisions of the Code and report if it does not and to highlight any non-compliance with the requirements of the Code. A review is limited primarily to inquiries of the Company's personnel and review of various documents prepared by the Company to comply with the Code.

As a part of our audit of the financial statements we are required to obtain an understanding of the accounting and internal control systems sufficient to plan the audit and develop an effective audit approach. We are not required to consider whether the BOM's statement on internal control covers all risks and controls or to form an opinion on the effectiveness of such internal controls, the Company's corporate governance procedures and risks.

The Code require the Company to place before the Board Audit and Compliance Committee, and upon recommendation of the Board Audit and Compliance Committee, place before the BOM for their review and approval, its related party transactions. We are only required and have ensured compliance of this requirement to the extent of the approval of the related party transactions by the BOM upon recommendation of the Board Audit and Compliance Committee.

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention which causes us to believe that the 'Statement of Compliance' does not appropriately reflect the Company's compliance, in all material respects, with the best practices contained in the Code as applicable to the Company for the year ended June 30, 2024 except that certain clauses are considered inapplicable due to overriding provisions of the Marketing of Petroleum Products (Federal Control) Act, 1974 (the 1974 Act) and the Board of Management Regulations, 1974 applicable to the Company, as explained in the enclosed Statement of Compliance.

We draw attention to the Statement of Compliance, which states that the Company is primarily regulated under the provisions of (the 1974 Act) and managed by the BOM appointed by the Federal Government under section 7 of the 1974 Act.

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KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co. Chartered Accountants Islamabad September 30, 2024

UDIN: CR202410202eSuP20XrZ

Attendance at the Board of Management and Board Committee Meetings

For the year ended June 30, 2024

Names of Members	Boa Manag	Board of Management	Board / Comp Comn	Board Audit & Compliance Committee	Board Human Resource & Remuneration Committee	Board Human Resource & Remuneration Committee	Board Procurement Committee	rd ement nittee	Board Finance & Risk Managemen Committee	Board Finance & Risk Management Committee	Board IT & Innovation Committee	d IT & ation nittee	TOTAL	AL
	Total No. of Meetings*	Number of Meetings Attended	Total No. of Meetings*	Number of Meetings Attended	Total No. of Meetings*	Number of Meetings Attended	Total No. of Meetings*	Number of Meetings Attended	Total No. of Meetings*	Number of Meetings Attended	Total No. of Meetings*	Number of Meetings Attended	Total No. of Meetings*	Number of Meetings Attended
Mr. Asif Baigmohamed	6	6	I	I	Ŋ	Ŋ	ı	I	2	2	2	2	18	18
Syed Muhammad Taha	6	6	ı	I	Ŋ	IJ	ı	ı		ı	2	2	16	16
Mr. Ahmed Jamal Mir	6	6	4	4	ı	ı	ı	ı	2	2	~	-	16	16
Mr. Asad Rehman Gilani	Ŋ	IJ	ı	ı	ı	ı	-	-		ı	ı	ı	9	9
Mr. Awais Manzur Sumra	6	6	4	4	IJ	IJ	ı	ı	2	2	ı	ı	20	20
Mr. Hassan Mehmood Yousufzai	Г	7	ı	ı	Ś	m	2	2	·	ı	~ -	~	13	13
Mr. Mushtaq Malik	6	6	4	4	Ŋ	IJ	IJ	IJ		ı	~ -	~	24	24
Mr. Shahbaz Tahir Nadeem	6	6	4	4	ı	ı	Ŋ	IJ		ı	2	2	20	20
Mr. Waheed Ahmed Shaikh	6	6	4	4	IJ	ß	IJ	IJ	~	~ -	ı	ı	24	24
Mr. Arshad Majeed	4	4	I	I	ı	I	4	m	2	~ -	I	I	10	00
Mr. Mohammad Hassan Iqbal	7	7	I	I	~	-	7	7	~	~	I		9	9
* Number of meetings held during the period when the concerned Board member was on the Board / Committee. Note: No Board meeting was held outside Pakistan during the year.	period wh ide Pakista	en the coi an during	ncerned E the year.	3oard me	mber was	s on the B	oard / Cor	nmittee.						

Statement of Corporate Intent

- 1. Name of the State-Owned Enterprise: Pakistan State Oil Company Limited.
- 2. Incorporated/established on: June 03, 1974.
- 3. Subsidiaries included in this statement of corporate intent: Pakistan Refinery Limited.
 - Newly established subsidiaries include:
 - i. CERISMA (Private) Limited.
 - ii. PSO Renewable Energy (Private) Limited.
 - iii. PSO Venture Capital (Private) Limited.
- 4. Description of the main business of the state-owned enterprise:

Principal activities of the company are procurement, storage and marketing of petroleum and related products. It also blends and markets various grades of lubricating oils.

- 5. Summary of the business goals of the state-owned enterprise:
 - Sustaining Financial Resilience: PSO aims for a disciplined approach to financial management, ensuring the company's continued ability to weather economic uncertainties and invest in strategic growth initiatives.
 - **Operational Excellence:** The company's relentless pursuit of efficiency, safety, and service excellence will persist, driving continuous improvement across all aspects of its operations.
 - **Innovation and Diversification:** Embracing a forward-thinking mindset, PSO will explore pioneering technologies, alternative energy sources, and innovative business models to address the evolving needs of its customers.
 - Social Responsibility: PSO's social responsibility remains a priority as it strives to make a positive impact on community development and environmental sustainability.
 - **Business Growth and Optimization:** Maintaining market share in MoGas and diesel, growing Lubricants and LPG businesses, while continuing to enhance operational efficiencies through business process re-engineering and digital transformation and forging strategic partnerships on projects to drive business forward.
- 6. Summary of the performance measures and benchmarks against the state-owned enterprises business goals and its primary objective:
 - Sustaining Financial Resilience: Increase EBITDA by

10% along with 3% savings in controllable expenses.

- Operational Excellence: Ensure 90% availability of operational storages.
- **Innovation and Diversification:** Terminal Automation at Faisalabad.
- Social Responsibility: Support public charitable projects in the areas of education, healthcare, community building & disaster management and environment especially where PSO operates.
- **Business Growth and Optimization:** Sustain/increase market share in key products including white oil, black oil, LPG and Lubricants.
- 7. Summary of the strategies of the state-owned enterprise for achieving its business goals and primary objective:
 - Ensure safe business operations through effective HSE compliance and implementation.
 - Maintain market shares in PMG & HSD by strengthening the retail network.
 - Focus on high-margin products and Non-Fuel Retail business, by introducing AutoCare facilities to improve lubricant sales, and adding LPG sales points and a new chain of convenience stores at the company retail outlets.
 - Strive to reduce the receivables from government entities by consistently following-up with relevant departments and pursue implementation of the receivable-equity swap proposals.
 - Increase reliability of asset infrastructure to meet demand through effective predictive maintenance and rehabilitation plans.
 - Continuation of operational optimization through business process reengineering and digital transformation.
- 8. The current or anticipated borrowing of the state-owned enterprise, including borrowing by a subsidiary:

As of June 30, 2024, PSO's borrowings were Rs. 391 billion, whereas projected borrowings may vary between Rs. 450 and Rs. 475 billion. PRL's borrowings as of June 30, 2024 were Rs. 28.5 billion and are projected to increase by Rs. 6-9 billion in the next year.

9. The accounting policies that the state-owned enterprise will apply for financial records and reporting:

Accounting policies may be viewed in PSO's financial statements available on the company's website: www.psopk.com.

10. Summary indicative balance sheet and profit and loss statement for the state-owned enterprise:

Will be provided after approval from the Board of Management.

11. Consolidated summary indicative balance sheet and profit and loss statement for the state-owned enterprise and its subsidiaries as a group:

Will be provided after approval from the Board of Management.

12. The proposed dividend declaration and distribution policy of the state-owned enterprise:

As and when approved by the Board of Management.

13. Description of any public service obligations and their impact on the forecasted financial outcomes of the state-owned enterprise:

As the designated importer on behalf of the Government of Pakistan, PSO has two sale purchase agreements with Qatar Energy for the import of LNG for onward sale to Sui companies. PSO is selling LNG to SNGPL since 2015 against which SNGPL has not been able to make the complete payments. During this period our outstanding amount for LNG stands at Rs. 516 billion inclusive of LPS (as of August 20, 2024). This has resulted in severe cash flow issues and very high finance costs.

Corporate Governance

Management Committee (ManCom)

The Management Committee (ManCom) is the prime management body responsible for deciding how the organization will be operated as a whole. The ManCom approves, steers and reviews key projects from conceptualization to implementation; conducts periodic reviews of various business matters and elements of the annual plan that include strategy, performance targets, projects and budgets. 34 ManCom meetings were held in FY24.



Compensation, Organization & Employee Development Committee (COED)

The Compensation, Organization & Employee Development (COED) Committee plays a crucial role in thoroughly examining all facets of Human Capital Management encompassing a wide range of areas such as Organizational Development, Employee Progression & Development, Performance Management, Compensation, and HR Governance. 15 COED meetings were held during FY24.



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Transformative Energy

PSO is driven by a conviction that energy is a universal right, not a privilege reserved for a few. We are dedicated to crafting a sustainable future where clean, renewable energy sources power progress, minimize our carbon footprint, and foster eco-friendly habits.

Leveraging cutting-edge technologies and innovations, we are developing pioneering energy solutions tailored to the diverse needs of our customers, regardless of their background or location.

Our mission is to ensure energy is accessible, affordable, and reliable for all, bridging socioeconomic and geographical divides. By doing so, we empower communities, stimulate economic growth, and enhance the quality of life for generations to come.

This commitment goes beyond meeting global environmental targets – it is about demonstrating our genuine care for our customers' well-being and their future.

The Board of Management (BoM) is pleased to present a comprehensive report on the company's financial and operational performance for the year ended June 30, 2024. This report showcases the remarkable achievements and progress made by PSO during this period, highlighting our key accomplishments and strides forward.

Global Economic Environment

The global economy in 2024 is experiencing a slow and uneven recovery, with growth remaining below historical trends despite avoiding a recession. According to forecasts, global growth is expected to reach 3.2% in 2024, driven by a modest acceleration in advanced economies.

These economies are projected to grow from 1.7% in 2023 to 1.7% in 2024 and 1.8% in 2025, partially offset by a slight slowdown in emerging markets and developing economies. The latter are expected to ease from 4.4% growth in 2023 to 4.3% in both 2024 and 2025.

Inflationary pressures have eased significantly since their 2023 peaks, with disinflation driven primarily by declining international energy and food prices, which have stabilized in recent months. Core inflation, excluding food and energy, is also approaching levels that may lead policymakers in many countries to reassess and potentially ease their current restrictive monetary policies.

Meanwhile, the global trade environment is poised for a rebound in 2024. The initial improvement in trade flows in the first half of the year can be attributed to the depletion of inventories accumulated during 2023 supply chain disruptions. A more robust trade recovery is expected in the latter half of 2024,

particularly if central banks, such as the US Federal Reserve and the European Central Bank, begin to lower interest rates, which would further stimulate economic growth.

Although the global economy has demonstrated surprising resilience since October 2023, several downside risks continue to threaten global growth. Key among these risks are heightened geopolitical tensions, which could escalate market uncertainties, deter investment, and hinder economic expansion.

Moreover, an escalation of Middle East tensions could trigger an oil price surge, further exacerbating these downside risks.

While the global economy faces challenges in achieving a net-zero emissions future, technological breakthroughs in renewables and battery storage offer a silver lining. The extraction, processing, and utilization of critical minerals essential for these technologies present significant economic growth opportunities. This could be especially beneficial for developing economies rich in these critical minerals, providing a potential pathway to achieving the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs).

Pakistan's Economic Review

Pakistan's economy, like many other developing nations, faced significant financial headwinds during the year. To address pressing imbalances in its fiscal and external positions, the government took decisive action, implementing policy tightening measures to restore stability. While these steps necessarily entailed a near-term slowdown in economic growth, they paved the way for a more resilient and sustainable economic future.

FY24 witnessed Pakistan's economy exhibiting modest growth, with real GDP increasing by 2.4%. This growth reflects the impact



of tight macroeconomic policies, import controls, and high inflation.

The agriculture sector showed significant expansion, growing by 6.3% compared to 2.3% in the previous year. In contrast, the industrial and services sectors experienced more subdued growth, increasing by 1.2% each. Inflation remained a significant concern, averaging 23.4% FY24. However, a sharp decline is expected in the medium-term due to high base effects and lower projected global commodity prices.

The fiscal deficit for FY24 was recorded at 4.5% of GDP, similar to the previous year. However, it is projected to widen by the end of the fiscal year due to rising interest payments. Per capita income

increased to US\$ 1,680 from US\$ 1,551 in the previous year, driven by improved economic activity and a stable exchange rate. The investment-to-GDP ratio for FY24 decreased to 13.1% from 14.1% in FY23, attributed to a global slowdown, political situation in the country, and restrictive macroeconomic policies.

The government's fiscal consolidation efforts have shown promising results in FY24, with revenue collection soaring by 30% from last year. This achievement demonstrates the government's resolve to manage spending and reduce budget deficits.

Although challenges remain, the International Monetary Fund (IMF) has recognized that economic activity has stabilized as a



result of the government's commitment to prudent policy implementation. The government's progress on structural reforms, particularly the State-Owned Enterprises (SOE) Policy, is encouraging and has the potential to unlock more efficient resource allocation and drive long-term economic growth.

The government is poised to capitalize on the current stability by doubling down on macroeconomic policies and structural reforms that will propel the economy towards a stronger, more inclusive, and sustainable growth trajectory. To sustain this momentum, the government will prioritize measures to curb inflation, strengthen fiscal discipline, and drive structural reforms. These efforts will be crucial in maintaining economic stability and promoting growth.

The economic outlook for the upcoming year is characterized by a complex and multifaceted landscape, marked by both opportunities and challenges. According to the World Bank's projections, GDP growth is expected to experience a moderate upswing, reaching approximately 3.5%. However, this growth rate remains below the country's optimal potential.

To harness stronger economic expansion, comprehensive fiscal consolidation measures are imperative, as emphasized by the World Bank. Such measures will facilitate the restoration of long-term debt and foster a conducive environment for investment. Revitalizing private sector investment, currently at a subdued level, is also essential for propelling sustainable economic growth and unlocking the country's full potential.

Petroleum Industry Overview

Pakistan's petroleum industry is a cornerstone of the national economy, providing a substantial portion of the country's energy



supply. The sector faces a complex array of challenges, including volatile global oil prices, geopolitical uncertainties, security risks, and infrastructure limitations.

The country's expanding population and rising energy needs exacerbate these challenges, putting additional pressure on the industry. To mitigate these issues, it is crucial to adopt and implement comprehensive strategies that foster a sustainable and robust petroleum sector, equipped to meet Pakistan's growing energy demands.

The petroleum industry has witnessed a marked decline in recent times, characterized by a 3% drop in white oil consumption and a 4.1% and 2% decrease in MoGas and diesel sales, respectively. This downturn is primarily driven by a slowdown in

economic growth, escalating fuel prices, and the unauthorized influx of petroleum products from the western border.

The demand for black oil witnessed a drastic 46% decline, primarily attributed to a substantial 47% YoY decrease in furnace oil-based power generation, as reported by NEPRA. This decrease was further exacerbated by a 1.9% drop in overall electricity production.

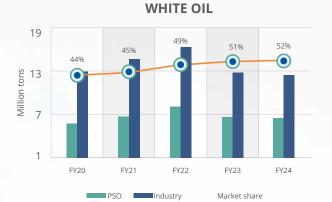
Consequently, total liquid fuel consumption plummeted to 15.4 million tons, marking a 8.8% decrease. The automotive industry experienced a significant slump, with car sales declining by 21% due to rising car prices and high interest rates on auto loans. This trend is expected to persist in the forthcoming year.



Company Performance

PSO serves as the backbone of Pakistan's energy infrastructure, playing a vital role in guaranteeing a reliable and uninterrupted energy supply chain for the nation. In the fiercely competitive white oil market, PSO achieved a 0.5% market share growth, surpassing its previous record and commanding an impressive 51.6% of the industry's total volume.

This success is largely attributed to PSO's exceptional performance in MoGas, where it achieved a substantial 1.6% market share increase, bringing its control to a dominant 45.8%.



Acknowledging its pivotal role in meeting Pakistan's energy demands, the company has proactively enhanced its retail infrastructure by introducing 101 new outlets. This expansion brings its total nationwide presence to 3,580 stations ensuring accessibility of essential fuels for consumers across the country.

MoGas

PSO's resolute strategy has paid off in a tough market, with the company reinforcing its leadership in MoGas. In FY24, PSO achieved a commanding 45.8% market share, amidst a decline in national MoGas sales, highlighting PSO's ability to adapt and thrive in challenging conditions. With sales of 3.3 million tons, PSO solidified its role as a vital catalyst for the country's economic expansion and prosperity.

PREMIER



Diesel

The diesel market faced a significant downturn due to economic contraction, a steep 31% decline in truck and bus sales, persistently high prices, and heavy influx of smuggled products from western borders. This resulted in total national diesel sales dropping to 6.2 million tons, a decline of 2% from last year.

While the industry felt the impact, the company managed to capture a market share of 53.2%, responding with agility in adverse conditions.

HI-CETANE DIESEL





Jet Fuel

PSO maintained its unrivalled dominance in the aviation industry, holding a commanding market share of 99.1%. The company achieved a remarkable 5.1% growth compared to previous year, reaching a total volume of 652,653 tons. This can be attributed to strategic partnerships with new airlines, effectively expanding the company's customer base.

PSO's contribution in the aviation business has played a key role in bolstering Pakistan's foreign exchange reserves. By providing refuelling services to international airlines, the company has contributed a substantial amount of USD 278 million in revenue to the country's foreign currency reserves.

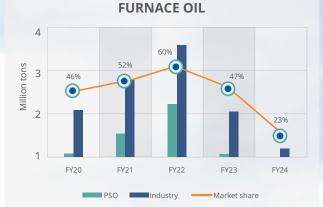




Furnace Oil

The furnace oil industry faced a significant slump, with consumption plummeting by 47% as power sector demand dwindled. This decline was driven by a combination of factors, including subdued economic activity, the growing adoption of renewable energy sources amidst rising power costs, and a strategic shift in Pakistan's energy mix.

The integration of nuclear, coal, hydel, and renewable energy power plants has diminished the dependence on furnace oil for power generation. Amidst this evolving landscape, furnace oil sales volume declined to 1.2 million tons, with PSO selling 285,298 tons.

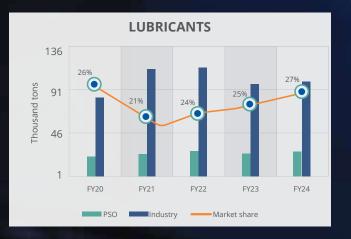


Lubricants

The lubricant industry, mirroring the broader energy sector, faced a multitude of challenges. Soaring inflation, import restrictions, and declining vehicle sales all contributed to a complex market landscape. The demand was also affected by the surge in lubricant prices and the increasing preference for long-drain oils, which further eroded the market.

The industry saw a modest 3% growth compared to the previous year, while PSO outperformed the market with a 9.7% increase in sales, reaching 38,429 tons. During the last year, the company has been able to gain 26.9%, of market share.

PSO's strategic focus on premium products and customer loyalty has driven remarkable success, positioning the company for sustained growth in the competitive lubricant market. Key initiatives launched during the year included:







PSO's future Research & Development initiatives

As part of PSO's strategic vision to gain leadership in the lubricants business, the company's focus on Research & Development ensures it remains at the cutting edge of technology.

Within its lubricants range, PSO is pioneering eco-friendly products that deliver exceptional performance, reduce environmental harm, and meet the dynamic needs of the customers. By focusing on sustainable practices and advanced technologies, PSO is redefining the future of lubricants and setting new benchmarks through our future Research & Development (R&D) initiatives in motor lubricants.

1. Sustainable Lubricants: Developing eco-friendly lubricants with reduced environmental impact, including bio-based and biodegradable options.

- 2. **High-Performance Lubricants:** Creating advanced lubricants for electric and hybrid vehicles, as well as high-efficiency lubricants for conventional vehicles.
- **3.** Lubricant Technology Enhancement: Improving lubricant formulations for better fuel efficiency, reduced emissions, and enhanced vehicle performance.
- 4. Innovative Solutions: Exploring new technologies for lubricant recycling, reuse, and re-refining.

PSO is committed to investing in R&D to drive innovation, sustainability, and customer satisfaction. The company's R&D initiatives will focus on developing cutting-edge motor lubricants that meet the evolving needs of its customers and the environment.

Liquefied Petroleum Gas

The Liquefied Petroleum Gas (LPG) industry saw significant growth, primarily driven by the domestic and commercial sector. This year, the industry expanded by 5.7% compared to the previous year, largely due to interrupted piped gas supplies.

PSO achieved a record-high sales volume of 49,111 tons this year – a 22% increase from last year. This substantial growth is attributed largely to strategic sourcing efforts via local production and imports.

The company's market position strengthened with a nationwide network of 348 distributors, including the addition of 25 new distributors and 13 industrial customers. Additionally, 3 new hospitality arrangements in Sahiwal, Dir, and Korangi (Karachi) have been commissioned, enabling the company to secure additional volumes in previously untapped areas. PSO serves its clientele from 15 LPG plants, with 4 company-owned and 11 operating under hospitality arrangements.



PAK GAS Home Delivery

PSO's LPG Home Delivery pilot, launched in November 2023, which enhanced its customer convenience and safety with 38 LPG exchange facilities nationwide, offering secure and regulated cylinder exchanges and allows customers to order online or via Ta'aluq care line, ensuring doorstep delivery at OGRA-notified prices.

Blue LPG

PSO is strengthening Pakistan's energy value chain, ensuring affordable and reliable supply nationwide. Addressing the north region's unique challenges, The company launched 'Project Blue' in Hunza, Gilgit Baltistan, providing sustainable LPG energy through a utility-based model. This initiative ensures high-quality products, and consistent availability, delivered safely to customers' doorsteps.

By connecting opportunity points across the value chain, PSO is creating an efficient end-to-end system, promoting economic growth, environmental sustainability, and making a meaningful difference in people's lives. Project Blue will expand to other northern areas, offering sustainable heating and cooking solutions across Pakistan.



Liquefied Natural Gas

PSO stands as the nation's largest Liquefied Natural Gas (LNG) importer, significantly contributing to the vision of fuelling the country. The company currently manages 2 long-term LNG contracts with Qatar Gas, established on a Government-to-Government basis (G-G).

The company has played a crucial role in bridging the natural gas demand and supply gap through LNG imports. During the year, PSO imported 105 LNG vessels, equivalent to 6,369 thousand tons, marking a 6.6% increase from the previous year, achieved through smooth supply chain operations and close coordination with relevant stakeholders.



101

ANNUAL REPORT 2024

Fuel Cards & Fuelink

PSO is transforming the refuelling experience, focusing on customer-centric solutions and seamless convenience. By introducing a modernized card design and advanced features seamlessly integrated with the Fuelink app, the company has driven a significant advantage of retail sales through card transactions. The company's corporate portfolio has also expanded through strategic partnerships and new client acquisitions, solidifying its position as an industry leader.

PSO has successfully transitioned all card transactions to Smart POS terminals, enhancing the overall customer experience and paving the way for future initiatives. The company's DIGICASH wallet is experiencing rapid adoption, with 63,000 new users joining in FY24, bringing the total customer base to 334,919. DIGICASH now offers a broader range of services beyond fuel and lubricants, including convenience store purchases and doorstep delivery.

Strategic partnerships with leading delivery companies have further grown DIGICASH's reach and convenience. Customers can now enjoy seamless wallet management through convenient bank card top-ups.

With security as a top priority, PSO has collaborated with NADRA to implement robust, real-time identity verification during the onboarding process, providing an extra layer of protection and assurance for users. As DIGICASH continues to gain momentum, PSO is poised to further enhance the digital payments landscape.

Customer Service

PSO provides unparalleled customer service through a multi-channel approach, including phone, email, social media, and a 24/7 web portal for dealers to report maintenance issues.

The innovative 'Call and Contribute' program creates a direct connection between customers, dealers, and PSO's management, enabling immediate feedback and prompt resolution.

In FY24, PSO successfully handled over 100,000 customer interactions, delivering timely support for lubricant availability, call-backs, card updates, LPG delivery, and other services. PSO supported over 30,000 DIGICASH and B2B fuel card users, enhancing customer experiences and reinforcing its commitment to exceptional service.

Non-Fuel Retail

PSO has successfully revamped its convenience store network, enhancing the shopping experience for customers.

The key transformations include:

- **Product Portfolio Enhancement:** Strategic partnerships with renowned brands have expanded the product range, offering customers a broader selection of high-quality items.
- **Optimized Store Layout:** Data-driven planograms have improved product placement, making it easier for customers to locate their desired items. Trained store staff ensure a welcoming, and enhanced customer experience.
- Digital Payment Integration: 35 C-stores now accept digital

payments, streamlining transactions and enhancing customer convenience.

- **Network Expansion:** PSO has expanded its C-store network by 50 new locations, increasing its reach and accessibility, particularly in smaller cities.
- **Technology-Enabled Efficiency:** PSO is transforming its C-stores into modern, customer-centric destinations, offering premium Auto Care Services and complementary amenities like coffee shops. This transformative initiative is aimed to elevate the customer experience, foster loyalty, and drive unparalleled satisfaction.
- Strategic Partnerships and Travel Support: The company has established key partnerships with suppliers to ensure consistent product availability and expand its offerings.



Digital Innovation for Enhanced Customer Experience:

- Virtual Station: The PSO Fuelink app has been transformed into a comprehensive virtual station, enabling customers to pre-order LPG cylinders, book car services, and plan travel routes with essential stops, all from the convenience of their mobile devices.
- E-commerce: The launch of the pilot e-commerce platform, offers customers a seamless and contactless grocery shopping experience with flexible pickup or delivery options, further enhancing the overall customer experience.

Supply Chain

PSO strategically managed the supply of petroleum products throughout the year, balancing imports with local refinery output based on sales trends and maintaining sufficient stockpiles nationwide.

Despite a supply-demand gap created by a decline in demand due to economic and weather issues, combined with increased smuggling, PSO responded proactively by adjusting imports and local supplies to avoid overstocking.

The company ensured uninterrupted jet fuel supplies for the aviation industry during refinery shut-downs through record-breaking imports from Kuwait Petroleum Company (KPC). PSO expanded its supplier base by attracting new companies and re-engaging previous ones, introducing term contracts to optimize sourcing and secure the MoGas supply chain at competitive prices.

Recognizing the importance of HSD for agriculture and industry, PSO ensured its availability throughout the year, maintaining stock levels well above regulations during harvest seasons. As the market leader in Ron-95, the company achieved record sales and strategically balanced imports with local sources to offer competitive prices and increase market share.

Furthermore, meticulous planning allowed the company to maintain sufficient stockpiles during planned refinery shut-downs and successfully fulfil an unexpected demand for fuel oil for southern and central power plants.



Operations

PSO has made substantial strides in enhancing the reliability and availability of its infrastructure, aiming to enhance overall efficiency, safety, and operational capacity.

The company bolstered its fuel storage capabilities with the successful construction and commissioning of new tanks at Faqirabad (FQD), Mehmoodkot (MKT), and Faisalabad (FSD) terminals, resulting in a substantial 91,000 metric tons capacity increase, taking the total to 1.24 million tons.

With this expansion, PSO is geared to strengthen its market position by establishing over 1,500 new retail stations across Punjab and KPK, leveraging its enhanced storage capacity to drive network growth. The company rehabilitated 48,000 metric tons of existing tank capacity at its terminals, significantly extending their operational lifespan and substantially improving safety standards.

PSO upgraded fire fighting systems at various depots, featuring improved water storage and distribution networks. The company also secured approval to acquire 104 canals of land at the Tarujabba depot near Peshawar, increasing storage capacity. This expansion will enable PSO to enhance its storage levels and fulfil growing customer demand in a timely and safe manner.

The company has equipped its storage tanks with state-of-the-art radar gauging systems, ensuring accurate and reliable measurements, effortless installation, and seamless integration with existing infrastructure.

At the Keamari port, the introduction of 3-way valves has fully automated tanker discharge operations, eliminating manual interventions and significantly enhancing safety, efficiency, and productivity. Meanwhile, targeted modifications to receipt piping at Keamari Terminal C (KTC) have successfully eliminated bottlenecks, streamlining product handling and boosting overall operational efficiency

Taking a substantial step forward in its technological journey, the company has implemented advanced metering systems for tank truck filling at Keamari Terminal A (Karachi) and Sihala (Islamabad). The experience and knowledge gained from this implementation will be instrumental in expanding metered filling operations to other locations, driving further operational improvements.

PSO successfully executed 2 key projects at the Sihala terminal, boosting operational capabilities. The combi loading system expands filling capacity by 20%, and the tank rehabilitation project reinstates critical fuel supplies and enables jet fuel receipt.

The company has launched a targeted effort to deliver enhanced services to its strategic customers, starting with a landmark agreement with Pakistan Railways (PR) for filling operations at Lahore and Karachi. This collaboration will soon be extended to 6 more locations across the country.

Marking a significant breakthrough in infrastructure development, PSO has successfully established a direct connection between Zulfiqarabad Oil Terminal and the White Oil Terminal Station (WOTS-1), bypassing the Fauji Oil Terminal Company (FOTCO) header and unlocking new operational efficiencies. This solution features 2 dedicated 24-inch pipelines, each spanning 1.5 km, for MoGas and HSD, originating from the PSO booster station. By enabling direct product transfer into the WOP, this connection substantially enhances ZOT storage capacity, reduces costs, and streamlines operational flow.

107

Technology

Leveraging technology as a key driver of business value, PSO is committed to harnessing its potential to boost operational controls, amplify efficiency, and mitigate risks. The company's strategic digital initiatives are meticulously aligned with its overarching digital transformation strategy, designed to establish a robust presence across the entire supply chain, fostering innovation, agility, and growth.

This year, PSO made remarkable headway with several successful projects that demonstrated its steadfast focus on technological advancement:

- Integration and automation of 2 additional terminals at Mehmoodkot and Shikarpur, bringing the total to 5, allowing for smoother operations and ensuring the right quality and quantity of fuel.
- Integration of 1,000 retail outlets with the central command and control system reached completion, with deployment in progress at 200 more sites, featuring remote password change and remote auto/manual mode change capabilities. This real-time monitoring system allows for effective oversight, control, and planning of operations, while eliminating manual price updates.
- Deployment of the Automated Queue Management & Scheduling System (AQMS) at 2 more locations (Mehmoodkot and Shikarpur), bringing the total to 9 locations across Pakistan. The AQMS automates load allocation and generates filling tokens without human intervention.
- Utilization of computer vision technology to unlock new levels of operational excellence. By analysing camera data from retail outlets and terminals, the company can



streamline store layouts for improved customer flow, anticipate peak periods for optimized staffing, enhance security through automated surveillance, and strengthen safety protocols with real-time monitoring.

- Implementation of an Automated Value Chain Planning & Management System to optimize resource allocation and streamline product flow.
- Launching of a Computerized Maintenance Management System (CMMS) for dealers to report complaints and track resolution times, enhancing service excellence. It provides PSO with insights to improve performance across the network.
- Undertaking numerous automation and digitization projects including online reporting tools, automated booking systems, and digital record-keeping for tasks like inventory management, loss tracking, and rent payments.
- Implementation of a state-of-the-art firewall to protect the company's digital infrastructure. This system offers features like unified threat management, enhanced network visibility, and advanced threat detection, safeguarding the company's assets and stakeholder trust.

Through these advancements, PSO is revolutionizing its supply chain, embracing technology to achieve efficiency, transparency, and effectiveness. **ENERGY WITH INTELLIGENCE**

Report to Shareholders

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Human Resource Development

Recognizing that employees are a company's most vital asset, PSO is committed to enhancing human resource practices to create a workplace where individuals can thrive, contribute to the company's success, and fuel growth within the energy sector. To develop a talent pipeline, PSO actively participated in and represented the company at numerous career and placement fairs held at various educational institutions.

As of June 30th, 2024, the total employee strength stands at 2,203, with a reasonable level of gender diversity. PSO is intensifying its focus on diversity and inclusion this year, with a strategic emphasis on elevating women to leadership roles and nurturing a culture of belonging.

PSO continues to prioritize performance management and high-potential identification, with a strategic emphasis on capability enhancement through targeted recognition and assessment with optimized succession planning in place.

360-degree Assessment

As part of its ongoing leadership development initiative, PSO conducts comprehensive 360-degree assessments for senior employees (Level 15 and above). This evaluation process, which incorporates feedback from supervisors, peers, subordinates, and self-assessments, is seamlessly integrated into the Annual Performance Evaluation.

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By leveraging this multifaceted assessment approach, PSO accurately identifies and cultivates leadership talent within its various departments and functions.

110



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Quarterly Appraisals

At PSO, regular quarterly appraisals enable managers to proactively identify and address performance issues, mitigating risks and enhancing employee performance. This structured approach facilitates early detection and resolution of challenges, clear goal-setting and progress tracking, and adjustments to goals as needed, driving tangible results.

By building trust and alignment between employees and supervisors on expectations, achievements, and areas for improvement, the quarterly appraisal process ensures clarity on target achievements and expectations for employees.

Additionally, it provides opportunities for career development discussions, making employees feel valued and supported, which has significantly reduced grievance numbers by ensuring regular feedback and fostering a supportive work environment.

Psychometric Tests

PSO utilizes psychometric tests to ensure a precise match between candidates and roles, aligning their personality, cognitive abilities, and behavioural tendencies with the company's culture.

This strategic approach enables HR to make informed decisions, driving talent acquisition, development, and retention. By leveraging the power of psychometric assessments, PSO fosters a culture of personalized growth, where individuals thrive in their roles, fuelling business success.

Investing in employee well-being has yielded a significant return for the company, with notable increases in employee satisfaction and engagement driven by initiatives such as nutrition clinics, awareness sessions, and fitness programs.

Building on this success, PSO is set to launch a range of initiatives aimed at upskilling and reskilling employees, enhancing organizational capabilities, and driving long-term value for shareholders through top talent acquisition, retention, and development.

Gender Pay Gap Analysis

In compliance of SECP Circular No. 10 of 2024 dated April 17, 2024, following is the gender pay gap calculated for the year FY 2023-24:

(i)	Mean gender pay gap	o -34%	
(ii)	Median gender pay	7.85%	and the second
	Dr. K	Rs. Per Hour	
Mean of	Male Employee	1,026	A
Mean of Female Employee		1,377	В
Median of Male Employees		778	c –
Median c	of Female Employees	717	P

Whistle Blowing Policy

PSO emphasizes transparency, accountability, and ethical conduct throughout its operations. To support these values, a robust whistle-blowing policy empowers and safeguards individuals who report potential wrongdoing or unethical behaviour within the company.

This policy offers a secure and confidential avenue for employees, contractors, suppliers, and other stakeholders to voice concerns about misconduct, including fraud, corruption, or legal/regulatory violations. PSO fosters a culture of openness where individuals feel comfortable speaking up, and is committed to conducting thorough and impartial investigations into all reported matters.

Recognizing the vital role whistle-blowers play in safeguarding

company integrity, the company offers them necessary support and protection. By actively promoting a speak-up culture, PSO strives to cultivate an environment where ethical behaviour is not just preached but dutifully practiced.

Business Principles and Ethics Policy

PSO's Business Principles and Ethics Policy serves as the guiding compass for all employees, setting a definitive standard for the business and professional conduct. With an unwavering commitment to the highest ethical standards, the company aligns itself with its core values and prioritizes PSO's interests above any personal gain.

Adherence to these principles is not just about maintaining integrity; it promotes a culture of trust and transparency within the organization. This robust framework empowers employees to make sound ethical decisions, safeguarding PSO's reputation as a trusted and responsible corporate entity.

Conflict of Interest Policy

The company's policy is designed to proactively identify specific situations that could potentially conflict with its interests. In order to maintain transparency and uphold the principles of fairness and impartiality in its decision-making processes, PSO conducts an annual review to update and maintain records of any potential conflicts.

This practice guarantees that the employees are well-informed and equipped to address and manage any conflicts that may arise.

By consistently reviewing and addressing potential conflicts, PSO ensures a harmonious and ethical work environment, where all decisions are made with integrity and in the best interests of the company. V

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Environmental Social Governance

PSO has embarked on a transformative journey towards Environmental, Social, and Governance (ESG) practices aimed at promoting sustainability and responsible business operations.

Environmental

PSO recognizes that environmental concerns are of utmost importance, and is committed to minimizing its ecological footprint. Through various initiatives, such as energy conservation programs and the adoption of cleaner technologies, the company aims to reduce emissions and promote a greener future.

PSO pledges to adhere to its HSE Policy and has taken the following steps in this regard:

- PSO has conducted a comprehensive carbon footprint study which involved identifying both direct and indirect sources of emissions and calculating greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions using internationally recognized methods such as those defined in the GHG protocol, PAS 2050, and other footprint calculation standards.
- As part of its vision for a sustainable future, the company is actively transforming company facilities and retail outlets to rely on clean solar power generation. To kick-start this initiative, PSO has successfully installed a solar power plant at the Shikarpur Terminal. By harnessing the power of the sun, the company aims to reduce its reliance on traditional energy sources and contribute to a greener future.
- PSO has planted around 12,000 trees at Pipri Marshalling Yard and 6,500 trees at 11th Avenue in Islamabad. These afforestation efforts mark a significant commitment to environmental stewardship and climate regulation.

Net Zero Emissions

As the company continues to prioritize energy investments, PSO's pledge to become a net zero emission business by 2050 remains central to its strategic vision. To this end, the company seeks to reduce carbon emissions from its operations by 50% by 2035.

Additionally, PSO has made significant strides by increasing investments in solar energy, electric vehicle charging infrastructure, and other sustainable solutions.

Social

In addition to environmental concerns, the company also values social responsibility. PSO actively engages with local communities, supporting educational programs, healthcare initiatives, and community development projects. The company believes in creating a positive impact on society and strives to contribute to the well-being of the communities it operates in.

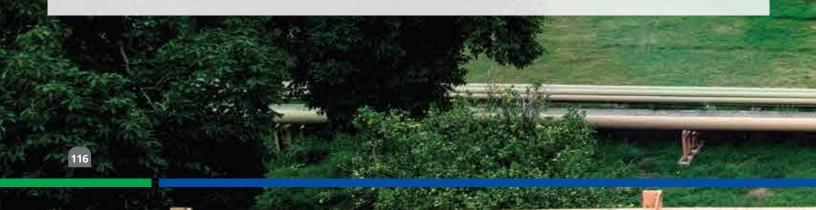
Health and Safety

PSO places high importance on the well-being and safety of its employees, contractors, customers, and the public through a strong Health, Safety and Environment (HSE) Management System.

The company's dedication lies in building a fair and responsible business that places utmost importance on CSR and ethical practices. In order to achieve this, PSO has outlined the following commitments:

- Foster an inclusive and diverse workplace, where every individual feels valued and respected
- Uphold human rights in accordance with internationally recognized standards
- Invest in local communities to contribute towards their growth and development
- Engage in charitable outreach to make a positive impact on society
- Sustain a commendable level of ethical business practices to ensure integrity and trust

By adhering to these commitments, the company strives to create an organization that not only excels in business but also actively contributes to the betterment of society.



Governance

PSO understands the significance of good governance practices and has implemented robust systems and processes to ensure transparency, accountability, and ethical conduct. The company adheres to strict compliance standards, promoting fair business practices and fostering trust among its stakeholders.

Business principles and ethics policy is in place which covers:

- Bribery and corruption
- Conflict of Interest
- Confidentiality
- Public activities
- Proper recording of funds, assets, receipts, disbursements
- Relationship and dealing with govt. officials, media, suppliers, consultants, agents, intermediaries and other parties
- Workplace harassment
- Anti-trust laws, etc.
- Code of Conduct
- · Financial/annual report disclosure
- Compliance of PSX and SECP rules and regulations

PSO's journey towards ESG is not just a commitment, but a strategic approach that aligns with global best practices. By embracing ESG principles, the company intends to create long-term value for its shareholders, customers, and the society at large.

Our Strategy to Manage and Monitor Supply Chain Disruption due to ESG Incidents

PSO is aware of the potential risks of supply chain disruption due to environmental, social, or governance (ESG) incidents, which could impact its business operations and reputation.

The company recognizes that its supply chain is exposed to various ESG risks, including:

- Environmental Risks: Climate change, natural disasters, and resource depletion.
- **Social Risks:** Labour disputes, community unrest, and human rights violations, health & safety matters
- **Governance Risks:** Corruption, bribery, business ethics & principles non-compliance, and regulatory non-compliances.

To monitor and mitigate these risks, PSO has implemented the following strategies:

- · Conduct risk assessments and audits
- Developed business continuity plans for potential supply chain disruptions
- Integrate ESG considerations into its procurement decisions and contracts

PSO aims to minimize potential disruptions, protect public our business partners & ultimately our reputation, and ensure long-term sustainability.



Health, Safety and Environment (HSE)

PSO's operational foundation is built on a deep-rooted focus on safety, with a comprehensive HSE program that aspires to achieve a "Zero Incidents" culture. Through dedicated committees and proactive management oversight, the program ensures rigorous adherence to industry-leading safety and environmental standards, driving continuous improvement and minimization of operational risks.

The company maintains a rigorous audit and inspection schedule across its entire network, encompassing retail outlets, oil terminals, and aviation stations. In a significant enhancement, PSO has introduced a cutting-edge, web-based HSE audit platform for retail outlets, featuring an intuitive mobile app that optimizes the audit process. This innovative solution enables seamless real-time data capture, automated reporting, and robust compliance monitoring.

These proactive measures highlight PSO's unrelenting focus on ensuring the well-being and safety of its employees, customers, and communities, while championing eco-friendly practices that drive a sustainable tomorrow.

Process Safety Management

PSO's operations are anchored by a robust Process Safety Management (PSM) framework, which is deeply integrated into the company's HSE program. Safety excellence is achieved through the rigorous review and approval of over 40 Management of Change (MOC) cases, ensuring that all process modifications are implemented with the utmost safety and care.

The introduction of an advanced MOC Controller Application has further streamlined the approval process, boosting efficiency while maintaining the highest safety standards.

Through cohesive teamwork, PSO has successfully integrated critical Process Safety Management (PSM) systems, including Permit to Work (PTW) and Emergency Response Plan (ERP), to ensure a safe and reliable operating environment. This collaborative approach has yielded outstanding safety performance, with zero fatal incidents and lost-time injuries reported during the period.

The company's exemplary safety record is evidence of its focus on protecting people, equipment, and processes, and its commitment to operational excellence.

PSO has strengthened its safety leadership position by achieving ISO 45001 certification across its HSE department and key operational sites. This milestone reinforces the organization's steadfast pledge to a safety-first culture, built on a foundation of robust risk management and employee well-being.

In parallel, PSO has conducted a comprehensive update of its HSE Manual, aligning it with ISO 45001 standards and integrating best-in-class industry practices.

By providing comprehensive employee training, engaging stakeholders, and launching

targeted awareness initiatives, PSO empowers its workforce with critical HSE expertise and promotes a safety-first mindset. Innovative programs, such as the "Stop Unsafe Work Card" initiative, scenario-based management training, and immersive new employee on-boarding, reinforce this commitment.

Extending its impact beyond the workplace, PSO leverages social media and leadership development initiatives to engage the broader community, driving progress toward its aspirational goal of "Zero Accidents" and a future where safety is paramount.

Road Safety Management

PSO places utmost importance on road safety, integrating rigorous measures throughout its operations to prevent accidents and ensure secure product transportation. Through proactive steps, PSO cultivates a robust HSE culture among its logistics partners, striving for a safer supply chain.

Key initiatives undertaken during the year included:

 Enhanced Tank Lorry Safety: PSO ensured the highest safety standards by conducting rigorous inspections and calibrations on over 7,000 tank lorries, guaranteeing strict adherence to safety protocols.

- Advanced Driver Training: More than 6,000 drivers enhanced their skills through comprehensive defensive driving training, significantly elevating road safety awareness and expertise.
- **Optimized Logistics Practices:** PSO introduced the Contractors HSE Scorecard System to evaluate partners' performance and drive continuous safety improvements. Regular audits and inspections identified and mitigated potential risks, further strengthening the supply chain's safety framework.
- **Product Quality and Quantity Assurance:** PSO launched a pilot program introducing e-seals to replace manual seals on tank lorries, ensuring products reach customers with uncompromised quality and quantity. Upon successful completion, the e-seal system will be progressively implemented across the entire fleet, bolstering trust and satisfaction.





120

Quality Assurance

PSO maintains exceptional product quality through its comprehensive testing network. With the industry's largest fleet of Mobile Quality Testing Units (MQTUs) and 11 state-of-the-art laboratories, the company ensures proper testing and quality assurance nationwide. Key highlights of the company initiatives include:

- Rigorous Testing: All products undergo exhaustive testing to meet and exceed government regulations and international standards. PSO's laboratories tested over 89,372 samples and developed over 2,627 fuel and lubricant blends this year.
- International Recognition: PSO's laboratories at Lube Manufacturing Terminal and Keamari Terminal (KTA) achieved outstanding recognition in the BP International Lab Correlation Program (BP ILCP) 2022-23.
 Among 100 global participants, the company's labs were evaluated as "Excellent" through a rigorous round-robin cross-check program, validating the company's exceptional precision and expertise.
- **Comprehensive Quality Assurance:** During the year, MQTUs conducted over 15,303 testing visits at retail outlets, depots, and installations, addressing customer concerns and guarantee product quality. The company performed calibration checks of approximately 9,980 tank lorries at strategic locations, ensuring accurate quantity was delivered.

Sustainability

At PSO, responsible practices are woven into the fabric of the company's operations, with a deep commitment to environmental stewardship and social responsibility. In response to the pressing need to address climate change, the company has developed a comprehensive strategy to minimize its carbon footprint.

This plan focuses on reducing greenhouse gas emissions and optimizing energy efficiency through strategic investments in renewable energy and the implementation of energy-saving measures across all aspects of its business.

The company's holistic approach to sustainability extends beyond environmental stewardship to encompass social and economic development. Through active community engagement, PSO supports initiatives that enhance education and healthcare outcomes, while driving economic progress by creating jobs and empowering local businesses. By seamlessly integrating green practices into every facet of their operations, PSO contributes to a more vibrant and resilient future for Pakistan. The company prioritizes environmental responsibility by consistently monitoring air emissions and effluents to meet National environmental quality standards.

PSO has made significant strides in sustainability during the year, with the following key initiatives:

- Vapor Recovery Systems: PSO has implemented modern technology to capture and reuse fuel vapours at retail outlets, resulting in a significant reduction of emissions and enhanced operational efficiency. This innovation minimizes the environmental impact of fuel storage and handling.
- **Solar Power:** By harnessing renewable energy through solar panels installed at terminals and outlets, PSO has decreased its reliance on traditional energy sources and substantially minimized its carbon footprint.
- Water Conservation: PSO has taken steps to reduce its environmental impact by installing water-saving taps in offices, leading to lower energy costs and a reduced water consumption.
- **Sustainable Office Redesign:** A comprehensive audit identified areas for improvement, culminating in a remodel of PSO House featuring energy-efficient solutions, ergonomic furniture, and a healthier work environment. This redesign embodies PSO's commitment to creating a sustainable and employee-centric workspace.

PSO's Environmental initiatives by focusing on 3R's (Reduce, Reuse & Recycle)

PSO is committed to minimizing its ecological footprint through the 3R's approach: Reduce, Reuse, and Recycle. The company's goal is to conserve resources, reduce waste, and promote sustainable practices across its operations, aligning with the United Nations' Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs).

- PSO adheres to National Environmental Quality Standards (NEQS) and implements proactive measures like oil-water separators, RO plants, and waste management procedures to ensure clean water and sanitation (SDG 6).
- Through sustainable production and consumption initiatives (SDG 12), PSO has achieved notable results, including reduced waste, increased recycling, and optimized resource utilization. The company has adopted eco-friendly practices, such as using

recycled plastic, minimizing paper usage, and promoting cleaner fuels. One notable initiative is creating sustainable plastic road from recycled plastic waste from lubricant packs.

 To address climate change (SDG 13), PSO has installed vapour recovery systems, launched tree plantation drives, and introduced the Zero Carbon Challenge. PSO offers electric vehicle charging stations, demonstrating its forward-thinking approach to minimizing environmental impact.

PSO's initiatives align with the UN's SDGs, including ensuring clean water and sanitation (SDG 6), promoting sustainable production and consumption (SDG 12), and reducing greenhouse gas emissions (SDG 13). The company's responsible practices are reflected through certifications such as ISO 45001 reinstating PSO's relentless pursuit of excellence in sustainability, environmental stewardship, and social responsibility.

Technological Innovation focused towards Sustainability

PSO is at the forefront of creating a more sustainable future through advanced solutions and forward-thinking designs, the company is transforming the way it operates and interacts with the environment with a focus on technology.

PSO's commitment to sustainability is evident in every aspect of its business, including energy-efficient processes like the White Oil Pipeline initiative, which aims to expand the pipeline network from Lahore to Peshawar, improving efficiency, safety, and cost effectiveness while minimizing environmental impact.

PSO is also leading the way in green products with its range of eco-friendly offerings, including Euro 5 Fuels, which are designed to minimize environmental impact while delivering exceptional performance. These advanced fuels utilize molecular technology to optimize engine efficiency, reduce harmful emissions, and promote cleaner air quality, making them a greener choice for customers. The same belief is reflected across PSO's product portfolio.

The company believes that technology and sustainability go hand-in-hand and is dedicated to leading the charge towards a greener, more responsible future.

Corporate Social Responsibility

Aligned with its core values, the PSO CSR Trust continues to make a positive impact across Pakistan. In the past year, the company has provided over PKR 350 million in support, focusing on healthcare, education, community development, disaster management, and environmental conservation.

PSO earmarks a designated percentage of its profit to fund CSR initiatives, ensuring adherence to relevant bylaws, policies, and guidelines, including the SECP's Corporate Social Responsibility Voluntary Guidelines, 2013, and the Trust Deed's objectives.

The CSR Trust has secured certification from the Pakistan Centre of Philanthropy (PCP), granting it recognized Non-Profit Organization (NPO) status with the Federal Board of Revenue.

As part of its ongoing efforts to reduce plastic waste and promote eco-friendly infrastructure, the company launched the ECO street initiative which repurposed 5,000 kg of recycled plastic waste from its Lubricant Manufacturing Terminal (LMT) in Karachi. The effort transformed approximately 49,428 square feet of traditional road into a symbol of green living, not only reducing waste but also enhancing the durability of the road, setting a new standard for environmentally responsible construction. PSO partnered with Saylani Welfare International Trust to launch a nationwide ration distribution drive, benefiting over 21,000 underprivileged families in over 20 locations across Pakistan. This initiative was supported by a contribution of PKR 100 million, making a tangible difference in the lives of those in need.

Through strategic partnerships with esteemed institutions, the PSO drives a meaningful impact in expanding healthcare access and coverage across Pakistan, enhancing the well-being of its citizens. This encompasses the provision of vital medical equipment and financial support for life-changing treatments, bridging the healthcare gap for marginalized communities and underserved individuals.

The trust supports education for underprivileged students at all levels, with a focus on inclusive initiatives that cater to the unique needs of differently-abled children, ensuring equal access to learning opportunities for all.

PSO works with NGOs to deliver comprehensive training programs in IT and vocational skills, and provides prosthetic limb assistance, helping underprivileged individuals gain independence and employability.

Showcasing its dedication to community resilience, the company is leading a housing initiative, building 101 homes for families affected by floods in rural Pakistan.

Procurement, Waste and Emissions

PSO is currently implementing a comprehensive and transparent approach to managing and reporting its policies on procurement, waste management, and emissions.

In procurement, PSO has developed a robust system that emphasizes fair competition, transparency, and integrity. The company adheres to a rigorous process for selecting suppliers and vendors, ensuring that only qualified and reliable partners are chosen. This approach not only ensures the quality and reliability of products and services but also fosters a level playing field for all stakeholders. As a public sector entity, PSO is also governed by PPRA Rules.

In addressing emissions, PSO is committed to reducing its environmental impact by continuously enhancing its emission reduction strategies, exploring innovative solutions, and investing in clean energy alternatives. For instance, PSO has pioneered the introduction of Euro 5 Fuels, which use advanced molecular technology to optimize engine performance and fuel efficiency while reducing harmful emissions, thereby making the fuels more environmentally friendly.

To minimize waste, PSO has adopted a strategy involving transshipment. Approximately 30% of the company's upcountry MoGas volume is transferred via the WOP system, aiming to decrease reliance on road transportation and consequently reduce emissions, while ensuring efficient MoGas supply to all regions.

PSO also ensures the use of Oil and Gas Regulatory Authority (OGRA)-compliant tank lorries that meet stringent standards for safe and efficient transportation, thus reducing waste, emissions, and operational risks.

By prioritizing fairness, environmental stewardship, and transparency, the company seeks to set a benchmark for the industry and contribute positively to societal and environmental well-being.

Board's Statement for Adoption of Best Practices for CSR and its Effectiveness

PSO's Board of Management is committed to upholding the company's core values through its Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) initiatives. The company recognizes the significance of CSR in enhancing its business strategies and contributing positively to the communities it serves. Guided by the company's values, the PSO CSR Trust has made substantial contributions across the nation, with a focus on healthcare,

education, community development, disaster management, and environmental sustainability.

PSO is proud of its achievements this year, including the launch of the "PSO ECO STREET" initiative, disaster relief efforts, healthcare partnerships, education support, and empowerment programs for deserving individuals like PSO Shaheen Program that is mobilizing the 52% of the dormant female population. These initiatives demonstrate the company's focus on social responsibility and commitment to creating a positive impact.

The Board stands resolute in ensuring the continuous improvement and effectiveness of PSO's CSR practices. Moving forward, the company remains fully committed to continuously improving its CSR practices and believes in the importance of integrating CSR into its core business strategies, ensuring that social responsibility efforts are not only relevant but also highly effective.

To this end, PSO plans to implement ongoing periodic reviews of its CSR initiatives, allowing to assess their impact and adapt to the evolving needs of the communities it serves.

Board's Statement about the Company's Strategic Objectives and the Intended Impact

Recognizing the critical importance of ESG principles, the Board is focused driving these through PSO's business strategies. This approach not only drives long-term value for the company's stakeholders but also actively minimizes its environmental footprint.

PSO has made significant progress in achieving the United Nations' Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs), particularly SDG 6 (Clean Water and Sanitation), SDG 12 (Responsible Consumption and Production), and SDG 13 (Climate Change). The company's initiatives include:

- Ensuring access to clean water and sanitation through regular monitoring and adherence to National Environmental Quality Standards
- Implementing sustainable practices, such as waste reduction, recycling, and resource efficiency
- Promoting renewable energy and reducing greenhouse gas emissions through vapor recovery systems and tree plantation drives
- Encouraging employee and community engagement through
 awareness campaigns and training programs

The commitment to ESG extends to PSO's business operations, including the development of a disaster management plan/business continuity plan, which ensures the resilience of the company's critical operations. PSO also prioritizes transparency and accountability through regular reporting and stakeholder engagement.

Sustainability-related Risks and Opportunities and their Impact on the Financial Performance

PSO recognizes that sustainability is transforming the financial landscape, and as a leader in the oil and gas industry, the company is at the forefront of this shift. The company's responsible practices have a direct impact on its access to capital, presenting both risks and opportunities. On the risk side, suboptimal sustainability performance may lead to a higher cost of capital, as investors demand a premium for environmental, social, and governance (ESG) risks, affecting capital affordability.

A weak sustainability profile may deter investors, limiting capital availability, particularly for large-scale projects. Stringent environmental regulations and carbon pricing can also increase operational costs, reducing profitability and investor confidence, impacting capital access and affordability. Negative publicity surrounding environmental or social issues can also damage PSO's reputation, making it challenging to attract investors and secure favourable capital terms.

On the opportunity side, exceptional sustainability performance can lead to a lower cost of capital, as investors reward companies with robust ESG practices, improving capital affordability. A strong sustainability profile can also attract a broader investor base, creating opportunities for PSO to access a wider pool of capital. The company can leverage the growing green finance market, accessing new capital sources for sustainable projects and initiatives. By understanding these risks and opportunities, PSO is well-positioned to navigate the evolving sustainability landscape and capitalize on emerging trends, ultimately driving long-term financial success.

PSO's Four-Pillars Core Content

PSO maintains a robust system for continually improving its key risk and challenge management processes. The Business Function Scorecard System ensures that the company rigorously monitors and addresses critical safety metrics, including; Fatalities, major fire incidents, major oil spill incidents, Total Recordable Incident Rate (TRIR), Loss Time Injury Frequency (LTIF) and road accident rate. These metrics directly impact the company's HSE performance. The following summary provides an overview of PSO's financial performance for FY24, highlighting achievements against set targets and a comparative analysis with the previous year's outcomes, offering insights into progress made and areas for improvement.

HEALTH, SAFETY & ENVIRONMENT (Corporate)	Target FY24	Performance FY24		
Fatality (Own/Contractor) over arching	0	0		
Major Oil Spills > 10 litres	0	3		
Major Fire incident	0	0		
Loss Time Injury (LTI) frequency	0.08	0		
Total Recordable Incident Rate (TRIR)	0.5	0.12		
Cumulative Safe Man Hours without LTI	-	23.4 Million Hours		

Sustainability-related Risks and Opportunities throughout PSO's Value Chain

PSO acknowledges the significance of sustainability-related risks and opportunities across its value chain, recognizing their impact on operations, business models, and interactions with the external environment. The company transparently discloses key risks, including climate change and environmental regulations, which pose operational, supply chain, and reputational threats.

Additionally, increasing carbon emissions and waste management costs may affect profitability, while failure to address social and governance issues can lead to reputational damage and decreased investor confidence.

PSO also identifies opportunities for growth and innovation. By transitioning to cleaner energy sources and reducing emissions, the company can drive cost savings and enhance its reputation. Implementing sustainable practices can improve operational efficiency and reduce waste, while embracing diversity, equity, and inclusion can foster innovation and attract top talent.

To address these risks and opportunities, PSO has launched several initiatives. These include developing sustainable plastic road, installing vapour recovery systems, launching electric vehicle charging stations, and rehabilitating old tank wagon shells for reuse.

The company also promotes environmentally friendly practices through awareness campaigns. By integrating sustainability into its value chain, PSO creates long-term value for its stakeholders and contributes to a more sustainable future.

PSO's Climate-related Risks and Opportunities

PSO is committed to transparency in disclosing climate-related risks and opportunities, in accordance with IFRS S2 requirements. The company employs specific methodologies and tools to identify and address these risks, while capitalizing on opportunities for sustainable growth. PSO's dedication to a greener future is evident in its innovative solutions, which reduce environmental footprint and promote eco-friendly practices.

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The company has developed a Sustainable Plastic Road using recycled plastic waste, established a closed-loop lubricant can recycling system, and installed Vapour Recovery Systems to minimize emissions.

PSO has launched Electric Vehicle Charging stations, rehabilitated old tank wagons, and implemented eco-friendly disposal and reduced paper usage initiatives. PSO has also engaged stakeholders through awareness campaigns, including the Zero Carbon Challenge, World Health & Safety Day, and World Environment Day, to promote sustainable living and mitigate climate-related risks.

Strategic Initiatives

As part of PSO's long-term strategy and diversification plan, the company is focused on delivering value to its stakeholders through a range of strategic initiatives. In the Fintech space, PSO is driving growth by leveraging its extensive customer base, retail network, and corporate fund flow management capabilities.

Making significant progress, the newly established subsidiary, Cerisma (Pvt.) Limited, has received in-principal approval for an Electronic Money Institution (EMI) license, forging the way for the creation of a comprehensive digital ecosystem.

The company's diversification efforts extend to renewable energy, with PSO Renewable Energy (Pvt.) Limited spearheading the development of solar projects across its facilities and retail stations. PSO Venture Capital (Pvt) Limited is poised to enter the venture capital fund management arena, unlocking new investment opportunities in the market.

PSO's subsidiary, Pakistan Refinery Limited (PRL) is on track to capitalize on the brownfield refining policy, with the project's front-end-engineering-design (FEED) slated for completion in December 2024.

The company is conducting an in-depth market study for fuel and petrochemical products which will yield valuable market intelligence, guiding the development of the greenfield refinery and petrochemical project in Pakistan.

The market study will deliver a comprehensive overview of Pakistan's and the region's long-term demand and supply dynamics, accompanied by a product-level price forecast. This invaluable market intelligence will be instrumental in the project's feasibility study, enabling data-driven decisions and strategic planning.

Moreover, a strategic collaboration with Frontier Works Organization (FWO) on a white oil pipeline project is progressing, with a Memorandum of Understanding (MoU) in place and FEED completed, as the company moves forward with a consortium agreement with JV partner.

Awards and Accolades

Largest Tax Payer Excellence Award

PSO was awarded the "Largest Tax Payer Excellence Award" recognizing its significant contributions to the national revenue. This prestigious recognition highlights PSO's role as a responsible corporate leader, reinstating its focus on financial excellence and sustainability, while making a positive impact on the community.





Pakistan Digital Awards

PSO's Quaid Day Campaign rose victorious at the Pakistan Digital Awards (PDA) 2024 earning the prestigious award for "Creativity & Innovation". The award-winning campaign celebrates PSO's drive for exceptional results leading to business growth and brand success.

MAP 38TH Corporate Excellence Award

PSO secured the 1st position in the "Oil and Gas Marketing Companies" category at the Management Association of Pakistan (MAP)'s 38th Corporate Excellence Awards 2023 for its exceptional performance. This award highlights PSO's notable achievements and leadership within the industry.



ICAP Best Corporate Report Award

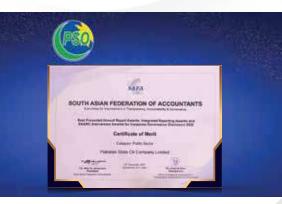
In the Fuel and Energy sector, PSO attained the "Best Corporate Report Award 2022", organized by the Joint Committee of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (ICAP) and the Institute of Cost and Management Accountants of Pakistan (ICMAP). The accolade stands as a tribute to the company's pursuit to excellence in corporate reporting.





HR Pinnacle Award

Championing workplace wellness, PSO received the "Best in Health & Wellbeing" award at the prestigious HR Pinnacle awards. Standing true to its values, this achievement reflects PSO's commitment to nurturing a healthy and supportive work environment for its employees.



South Asian Federation of Accountants

PSO was honoured with the "Merit Certificate" at the South Asian Federation of Accountants (SAFA) for The Best Presented Annual Report 2022 in the category of Public Sector Entities. This recognition affirms PSO's emphasis on transparency and integrity in its annual reporting.

Financial Performance

In FY24, PSO exhibited financial robustness, overcoming economic adversity and a notable increase in finance costs, which rose by 29.8% to PKR. 52.3 billion. The company posted profit after tax of PKR. 15.9 billion (FY23: PKR. 5.7 billion). On a consolidated basis, the group collectively posted profit after tax of PKR. 18.3 billion (FY23: PKR. 9.3 billion) for the year, translating into an EPS of PKR. 39 (FY23: PKR. 19.9).

Despite the ongoing circular debt crisis, PSO has made strides in managing its receivables. While average circular debt receivables increased by 6.4% from the previous year, the company successfully reduced its exposure to SNGPL by PKR. 8.8 billion and recovered PKR. 7.1 billion in outstanding claims.

As of June 30, 2024, total receivables amounted to PKR. 491.5 billion, with SNGPL accounting for PKR. 335.1 billion. The company is actively working with the government to develop a comprehensive solution to this pressing issue and minimize its financial impact.

The company effectively circumvented price fluctuations, leveraging a stable supply chain and strategic inventory management as Brent crude prices stabilized at US\$ 83/b.

Considering the company's performance, the BoM has announced a 100% cash dividend (equivalent to PKR. 10 per share), resulting in an overall pay-out of PKR. 4.7 billion. The company has transferred PKR. 0.4 billion (FY23: PKR. 0.2 billion) to PSO venture capital fund.

Strategy to Overcome Liquidity Challenges and Management of Debts

In order to effectively address liquidity challenges and manage its debts, the company is implementing the following measures:

- PSO is in constant engagement with GoP and customers from the power sector, Pakistan International Airlines (PIA), and Sui Northern Gas Pipelines Limited (SNGPL). Through the submission of various proposals and conducting detailed sessions with the GoP, efforts have been made to resolve circular debt issues and prevent any further accumulation of receivables from SNGPL.
- To effectively manage liquidity requirements, PSO has adopted prudent practices in managing working capital needs and ensured the availability of sufficient credit lines to support the company's financing needs. As of June 30, 2024,

the company had access to a total facility limit of PKR. 508.3 billion from banks. The company places a strong emphasis on cash customers, recognizing their importance in maintaining financial stability and prompt payments.

PSO is exploring new business models and lines of operation to expand its reach and diversify its revenue streams.

Payment of Debts

PSO successfully navigated the challenge of long term outstanding circular debt through careful measures and strategic actions during FY24. The company was able to effectively pay off its debts and remains confident in its ability to meet all future financial obligations, both locally and internationally, in a timely manner due to the proactive measures implemented.

Operational Profitability/ losses

PSO remained profitable in FY24 despite various financial challenges posed by high receivables from SNGPL and an exorbitant bank rate.

Looking ahead, the company expects to achieve much stronger results by focusing on key strategies. These include focusing on market share, concentrating on higher-margin yielding products, maintaining optimal finance costs, venturing into innovative models, and exercising stringent cost control. By prioritizing these initiatives, PSO is poised to drive growth, improve performance, and navigate future challenges with confidence.

Other Matters

Changes in the Board of Management

During the year, following changes were made in the composition of the Board of Management:

- Mr. Hassan Mehmood Yousufzai joined the Board on September 22, 2023 in place of Mohammad Hassan Iqbal
- Mr. Asad Rehman Gilani joined the Board on January 29, 2024 in place of Mr. Arshad Majeed

The Board wishes to place on record its appreciation for the valuable services rendered by the outgoing Members, Mr. Mohammad Hassan Iqbal and Mr. Arshad Majeed and welcomes the new Members.

Associates and Subsidiary Companies

Pakistan Refinery Limited – Subsidiary Company

Pakistan Refinery Limited (PRL) was established in May 1960 as a public limited company in Pakistan and is now listed on the Pakistan Stock Exchange. Strategically located on the coastal belt of Karachi, Pakistan, the refinery has been specifically designed to cater to the country's diverse fuel needs by processing both imported and domestic crude oil. Currently, PSO holds a significant 63.6% equity stake in PRL, further strengthening the partnership and its commitment towards meeting Pakistan's energy needs.

Cerisma (Private) Limited – Subsidiary Company

Cerisma (Private) Limited is a fully owned subsidiary of PSO. The company's primary focus lies in the establishment, management, ownership, administration, and operation of an electronic money institution (EMI) in accordance with EMI Regulations. Cerisma' s main place of business is located in Sindh, Pakistan.

PSO Renewable Energy (Private) Limited – Subsidiary Company

PSO Renewable Energy (Private) Limited was established as a wholly owned subsidiary. The company's primary focus is on engaging in the renewable energy sector, encompassing manufacturing, processing, and installation. The company's main base of operations is located in Sindh, Pakistan.

PSO Venture Capital (Private) Limited – Subsidiary Company

PSO Venture Capital (Private) Limited was incorporated as a wholly owned subsidiary. The principal activity of this entity is to carry out the business of a private fund management company and to provide private equity and venture capital fund management services. The registered office of the company is situated in Sindh, Pakistan.

Asia Petroleum Limited – Associated Company

Asia Petroleum Limited (APL) was established in Pakistan as an unlisted public limited company. The company has been principally established to transport "Residual Fuel Oil" to the Hub Power Company Limited located at Hub, Balochistan. To fulfil this purpose, APL has laid an underground oil pipeline connecting PSO's Zulfiqarabad terminal at Pipri to HUBCO at Hub. PSO holds a 49% equity stake in APL, cementing partnership in this venture.

Pak Grease Manufacturing Company (Private) Limited – Associated Company

Pak Grease Manufacturing Company Limited (PGMCL) was established in Pakistan on March 10, 1965 as a privately held company with the purpose of producing and distributing high-quality petroleum grease products. Notably, PGMCL has forged a strategic partnership with PSO, one of the leading energy companies, which holds a significant 22% equity stake in PGMCL.

Compliance of Financial Accounting and Reporting Standards

The Board has approved the financial statements of the company that fully comply with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan. The accounting and reporting standards applicable in Pakistan comprise International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) as notified under the Companies Act, 2017.

Where provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 differ with the requirements of IFRSs or IFAS, the provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 have been followed.

Auditors

The external auditors identified certain key audit matters due to their significant impact on the audit of the financial statements for the year 2024. These matters include:

- Overdue trade receivables due to inter-corporate circular debt
- Recognition of revenue

The Board of Management has endorsed the appointment of KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co., Chartered Accountants as the auditors for the company for the FY ending on June 30, 2025, based on the recommendation of the Board Audit & Compliance Committee.

Credit Rating

According to the latest ratings provided by VIS Credit Rating Company Limited, the ratings for PSO are as follows:

Short term	A1·
Long term	AA

The company successfully maintained its stable outlook and rating by virtue of prudent financial management policies and effective controls.

Contribution to the National Exchequer

PSO continues to be one of the top contributors to the national exchequer in terms of taxes, the details which are given below:

	2023-24	2022-23			
	PKR in Billion				
Sales Tax	204	208			
Custom Duty	147	148			
Petroleum levy	503	802			
Other duties & Taxes	28	39			
Total	882	697			

PSO is dedicated to upholding its commitment to tax compliance. The company takes great pride in ensuring that all taxes, duties, levies, and other financial obligations are promptly paid in accordance with the statutory deadlines.

GoP Policies and Impact

PSO operates within a regulated framework, where the government sets petroleum product prices and marketable specifications. In alignment with the global transition towards reducing carbon footprint, the government is developing policies aimed at curbing petroleum demand over the medium to long term, presenting both challenges and opportunities for PSO's future growth and strategic planning.

Risk Management

As the leading oil marketer and a public sector entity, PSO adopts a prudent approach to risk management in its operations, adhering to global best practices while aligning with its business strategy. A thorough risk assessment has been conducted, identifying key threats to the company's business model, future performance, and financial stability. This comprehensive evaluation encompasses potential risks, risk tolerance levels, and the governance framework and policies in place to mitigate them. The findings are extensively documented in the detailed risk and opportunity report, providing a robust foundation for informed decision-making and strategic planning.

Corporate and Financial Reporting Framework

PSO's Board is fully cognizant of its responsibilities as outlined in the Public Sector Companies (Corporate Governance) Rules, 2013 and the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019 issued by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan.

Recognizing the company's efforts to maintain high standards of corporate governance and drive continuous improvement, the following comments are made:

- Compliance has been made with the relevant principles of corporate governance
- The financial statements, prepared by the management of the company, present fairly its state of affairs, the result of its operations, cash flows, statement of comprehensive income and changes in equity
- Proper books of account of the company have been maintained
- Appropriate accounting policies have been consistently applied in preparation of financial statements and accounting estimates are based on reasonable and prudent judgment
- International Financial Reporting Standards, as applicable in Pakistan, have been followed in the preparation of financial statements and departure, if any, has been adequately disclosed
- The system of internal controls is sound in design and has been effectively implemented and monitored
- The non-executive BoM members do not have fixed remuneration and are being paid a fixed fee for each meeting attended. The fees are determined collectively by the entire BoM
- There are no significant doubts upon the company's ability to continue as a going concern
- There has been no material departure from the best practices of corporate governance, as outlined in the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019
- Key operating and financial data of last 6 years in a summarized form is annexed

130

The following is the value of investment of provident, pension and gratuity funds (as per unaudited financial statements as of June 30, 2024):

Fund	PKR. in Million
PSOCL Management Employees' Pension Fund	6,262
PSOCL Workers' Staff Pension Fund	5,785
PSOCL Defined Contribution Pension fund	6,508
PSOCL Staff Provident Fund	3,577
PSOCL Employees' Provident Fund	1,885
PSOCL Employees' Gratuity Fund	7,669

• During the year, 27 meetings of the BoM were held and the attendance by each member is given on Page 83

• As on June 30, 2024, the composition of the Board was as follows:

Total number of Board Members: Male: 09 Female: -

Composition:

Category	Name		
Independent Members	Mr. Asif Baigmohamed		
	Mr. Ahmed Jamal Mir		
	Mr. Mushtaq Malik		
	Mr. Waheed Ahmed Shaikh		
Non-Executive Members	Mr. Asad Rehman Gilani		
	Mr. Awais Manzur Sumra		
	• Mr. Hassan Mehmood Yousufzai		
	Mr. Shahbaz Tahir Nadeem		
Executive Member	Syed Muhammad Taha		

- The names of members of the Board Committees are given on page no. 81
- The pattern of shareholding is annexed on pages no. 335 to 339
- Remuneration package of BoM members, Managing Director and CEO has been disclosed in note 34.2 to the unconsolidated financial statements
- Pages no. 8 and 45 of the report include important disclosures by the Board regarding the utilization of Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP), as well as cybersecurity measures and associated risks

Company's Performance Against Forward-Looking Disclosures Made Last Year

Maintaining the Highest Level of Efficiency and Safety in its Business Operations throughout the Country

HSE is deeply ingrained in PSO's corporate culture and is a vital component of the company's core objectives. Ensuring the safety of the company's business operations across all facilities, premises, and retail outlets is a top priority. FY24 marked a significant achievement for PSO, with zero fatal incidents reported across all facilities, premises, and retail outlets.

Maintaining Market Share in MoGas and Diesel, as well as upholding a Strong Focus on the Growth of the Lubricants and LPG Businesses

PSO achieved remarkable success in the downstream segment, overcoming challenges to secure a 51.6% market share in white oil, a 0.5% increase from the previous year. This growth was driven by a strategic shift in market dynamics, including a 2% decline in diesel market share, which closed at 53.2%, and a significant 45.8% market share in MoGas. The company made notable inroads in the OMC-based lubricant market, capturing a 26.9% market share and selling 38,429 tons - a 9.7% YoY increase.

Reducing Receivables from Government Entities to Improve Financial Stability

PSO is intensifying efforts to resolve the pressing issue of outstanding receivables from government entities, which is currently constraining its critical liquidity position. To address this, the company is proactively engaging with government entities at multiple levels to establish a clear settlement framework, exploring both cash and non-cash solutions. PSO is confident that its strategic efforts will yield a significant reduction in government receivables over time, bolstering financial stability.

The successful implementation of WACOG during the year is also expected to effectively contain gas-related circular debt, preventing further accumulation and enhancing PSO's financial resilience.

Increasing the Capacity and Reliability of its Asset Infrastructure to Prepare for Future Demand

PSO significantly enhanced its storage capacity during the year, adding 91,000 tons of new storage and rehabilitating 48,000 tons of existing storage. The company achieved an impressive availability factor of over 90% for the year, ensuring optimal utilization of its storage infrastructure.

Improving the LNG Business through the Execution of Tripartite Agreement with SNGPL and SSGC

The company has been actively pursuing a tripartite agreement with SNGPL and SSGC to optimize its LNG business. Despite sustained efforts and diligent follow-up with SNGPL, a satisfactory resolution remains elusive. PSO's endeavours have not yet yielded the anticipated outcome, and PSO continues to explore alternative solutions to drive progress in this critical area.

Continuing to Enhance Operational Efficiencies by Embracing Business Process Re-engineering and Digital Transformation

PSO has undergone a remarkable transformation, fully digitizing its petroleum products value chain to boost efficiency and transparency. This far-reaching overhaul integrates planning, procurement, logistics, and sales, replacing outdated manual processes with a cutting-edge digital platform. By leveraging the power of business intelligence, the company has created a seamless, data-driven ecosystem that sets a new paradigm for the industry.

Cultivating Future-Ready Talent through Strategic Learning Initiatives

The company is committed to nurturing a future-ready workforce by providing learning opportunities comprising over 30 courses, aimed at upskilling employees across all levels. By investing in employee growth and development in FY24, PSO is building a high-performing team equipped to tackle complex challenges, drive innovation, and fuel business success.

Unlocking New Horizons through Strategic Collaborations

PSO is forging strategic alliances with global industry giants,

Aramco and Sinopec, to pioneer a ground-breaking greenfield refinery and petrochemical complex, and with FWO to develop a critical white oil pipeline infrastructure in northern Pakistan.

These collaborations act as a catalyst for regional growth, innovation, and infrastructure expansion.

Forward-Looking Statement

PSO is focused on maintaining its position as a premier energy provider in Pakistan, navigating the dynamic energy landscape with agility and foresight. The company is addressing challenges and seizing opportunities, confident in its ability to deliver long-term value to stakeholders and drive sustainable growth. The company's vision is to propel Pakistan towards a brighter energy future, one that balances economic growth with environmental stewardship and social responsibility.

To tackle the pressing issue of circular debt, PSO has submitted comprehensive proposals to the government, currently under consideration. The company anticipates constructive collaboration with the government to resolve this critical matter, given its far-reaching implications for our future growth and sustainability.

With improving economic indicators, innovative business strategies, and a reduction in circular debt receivables, envisions exceptional shareholder value creation and top-quartile performance in the years to come.

FY24 was significantly impacted by adverse factors, including elevated tax rates, high financing costs, and substantial influx from western borders. These challenges are anticipated to persist in the upcoming year, posing continued financial pressures on the company.

In the ensuing year, PSO remains focused and committed towards the following goals:

- Sustaining Financial Resilience: PSO aims for a disciplined approach to financial management, ensuring the company's continued ability to weather economic uncertainties and invest in strategic growth initiatives.
- Operational Excellence: The company's relentless pursuit of efficiency, safety, and service excellence will persist, driving continuous improvement across all aspects of its operations.
- Innovation and Diversification: Embracing a forward-thinking mindset, PSO will explore pioneering technologies, alternative energy sources, and innovative business models to address the evolving needs of its customers.

- **Social Responsibility:** PSO's social responsibility remains a priority as it strives to make a positive impact on community development and environmental sustainability.
- Business Growth and Optimization: Maintaining market share in MoGas and diesel, growing Lubricants and LPG businesses, while:
 - Continuing to enhance operational efficiencies through business process re-engineering and digital transformation
 - Forging strategic partnerships on projects to drive business forward

Source of Information and Assumption

The company has gathered information from a diverse range of reputable sources including publications from notable authorities such as the Government of Pakistan, as well as the Pakistan Automobile Manufacturers Association.

PSO has also relied on information from globally recognized institutions like the World Bank, the International Monetary Fund, and the Asian Development Bank.

We express our gratitude to our shareholders, customers, business partners, and employees for their unwavering support and trust in the company. We are also thankful to the Government of Pakistan, particularly the Ministry of Energy (Petroleum Division), for their guidance and confidence. Moving forward, we are committed to taking PSO to new heights and achieving even greater success.

Syed Muhammad Taha Managing Director & CEO

August 27,2024 Karachi

Asif Baigmohamed Chairman



Energy with Excellence

At PSO, we are passionate about energizing a brighter future for Pakistan. We believe that exceptional energy solutions can transform lives, power businesses, and fuel progress.

That's why we are dedicated to delivering world-class energy products and services that exceed expectations and set new standards. We care deeply about our customers, and our commitment to product excellence means offering innovative, high-quality, and environmentally friendly energy solutions that meet their evolving needs.

We are also devoted to empowering our employees through continuous learning, development, and growth opportunities, because we know that their success is our success. By embracing cutting-edge technologies, fostering strong partnerships, and prioritizing safety, reliability, and efficiency, we are building a more sustainable, customer-centric, and compassionate energy company that makes a positive impact on our communities and the nation.

FINANCIALS



For the year ended June 30, 2024

Dupont Analysis



Note: Profit before tax has been taken as Profit before taxation, minimum tax differential and final taxes.

For the year ended June 30, 2024

MARKET SHARE INFORMATION:

The product wise market shares of the Company along with analysis is disclosed in Company's Performance section of the Report to the Shareholders. The market share data has been obtained from OCAC that is an independent source.

SHARE PRICE SENSITIVITY ANALYSIS

PSO is a public listed Company and accordingly its shares are traded on Pakistan Stock Exchange. The Company's profitability and performance is exposed to various internal and external factors which can significantly alter the bottom line of the Company and ultimately the share price. Most of these factors are however external, which are beyond the control of the Company's management. The Company's market price was Rs. 166.2 as at year end. 1% change in market price from that prevailing at year end will result in change in market capitalization by Rs. 0.78 bn.

The Company's share price may respond (but not limited) to the following events and changes in business environment:

a. Sales Volume

Company's sales volume is primarily dependent on the GDP growth rate and overall economic conditions prevailing in the country. Extent of business activity, smuggling, change in Energy Mix of the Country and price volatility are important factors that will affect sales volume and will ultimately be reflected in the share price of the Company.

b. International Oil Prices

The trend of International Oil Prices impacts the financial performance of the Company and consequently the share price. Increasing trend of oil prices may improve the Company's financial performance and vice versa. However, price trend impacts the Company's performance in combination with stock and sales situation.

c. Margin revisions

The margins of the Company on its major products are regulated by Government. Any decisions in respect of increase / decrease in margins or deregulation of margins can impact the share price of the Company.

d. Circular Debt

The Company's share price is highly sensitive to any development on the circular debt issue (especially relating to the Gas sector) prevailing in the Country. The Government's action with respect to circular debt resolution has previously led to share price increase and on the contrary, circular debt pile up has negatively impacted the share price. Accordingly, the decisions taken by the government in this respect are expected to impact share price of the Company.

e. Bank Borrowings & Finance Cost

Increase in bank borrowings will lead to higher finance cost and ultimately reduce the bottom line and have a negative impact on the share price of the Company. Further, due to substantial borrowings, PSO's share price is sensitive to any increase or decrease in discount rates announced in the monetary policy statement by the GoP.

For the year ended June 30, 2024

f. Rupee devaluation

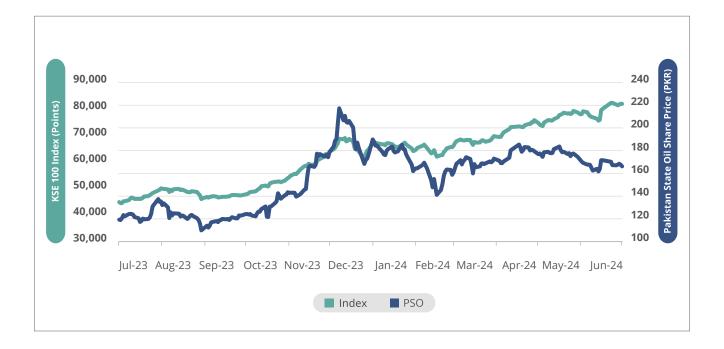
The Company imports majority of the total petroleum products imported in the Country, which exposes the Company to currency risk on account of Rupee devaluation. However, currency risks are generally covered in pricing of its regulated products.

g. Diversification

Any concrete development on diversification into new projects by the Company may lead to a positive impact on its share price.

h. Regulations and Government Policies

Any change in government policies and regulations including on the taxation front relating to oil marketing sector may affect the Company's share price; positively or negatively, depending on whether the policy is in favour of or against the industry.



For the year ended June 30, 2024

Analysis of Financial Position

					Kup	jees in nin.
	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Shareholders' Equity Non-Current Assets Current Assets Non-Current Liabilities Current Liabilities	231,309 68,126 906,322 18,001 725,139	216,560 60,047 923,349 18,491 748,345	215,649 53,624 845,830 16,548 667,258	139,978 51,297 327,962 12,239 227,043	113,061 49,611 293,261 12,461 217,350	119,181 32,854 384,225 7,528 290,371

Bunges in mn





Analysis

As of June 30, 2024, variation as compared to June 30, 2023 is as follows:

- Shareholders' equity grew by approximately 6.82% compared to last year. This increase is led by rising retained earnings.
 The growth in equity strengthens the Company's financial foundation, depicting that it is generating sufficient returns and retaining earnings to support future growth.
- The 13.45% increase in non-current assets for FY24 is driven by strategic investments in operating assets, subsidiaries, and an increase in the fair value of a significant long-term investment (PAPCO). These moves are indicative of the Company's focus on long-term growth, diversification, and value enhancement. By strengthening its operational base and expanding through subsidiaries, the Company is positioning itself for sustained growth and improved financial performance in the future.
- The slight reduction in current assets reflects deliberate and strategic financial management aimed at optimizing the Company's resources. By carefully deploying cash, improving receivables collection, and efficiently managing inventory, the Company is enhancing its liquidity and operational efficiency.
- The 3.10% reduction in current liabilities underscores the Company's commitment to effective debt management and financial optimization. By reducing short-term borrowings and managing interest costs through shorter tenure financing, the Company is enhancing its financial flexibility and reducing interest expenses.
- Non-current liabilities decreased marginally by 2.64%. This decline is mainly attributed to the changes in retirement benefits
 liability computed through actuarial valuations.

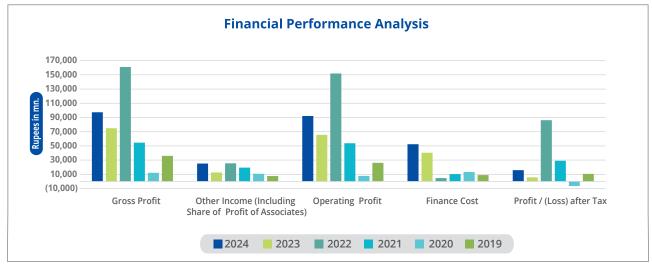
Rupees in mn.

Ratios and Analysis

For the year ended June 30, 2024

Analysis of Financial Performance Past and Current Performance

	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Gross Sales	3,806,811	3,605,464	2,697,061	1,424,249	1,302,037	1,340,978
Net Sales	3,571,750	3,391,112	2,451,581	1,204,247	1,108,358	1,154,298
Gross Profit	97,291	74,847	160,995	54,609	12,227	36,017
Other Income (Including Share of Profit of Associates)	25,187	12,648	25,507	19,408	10,755	7,559
Marketing & Administrative Expenses	24,815	20,478	16,812	14,890	14,638	12,414
Other Expenses	3,908	2,317	17,114	4,829	51	4,699
Operating Profit	92,129	65,560	151,882	53,717	7,749	26,257
Finance Cost	52,338	40,335	4,721	10,242	13,427	8,987
Profit / (Loss) Before Tax	41,417	24,366	147,855	44,056	(5,134)	17,477
Profit / (Loss) After Tax	15,863	5,662	86,223	29,139	(6,466)	10,587
Earning Before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation	97,458	67,601	154,819	56,053	9,907	27,591
& Amortization (EBITDA)						



Analysis

In FY24, Company has reported profit after tax of Rs. 15.9 bn. primarily on account of following elements:

- The Company achieved a 5.6% increase in gross sales, reaching Rs. 3.8 trillion in FY24 compared to Rs. 3.6 trillion in FY23. This rise is mainly related to price variance.
- Gross profit increased significantly by 30%, from Rs. 74.8 bn. in FY23 to Rs. 97.3 bn. in FY24. This increase is primarily attributable to enhanced margins in white oil segment.
- The Company reported a remarkable growth in other income, which rose to Rs. 25.2 bn. in FY24 from Rs. 12.6 bn. in FY23. This substantial increase was mainly driven by the recovery of financing costs associated with the white oil pipeline and higher income from deposit accounts, reflecting efficient financial management.
- The operating profit increased by 40.5%, reaching Rs. 92.1 bn. in FY24 compared to Rs. 65.6 bn. in the previous year. This growth is a result of increase in gross margin, other income and Company's successful control over operating expenses relative to revenue growth.
- The significant increase in finance costs during the current financial year is due to higher average borrowings in FY24 to finance receivables tied up in circular debt.

For the year ended June 30, 2024

Analysis of Performance Against Target

Gross Profit Surpasses Expectations

The Company's gross profit exceeded budget forecasts, driven by improved margins on white oil, lubricants and LPG.

Higher Other Income

Other income exceeded targets largely due to the reimbursement of finance cost related to the white oil pipeline and increased earnings from deposit accounts.

Operating Costs

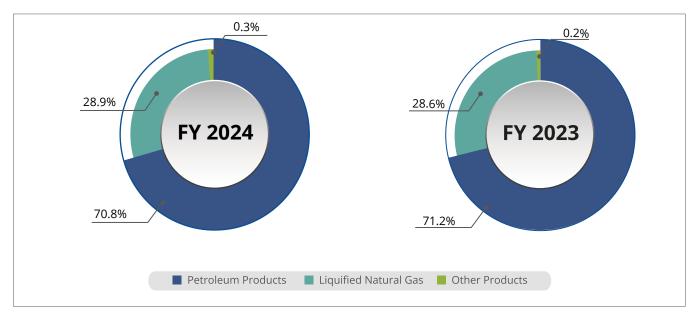
Operating costs were 6% higher than anticipated, primarily due to the increased profitability during the year which led to higher charge of Workers' Profit Participation Fund (WPPF) and the Workers' Welfare Fund (WWF).

Finance Costs Aligned with Budget

Finance costs remained within the budget due to effective rate negotiations and a strategic shift towards more cost-effective financing arrangements.

Segmental Review of Business Performance

PSO's financial statements comprises of three reportable segments namely Petroleum products, Liquefied Natural Gas and Others. The net sales revenue is divided into these categories as follows:



Business Segment

PSO continues to dominate the energy sector, solidifying its strong market presence. The Petroleum Products segment remains the cornerstone of PSO's operations, contributing Rs. 38 bn. to net profit in FY24, a significant increase from Rs. 20 bn. in FY23.

However, the LNG segment faced challenges, with a net loss of Rs. 28 bn. in FY24 compared to a loss of Rs. 16 bn. in FY23. This was primarily due to the rise in finance costs driven by an increase in average outstanding receivables from SNGPL.

For a detailed breakdown of the segmental performance, please refer to Note 41 in the unconsolidated financial statements.

Non-Business Segment

Beyond its primary operations, PSO is engaged in various CSR activities, including education, health, and environmental initiatives. These efforts aim to contribute to social well-being and sustainable development across Pakistan. PSO contributed Rs. 350 mn. in CSR activities. Details of CSR activities have been mentioned on page no. 122 of Report to Shareholders.

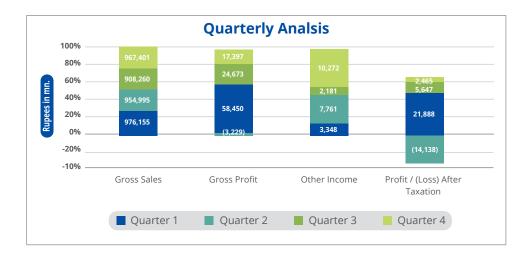
Rupees in mn.

Ratios and Analysis

For the year ended June 30, 2024

Analysis of Results in Interim Period

	Quarter 1 Quarter 2 Quarter 3		Quarter 3	Quarter 4	FY 2024
Gross Sales	976,155	954,995	908,260	967,401	3,806,811
Gross Profit	58,450	(3,229)	24,673	17,397	97,291
Other Income	3,348	7,761	2,181	10,272	23,561
Operating Cost	(9,093)	(6,089)	(6,710)	(6,830)	(28,723)
Finance Cost	(10,283)	(15,086)	(15,039)	(11,930)	(52,338)
Share of Profit of Associates - Net of Tax	441	328	294	562	1,626
Profit / (Loss) Before Taxation	42,863	(16,315)	5,399	9,470	41,417
Taxation	(20,975)	2,177	248	(7,005)	(25,554)
Profit / (Loss) After Taxation	21,888	(14,138)	5,647	2,465	15,863



Gross Sales

Gross sales was highest in first quarter due to higher sales volumes and prices.

Gross Profit

Gross profit was highest is the first quarter due to higher sales volumes and favorable pricing regime.

Other Income

Other income was higher in second and last quarter due to recovery of financial charges pertaining to line fill cost.

Finance Cost

Finance cost was higher in second and third quarter due to increase in average borrowings consequent to higher average receivables from SNGPL in these quarters.

Profit After Tax

Profit after tax was highest in first quarter mainly due to higher gross profit and lower finance cost.

For the year ended June 30, 2024

Summary of Cashflow Statement

					кир	bees in mn.
	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Cash And Cash Equivalents at the Beginning of the Year	25,808	12,061	(5,917)	(881)	(16,468)	(7,925)
Net Cash Inflow / (Outflow) From Operating Activities	13,707	(241,282)	(80,974)	17,766	48,260	(9,232)
Net Cash (Outflow) / Inflow From Investing Activities	(7,550)	(4,353)	(2,090)	(5,294)	(4,843)	(2,534)
Net Cash (Outflow) / Inflow From Financing Activities	(33,636)	259,382	101,042	(17,507)	(27,830)	3,223
	(27,479)	13,748	17,977	(5,036)	15,587	(8,543)
Cash And Cash Equivalents at the End of the Year	(1,671)	25,808	12,061	(5,917)	(881)	(16,468)

Bunges in mn



The cash flow statement over the past six years reveals fluctuations in the Company's cash flows as follows:

Operating Activities

The Company's operating cash flows were quite healthy in FY24 as compared to prior years .This aligns with the balance sheet's shift in trade debts and receivables, which were quite high in prior years and have reduced this year.

Investing Activities

Negative cash flows from investing activities reflects ongoing investments in assets and strategic diversification initiatives being pursued by the Company. These investments underline the Company's commitment to expanding its operational base and enhancing long-term growth prospects.

Financing Activities

Cash flow from financing activities was negative in FY24 as Company's consistent pursuit for recovery resulted in reduction in receivables. This reduction provided some financial space to the Company for debt repayments.

Direct Cash Flow Statement

For the year ended June 30, 2024

	2024 2023		
Cash Flows From Operating Activities	(Rupee	s in '000)	
Receipts from customers	3,814,187,100	3,540,305,104	
Cash paid to supplier, services providers and employees	(3,718,246,817)	(3,720,006,079)	
WPPF paid	1,883,007	133,420	
Taxes paid	(25,315,159)	(33,167,967)	
Finance costs paid	(57,320,349)	(27,814,925)	
Retirement and other service benefits paid	(1,480,489)	(716,467)	
Net Cash Generated From / (Used in) Operating Activities	13,707,293	(241,266,914)	
Cash Flows From Investing Activities			
Capital expenditure	(6,110,165)	(5,090,713)	
Proceeds from disposal of operating assets	66,705	182,036	
Investment in subsidiaries	(2,556,661)	(15,000)	
Dividends received	1,049,990	555,839	
Net Cash Used in Investing Activities	(7,550,131)	(4,367,838)	
Cash Flows From Financing Activities			
Short-term borrowings - net	(28,402,406)	265,572,592	
Lease payments	(1,772,593)	(1,578,125)	
Dividend paid	(3,461,478)	(4,612,011)	
Net Cash (Used in) / Generated From Financing Activities	(33,636,477)	259,382,456	
Net (Decrease) / Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(27,479,315)	13,747,704	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year	25,808,493	12,060,789	
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of the Year	(1,670,822)	25,808,493	

For the year ended June 30, 2024

Financial Ratios Profitability Ratios

rontability natios		2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	
Gross Profit Ratio	%	2.72	2.21	6.57	4.53	1.10	3.12	
Net Profit / (Loss) Ratio	%	0.44	0.17	3.52	2.42	(0.58)	0.92	
EBITDA Margin to Sales	%	2.73	1.99	6.32	4.65	0.89	2.39	
Return on Equity / Shareholders' Funds	%	6.86	2.61	39.98	20.82	(5.72)	8.88	
Return on Capital Employed	%	2.49	1.12	30.39	15.52	(3.19)	4.97	
Operating Leverage Ratio	%	843.00	(150.28)	174.74	6,411.86	1,725.19	(211.76)	
Equity / Shareholders' Funds	Rs. in mn.	231,309	216,560	215,649	139,978	113,061	119,181	
Total Shareholder Return	%	47.65	(31.27)	(19.33)	47.49	(6.79)	(32.38)	

2024 2020 2040

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### **Analysis**

As of June 30, 2024, variation as compared to June 30, 2023 is as follows:

#### **Gross Profit Ratio & Net Profit Ratio**

The gross profit and net profit ratios improved during the year. This increase is primarily due to enhanced margins of white oil complemented by higher sales volumes of LNG, LPG and lubricants.

#### **EBITDA Margin to Sales & Return on Shareholders' Equity**

The EBITDA margin to sales rose in FY24 which is indicative of stronger operational performance and better cost control. Return on Shareholders' Equity (ROE) also saw a significant increase, highlighting substantial improvement in earnings.

#### **Return on Capital Employed & Operating Leverage Ratio**

Return on Capital Employed (ROCE) increased due to an increase in profitablity. The Operating Leverage Ratio in FY24 shows that Earnings before interest and tax increased substantially more in percentage terms over FY23 than respective change in sales.

#### Shareholders' Funds & Total Shareholder Return

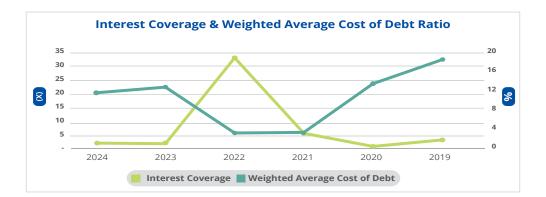
Shareholders' funds increased, signalling growth in the equity base. The Total Shareholder Return in FY24 also demonstrates substantial value creation in shareholders' returns.

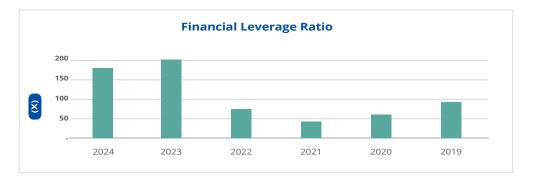
For the year ended June 30, 2024

### **Capital Structure Ratio**

|                               |            | 2024     | 2023     | 2022   | 2021   | 2020     | 2019     |
|-------------------------------|------------|----------|----------|--------|--------|----------|----------|
| Interest Cover Ratio          | (x)        | 1.79     | 1.60     | 32.32  | 5.30   | 0.62     | 2.94     |
| Net Assets Per Share          | Rs.        | 492.70   | 461.28   | 459.34 | 298.16 | 240.83   | 253.86   |
| Financial Leverage Ratio      | (X)        | 175.00   | 196.00   | 73.00  | 41.00  | 59.00    | 90.00    |
| Weighted Average Cost of Debt | %          | 11.31    | 12.97    | 3.01   | 3.69   | 13.19    | 18.44    |
| Economic Value Addition       | Rs. in mn. | (18,617) | (26,688) | 27,261 | 10,292 | (32,114) | (14,962) |

Note: D/E ratio has not been calculated as the Company has no long term debt.





### Analysis

As of June 30, 2024, variation as compared to June 30, 2023 is as follows:

- The interest cover ratio improved in FY24 owing to stronger profitability in the current year.
- The increase in net assets per share demonstrates a positive growth in shareholder equity. This rise is due to retained earnings and enhances financial stability and shareholders' value.
- The decrease in the financial leverage ratio is due to repayment of debt during the year which also reduces financial risk for the Company.
- The reduction in the weighted average cost of debt reflects more favourable borrowing terms and a shift towards less expensive debt in FY24.

For the year ended June 30, 2024

### **Liquidity Ratios**

|                                       |            | 2024     | 2023      | 2022      | 2021     | 2020    | 2019    |
|---------------------------------------|------------|----------|-----------|-----------|----------|---------|---------|
| Cash to Current Liabilities           | (x)        | (0.002)  | 0.03      | 0.02      | (0.03)   | (0.004) | (0.06)  |
| Cash Flow From Operating Activities   | (X)        | 0.02     | (0.32)    | (0.12)    | 0.08     | 0.21    | (0.04)  |
| Cash Flow From Operations to Sales    | (X)        | 0.004    | (0.07)    | (0.03)    | 0.01     | 0.04    | (0.01)  |
| Cash Flow to Capital Expenditure      | (X)        | (2.24)   | (47.40)   | (24.29)   | 3.19     | 16.04   | 4.66    |
| Cashflow Coverage Ratio               | (X)        | 0.03     | (0.57)    | (0.52)    | 0.32     | 0.73    | (5.31)  |
| Current Ratio                         | (X)        | 1.22     | 1.23      | 1.27      | 1.44     | 1.35    | 1.32    |
| Quick Ratio                           | (X)        | 0.83     | 0.84      | 0.76      | 1.10     | 1.09    | 1.01    |
| Free Cash Flows to the Company        | Rs. in mn. | 32,974   | (237,104) | (103,524) | 6,117    | 66,161  | (3,130) |
| Free Cash Flows to the Equity Holders | Rs. in mn. | (88,116) | (20,698)  | (1,183)   | (13,124) | 27,347  | 386     |



### **Analysis**

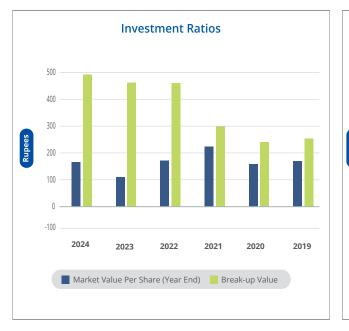
As of June 30, 2024, variation as compared to June 30, 2023 is as follows:

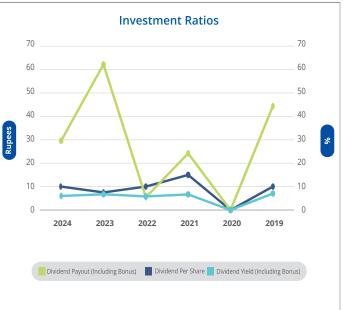
- In FY24, the cash to current liabilities ratio fell due to decrease in cash and cash equivalents at year end on account of repayment of short-term borrowings.
- The positive cash flow from operating activities in 2024 is due to reduction in trade receivables and inventory levels.
- The cash flow from operations to sales ratio as well as cash flow to capital expenditure improved due to increase in cash flow from operating activities.
- The cash flow coverage ratio improved, indicating better coverage of cash obligations primarily due to a positive shift in the operating cashflows as compared to last year. The current ratio and the quick ratio remained stable reflecting availability of adequate liquidity to the Company.
- The positive Free Cash Flows to the Company showcases a strong financial performance, where the Company generated sufficient cash from its operations to cover its capital expenditures and investments.
- The reduction in Free Cash Flow to Equity holders is primarily attributable to debt repayments and increased interest expenses.

For the year ended June 30, 2024

### **Investment Ratios**

|                                              |     | 2024   | 2023   | 2022   | 2021   | 2020    | 2019   |
|----------------------------------------------|-----|--------|--------|--------|--------|---------|--------|
| Earning / (Loss) Per Share (Basic & Diluted) | Rs. | 33.79  | 12.06  | 183.66 | 62.07  | (13.77) | 22.55  |
| Market Value Per Share (Year End)            | Rs. | 166.21 | 111.01 | 171.84 | 224.25 | 158.20  | 169.63 |
| Highest Price                                | Rs. | 217.22 | 192.82 | 231.30 | 259.32 | 216.90  | 352.13 |
| Lowest Price                                 | Rs. | 109.96 | 99.03  | 155.63 | 159.35 | 114.00  | 151.96 |
| Break-up Value                               | Rs. | 492.70 | 461.28 | 459.34 | 298.16 | 240.83  | 253.86 |
| Price Earning Ratio (P/E)                    | (X) | 4.92   | 9.20   | 0.94   | 3.61   | (11.49) | 7.52   |
| Price to Book Ratio                          | (X) | 0.08   | 0.05   | 0.09   | 0.28   | 0.22    | 0.19   |
| Dividend Per Share                           | Rs. | 10.00  | 7.50   | 10.00  | 15.00  | -       | 10.00  |
| Bonus Share                                  | %   | -      | -      | -      | -      | -       | 20.00  |
| Dividend Pay-out (Including Bonus)           | %   | 29.60  | 62.19  | 5.44   | 24.17  | -       | 44.35  |
| Dividend Yield (Including Bonus)             | %   | 6.02   | 6.76   | 5.82   | 6.69   | -       | 7.07   |
| Dividend Cover Ratio (Including Bonus)       | (x) | 3.38   | 1.61   | 18.37  | 4.14   | -       | 2.25   |





### Analysis

As of June 30, 2024, variation as compared to June 30, 2023 is as follows:

### Earnings per Share (EPS) & Market Value per Share

EPS surged to Rs. 33.79 in FY24 from Rs. 12.06, signalling robust profitability and operational success. This positive performance boosted the market value per share to Rs. 166.21, reflecting increased investor's confidence.

#### Price-to-Earnings (P/E) & Price-to-Book Ratios

A lower P/E ratio of 4.92 in FY24, down from 9.20, highlights the Company's attractive valuation, with strong earnings potential. The low Price-to-Book ratio of 0.08 suggests that the stock is undervalued.

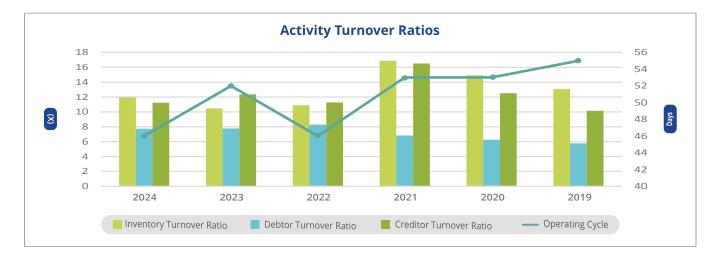
### **Dividend Analysis**

With an increased dividend per share of Rs. 10.00 and a stronger dividend cover ratio of 3.38, PSO demonstrates a solid balance between rewarding shareholders and reinvesting for future growth, underscoring its commitment to long-term value creation.

For the year ended June 30, 2024

### **Activity / Turnover Ratios**

|                            |      | 2024   | 2023   | 2022   | 2021   | 2020   | 2019   |
|----------------------------|------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| Inventory Turnover Ratio   | (x)  | 11.95  | 10.46  | 10.89  | 16.88  | 14.93  | 13.06  |
| No. of Days in Inventory   | Days | 31.00  | 35.00  | 34.00  | 22.00  | 25.00  | 28.00  |
| Debtor Turnover Ratio      | (x)  | 7.74   | 7.78   | 8.28   | 6.83   | 6.25   | 5.77   |
| No. of Days in Receivables | Days | 48.00  | 47.00  | 45.00  | 54.00  | 58.00  | 63.00  |
| Creditor Turnover Ratio    | (x)  | 11.23  | 12.36  | 11.28  | 16.51  | 12.51  | 10.15  |
| No. of Days in Creditors   | Days | 33.00  | 30.00  | 33.00  | 23.00  | 30.00  | 36.00  |
| Total Asset Turnover Ratio | (x)  | 3.89   | 3.83   | 4.22   | 3.94   | 3.43   | 3.27   |
| Fixed Asset Turnover Ratio | (x)  | 184.24 | 207.09 | 178.31 | 116.81 | 142.18 | 172.07 |
| Operating Cycle            | Days | 46.00  | 52.00  | 46.00  | 53.00  | 53.00  | 55.00  |



### **Analysis**

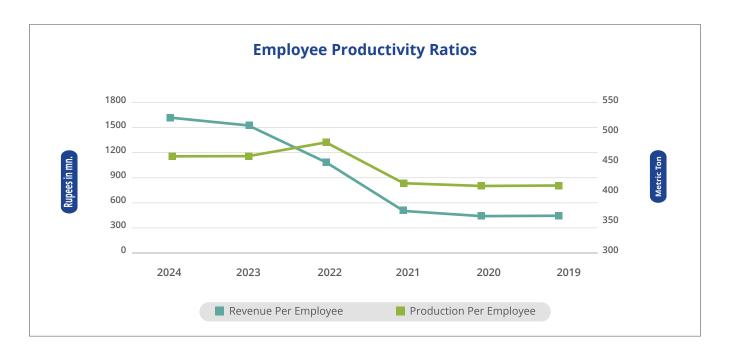
As of June 30, 2024, variation as compared to June 30, 2023 is as follows:

- PSO's improved inventory turnover ratio in FY24 and reduced number of days in inventory are due to its ability to optimize stock levels, respond to market demands effectively, enhancing liquidity and reducing holding costs.
- The slight reduction in debtor turnover ratio in FY24 is mainly due to the increase in average debtors owing to an increase in receivables balance from SNGPL. Receivables from SNGPL, however, started decreasing towards the end of the year.
- The reduction in the creditor turnover ratio, alongside the increase in the number of days in creditors resulted in optimization of cash flows and thus liquidity of the Company.
- The reduction in the operating cycle from 52 days in FY23 to 46 days in FY24 is a positive indicator of improved operational efficiency. By shortening the time taken to convert inventory and receivables into cash, PSO has strengthened its liquidity position, which is crucial given the substantial short-term borrowings (Rs. 403.6 bn. in FY24) and the liquidity crunch it faces due to the circular debt. The ability to cycle cash faster allows PSO to better manage its significant current liabilities and maintain operational stability.
- The asset turnover ratio improved slightly, indicating that the Company generated more sales per unit of assets. The marginal increase indicates that PSO is utilizing its assets more effectively to generate revenue, a positive sign for ongoing operational efficiency.

For the year ended June 30, 2024

### **Employee Productivity Ratio**

|                         |            | 2024  | 2023  | 2022  | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 |
|-------------------------|------------|-------|-------|-------|------|------|------|
| Production Per Employee | Metric Ton | 461   | 461   | 484   | 416  | 411  | 412  |
| Revenue Per Employee    | Rs. in mn. | 1,619 | 1,526 | 1,085 | 503  | 441  | 446  |
| Staff Turnover Ratio    | (x)        | 0.07  | 0.05  | 0.06  | 0.06 | 0.05 | 0.04 |



### Analysis

As of June 30, 2024, variation as compared to June 30, 2023 is as follows:

- Production per employee has remained stable.
- Revenue per employee has increased significantly. This increase is a combination of operational efficiency as well as increase in market prices of petroleum products.

For the year ended June 30, 2024

### **Other Ratios**

|                                                         | 2024 | 2023 | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 |
|---------------------------------------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Plant Availability Ratio(x)Customer Satisfaction Index% | 1.39 | 1.40 | 1.23 | 1.16 | 1.16 | 1.14 |
|                                                         | 74   | 62   | 74   | 70   | 70   | 71   |



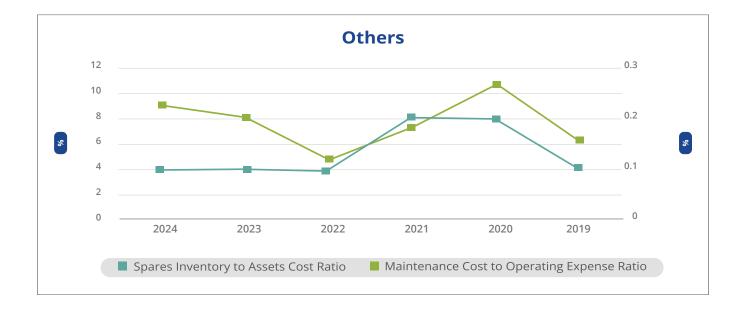
### **Analysis**

- As of June 30, 2024, variation as compared to June 30, 2023 is as follows:
- Plant availability ratio has remained stable.
- Customer satisfaction index is monitored based on customer responses.

For the year ended June 30, 2024

### **Other Ratios**

|   | 2024 | 2023 | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 |
|---|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| % | 0.1  | 0.1  | 0.1  | 0.2  | 0.2  | 0.1  |
| % | 9.0  | 8.1  | 4.7  | 7.3  | 10.6 | 6.1  |



### Analysis

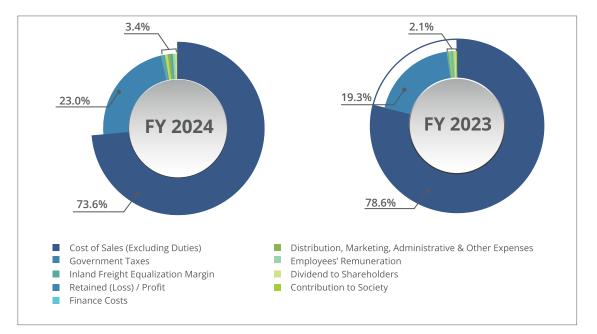
As of June 30, 2024, variation as compared to June 30, 2023 is as follows:

- Spare Inventory to asset cost has remained stable.
- Maintenance cost to operating expenses has increased this year on account of various budgeted maintenance activities undertaken this year.

For the year ended June 30, 2024

### **Statement of Value Additions**

|                                                                   |           |        | Rup       | ees in mn. |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|--------|-----------|------------|
|                                                                   | 2024      | %      | 2023      | %          |
| Wealth Generated                                                  |           |        |           |            |
| Sales (Net of discount / allowances)                              | 3,806,793 | 99.34  | 3,605,399 | 99.65      |
| Other income (including share of profit of associates)            | 25,187    | 0.66   | 12,648    | 0.35       |
|                                                                   | 3,831,980 | 100.00 | 3,618,048 | 100.00     |
| Distribution of Wealth                                            |           |        |           |            |
| Cost of sales (excluding duties)                                  | 2,821,283 | 73.62  | 2,845,547 | 78.65      |
| Government taxes                                                  | 882,289   | 23.02  | 697,082   | 19.27      |
| Inland freight equalization margin                                | 31,484    | 0.82   | 6,628     | 0.18       |
| Retained profit                                                   | 12,342    | 0.32   | 967       | 0.03       |
| Finance costs                                                     | 52,338    | 1.37   | 40,335    | 1.11       |
| Distribution, marketing, administrative expenses & other expenses | 15,733    | 0.41   | 11,426    | 0.32       |
| Employees' remuneration                                           | 12,640    | 0.33   | 10,818    | 0.30       |
| Dividend to shareholders                                          | 3,521     | 0.09   | 4,695     | 0.13       |
| Contribution to society                                           | 350       | 0.01   | 550       | 0.02       |
|                                                                   | 3,831,980 | 100.00 | 3,618,048 | 100.00     |



### **Economic Value Added**

|                                         |          | Rupees in mn. |
|-----------------------------------------|----------|---------------|
| Cost of Capital                         | 2024     | 2023          |
| Capital Employed                        | 249,310  | 235,051       |
| Weighted Average Cost of Capital (WACC) | 18%      | 17%           |
| Economic Value Added                    |          |               |
| Net Operating Profit After Tax (NOPAT)  | 26,261   | 12,096        |
| Less: Cost of Capital                   | 44,876   | 38,783        |
| Economic Value Added                    | (18,614) | (26,688)      |

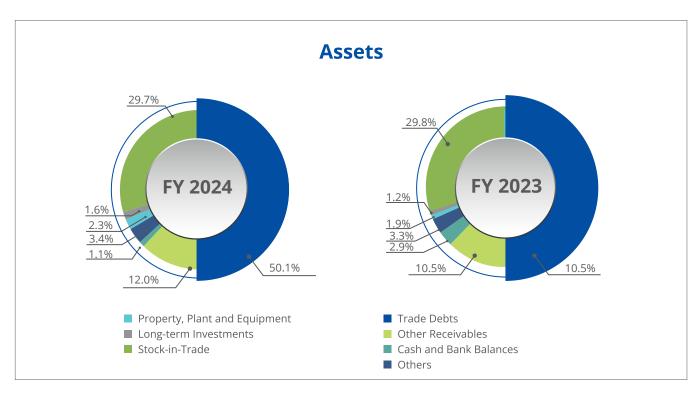
For the year ended June 30, 2024

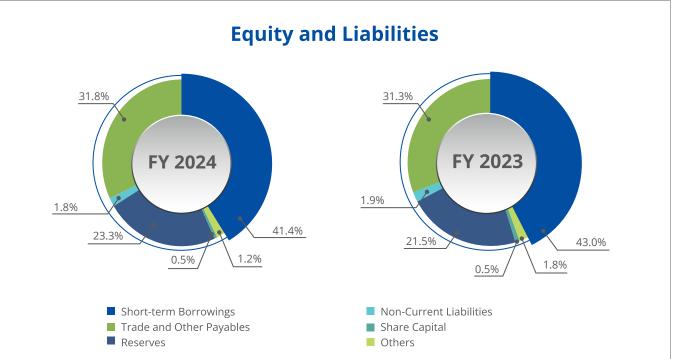
### **Vertical and Horizontal Analysis - Statement of Financial Position**

| Vertical Analysis                               | 2024    | 2023    | 2022            | 2021     | 2020   | 2019 |
|-------------------------------------------------|---------|---------|-----------------|----------|--------|------|
|                                                 |         |         | Percent         | age (%)  |        |      |
| Property, plant and equipment                   | 2.3     | 1.9     | 1.7             | 3.7      | 2.9    | 2.0  |
| Right-of-use assets                             | 0.8     | 0.7     | 0.7             | 1.4      | 1.4    | 0.0  |
| Intangibles                                     | 0.0     | 0.0     | 0.0             | 0.0      | 0.0    | 0.0  |
| Long-term investments                           | 1.6     | 1.2     | 1.4             | 4.3      | 4.7    | 2.7  |
| Long-term loans, advances and other receivables | 0.1     | 0.1     | 0.0             | 0.1      | 0.1    | 0.1  |
| Long-term deposits and prepayments              | 0.0     | 0.0     | 0.0             | 0.1      | 0.1    | 0.1  |
| Deferred tax asset - net                        | 2.2     | 2.2     | 2.0             | 3.5      | 5.0    | 3.0  |
| Retirement benefits                             | 0.0     | 0.0     | 0.0             | 0.4      | 0.2    | 0.0  |
| Total Non- Current assets                       | 7.0     | 6.1     | 6.0             | 13.5     | 14.5   | 7.9  |
| Stores, spares and loose tools                  | 0.1     | 0.1     | 0.1             | 0.2      | 0.2    | 0.1  |
| Stock-in-trade                                  | 29.7    | 29.8    | 38.0            | 20.8     | 16.7   | 21.5 |
| Trade debts                                     | 50.1    | 50.4    | 47.9            | 58.1     | 57.5   | 52.6 |
| Loans and advances                              | 0.1     | 0.1     | 0.1             | 0.1      | 0.1    | 0.1  |
| Short-term deposits and prepayments             | 0.0     | 0.1     | 0.0             | 0.1      | 0.7    | 0.8  |
| Other receivables                               | 12.0    | 10.5    | 6.4             | 5.0      | 6.9    | 13.9 |
| Taxation - net                                  | 0.0     | 0.0     | 0.0             | 1.4      | 2.3    | 2.0  |
| Cash and bank balances                          | 1.1     | 2.9     | 1.5             | 0.8      | 1.1    | 1.1  |
| Total Current assets                            | 93.0    | 93.9    | 94.0            | 86.5     | 85.5   | 92.1 |
| Total Assets                                    | 100     | 100     | 100             | 100      | 100    | 100  |
| Equity and Liabilities                          |         |         |                 |          |        |      |
| Equity                                          |         |         |                 |          |        |      |
| Share capital                                   | 0.5     | 0.5     | 0.5             | 1.2      | 1.4    | 0.9  |
| Reserves                                        | 23.3    | 21.5    | 23.5            | 35.7     | 31.6   | 27.6 |
| Total Share holders' Equity                     | 23.7    | 22.0    | 24.0            | 36.9     | 33.0   | 28.6 |
| Non-current liabilities                         | 1.8     | 1.9     | 1.8             | 3.2      | 3.6    | 1.8  |
| Current liabilities                             |         |         |                 |          |        |      |
| Trade and other payables                        | 31.8    | 31.3    | 54.9            | 44.2     | 43.1   | 43.2 |
| Short - term borrowings                         | 41.4    | 43.0    | 17.3            | 14.8     | 19.4   | 0.4  |
| Accrued interest / mark-up                      | 0.5     | 1.2     | 0.1             | 0.1      | 0.4    | 0.0  |
| Provisions                                      | 0.1     | 0.1     | 0.1             | 0.2      | 0.1    | 0.1  |
| Current portion of lease liabilities            | 0.1     | 0.0     | 0.1             | 0.2      | 0.0    | 0.2  |
| Taxation - net                                  | 0.4     | 0.3     | 1.5             | 0.0      | 0.0    | 25.6 |
| Unclaimed and unpaid dividend                   | 0.2     | 0.2     | 0.2             | 0.4      | 0.4    | 0.0  |
| Total Current liabilities                       | 74.4    | 76.1    | 74.2            | 59.5     | 63.4   | 69.6 |
| Total Equity and Liabilities                    | 100     | 100     | 100             | 100      | 100    | 100  |
| Horizontal Analysis                             | 2024    | 2023    | 2022<br>Dorconi | 2021     | 2020   | 2019 |
|                                                 | <       |         | Percent         | tage (%) |        |      |
| Property, plant and equipment                   | 270.1   | 227.7   | 191.6           | 172.9    | 122.1  | 100  |
| Intangibles                                     | 632.5   | 458.5   | 481.6           | 294.2    | 158.9  | 100  |
| Total Non- Current assets                       | 207.4   | 182.8   | 163.2           | 156.1    | 151.0  | 100  |
| Stock-in-trade                                  | 322.3   | 326.4   | 381.1           | 88.1     | 63.8   | 100  |
| Trade debts                                     | 222.3   | 225.8   | 196.3           | 100.3    | 89.8   | 100  |
| Other receivables                               | 201.2   | 178.1   | 99.2            | 33.0     | 41.0   | 100  |
| Cash and bank balances                          | 233.5   | 630.4   | 303.0           | 63.2     | 85.1   | 100  |
| Total Share holders' Equity                     | 194.1   | 181.7   | 180.9           | 117.5    | 94.9   | 100  |
| Non-current liabilities                         | 239.1   | 245.6   | 219.8           | 162.6    | 165.5  | 100  |
| Trade and other payables                        | 172.1   | 171.1   | 274.3           | 93.1     | 82.1   | 100  |
| Short - term borrowings                         | 23194.6 | 24295.4 | 8957.4          | 3221.1   | 3818.3 | 100  |
| Total Current liabilities                       | 249.7   | 257.7   | 229.8           | 78.2     | 74.9   | 100  |
| Total Equity And Liabilities                    | 233.6   | 235.8   | 215.7           | 90.9     | 82.2   | 100  |
|                                                 |         |         |                 |          |        |      |

For the year ended June 30, 2024

### **Vertical Analysis - Statement of Financial Position**





For the year ended June 30, 2024

### **Comment on Vertical and Horizontal Analysis**

### **Total Non-Current Assets**

The growth in non-current assets especially in FY24 is a positive indicator of the Company's forward-thinking strategy whereby it is investing in core operational assets and expanding through subsidiaries- which aims to enhance the overall value of the Company.

### Stock-in-Trade

Stock-in-trade has decreased from last year. PSO has improved inventory turnover ratio in FY24 and has reduced number of days in inventory to optimize stock levels, enhance liquidity and reduce holding costs. Stock levels have varied over the years depending on the local demand and international price movements.

### **Trade Debts**

Due to prevalent circular debt issue, Trade debts have remained high over the years. Trade debts have, however, decreased from last year which is a good sign for the Company. Due to continuous engagement with SNGPL and relevant authorities, the receivables from SNGPL have reduced in later part of FY24.

### **Shareholders' Equity**

Shareholders' equity has nearly doubled since 2019, reflecting significant growth. This increase, combined with the Company's ability to maintain equity at a stable proportion of total assets, signals a strong capital base that supports ongoing investments and growth initiatives.

### **Trade and Other Payables**

Trade and other payables have increased notably since 2019, primarily driven by rising foreign payables due to higher international prices and the devaluation of the rupee.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

### **Vertical and Horizontal Analysis - Statement of Profit or Loss**

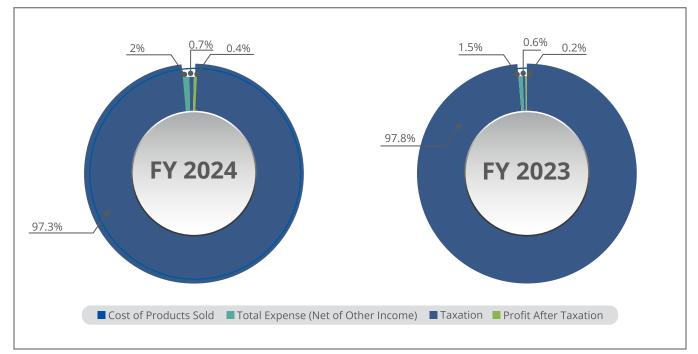
|                                                       | 2024   | 2023           | 2022   | 2021   | 2020   | 2019   |
|-------------------------------------------------------|--------|----------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| 1                                                     |        | Percentage (%) |        |        |        |        |
| Net Sales                                             | 100    | 100            | 100    | 100    | 100    | 100    |
| Cost of Products Sold                                 | (97.3) | (97.8)         | (93.4) | (95.5) | (98.9) | (96.9) |
| Gross Profit                                          | 2.7    | 2.2            | 6.6    | 4.5    | 1.1    | 3.1    |
| Other Income (Including Share of Profit of Associates |        |                |        |        |        |        |
| - Net of Tax)                                         | 0.7    | 0.4            | 1.0    | 1.6    | 1.0    | 0.7    |
| Administrative & Marketing Expenses                   | (0.7)  | (0.6)          | (0.7)  | (1.2)  | (1.3)  | (1.1)  |
| Other Expenses                                        | (0.1)  | (0.1)          | (0.7)  | (0.4)  | (0.0)  | (0.4)  |
| Total Operating Costs                                 | (0.8)  | (0.7)          | (1.4)  | (1.6)  | (1.3)  | (1.5)  |
| Profit From Operations                                | 2.6    | 1.9            | 6.2    | 4.5    | 0.7    | 2.3    |
| Finance Costs                                         | (1.5)  | (1.2)          | (0.2)  | (0.9)  | (1.2)  | (0.8)  |
| Profit / (Loss) Before Taxation                       | 1.2    | 0.7            | 6.0    | 3.7    | (0.5)  | 1.5    |
| Taxation                                              | (0.7)  | (0.6)          | (2.5)  | (1.2)  | (0.1)  | (0.6)  |
| Profit / (Loss) After Taxation                        | 0.4    | 0.2            | 3.5    | 2.4    | (0.6)  | 0.9    |

### **Horizontal Analysis**

| Horizontal Analysis                                                    | 2024  | 2023           | 2022  | 2021  | 2020   | 2019 |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|----------------|-------|-------|--------|------|
|                                                                        |       | Percentage (%) |       |       |        |      |
| Net Sales                                                              | 309.4 | 293.8          | 212.4 | 104.3 | 96.0   | 100  |
| Cost of Products Sold                                                  | 310.7 | 296.6          | 204.8 | 104.5 | 98.0   | 100  |
| Gross Profit                                                           | 270.1 | 207.8          | 447.0 | 151.6 | 33.9   | 100  |
| Other Income (Including Share of Profit of Associates<br>- Net of Tax) | 333.2 | 167.3          | 337.4 | 256.7 | 142.3  | 100  |
| Administrative & Marketing Expenses                                    | 199.9 | 165.0          | 135.4 | 119.9 | 117.9  | 100  |
| Other Expenses                                                         | 83.2  | 49.3           | 364.2 | 102.7 | 1.1    | 100  |
| Total Operating Costs                                                  | 167.8 | 133.2          | 198.2 | 115.2 | 85.8   | 100  |
| Profit From Operations                                                 | 354.3 | 244.5          | 576.6 | 205.2 | 31.3   | 100  |
| Finance Costs                                                          | 582.4 | 448.8          | 52.5  | 114.0 | 149.4  | 100  |
| Profit / (Loss) Before Taxation                                        | 237.0 | 139.4          | 846.0 | 252.1 | (29.4) | 100  |
| Taxation                                                               | 370.9 | 271.5          | 894.5 | 216.5 | 19.3   | 100  |
| Profit / (Loss) After Taxation                                         | 149.8 | 53.5           | 814.5 | 275.2 | (61.1) | 100  |

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

### **Vertical Analysis - Statement of Profit or Loss**



### **Comments on Horizontal and Vertical Analysis**

### **Net Sales Revenue**

The Company has seen notable growth in net sales, especially in the later years, with sales increasing over 200% from 2019 to 2024. This indicates robust expansion and a strong market presence . Further, increase in prices also contributed to this growth.

### **Cost of Product Sold & Gross Profit**

The cost of products sold has moved over the years in line with change in sales. Gross profit improved in FY24 compared to last year benefiting from increase in sales of LNG, Lubricants, LPG and enhanced operational efficiencies, however, it was at its peak in FY22 due to favourable price regime on account of increase in international prices.

### **Other Income**

Other income has varied over the years, with a noticeable increase in FY24 mainly due to increase in pipeline income, Service station license fee, income from bank deposits and recovery of financial charges on line fill cost.

### **Operating Costs**

Operating cost has increased over the years to account for inflation adjustments , however, these have been in accordance with budgeted numbers.

### **Finance Cost**

A significant challenge over the years has been to contain the finance costs in presence of circular debt. Despite optimal and efficient debt management, finance cost was highest in FY24 due to higher average receivables and higher interest rates prevalent in the market.

### Profit / (Loss) After Tax

Despite the financial and economic challenges, the Company has successfully improved its net profitability in FY24.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

### **INDICATORS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES**

The performance of the Company is gauged by the senior management through various indicators and performance measures. The following are critical indicators:

- Market share
- Earnings per share
- Gross profit
- Profit after tax excluding extraordinary items
- Debtors' turnover
- Cash flows from operating activities

These indicators will continue to be relevant in the future as these are critical for the evaluation of the performance.

### Methods / Assumptions Used to Compile the Indicators

### **Market Share**

Market share of Company's liquid fuels are determined on the basis of OCAC data - independent source.

### **Earnings Per Share**

Earnings per share ratio is calculated with reference to the requirements of International Accounting Standards. The Company has no dilutive effects on the basic earnings per share.

### **Gross Profit**

Gross profit is calculated by the Company with and without inventory gains/Losses to compare the performance of the Company. This is because Inventory gains and losses are mainly outside the control of the Company as these arise due to International price movements and requirement to keep sufficient stocks to meet the country's needs.

### **Debtors' Turnover**

This ratio is calculated by the Company on the basis of the average values at the relevant balance sheet date.

### **Taxes and Dividends**

PSO takes pride in being a tax compliant Company and ensures that all taxes, duties, levies etc. are paid in accordance with statutory deadlines. The Company has no overdue or outstanding statutory payments.

During the year FY24, the Company deposited PKR. 791,281,005 on account of final dividend for the financial year ended June 30, 2023 to Federal Government which was approved by the members in 47th Annual General Meeting held on October 26, 2023.

Based on the profit in FY24, the Board of Management has declared a final cash dividend of Rs. 10 per share. In addition to profitability, the Company's future expectation of dividend declaration will also depend on the liquidity position of the Company which is a derivative of developments on the circular debt front.



# UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### To the Members of Pakistan State Oil Company Limited

**Report on the Audit of Unconsolidated Financial Statements** 

### Opinion

We have audited the annexed unconsolidated financial statements of **Pakistan State Oil Company Limited** (the Company), which comprise the unconsolidated statement of financial position as at June 30, 2024, and the unconsolidated statement of profit or loss, the unconsolidated statement of comprehensive income, the unconsolidated statement of changes in equity, the unconsolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the unconsolidated financial statements, including material accounting policies and other explanatory information, and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of the audit.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the unconsolidated statement of financial position, the unconsolidated statement of profit or loss, the unconsolidated statement of comprehensive income, the unconsolidated statement of changes in equity and the unconsolidated statement of cash flows together with the notes forming part thereof conform with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and give the information required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017), in the manner so required and respectively give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at June 30, 2024 and of the profit and other comprehensive income, the changes in equity and its cash flows for the year then ended.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) as applicable in Pakistan. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Unconsolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (the Code) and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### **Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the unconsolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the unconsolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Following are the key audit matters:

**Key Audit Matter** 

#### How the Matter was Addressed in Our Audit

### Overdue trade receivable due to inter-corporate circular debt issue

(Refer note 13 to the unconsolidated financial statements)
As at June 30, 2024, the Company's overdue trade receivable of from customers due to circular debt issue amounted to Rs.
371,484 million, which includes Rs. 70,618 million, Rs. 14,802
million and Rs. 286,064 million from related parties, GENCO
Holding Company Limited (GENCO), Hub Power Company
Limited (HUBCO) and Sui Northern Gas Pipelines Company
Limited (SNGPL) respectively.

The Government of Pakistan is committed, hence, continuously pursuing for satisfactory settlement of inter-corporate circular debt issue. However, the progress has been slower than expected resulting in accumulation of the Company's receivable. The Company is also actively pursuing the Government of Pakistan to get budgetary allocation for release of past due price differential claims.

Our audit procedures in respect of receivables, amongst others, included the following:

- Tested, on a sample basis, receivable ageing report classification within the appropriate ageing bracket with underlying invoices;
- Obtained, on a sample basis, direct confirmation from customers and tested reconciliations where differences were identified. In case of no replies from customers, performed alternate procedures;
- Inspected correspondence with the customers and relevant government authorities and held discussions with the Company and Board Audit and Compliance Committee of the Board of Management (BoM) to assess their views on the timing of settlement and recoverability of trade debts overdue because of inter-corporate circular debt issue and price differential claims overdue from the Government of Pakistan;

#### **Key Audit Matter**

The Company has recognised a specific provision of Rs. 347 • million and considers the past due amounts to be fully recoverable because the Government of Pakistan has been assuming the responsibility to settle the inter-corporate circular debt in the energy sector of Pakistan.

Interest on the past due amounts from customers is recognised • by the Company on receipt basis.

We considered the matter as key audit matter due to significance of the past due amounts and significant judgments made by the management regarding recoverability of the past • due amounts and recognition of interest on delayed payments by the customers.

#### **Recognition of Revenue**

(Refer note 30 to the unconsolidated financial statements)

The Company recognises revenue at the transaction price others, included the following: which the Company expects to be entitled to, after deducting • Assessed the design, in sales tax, discounts and applicable levies. • effectiveness of the relevi

The Company carries out sale of regulated products on prices notified by Oil and Gas Regulatory Authority (OGRA) which are • subject to policy clarification from the Federal Government. Sale of certain de-regulated products is carried out at the margin-based price mechanism and the Company recognises revenue at a point in time when control of product is • transferred to customers. Control, depending on contractual terms, is considered to be transferred either when the product is directly uplifted by customer from terminal or when it is delivered by the Company at customer premises.

We considered recognition of revenue as key audit matter due to the regulatory nature of pricing, significance of amounts • requiring significant time and resources to audit due to magnitude, inherent risk of material misstatement and revenue being a key economic indicator of the Company.

#### How the Matter was Addressed in Our Audit

- Discussed with the Company, events during the year and steps taken by management for settlement of the overdue trade debts and price differential claims and inspected minutes of meetings of the BoM and Board Audit and Compliance Committee of the BoM;
- Evaluated the management's assessment on the ECLs of trade receivables and assessed management's conclusion along with assumptions used for the determination of ECL; and
- Assessed the adequacy of disclosure made in the unconsolidated financial statements in accordance with the requirements of the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan.

Our audit procedures to assess the recognition, amongst others, included the following:

- Assessed the design, implementation and operating effectiveness of the relevant key internal controls over revenue recognition from the sale of products;
- Assessed the appropriateness of the Company's accounting policy for recognition of sales and compliance of the policy with International Financial Reporting Standard (IFRS 15 -"Revenue from Contracts with Customers");
- Compared on sample basis, the revenue transactions recorded before and after the reporting period with the underlying support including sales invoices, delivery challans, relevant sales contract and customer acknowledgement to assess if the related revenue was recorded in the appropriate accounting period;
- Tested on a sample basis, notifications of OGRA for petroleum products price and the Company's marginbased price determination for regulated and de-regulated products respectively;
- Tested journal entries relating to revenue recognised during the year based on identified risk criteria;
- Assessed reasonableness of management's judgment relating to recoverability of interest on delayed payments from customers; and
- Assessed the appropriateness of the disclosure made in the unconsolidated financial statements in accordance with requirements of accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan.

#### Information Other than the Unconsolidated and Consolidated Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises of Chairman's Review, Managing Director & CEO's Letter to Shareholders and financial performance included in the Company's annual report for the year ended June 30, 2024 but does not include the unconsolidated and consolidated financial statements and our auditor's reports thereon.

Our opinion on the unconsolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the unconsolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the unconsolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### Responsibilities of Management and Board of Management for the Unconsolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the unconsolidated financial statements in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and the requirements of Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017), State-Owned Enterprises (Governance and Operations) Act, 2023 and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of unconsolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the unconsolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Board of Management is responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Unconsolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the unconsolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these unconsolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the unconsolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or
  error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and
  appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is
  higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations,
  or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the unconsolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

• Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the unconsolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the unconsolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the Board of Management regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Board of Management with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the Board of Management, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the unconsolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

#### **Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements**

Based on our audit, we further report that in our opinion:

- a) proper books of account have been kept by the Company as required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017);
- b) the unconsolidated statement of financial position, the unconsolidated statement of profit or loss, the unconsolidated statement of comprehensive income, the unconsolidated statement of changes in equity and the unconsolidated statement of cash flows together with the notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017), State-Owned Enterprises (Governance and Operations) Act, 2023 and are in agreement with the books of account and returns;
- c) investments made, expenditure incurred and guarantees extended during the year were for the purpose of the Company's business; and
- d) zakat deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980 (XVIII of 1980) was deducted by the Company and deposited in the Central Zakat Fund established under section 7 of that Ordinance.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Inam Ullah Kakra.

KM 9 Same Heili TW.

KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co. Chartered Accountants

Islamabad

Date: September 30, 2024

UDIN: AR202410202g9D0AVcSP

## **Unconsolidated Statement of Financial Position**

As at June 30, 2024

|                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | Note                                         | 2024                                                                                                                  | 2023                                                                                                                   |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |                                              | (Rupees                                                                                                               | s in '000)                                                                                                             |
| ASSETS                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |                                              |                                                                                                                       |                                                                                                                        |
| Non-Current Assets<br>Property, plant and equipment<br>Right-of-use assets<br>Intangibles<br>Long-term investments<br>Long-term loans, advances and other receivables<br>Long-term deposits<br>Deferred tax asset - net   | 4<br>5<br>7<br>8<br>9<br>10                  | 22,113,904<br>7,698,640<br>330,116<br>15,155,487<br>969,328<br>340,597<br>21,518,375                                  | 18,640,560<br>6,898,277<br>239,282<br>11,261,720<br>761,044<br>370,750<br>21,875,045                                   |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |                                              | 68,126,447                                                                                                            | 60,046,678                                                                                                             |
| Current Assets<br>Stores, spares and loose tools<br>Stock-in-trade<br>Trade debts<br>Loans and advances<br>Short-term deposits and prepayments<br>Other receivables<br>Cash and bank balances<br>Net assets in Bangladesh | 11<br>12<br>13<br>14<br>15<br>16<br>17<br>18 | 848,534<br>288,983,146<br>488,202,267<br>616,746<br>326,600<br>116,619,112<br>10,725,374<br>906,321,779               | 871,872<br>292,626,142<br>495,898,435<br>569,484<br>1,204,894<br>103,224,248<br>28,954,358<br>923,349,433              |
| TOTAL ASSETS                                                                                                                                                                                                              |                                              | 974,448,226                                                                                                           | 983,396,111                                                                                                            |
| EQUITY AND LIABILITIES<br>Equity<br>Share capital<br>Reserves                                                                                                                                                             | 19<br>20                                     | 4,694,734<br>226,614,182<br>231,308,916                                                                               | 4,694,734<br>211,865,173<br>216,559,907                                                                                |
| Non-Current Liabilities                                                                                                                                                                                                   |                                              |                                                                                                                       |                                                                                                                        |
| Retirement and other service benefits<br>Lease liabilities<br>Deferred income - Government grant<br>Other payable                                                                                                         | 21<br>22<br>23<br>24                         | 9,711,308<br>7,686,751<br>100,000<br>502,699<br>18,000,758                                                            | 11,185,640<br>6,611,373<br>100,000<br>593,849<br>18,490,862                                                            |
| Current Liabilities                                                                                                                                                                                                       |                                              |                                                                                                                       |                                                                                                                        |
| Trade and other payables<br>Short-term borrowings<br>Accrued interest / mark-up<br>Provisions<br>Current portion of lease liabilities<br>Taxation - net<br>Unclaimed dividend                                             | 25<br>26<br>26.5<br>27<br>22<br>28           | 309,830,355<br>403,553,498<br>4,958,369<br>639,413<br>532,440<br>4,003,663<br>1,620,814<br>725,138,552<br>743,139,310 | 308,090,800<br>422,705,573<br>11,523,844<br>639,413<br>483,269<br>3,341,201<br>1,561,242<br>748,345,342<br>766,836,204 |
| TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES                                                                                                                                                                                              |                                              | 974,448,226                                                                                                           | 983,396,111                                                                                                            |
| CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS                                                                                                                                                                                             | 29                                           | JH,HO,LLU                                                                                                             |                                                                                                                        |

The annexed notes 1 to 50 form an integral part of these unconsolidated financial statements.

Syed Muhammad Taha

Managing Director & CEO

Mushtaq Malik

Guizar Khoja **Chief Financial Officer** 

## **Unconsolidated Statement of Profit or Loss**

For the year ended June 30, 2024

|                                                                                                                                                                 | Note                            | 2024                                                                    | 2023                                                                    |  |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
|                                                                                                                                                                 |                                 | (Rupees                                                                 | in '000)                                                                |  |
| Net sales                                                                                                                                                       | 30                              | 3,571,750,306                                                           | 3,391,111,978                                                           |  |
| Cost of products sold                                                                                                                                           | 31                              | (3,474,459,806)                                                         | (3,316,265,223)                                                         |  |
| Gross Profit                                                                                                                                                    |                                 | 97,290,500                                                              | 74,846,755                                                              |  |
| Other income                                                                                                                                                    | 32                              | 23,561,296                                                              | 13,507,431                                                              |  |
| <b>Operating Costs</b><br>Distribution and marketing expenses<br>Administrative expenses<br>Provision of impairment on financial assets - net<br>Other expenses | 33<br>34<br>13.3 & 16.7.1<br>35 | (18,518,608)<br>(6,296,286)<br>(261,338)<br>(3,646,690)<br>(28,722,922) | (15,234,975)<br>(5,242,671)<br>(437,160)<br>(1,879,519)<br>(22,794,325) |  |
| Profit From Operations                                                                                                                                          |                                 | 92,128,874                                                              | 65,559,861                                                              |  |
| Finance costs                                                                                                                                                   | 36                              | (52,337,942)                                                            | (40,334,643)                                                            |  |
| Share of profit / (loss) of associates - net of tax                                                                                                             | 7.7.1                           | 1,625,761                                                               | (859,121)                                                               |  |
| Profit Before Taxation, Minimum Tax Differential and Final Taxes                                                                                                |                                 | 41,416,693                                                              | 24,366,097                                                              |  |
| Minimum tax differential<br>Final taxes                                                                                                                         | 37.3<br>37.4                    | (11,592,988)<br>(128,072)<br>(11,721,060)                               | (10,639,326)<br>(100,008)<br>(10,739,334)                               |  |
| Profit Before Taxation                                                                                                                                          |                                 | 29,695,633                                                              | 13,626,763                                                              |  |
| Taxation                                                                                                                                                        | 37                              | (13,833,081)                                                            | (7,964,618)                                                             |  |
| Profit For the Year                                                                                                                                             |                                 | 15,862,552                                                              | 5,662,145                                                               |  |
|                                                                                                                                                                 |                                 | (Rupees)                                                                |                                                                         |  |
| Earnings Per Share - Basic and Diluted                                                                                                                          | 38                              | 33.79                                                                   | 12.06                                                                   |  |

The annexed notes 1 to 50 form an integral part of these unconsolidated financial statements.

Syed Muhammad Taha Managing Director & CEO

**Mushtag Malik** 

Guizai Khoja **Chief Financial Officer** 

## **Unconsolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income**

For the year ended June 30, 2024

|                                                                                                                               | Note   | 2024                   | 2023                   |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|------------------------|------------------------|
|                                                                                                                               |        | (Rupees                | s in '000)             |
| Profit for the year                                                                                                           |        | 15,862,552             | 5,662,145              |
| Other Comprehensive Income / (Loss):                                                                                          |        |                        |                        |
| Items That Will Not be Subsequently Reclassified<br>to Profit or Loss:                                                        |        |                        |                        |
| Share of actuarial gain / (loss) on remeasurement<br>of staff retirement benefits of associates - net of tax                  | 7.7.1  | 1,738                  | (5,721)                |
| Unrealised gain / (loss) on remeasurement of equity<br>investment classified as fair value through other comprehensive income | 7.3    | 565,122                | (214,895)              |
| Taxation thereon                                                                                                              |        | (220,714)<br>344,408   | (116,516)<br>(331,411) |
| Actuarial gain on remeasurement of retirement and other service benefits                                                      | 21.1.6 | 2,620,797              | 416,485                |
| Taxation thereon                                                                                                              |        | (559,436)<br>2,061,361 | (135,958)<br>280,527   |
|                                                                                                                               |        | 2,407,507              | (56,605)               |
| Total Comprehensive Income For the Year                                                                                       |        | 18,270,059             | 5,605,540              |

The annexed notes 1 to 50 form an integral part of these unconsolidated financial statements.

Syed Muhammad Taha **Managing Director & CEO** 

**Mushtag Malik** 



## **Unconsolidated Statement of Changes in Equity**

For the year ended June 30, 2024

|                                                                                                      |                  | Reserves           Capital         Revenue Reserves           Reserves         Reserves |                                                                            |                    |                             |                               |                            |                            |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|
|                                                                                                      | Share<br>Capital | Surplus<br>on Vesting<br>of Net<br>Assets                                               | Unrealised<br>Gain / (Loss) on<br>Remeasurement<br>of FVOCI<br>Investments | General<br>Reserve | PSO Venture<br>Capital Fund | Un-<br>Appropriated<br>Profit | Sub-Total                  | Total                      |
|                                                                                                      |                  |                                                                                         |                                                                            | (Rupe              | es in '000)                 |                               |                            |                            |
| Balance as at July 01, 2022                                                                          | 4,694,734        | 3,373                                                                                   | 2,240,544                                                                  | 25,282,373         | 1,478,551                   | 181,949,526                   | 210,954,367                | 215,649,101                |
| Total Comprehensive Income For the Year                                                              |                  |                                                                                         |                                                                            |                    |                             |                               |                            |                            |
| Profit for the year                                                                                  | -                | -                                                                                       | -                                                                          | -                  | -                           | 5,662,145                     | 5,662,145                  | 5,662,145                  |
| Profit for the year transferred to<br>venture capital reserve                                        | -                |                                                                                         | -                                                                          | -                  | 243,661                     | (243,661)                     | -                          | -                          |
| Other Comprehensive Income For the Year                                                              |                  |                                                                                         |                                                                            |                    |                             |                               |                            |                            |
| Unrealised loss on remeasurement of equity<br>investment classified as FVOCI - net of tax            | -                | -                                                                                       | (331,411)                                                                  | -                  | -                           | -                             | (331,411)                  | (331,411)                  |
| Actuarial gain on remeasurement of retirement<br>and other service benefits - net of tax             | -                | -                                                                                       |                                                                            |                    | -                           | 280,527                       | 280,527                    | 280,527                    |
| Share of actuarial loss on remeasurement of<br>staff retirement benefits of associates - net of tax  |                  |                                                                                         | (331,411)                                                                  | -                  | -                           | (5,721)<br>274,806            | (5,721)<br>(56,605)        | (5,721)                    |
| Transactions with the Owners of the Company<br>Distributions                                         |                  |                                                                                         |                                                                            |                    |                             |                               |                            |                            |
| Final dividend for the year ended<br>June 30, 2022 at Rs. 10 per share<br><b>Total Distributions</b> | -                | -                                                                                       |                                                                            | -                  | -                           | (4,694,734)<br>(4,694,734)    | (4,694,734)<br>(4,694,734) | (4,694,734)<br>(4,694,734) |
| Balance as at June 30, 2023                                                                          | 4,694,734        | 3,373                                                                                   | 1,909,133                                                                  | 25,282,373         | 1,722,212                   | 182,948,082                   | 211,865,173                | 216,559,907                |
| Balance as at July 01, 2023                                                                          | 4,694,734        | 3,373                                                                                   | 1,909,133                                                                  | 25,282,373         | 1,722,212                   | 182,948,082                   | 211,865,173                | 216,559,907                |
| Total Comprehensive Income For the Year                                                              |                  |                                                                                         |                                                                            |                    |                             |                               |                            |                            |
| Profit for the year                                                                                  |                  | -                                                                                       | -                                                                          | -                  | -                           | 15,862,552                    | 15,862,552                 | 15,862,552                 |
| Profit for the year transferred to<br>venture capital reserve                                        | -                | -                                                                                       | -                                                                          | -                  | 414,167                     | (414,167)                     | -                          | -                          |
| Reclassification of reserves                                                                         | -                | -                                                                                       | -                                                                          | -                  | (1,721,661)                 | 1,721,661                     | -                          | -                          |
| Other Comprehensive Income For the Year                                                              |                  |                                                                                         |                                                                            |                    |                             |                               |                            |                            |
| Unrealised gain on remeasurement of equity<br>investment classified as FVOCI - net of tax            | -                | -                                                                                       | 344,408                                                                    | -                  | -                           | -                             | 344,408                    | 344,408                    |
| Actuarial gain on remeasurement of retirement<br>and other service benefits - net of tax             | -                |                                                                                         | -                                                                          | -                  | -                           | 2,061,361                     | 2,061,361                  | 2,061,361                  |
| Share of actuarial gain on remeasurement of<br>staff retirement benefits of associates - net of tax  | -                | _                                                                                       |                                                                            | -                  |                             | 1,738                         | 1,738                      | 1,738                      |
| Transactions with the Owners of the Company<br>Distributions<br>Final dividend for the year ended    |                  | -                                                                                       | 344,408                                                                    | -                  |                             | 2,063,099                     | 2,407,507                  | 2,407,507                  |
| June 30, 2023 at Rs. 7.5 per share                                                                   | -                | -                                                                                       | -                                                                          | -                  | -                           | (3,521,050)                   | (3,521,050)                | (3,521,050)                |
| Total Distributions                                                                                  | -                | -                                                                                       | -                                                                          | -                  | -                           | (3,521,050)                   | (3,521,050)                | (3,521,050)                |
| Balance as at June 30, 2024                                                                          | 4,694,734        | 3,373                                                                                   | 2,253,541                                                                  | 25,282,373         | 414,718                     | 198,660,177                   | 226,614,182                | 231,308,916                |
|                                                                                                      |                  |                                                                                         |                                                                            |                    |                             |                               |                            |                            |

The annexed notes 1 to 50 form an integral part of these unconsolidated financial statements.

Syed Muhammad Taha Managing Director & CEO

**Mushtag Malik** 

Gulzar Khoja **Chief Financial Officer** 

### **Unconsolidated Statement of Cash Flows**

For the year ended June 30, 2024

|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | Note         | 2024                                                                                           | 2023                                                                                                        |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |              | (Rupees                                                                                        | s in '000)                                                                                                  |
| CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |              |                                                                                                |                                                                                                             |
| Cash generated from / (used in) operations<br>Long-term loans, advances and other receivables<br>Long-term deposits and prepayments<br>Taxes paid<br>Finance costs paid<br>Retirement and other service benefits paid<br><b>Net Cash Generated From / (Used in) Operating Activities</b> | 39           | 98,001,421<br>(208,284)<br>30,153<br>(25,315,159)<br>(57,320,349)<br>(1,480,489)<br>13,707,293 | (179,106,818)<br>(427,524)<br>(33,213)<br>(33,167,967)<br>(27,814,925)<br><u>(716,467)</u><br>(241,266,914) |
| CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |              |                                                                                                |                                                                                                             |
| Capital expenditure<br>Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment<br>Investment in subsidiaries<br>Dividends received<br><b>Net Cash Used in Investing Activities</b>                                                                                                       | 4.4.1<br>4.2 | (6,110,165)<br>66,705<br>(2,556,661)<br>1,049,990<br>(7,550,131)                               | (5,090,713)<br>182,036<br>(15,000)<br>555,839<br>(4,367,838)                                                |
| CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |              |                                                                                                |                                                                                                             |
| Short-term borrowings - net<br>Lease payments<br>Dividend paid<br><b>Net Cash (Used in) / Generated From Financing Activities</b>                                                                                                                                                        | 26.8<br>22   | (28,402,406)<br>(1,772,593)<br>(3,461,478)<br>(33,636,477)                                     | 265,572,592<br>(1,578,125)<br>(4,612,011)<br>259,382,456                                                    |
| Net (Decrease) / Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents<br>Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year<br>Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of the Year                                                                                                                             | 40           | (27,479,315)<br>25,808,493<br>(1,670,822)                                                      | 13,747,704<br>12,060,789<br>25,808,493                                                                      |

The annexed notes 1 to 50 form an integral part of these unconsolidated financial statements.

Syed Muhammad Taha **Managing Director & CEO** 

Mushtag Malik



For the year ended June 30, 2024

### 1. LEGAL STATUS AND NATURE OF BUSINESS

- **1.1** Pakistan State Oil Company Limited ("the Company") is a public company incorporated in Pakistan in 1976 and is listed on the Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited. The registered office of the Company is located at PSO House, Khayaban-e-Iqbal, Clifton, Karachi. The principal activities of the Company are procurement, storage and marketing of petroleum and related products. It also blends and markets various kinds of lubricating oils.
- **1.2** The business units of the Company include the following:

| Business Unit             | Address                                                                               | Geographical<br>Location |
|---------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Head Office               | PSO House, Khayaban-e-lqbal, Clifton, Karachi.                                        | Sindh                    |
| Lubes Manufacturing Plant | National Refinery Limited, Korangi, Karachi.<br>Kemari Oil Terminal. Kemari, Karachi. | Sindh                    |

- **1.3** Regional marketing, sales offices and invoicing points are located across the country. The Company owns retail operation sites and sites operated through dealers across Pakistan, the details of which is impracticable to disclose in these unconsolidated financial statements as required under the 4th Schedule to the Companies Act, 2017.
- **1.4** The Board of Management (BoM) nominated by the Federal Government under Section 7 of the Marketing of Petroleum Products (Federal Control) Act, 1974 ("the Act") manages the affairs of the Company. The provisions of the Act shall have effect notwithstanding anything contained in the Companies Act, 2017 or any other law for the time being in force or any agreement, contract, Memorandum or Articles of Association of the Company.
- **1.5** These unconsolidated financial statements are the separate financial statements of the Company in which investment in subsidiaries have been accounted for at cost less accumulated impairment losses, if any.

### 2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

#### 2.1 Statement of compliance

These unconsolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan. The accounting and reporting standards applicable in Pakistan comprise of:

- International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) as notified under the Companies Act, 2017;
- Islamic Financial Accounting Standards (IFAS) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan as are notified under the Companies Act, 2017; and
- Provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 and State-Owned Enterprises (Governance and Operations) Act, 2023.

Where provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 differ with the requirements of IFRSs or IFAS, the provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 have been followed.

### 2.2 Basis of measurement

These unconsolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except for the following:

- Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income; and
- Obligations in respect of retirements and other service benefits.

For the year ended June 30, 2024

#### 2.3 Functional and presentation currency

These unconsolidated financial statements are presented in Pakistani Rupees which is the Company's functional and presentation currency. All financial information is presented in PKR.

#### 2.4 Accounting estimates, assumptions and judgements

The preparation of these unconsolidated financial statements in conformity with accounting and reporting standards, as applicable in Pakistan, requires management to make estimates, assumptions and use judgement that affect the application of company's accounting policies and the reported amount of assets, liabilities, income and expenses.

Estimates, assumptions and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other relevant factors, including reasonable expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under current circumstances. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised prospectively commencing from the period of revision. The estimates, assumptions and judgements made by the management in the application of accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan, that are relevant to the financial statements and may result in adjustments in subsequent years are as follows:

#### 2.4.1 Property, plant and equipment and intangibles (Refer note: 4 & 6)

The Company reviews appropriateness of the method of depreciation / amortisation, useful lives and residual values used in the calculation of depreciation / amortisation of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets respectively on an annual basis. Further, where applicable, an estimate of recoverable amount of assets is made for possible impairment at each reporting date.

#### 2.4.2 Right-of-use assets and corresponding lease liability (Refer note: 5 & 22)

Where the Company cannot readily determine the interest rate implicit in the lease, it uses its incremental borrowing rate (IBR) to measure lease liabilities. The IBR is the rate of interest that the Company would have to pay to borrow over a similar term, and with a similar security, the funds necessary to obtain an asset of a similar value of the right-of-use asset in a similar economic environment.

The Company determines the lease term as the non-cancellable term of the lease, together with any periods covered by an option to extend the lease if it is reasonably certain to be exercised, or any periods covered by an option to terminate the lease, if it is reasonably certain not to be exercised.

The Company has several lease contracts that include extension and termination options. The Company applies judgement in evaluating whether it is reasonably certain whether or not to exercise the option to renew or terminate the lease. That is, it considers all relevant factors that create an economic incentive for it to exercise either the renewal or termination. After the commencement date, the Company reassesses the lease term if there is a significant event or change in circumstances that is within its control that affects its ability to exercise or not to exercise the option to renew or to terminate (e.g. construction of significant leasehold improvements or significant customisation of the leased asset).

### 2.4.3 Impairment of stock-in-trade (Refer note: 12)

The Company reviews the net realisable value of stock-in-trade to assess any diminution in the respective carrying values at each reporting date. Net realisable value is determined with reference to estimated selling price less estimated expenditure to make the sales.

For the year ended June 30, 2024

#### 2.4.4 Provision for impairment on financial assets

#### Financial assets covered under IFRS 9 - 'Financial Instruments' (IFRS 9) (Refer note: 3.11.1)

The Company uses default rates based on credit rating of customers from which receivables are due, probability weighted cash flow projection for customers for which credit rating is not available and provision matrix for large portfolio of customers which have similar characteristics to calculate expected credit losses (ECL) for trade receivables, contract assets and other receivables.

The default rates are benchmarked and adjusted for forward looking information, cash flow projections are discounted using original effective interest rates, and the rates in provision matrix are based on days past due for various customer segments that have similar loss patterns. The provision matrix is initially based on the Company's historical observed default rates which is then adjusted for forward looking information.

The assessment of the correlation between historical observed default rates and the projection of cash flows from customers, forecast economic conditions and resulting ECL is a significant estimate. The amount of ECL is sensitive to changes in circumstances and of forecast economic conditions. The Company's historical credit loss experience and forecast of economic conditions may also not be representative of customer's actual default in the future.

#### Financial assets covered under IAS 39 - 'Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement' (IAS 39)

The Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) has deferred applicability of ECL model in respect of financial assets due directly / ultimately from Government of Pakistan (GoP) till June 30, 2024. Accordingly, the Company reviews the recoverability of its trade debts, lease receivables and investments that are due directly / ultimately from GoP to assess whether there is any objective evidence of impairment as per requirements of IAS 39 'Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement' at each reporting date.

The Company has overdue receivables on account of inter-corporate circular debt. These overdue balances are receivable from gas supply and power companies. The Government of Pakistan (GoP) is committed, hence continuously pursuing for satisfactory settlement of inter-corporate circular debt issue. However, the progress is slower than expected resulting in accumulation of Company's debts. Inter-corporate circular debt in Pakistan arises due to delayed payments in the energy sector supply chain; GoP either directly or through its direct / indirect ownership of entities within energy sector supply chain is at the core of circular debt issue.

Settlement of the Company's receivables is slower than the contractual terms primarily because circular debt is a macro economic level issue in Pakistan and its level at any given time is dependent on policies and / or priorities of the GoP, the level of subsidies offered by GoP to certain domestic and industrial consumers, exchange rate fluctuations, global crude oil prices and certain other systemic issues within energy sector (tariffs, losses, non / delayed recoveries).

The Company's assessment of objective evidence of impairment with respect to overdue amounts on account of intercorporate circular debt takes into account commitment made by the GoP, contractual rights to receive compensation for delayed payments and plans of the GoP to address the issue of inter-corporate circular debt.

#### 2.4.5 Income taxes (Refer note: 10 & 37)

Significant judgement is required in determining the provision for income taxes and deferred tax asset and liability. There are few transactions and calculations for which ultimate tax determination is uncertain as these matters are being contested at various legal forums. The Company recognises liabilities for anticipated tax issues based on estimates of whether additional taxes will be due taking into account decisions / judgement of appellate authorities on similar tax issues in the past. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the current and deferred tax assets and liabilities in the period in which such determination is made. The recognition of deferred tax is also made, by taking into account these judgements and the best estimate of future results of the Company.

For the year ended June 30, 2024

#### 2.4.6 Provision for retirement and other service benefit obligations (Refer note: 21)

The present value of these obligations depends on a number of factors and is being calculated on actuarial basis using a number of assumptions. Any changes in these assumptions will impact the carrying amount of these obligations. The present value of these obligations and the underlying assumptions are disclosed in note 21 to these unconsolidated financial statements.

#### 2.4.7 Valuation of un-quoted equity investment other than subsidiaries and associates (Refer note: 7)

The fair value of un-quoted equity investment other than subsidiaries and associates is calculated using cash flow projections which are discounted using the required rate of return. These cash flow projections and required rate of return calculation involves number of assumptions as disclosed in note 7.2 of these unconsolidated financial statements. Any changes in these assumptions will impact the carrying amount of the investment.

#### 2.4.8 Contingencies (Refer note: 29)

The assessment of contingencies inherently involves the exercise of significant judgement as the outcome of future events cannot be predicted with certainty. The Company, based on availability of latest information, estimates the value of contingent liabilities, which may differ on the occurrence / non-occurrence of uncertain future event(s).

#### 2.5 New or amendments / interpretations to existing standards, interpretations and forthcoming requirements

The Company has adopted the following amendments to the approved accounting and reporting standards which became effective from the current year:

#### Amendments to approved accounting standards

IAS 1 - Disclosure of Material Accounting Policy Information (Refer note 3)

IAS 12 - Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction (Refer note 10)

The adoption of the above amendments to the approved accounting and reporting standards did not have any material effect on these unconsolidated financial statements.

#### 2.6 Standards, amendments and interpretations to accounting and reporting standards that are not yet effective

The following International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) as notified under the Companies Act, 2017 and the amendments and interpretations thereto will be effective for accounting periods beginning on or after July 01, 2024:

- Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-Current (amendments to IAS 1 in January 2020) apply retrospectively
  for the annual periods beginning on or after January 01, 2024 (as deferred vide amendments to IAS 1 in October
  2022) with earlier application permitted. These amendments in the standards have been added to further clarify
  when a liability is classified as current. Convertible debt may need to be reclassified as 'current'. The standard also
  amends the aspect of classification of liability as non-current by requiring the assessment of the entity's right at
  the end of the reporting period to defer the settlement of liability for at least twelve months after the reporting
  period. An entity's expectation and discretion at the reporting date to refinance or to reschedule payments on a
  long-term basis are no longer relevant for the classification of a liability as current or non-current. An entity shall
  apply those amendments retrospectively in accordance with IAS 8.
- Non-Current Liabilities with Covenants (amendment to IAS 1 in October 2022) aims to improve the information an
  entity provides when its right to defer settlement of a liability for at least twelve months is subject to compliance
  with conditions. The amendment is also intended to address concerns about classifying such a liability as current
  or non-current. Only covenants with which a company must comply on or before the reporting date affect the

For the year ended June 30, 2024

classification of a liability as current or non-current. Covenants with which the company must comply after the reporting date (i.e. future covenants) do not affect a liability's classification at that date. However, when noncurrent liabilities are subject to future covenants, companies will now need to disclose information to help users understand the risk that those liabilities could become repayable within 12 months after the reporting date. The amendments apply retrospectively for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 01, 2024, with earlier application permitted. These amendments also specify the transition requirements for companies that may have early-adopted the previously issued but not yet effective 2020 amendments to IAS 1 (as referred above).

- Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback (amendment to IFRS 16 in September 2022) adds subsequent measurement requirements for sale and leaseback transactions that satisfy the requirements to be accounted for as a sale. The amendment confirms that on initial recognition, the seller-lessee includes variable lease payments when it measures a lease liability arising from a sale and leaseback transaction. After initial recognition, the seller-lessee applies the general requirements for subsequent accounting of the lease liability such that it recognises no gain or loss relating to the right-of-use it retains. A seller-lessee may adopt different approaches that satisfy the new requirements on subsequent measurement. The amendments are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 01, 2024 with earlier application permitted. Under IAS 8, a seller-lessee will need to apply the amendments retrospectively to sale and leaseback transactions entered into or after the date of initial application of IFRS 16 in 2019, and potentially restate those that included variable lease payments. If an entity (a seller-lessee) applies the amendments arising from Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback for an earlier period, the entity shall disclose that fact.
- Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture (amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28) amend accounting treatment on loss of control of business or assets. The amendments also introduce new accounting for less frequent transaction that involves neither cost nor full step-up of certain retained interests in assets that are not businesses. The effective date for these changes has been deferred indefinitely until the completion of a broader review.
- Supplier Finance Arrangements (amendments to IAS 7 and IFRS 7) introduce two new disclosure objectives for a company to provide information about its supplier finance arrangements that would enable users (investors) to assess the effects of these arrangements on the company's liabilities and cash flows, and the company's exposure to liquidity risk. Under the amendments, companies also need to disclose the type and effect of non-cash changes in the carrying amounts of the financial liabilities that are part of a supplier finance arrangement. The amendments also add supplier finance arrangements as an example to the existing disclosure requirements in IFRS 7 on factors a company might consider when providing specific quantitative liquidity risk disclosures about its financial liabilities. The amendments are effective for periods beginning on or after January 01, 2024, with early application permitted. However, some relief from providing certain information in the year of initial application is available.
- Lack of Exchangeability (amendments to IAS 21) clarify:
  - when a currency is exchangeable into another currency; and
  - how a company estimates a spot rate when a currency lacks exchangeability.

Further, companies will need to provide new disclosures to help users assess the impact of using an estimated exchange rate on the financial statements. These disclosures might include:

For the year ended June 30, 2024

- the nature and financial impacts of the currency not being exchangeable;
- the spot exchange rate used;
- the estimation process; and
- risks to the company because the currency is not exchangeable.

The amendments apply for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 01, 2025. Earlier application is permitted.

- Amendments to the Classification and Measurement of Financial Instruments (amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7)
- Financial Assets with ESG-Linked features:

Under IFRS 9, it was unclear whether the contractual cash flows of some financial assets with ESG-linked features represented SPPI. This could have resulted in financial assets with ESG-linked features being measured at fair value through profit or loss.

Although the new amendments are more permissive, they apply to all contingent features, not just ESG-linked features. While the amendments may allow certain financial assets with contingent features to meet the SPPI criterion, companies may need to perform additional work to prove this. Judgement will be required in determining whether the new test is met.

The amendments introduce an additional SPPI test for financial assets with contingent features that are not related directly to a change in basic lending risks or costs – e.g. where the cash flows change depending on whether the borrower meets an ESG target specified in the loan contract.

The amendments also include additional disclosures for all financial assets and financial liabilities that have certain contingent features that are:

- not related directly to a change in basic lending risks or costs; and
- are not measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The amendments apply for reporting periods beginning on or after January 01, 2026. Companies can choose to earlyadopt these amendments (including the associated disclosure requirements), separately from the amendments for the recognition and derecognition of financial assets and financial liabilities.

- Recognition / Derecognition requirements of Financial Assets / Liabilities by Electronic Payments:

The amendments to IFRS 9 clarify when a financial asset or a financial liability is recognised and derecognised and provide an exception for certain financial liabilities settled using an electronic payment system. Companies generally derecognise their trade payables on the settlement date (i.e., when the payment is completed). However, the amendments provide an exception for the derecognition of financial liabilities. The exception allows the company to derecognise its trade payables before the settlement date, when it uses an electronic payment system that meets all of the following criteria:

- no practical ability to withdraw, stop or cancel the payment instruction;
- no practical ability to access the cash to be used for settlement as a result of the payment instruction; and
- the settlement risk associated with the electronic payment system is insignificant.

For the year ended June 30, 2024

The amendments apply for reporting periods beginning on or after January 01, 2026. Earlier application is permitted.

#### 2.7 Share-Based Payments and Benazir Employees Stock Option Scheme

Amendments to IFRS 2 Share-Based Payment – Group cash-settled share-based payment transactions became effective from July 01, 2010 which require an entity receiving goods or services (receiving entity) in either an equity-settled or a cash-settled share-based payment transaction to account for such transaction in its separate or individual unconsolidated financial statements.

On August 14, 2009, the Government of Pakistan (GoP) launched Benazir Employees Stock Option Scheme ('the Scheme') for employees of certain State Owned Enterprises (SOEs) and non-State Owned Enterprises (non-SOEs) where GoP holds significant investments. The scheme is applicable to permanent and contractual employees who were in the employment of these entities on the date of launch of the Scheme, subject to completion of five years vesting period by all contractual employees and by permanent employees in certain instances.

The Scheme provides for a cash payment to employees on retirement or termination based on the price of shares of respective entities. To administer this scheme, GoP shall transfer 12% of its investment in such SOEs and non-SOEs to a Trust Fund to be created for the purpose by each of such entities. The eligible employees would be allocated units by each Trust Fund in proportion to their respective length of service, and on retirement or termination such employees would be entitled to receive such amounts from Trust Fund in exchange for the surrendered units as would be determined based on market price for listed entities or break-up value for non-listed entities. The shares relating to the surrendered units would be transferred back to GoP.

The Scheme also provides that 50% of dividend related to shares transferred to the respective Trust Fund would be distributed amongst the unit holder employees. The balance 50% dividend would be transferred by the respective Trust Fund to the Central Revolving Fund managed by the Privatisation Commission of Pakistan for payment to employees against surrendered units. The deficit, if any, in Trust Fund to meet the re-purchase commitment would be met by GoP.

The Scheme, developed in compliance with the above stated GoP policy of empowerment of employees of SOEs need to be accounted for by the covered entities, including the Company, under the provisions of amended IFRS 2. However, keeping in view the difficulties that may be faced by the entities covered under the Scheme, the SECP vide SRO 587(I)/2011 dated June 07, 2011; on receiving representations from some of entities covered under the Scheme and after having consulted the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan, granted exemption to such entities from the application of IFRS 2 to the Scheme. Further, in response to this letter, as per the Ministry of Privatization letter dated May 08, 2019, Ministry has advised to initiate case for winding up of the Scheme. In response to this letter Trustees of the Scheme have requested parent ministry for directions / clarification on winding up. The Honourable Supreme Court of Pakistan in its short order dated October 22, 2020, stated in the cases filed by other companies declared that Benazir Employees Stock Option Scheme (BESOS) is unconstitutional and ultra-vires. The Ministry of Energy (Petroleum Division) through its letter reference F.No. 8(9)/2014/BESOS/D-III (Volume-IV) dated November 25, 2020 directed the Company while referring Finance's Division letter no. F.2 (39) - NTR/2-2-F dated November 19, 2020 to deposit the accrued BESOS amounts in Federal Consolidated Fund. The Company now awaits the specific instructions from the Ministry of Energy (Petroleum Division) regarding the winding up of the Trust, after which it shall take the requisite corporate actions for the transfer of 3.04% shareholding back to the Federal Government and related actions for liquidation of the Trust and crediting the Trust funds in the Federal Consolidated Fund.

#### 2.8 Change in Accounting Policy

As disclosed in note 37, the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (ICAP), vide its circular no. 07/2024 dated

178

For the year ended June 30, 2024

#### (Amounts in Rs. '000)

May 15, 2024, provided the guidance on IAS 12 application guidance on accounting for minimum taxes and final taxes. The Company has accounted for the change in its accounting policy as per the requirement of IAS 8 'Accounting Policies, Change in Accounting Estimates and Errors'. The Company has applied the accounting policy of IAS 12 as per the guidance. Resultantly, there is a reclassification of final taxes and minimum taxes previously classified as 'Taxation - current' in the unconsolidated statement of profit or loss appearing below Profit before taxation, to 'Profit before taxation, minimum tax differential and final taxes' (categorised as levy as per IFRIC 21 / IAS 37).

#### 2.8.1 Impacts on the Company's unconsolidated statement of profit or loss:

|                                                                  | As Previously<br>Reported | Reclassification          | As Reclassified           |
|------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| Profit before taxation, minimum tax differential and final taxes | -                         | 24,366,097                | 24,366,097                |
| Minimum tax differential<br>Final taxes                          | -                         | (10,639,326)<br>(100,008) | (10,639,326)<br>(100,008) |
| Profit before taxation                                           | 24,366,097                | (10,739,334)              | 13,626,763                |
| Taxation                                                         | (18,703,952)              | 10,739,334                | (7,964,618)               |

There is no impact of reclassifications mentioned in note 2.8 on Company's unconsolidated Statement of Financial Position, unconsolidated Statement of Cash Flows, unconsolidated Statement of Changes in Equity and Company's earnings per share for the year ended June 30, 2023.

#### 3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these unconsolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all years presented, unless otherwise stated.

#### 3.1 Property, plant and equipment

These are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any, except freehold land which is stated at cost and capital work-in-progress, which is stated at cost less accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Cost in relation to certain fixed assets, including capital work-in-progress, signifies historical cost and financial charges on borrowings for financing the projects which takes substantial time for completion, until such projects are available for their intended use. Fixed assets under capital work-in-progress are classified to the appropriate categories of property, plant and equipment, when completed and ready for intended use.

Depreciation is charged to profit or loss using straight-line method so as to write-off the historical cost of the assets over their estimated useful lives at the rates given in note 4.1 to these unconsolidated financial statements. Depreciation on additions is charged from the month in which the asset is available for use and on disposals up to the preceding month of disposal. Assets' residual value, useful lives and method of depreciation and rates are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate on an annual basis at each reporting date. An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount. Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised.

Maintenance and normal repairs are charged to profit or loss. The gain or loss on disposal or retirement of an asset represented by the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is recognised as an income or expense.

For the year ended June 30, 2024

### 3.2 Right-of-use asset

The right-of-use asset is initially measured based on the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, less any lease incentive received. The right-of-use asset is depreciated on a straight-line method over the lease term as this method most closely reflects the expected pattern of consumption of future economic benefits. The right-of-use asset is reduced by impairment losses, if any, and adjusted for certain remeasurements of the lease liability.

The Company does not recognise right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for short-term leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less and leases of low-value assets. The lease payments associated with these leases are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

### 3.3 Intangibles

An intangible asset is recognised if it is probable that the future economic benefits that are attributable to the asset will flow to the Company and that the cost of such asset can also be measured reliably.

Generally, costs associated with developing or maintaining computer software programmes are recognised as an expense as incurred. However, costs that are directly associated with identifiable software and have probable economic benefits exceeding one year, are recognised as an intangible asset. Direct costs include the purchase cost of software and related overhead cost. Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Intangible asset is amortised and charged to profit or loss from the month when such asset is available for use on straight-line basis over its useful economic life. The estimated useful life and amortisation method are reviewed on an annual basis at each reporting period, with the effect of any change in estimate being accounted for on prospective basis.

### 3.4 Financial instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

### i) Financial assets

### Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets are classified, at initial recognition and subsequently measured at amortised cost, fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI) or fair value through profit or loss (FVPL).

The classification of financial assets at initial recognition depends on the financial asset's contractual cash flow characteristics and the Company's business model for managing them. With the exception of trade receivables and contract assets, the Company initially measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs. Trade receivables and contract assets are measured at the transaction price determined under IFRS 15 'Revenue from Contract with Customers'.

In order for a financial asset to be classified and measured at amortised cost or fair value through OCI, it needs to give rise to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding. This assessment is referred to as the SPPI test and is performed at an instrument level. The Company's business model for managing financial assets refers to how it manages its financial assets in order to generate cash flows. The business model determines whether cash flows will result from collecting contractual cash flows, selling the financial assets, or both.

For the year ended June 30, 2024

Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within a time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place (regular way trades) are recognised on the trade date, i.e. the date that the Company commits to purchase or sell the asset.

### Subsequent measurement

For purposes of subsequent measurement, the Company classifies its financial assets into following categories:

- Financial assets at amortised cost (debt instruments);
- Financial assets designated at fair value through OCI (FVOCI) with no recycling of cumulative gains and losses upon derecognition (equity instruments); and
- Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVPL).

### Financial assets at amortised cost (debt instruments)

The Company measures financial assets at amortised cost if both of the following conditions are met:

- The financial asset is held within a business model with the objective to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial assets at amortised cost are subsequently measured using the effective interest rate (EIR) method and are subject to impairment. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised, modified or impaired.

### Financial assets designated at FVOCI (equity instruments)

Upon initial recognition, the Company can elect to classify irrevocably its equity investments as equity instruments designated at FVOCI when they meet the definition of equity under IAS 32 'Financial Instruments: Presentation' and are not held for trading. The classification is determined on an instrument-by-instrument basis.

Gains and losses on these financial assets are never recycled to profit or loss. Dividends are recognised as other income in profit or loss when the right to receive the payment has been established. Equity instruments designated at fair value through OCI are not subject to impairment assessment.

### Financial assets at FVPL

Financial assets at FVPL include financial assets held for trading, financial assets designated upon initial recognition at FVPL, or financial assets mandatorily required to be measured at fair value. Financial assets are classified as held for trading if they are acquired for the purpose of selling or repurchasing in the near term. Financial assets with cash flows that are not solely payments of principal and interest are classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss, irrespective of the business model. Notwithstanding the criteria for debt instruments to be classified at amortised cost or at FVOCI, as described above, debt instruments may be designated at FVPL on initial recognition if doing so eliminates, or significantly reduces, an accounting mismatch.

Financial assets at FVPL are carried in the statement of financial position at fair value with net changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss.

This category also includes derivative instruments and listed equity investments which the Company had not irrevocably elected to classify at FVOCI. Dividends on equity investments are also recognised as other income in profit or loss when the right to receive the payment has been established.

The Company has not designated any financial asset at FVPL.

For the year ended June 30, 2024

### Derecognition

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognised (i.e. removed from the Company's statement of financial position) when:

- The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or
- The Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement and either (a) the Company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Company has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if, and to what extent, it has retained the risks and rewards of ownership.

When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset, nor transferred control of the asset, the Company continues to recognise the transferred asset to the extent of its continuing involvement. In that case, the Company also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Company has retained.

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Company could be required to repay.

### ii) Financial liabilities

### Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at FVPL, loans and borrowings, trade payables, or as derivatives designated as hedging instruments in an effective hedge, as appropriate.

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

### Subsequent measurement

### Financial liabilities at FVPL

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss. Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognised in profit or loss. Financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss are designated at the initial date of recognition, and only if the criteria in IFRS 9 are satisfied. The Company has not designated any financial liability at FVPL.

For the year ended June 30, 2024

### Financial liabilities at amortised cost

After initial recognition, borrowings and payables are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the EIR amortisation process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in profit or loss.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Company has an unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date. Exchange gains and losses arising in respect of borrowings in foreign currency are added to the carrying amount of the borrowing.

### Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in profit or loss.

### iii) Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the statement of financial position if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

### 3.5 Investment in associates

Associates are all entities over which the Company has significant influence but not control, generally represented by a shareholding of 20% or more but less than 50% of the voting rights. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policies and decision of investees. Investments in associates are accounted for using the equity method of accounting and are initially recognised at cost.

The Company's share of its associates' post acquisition profits or losses is recognised in profit or loss and its share in associates' post acquisition comprehensive income is recognised in other comprehensive income. Cumulative post acquisition movements are adjusted against the carrying value of the investments. Dividends received from associates reduce the carrying amount of the investment. When the Company's share of losses in associate equals or exceeds its interest in the associate including any other long-term unsecured receivable, the Company does not recognise further losses, unless it has incurred obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate.

When an FVOCI investment is converted into associated company, the balance in the surplus on revaluation of related asset is transferred to unappropriated profit. Gain on transaction between the Company and its associate are eliminated to the extent of the Company's interest in associates.

The carrying amount of the investment is tested for impairment, by comparing its recoverable amount (higher of value in use or fair value less costs to sell) with its carrying amount and loss, if any, is recognised in profit or loss.

For the year ended June 30, 2024

### 3.6 Investment in subsidiaries

Investment in subsidiaries is stated at cost less accumulated impairment losses, if any.

### 3.7 Stores, spares and loose tools

These are valued at moving average cost less accumulated impairment losses, if any, except for items in-transit which are stated at invoice value plus other charges incurred thereon till the reporting date. Cost comprises invoice value and other direct costs but excludes borrowing cost. Provision is made for obsolete / slow moving items where necessary and is recognised in profit or loss.

### 3.8 Stock-in-trade

Stock-in-trade is valued at the lower of average cost or cost on first in, first out (FIFO) basis and net realisable value except for stock-in-transit which is stated at cost (invoice value) plus other charges incurred thereon till the reporting date. The cost formula is dependent on the nature of the stock categories but the same formula is applied to all items of a similar nature. Cost comprises invoice value, charges like excise, custom duties, etc., and other direct costs.

Provision is made for obsolete / slow moving stocks where necessary and recognised in profit or loss. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less estimated costs necessary to be incurred in order to make a sale.

### 3.9 Deposits, advances and other receivables

Deposits, advances and other receivables are stated initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method.

Exchange gains or losses arising in respect of deposits, advances and other receivables in foreign currency are added to their respective carrying amounts and charged to profit or loss.

### 3.10 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, with banks in current and deposit accounts, cheques in hand, demand draft and running finance under mark-up arrangements. Running finances under mark-up arrangements are shown within short-term borrowings under current liabilities on the statement of financial position.

### 3.11 Impairment

### 3.11.1 Impairment of financial assets

### Financial assets covered under IFRS 9

The Company recognises an allowance for expected credit losses (ECL) for all debt instruments not held at fair value through profit or loss. ECLs are based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Company expects to receive, discounted at an approximation of the original effective interest rate. The expected cash flows will include cash flows from the sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms.

ECL is recognised in two stages. For credit exposures for which there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, ECLs are provided for credit losses that result from default events that are possible within the next 12 months (a 12 month ECL). For those credit exposures for which there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, a loss allowance is required for credit losses expected over the remaining life of the exposure, irrespective of the timing of the default (a lifetime ECL).

For the year ended June 30, 2024

For financial assets other than trade debts and contract assets, the Company applies general approach in calculating ECL. It is based on difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Company expects to receive discounted at the approximation of the original effective interest rate. The expected cash flows will include cash flows from sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms.

For trade debts and contract assets, the Company applies a simplified approach where applicable in calculating ECL. Therefore, the Company does not track changes in credit risk, but instead recognises a loss allowance based on lifetime ECL at each reporting date. The Company has established a provision matrix for large portfolio of customer having similar characteristics and default rates based on the credit rating of customers from which receivables are due that is based on the Company's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

The Company considers a financial asset in default when contractual payments are 90 days past due. However, in certain cases, the Company may also consider a financial asset to be in default when internal or external information indicates that the Company is unlikely to receive the outstanding contractual amounts in full before taking into account any credit enhancements held by the Company. A financial asset is written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovering the contractual cash flows.

### Financial assets covered under IAS 39

The Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) through S.R.O 67(I)/2023 dated January 20, 2023 has granted exemption from application of expected credit losses (ECL) method under IFRS 9 'Financial Instruments' on financial assets due from GoP in respect of circular debt till December 31, 2024, provided that the Company shall follow relevant requirements of IAS 39 'Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement' in respect of above referred financial assets during the exemption period. Consequently, the Company has not recorded impact of aforesaid ECL on trade debts of SNGPL, HUBCO and GENCO in these unconsolidated financial statements based on the exemption granted from SECP in this respect. It was noted that concerns expressed by companies regarding practical limitations in determining ECL on debts due from Government, due to uncertain cash recovery patterns of circular debt, carry weight. In accordance with the exemption granted by SECP, ECL has not been recognised in respect of financial assets due directly / ultimately from GoP (i.e. SNGPL, HUBCO and GENCO) in the unconsolidated financial statements of financial statements based on the clarification received from SECP. The Company expects same exemption for another one year from SECP.

Financial assets, on which ECL model is not applicable as per the aforesaid notification of SECP, are assessed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any objective evidence that it is impaired. A financial asset is considered to be impaired if objective evidence indicates that one or more events have had a negative effect on the estimated future cash flows of that asset. Individually significant financial assets are tested for impairment on an individual basis. The remaining financial assets are assessed collectively in groups that share similar credit risk characteristics.

All impairment losses are recognised in statement of profit or loss. An impairment loss is reversed if the reversal can be related objectively to an event accruing after the impairment loss was recognised. For financial asset carried at cost, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at current market rate of return for a similar financial asset. Such impairment loss will not be reversed in subsequent periods. For financial asset carried at amortised cost, the amount of impairment loss recognised is difference between carrying amount and present value of estimated cash flow, discounted at effective interest rate.

For the year ended June 30, 2024

#### 3.11.2 Non-financial assets

The carrying amounts of non-financial assets are assessed at each reporting date to ascertain whether there is any indication of impairment. If such an indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated to determine the extent of impairment loss, if any. An impairment loss is recognised, as an expense in profit or loss. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less cost to disposal and value in use. Value in use is ascertained through discounting of the estimated future cash flows using a discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risk specific to the assets for which the estimate of future cash flow have not been adjusted. For the purpose of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash-generating units).

An impairment loss is reversed if there is a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortisation, if no impairment loss had been recognised previously. Reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

#### 3.12 Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity and are recorded at their face value. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

### 3.13 Retirement and other service benefits

### 3.13.1 Defined benefit plans

#### **Pension funds**

The Company operates approved funded defined benefit pension schemes separately for permanent management and non-management employees except for those employees who joined the Company after December 31, 2012. The scheme is administrated by the Trustees nominated under the Trust Deed. The schemes provide pension based on the employees' last drawn salary. Pensions are payable for life and thereafter 50% to surviving spouses and / or dependent children. Provisions are made to cover the obligations under the scheme on the basis of actuarial recommendations. The actuarial valuations are carried using the Projected Unit Credit Method. The amount recognised in the statement of financial position represents the present value of defined benefit obligations as reduced by the fair value of the plan assets. Actuarial gain or loss (remeasurements) are immediately recognised as other comprehensive income / (loss) as they occur. Current service costs and any past service costs together with net interest cost are charged to profit or loss.

### **Gratuity fund**

The Company also operates an approved funded defined benefit gratuity scheme for all its permanent employees. The scheme is administrated by the Trustees nominated under the Trust deed. The scheme provides for a graduated scale of benefits dependent on the length of service of the employee on terminal date, subject to the completion of minimum qualifying period of service. Gratuity is based on employees' last drawn salary. Provisions are made to cover the obligations under the scheme on the basis of actuarial recommendations. The actuarial valuations are carried out using the Projected Unit Credit Method. Actuarial gain or loss (remeasurements) are immediately recognised in other comprehensive income / (loss) as they occur. The amount recognised in the statement of financial position represents the present value of defined benefit obligations as reduced by the fair value of the plan assets. Current service costs and any past service costs together with net interest cost are charged to profit or loss.

For the year ended June 30, 2024

### **Medical benefits**

The Company also provides post retirement defined medical benefits to its permanent employees except for those management and non-management employees who joined the Company after July 01, 2001. Under the unfunded scheme all such employees, their spouses and dependents are entitled to the benefits. Provisions are made to cover the obligations under the scheme on the basis of actuarial recommendations. The actuarial valuations are carried out using the Projected Unit Credit Method. Actuarial gain or loss (remeasurements) are immediately recognised in other comprehensive income / (loss) as they occur. The amount recognised in the statement of financial position represents the present value of defined benefit obligations. Current service costs and any past service costs together with net interest cost are charged to profit or loss.

#### **Compensated absences**

The Company provides for compensated absences on the basis of actuarial valuation carried out in accordance with the requirements of IAS 19 'Employees Benefits'. Actuarial valuation of the scheme is carried out every year. Compensated absences are based on employees' last drawn salary.

### 3.13.2 Defined contribution plan

### **Provident fund**

The Company also operates an approved funded defined contributory provident fund separately for its management and non-management employees. Equal monthly contributions are made both by the Company and the employee at the rate of 8.33% per annum of the basic salary. In addition, employees have the option to contribute at the rate of 16.66% per annum, however, the Company's contribution remains at the rate of 8.33% per annum.

### **Pension fund**

The Company also operates an approved funded defined contributory pension fund separately for its management and non-management employees. Monthly contribution is made by the Company at the rate of 9.47% per annum of the gross salary.

### 3.14 Lease liabilities

At inception of a contract, the Company assesses whether a contract is, or contains, a lease based on whether the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions. Leases are recognised as a right-of-use asset and a corresponding liability at the date at which the leased asset is available for use by the Company.

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease, or if that rate cannot be readily determined, the Company's incremental borrowing rate.

Lease payments include fixed payments less any incentive received, variable lease payment that are based on an index or a rate, amounts expected to be payable by the lessee under residual value guarantees, the exercise price of a purchase option and if the lessee is reasonably certain to exercise that option, payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the lessee exercising that option, less any lease incentives receivable. The extension and termination options are incorporated in determination of lease term only when the Company is reasonably certain to exercise these options.

Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognised as expenses (unless they are incurred to produce inventories) in the period in which the event or condition that triggers the payment occurs.

For the year ended June 30, 2024

The lease liability is subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method. It is remeasured when there is a change in future lease payments arising from a change in fixed lease payments or an index or rate, change in the Company's estimate of the amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee. The corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset, or is recorded in profit and loss if the carrying amount of right-of-use asset has been reduced to zero.

The Company has several lease contracts that include extension and termination options. The Company applies judgement in evaluating whether it is reasonably certain whether or not to exercise the option to renew or terminate the lease. That is, it considers all relevant factors that create an economic incentive for it to exercise either the renewal or termination. After the commencement date, the Company reassesses the lease term if there is a significant event or change in circumstances that is within its control that affects its ability to exercise or not to exercise the option to renew or to terminate.

When there is a change in scope of a lease, or the consideration for a lease, that was not part of the original terms and conditions of the lease is accounted for as a lease modification. The lease modification is accounted for as a separate lease if modification increases the scope of lease by adding the right-of-use one or more underlying assets and the consideration for lease increases by an amount that is commensurate with the stand-alone price for the increase in scope adjusted to reflect the circumstances of the particular contracts, if any. When the lease modification is not accounted for as a separate lease, the lease liability is remeasured and corresponding adjustment is made to right-of-use asset.

#### 3.15 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Company has present obligation (legal or constructive obligation) as a result of a past event, it is probable that outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of obligation. Provisions are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect current best estimate.

The amount recognised as provision is the best estimate of consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of reporting period, taking into account the risk and uncertainties surrounding the obligation.

#### 3.16 Taxation

### 3.16.1 Current

Provision for current taxation is based on the taxable income for the year determined in accordance with the prevailing law for taxation on income. The charge for current tax is calculated using prevailing tax rates. The charge for current tax also includes adjustments for prior years or otherwise considered necessary for such years. Current tax is charged to profit or loss except to the extent it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income / (loss).

### 3.16.2 Deferred

Deferred tax is accounted for using the balance sheet liability method on all temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the unconsolidated financial statements. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences including on investments in associates and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, unabsorbed depreciation, unused tax losses and tax credits can be utilised. Deferred tax assets are remeasured at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised. Deferred tax is calculated at the rates that are expected to apply to the period when the differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date. Deferred tax is charged or credited to profit or loss except to the extent it relates to items recognised as other comprehensive income / (loss).

For the year ended June 30, 2024

### 3.17 Foreign currency transactions and translation

Transactions in foreign currencies are converted into Rupees at the rates of exchange prevailing on the date of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into Rupees at rates prevailing at the statement of financial position date. Foreign currency gains and losses are recognised in the statement of profit or loss. Foreign exchange differences arising from trading transactions are included in the results of operating activities whereas exchange differences on financing activities are included in finance cost.

### 3.18 Revenue recognition

The Company recognises revenue at a point in time when control of product is transferred to customer. Control, depending on contractual terms, is considered to be transferred either when the product is directly uplifted by customer from terminal or when it is delivered by the Company at customer premises.

The Company generally enters into an agreement with its customers for supply of petroleum products, including delivery of product. As the transportation of product coincides with actual delivery, sale of product and transportation is considered single performance obligation. The credit limits in contract with customers ranges from 2 to 90 days.

### 3.19 Other income

Other income is recognised to the extent it is probable that economic benefit will flow to the Company and the amount can be measured reliably. Other income is measured at fair value of the consideration received or receivable and recognised on following basis:

- Dividend income on equity investment is recognised when the Company's right to receive the dividend is established.
- Mark-up / interest on debt securities, return on deposits and other financial assets are recognised on time proportion basis using effective interest rate method.
- Handling, storage and other services income is recognised when the services have been rendered.
- Mark-up receivable on delayed payment is recognised on receipt basis.
- Return on deposits and other financial assets is recognised on accrual basis.
- Financial charges on line fill cost is recognised on accrual basis.

#### 3.20 Segment reporting

Segment reporting is based on the operating (business) segments of the Company. An operating segment is a component of the Company that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenue and incur expenses. An operating segment's operating results are reviewed regularly by the Management Committee of the Company to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and assess its performance, and for which discrete financial information is available.

Segment results that are reported to the BoM includes items directly attributable to a segment as well as those that can be allocated on a reasonable basis. The business segments are engaged in providing products or services which are subject to risk and rewards which differ from the risk and rewards of other segments. Segments reported are Petroleum products, Liquefied Natural Gas (LNG) and other sources.

For the year ended June 30, 2024

(Amounts in Rs. '000)

### 3.21 Interest in joint arrangements

Joint arrangements are arrangements in which the Company has contractually agreed sharing of control, which exists only when decisions about the relevant activities require unanimous consent of the parties sharing control. Joint arrangements are classified as joint operations or joint ventures depending upon the rights and obligations arising from the joint arrangement.

The Company classifies a joint arrangement as joint operations when the Company has the rights to the assets, and obligations for the liabilities of the arrangement in relation to the joint operations. The Company classifies a joint arrangement as a joint venture when the Company has rights to the net assets of the arrangement.

The Company currently has joint operations as follows:

- In December 2004, the Company entered into an unincorporated joint arrangement with Shell Pakistan Limited and Total Parco Marketing Limited, for establishment and installation of storage facilities relating to petroleum products at Mehmoodkot. The Company has a 62.1% share in the joint arrangement.
- In March 2015, the Company entered into an unincorporated joint arrangement with Attock Petroleum Limited (APL) for establishment, operation and maintenance of a fuel farm and to operate and maintain the hydrant refueling system at the New Islamabad International Airport. Each party has a 50% share in this joint arrangement.

The Company recognises its direct right to the assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses of joint operations and its share of any jointly held or incurred assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses. These have been incorporated in these unconsolidated financial statements under the appropriate line items.

The Company currently does not have any joint venture.

### 3.22 Earnings per share

The Company presents basic and diluted earnings per share (EPS) data for its ordinary shares. Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year. Diluted EPS is determined by adjusting the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders and the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares.

### 3.23 Contingencies

Contingencies are disclosed when Company has possible obligation that arises from past event and whose existence will be confirmed only by occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of entity, or a present obligation that arises from past event but is not recognised because it is not probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefit will be required to settle the obligation or, when amount of obligation cannot be measured with sufficient reliability.

|    |                               | Note | 2024       | 2023       |
|----|-------------------------------|------|------------|------------|
|    |                               |      |            |            |
|    |                               |      |            |            |
| 4. | PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT |      |            |            |
|    | Operating assets              | 4.1  | 18,211,319 | 14,357,852 |
|    | Capital work-in-progress      | 4.4  | 3,902,585  | 4,282,708  |
|    |                               |      | 22,113,904 | 18,640,560 |

For the year ended June 30, 2024

| Onerating assets                                                                                                                        |                         |                               |                                                   |                                                   |                                        |                                                       |                                                     |                                      |                                                     |                                                   |                              | אווו כאוווטטוווא)                                   | (000 .                                                      |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|
| G<br>G<br>G                                                                                                                             | Freehold L              | Leasehold                     | Building<br>On freehold On leasehold<br>land land | ing<br>On leasehold<br>land                       | Tanks and<br>pipelines                 | Service and<br>filling stations<br>(Note 4.1.2)       | Plant and<br>machinery                              | Furniture<br>and fittings            | Vehicles and<br>other rolling<br>stock              | Office<br>equipment                               | Railway<br>sidings           | Gas<br>cylinders/<br>regulators<br>(Note 4.1.2)     | Total                                                       |
| <b>As at July 01, 2022</b><br>Cost<br>Accumulated depreciation<br>Net book value                                                        | 598,855<br>-<br>598,855 | 110,921<br>(30,529)<br>80,392 | 1,252,797<br>(708,842)<br>543,955                 | 1,934,457<br>(1,069,995)<br>864,462               | 8,971,303<br>(4,272,022)<br>4,699,281  | 13,053,888<br>(9,636,206)<br>3,417,682                | 5,440,869<br>(4,201,449)<br>1,239,420               | 459,996<br>(351,202)<br>108,794      | 1,960,451<br>(1,648,011)<br>312,440                 | 1,285,523<br>(1,016,710)<br>268,813               | 97,555<br>(74,263)<br>23,292 | 493,798<br>(221,467)<br>272,331                     | 35,660,413<br>(23,230,696)<br>12,429,717                    |
| Year ended June 30, 2023<br>Opening net book value<br>Additions / transfers<br>Disposals (Note 4.2)<br>Cost<br>Accumulated depreciation | 598,855<br>345,041<br>  | 80,392                        | 543,955<br>97,010<br>(7,169)<br>4,391             | 864,462<br>102,815<br>(12,304)<br>11,748<br>(556) | 4,699,281<br>1,134,640<br>(687)<br>641 | 3,417,682<br>961,511<br>(463,483)<br>462,769<br>(714) | 1,239,420<br>576,146<br>(16,809)<br>16,597<br>(212) | 108,794<br>48,925<br>(6,686)<br>(98) | 312,440<br>490,196<br>(80,366)<br>(7.327)           | 268,813<br>157,263<br>(17,555)<br>17,419<br>(136) | 23,292                       | 272,331<br>53,367<br>(108,164)<br>99,187<br>(8,977) | 12,429,717<br>3,966,914<br>(713,223)<br>692,379<br>(20,844) |
| Depreciation charge (Note 4.1.1)<br>Closing net book value                                                                              | -<br>943,896            | (1,263)<br>79,129             | (36,201)<br>601,986                               | (79,012)<br>887,709                               | (635,360)<br>5,198,515                 | (596,522)<br>3,781,957                                | (297,136)<br>1,518,218                              | (27,670)<br>129,951                  | (157,021)<br>638,288                                | (140,862)<br>285,078                              | (4,435)<br>18,857            | (42,453)<br>274,268                                 | (2,017,935)<br>14,357,852                                   |
| <b>As at July 01, 2023</b><br>Cost<br>Accumulated depreciation<br>Net book value                                                        | 943,896<br>-<br>943,896 | 110,921<br>(31,792)<br>79,129 | 1,342,638<br>(740,652)<br>601,986                 | 2,024,968<br>(1,137,259)<br>887,709               | 10,105,256<br>(4,906,741)<br>5,198,515 | 13,551,916<br>(9,769,959)<br>3,781,957                | 6,000,206<br>(4,481,988)<br>1,518,218               | 502,235<br>(372,284)<br>129,951      | 2,370,281<br>(1,731,993)<br>638,288                 | 1,425,231<br>(1,140,153)<br>285,078               | 97,555<br>(78,698)<br>18,857 | 439,001<br>(164,733)<br>274,268                     | 38,914,104<br>(24,556,252)<br>14,357,852                    |
| Year ended June 30, 2024<br>Opening net book value<br>Additions / transfers<br>Disposals (Note 4.2)<br>Cost<br>Accumulated depreciation | 943,896<br>50,633       | 79,129<br><br>                | 601,986<br>118,680<br>-                           | 887,709<br>24,688<br>(279)                        | 5,198,515<br>2,205,584<br>(9,345)      | 3,781,957<br>2,040,396<br>(122,260)<br>121,851        | 1,518,218<br>925,193<br>(21,958)<br>21,958          | 80,581<br>8,455<br>8,445             | 638,288<br>639,621<br>299,621<br>(70,315)<br>62,621 | 285,078<br>395,295<br>(11,136)<br>11,128          | 18,857<br>-<br>-             | 274,268<br>88,316<br>-                              | 14,357,852<br>6,228,987<br>(243,870)<br>235,517             |
| <b>Write offs</b><br>Cost<br>Depreciation                                                                                               |                         |                               | -<br>(2,379)<br>2,379                             | -<br>(9,724)<br>9,724                             | (109)<br>(40,688)<br>(40,688)<br>-     | (409)<br>(42,182)<br>942,182<br>-                     | -<br>(90,237)<br>90,237                             | (133)<br>(35,499)<br>35,499          | (1)                                                 | (8)<br>(108,864)<br>108,864                       | -<br>(496)<br>-              |                                                     | (8,353)<br>(1,230,069)<br>1,230,069                         |
| Depreciation charge (Note 4.1.1)<br>Closing net book value                                                                              | -<br>994,529            | (1,263)<br>77,866             | (42,727)<br>677,939                               | (77,851)<br>834,546                               | (731,524)<br>6,672,466                 | (699,352)<br>5,122,593                                | (336,040)<br>2,107,371                              | (35,621)<br>174,778                  | (184,276)<br>745,938                                | (207,475)<br>472,889                              | (4,435)<br>14,422            | (46,603)<br>315,981                                 | (2,367,167)<br>18,211,319                                   |
| <b>As at June 30, 2024</b><br>Cost<br>Accumulated depreciation<br>Net book value                                                        | 994,529<br>-<br>994,529 | 110,921<br>(33,055)<br>77,866 | 1,458,939<br>(781,000)<br>677,939                 | 2,039,653<br>(1,205,107)<br>834,546               | 12,260,807<br>(5,588,341)<br>6,672,466 | 14,527,871<br>(9,405,278)<br>5,122,593                | 6,813,204<br>(4,705,833)<br>2,107,371               | 538,740<br>(363,961)<br>174,778      | 2,599,586<br>(1,853,647)<br>745,938                 | 1,700,526<br>(1,227,637)<br>472,889               | 97,059<br>(82,637)<br>14,422 | 527,317<br>(211,336)<br>315,981                     | 43,669,152<br>(25,457,833)<br>18,211,319                    |
| Annual rate of<br>depreciation (%)                                                                                                      |                         | 1-7                           | 5-10                                              | 5-10                                              | 5-20                                   | 5-33                                                  | 5-33                                                | 7-33                                 | 17-20                                               | 7-33                                              | 7-10                         | 10                                                  |                                                             |

**Operating as** 4.1

For the year ended June 30, 2024

|       |                                                                 |      |           | (Amounts in Rs. '000) |
|-------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|------|-----------|-----------------------|
|       |                                                                 | Note | 2024      | 2023                  |
| 4.1.1 | Depreciation charge for the year has been allocated as follows: |      |           |                       |
|       | Cost of products sold                                           | 31.2 | 36,159    | 31,189                |
|       | Distribution and marketing expenses                             | 33   | 2,053,645 | 1,788,491             |
|       | Administrative expenses                                         | 34   | 277,363   | 198,255               |
|       |                                                                 |      | 2,367,167 | 2,017,935             |

- **4.1.2** Service and filling stations include cost of Rs.13,869,542 (2023: Rs.12,918,653) incurred by the Company on underground storage tanks, dispensing units, other equipment, construction and related work. It also includes cost incurred on modernisation and development under the "New Vision Scheme" on approximately 2,250 (2023: 2,112) out of the total 3,580 (2023: 3,528) retail filling stations of dealers and consumer sites. In view of large number of outlets and consumer sites, the management considers it impracticable to disclose particulars of assets not in the possession of the Company as required under the Fourth Schedule to the Companies Act, 2017. Further, gas cylinders costing Rs. 527,314 (2023: Rs. 439,001) are not in possession of the Company.
- **4.1.3** Included in operating assets are fully depreciated assets having cost of Rs. 17,581,027 (2023: Rs. 18,037,198).
- **4.1.4** Included in operating assets are assets having net book value of Rs. 1,252,041 (2023: Rs. 899,666) in respect of Company's share in the joint operation. Certain assets relating to joint operation in New Islamabad International Airport are not in the possession or name of the Company aggregating to Rs. 207,214 (2023: Rs. 245,939). The possession of these assets at NIIAP is with Attock Petroleum Limited. In view of large number of assets, the Company considered it impracticable to disclose particulars of assets not in the possession of the Company as required under the Fourth Schedule to the Companies Act, 2017.

| 4.2 | The details of | operating assets | disposed of | f during the year | are as follows: |
|-----|----------------|------------------|-------------|-------------------|-----------------|
|     |                |                  |             |                   |                 |

|                                                   | Cost    | Accumulated depreciation | Net book<br>value | Sale<br>proceeds | Gain    | Mode of<br>disposal | Particulars of<br>buyers |
|---------------------------------------------------|---------|--------------------------|-------------------|------------------|---------|---------------------|--------------------------|
| Vehicle                                           | 5,234   | 1,737                    | 3,497             | 3,497            | -       | Company<br>Policy   | Mr. G.H.Ghumman          |
| Vehicle                                           | 4,649   | 538                      | 4,111             | 4,188            | 77      | Company<br>Policy   | Mr. Azam<br>Faroogui     |
| Items having book value of less than Rs. 500 each | 233,987 | 233,242                  | 745               | 59,020           | 58,275  | loncy               | raiooqui                 |
| June 30, 2024                                     | 243,870 | 235,517                  | 8,353             | 66,705           | 58,352  |                     |                          |
| June 30, 2023                                     | 713,223 | 692,379                  | 20,844            | 182,036          | 161,192 |                     |                          |

**4.3** The particulars of immovable fixed assets (i.e. land) are as follows:

| Description of Location<br>Installations | Addresses                                              | Total Area of<br>Land Square<br>Yards |
|------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Machike Installation                     | Sargodha Road, Sheikhupura                             | 199,771                               |
| Mehmood Kot Terminal                     | Railway Station, Mehmood Kot, Multan                   | 111,048                               |
| Morgah Installation                      | Caltex Road, New Lalazar, Rawalpindi                   | 14,913                                |
| Pipri Installation (ZOT)                 | National Highway, Pipri                                | 460,647                               |
| Shikarpur Installation                   | Deh Ali Murad Kalhoro, Taluka Kanpur, Distt. Shikarpur | 261,965                               |

For the year ended June 30, 2024

| Description of Location<br>Installations | Addresses                                                         | (Amounts in Rs. '0<br>Total Area of<br>Land Square<br>Yards |
|------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|
| Installations                            |                                                                   | Tarus                                                       |
| Depots                                   |                                                                   | 12 700                                                      |
| Chitral Depot                            | Mastuj-Dir Road, Chitral                                          | 13,790                                                      |
| Chakpirana Depot<br>Daulatpur Depot      | Chakpirana, G.T Road Lala Moosa<br>Daulatpur, Distt., Nawabshah   | 104,091                                                     |
| Fagirabad Depot                          | Lawrancepur, Distt., Attock                                       | 140,360<br>112,984                                          |
| Lalpir Depot                             | Deh Khuhawar & Gujrat,Tehsil Kot Addu Distt., Muzafargarh         | 157,179                                                     |
| Habibabad Depot                          | Near Railway crossing, Habibabad Distt., Kasur                    | 199,620                                                     |
| Khuzdar Depot                            | Main R.C.D. Highway Road, Khuzdar                                 | 48,400                                                      |
| Kohat Depot                              | 13-KM, Kohat/Rawalpindi Road, Kohat                               | 56,507                                                      |
| Kotlajam Depot                           | Kotlajam, Distt., Bhakkar                                         | 48,400                                                      |
| New Faisalabad Depot                     | Village Karari, Chak No 190 RB, Tehsil Saddar, Distt., Faisalabad | 100,611                                                     |
| New Hyderabad Depot                      | Deh Senhwar, Taluka Distt., Hyderabad                             | 248,050                                                     |
| Pasni Depot                              | Pasni Gawadar Road, Opposite Airport Road, Girani                 | 96,800                                                      |
| Quetta Depot 'C'                         | Chaman Road, Quetta Cantt                                         | 30,008                                                      |
| Sangi Depot                              | Deh Mehranpure, Taluka Pano Akil                                  | 48,400                                                      |
| Serai Naurang Depot                      | Village Nar Hafizabad Tehsil, Distt., Bannu                       | 48,521                                                      |
| Taru Jabba Depot                         | G.T Road, Peshawar                                                | 64,523                                                      |
| Division Office                          |                                                                   |                                                             |
| Lahore Division                          | 8, Edward Road, Lahore                                            | 10,000                                                      |
| Retail Outlets                           |                                                                   |                                                             |
| Chowerangi Service Station               | Nazimabad Chowrangi, Karachi                                      | 743                                                         |
| Diamond Fuel Station                     | Jamrud Road, Peshawar                                             | 1,785                                                       |
| Garden Petroleum Station                 | Opp. Fatima Jinnah Girls High School, Nishter Road, Karachi       | 1,056                                                       |
| Madni Petroleum Services                 | College Road, Peshawar                                            | 1,194                                                       |
| PSO Service Station                      | Block-A North Nazimabad, Karachi                                  | 1,000                                                       |
| Pak Service Station                      | Sukkur City, Opposite Hira Medical Center, Sukkur                 | 833                                                         |
| PSO Service Station                      | 3A, The Mall, Rawalpindi                                          | 870                                                         |
| PSO Service Station                      | Diplomatic Enclave, Islamabad                                     | 2,000                                                       |
| CDA Land                                 | Plot # 29, Sector D-12 Markaz, Islamabad                          | 2,222                                                       |
|                                          |                                                                   |                                                             |
| Others                                   |                                                                   |                                                             |
| Bin Qasim Pak Saudia                     | South Western Zone, Port Qasim Authority, Karachi                 | 116,160                                                     |
| Computer Institute, Badin                | PSO Computer Institute, Badin                                     | 4,840                                                       |
| Jamshoro Land                            | Deh Morho Jabbal, Taluka Kotri Distt., Dadu                       | 968,000                                                     |
| LPG Plant, Lahore                        | Miles Shakapura Road, Shadra, Lahore                              | 29,040                                                      |
| PSO House                                | PSO House, Clifton, Karachi                                       | 6,535                                                       |
| Skardu Land (Refer note: 23)             | Thorgo, Skardu                                                    | 235,950                                                     |
| Railway Marshalling Yard, Pipri          | South Western Zone, Port Qasim Authority, Karachi                 | 484,000                                                     |

**4.3.1** In view of large number of buildings and other immoveable assets, the Company considered it impracticable to disclose particulars of such assets of the Company as required under the Fourth Schedule of the Companies Act, 2017.

|     |                                      | Note          | 2024      | 2023      |
|-----|--------------------------------------|---------------|-----------|-----------|
| 4.4 | Capital work-in-progress             |               |           |           |
|     | Tanks and pipelines                  |               | 1,576,700 | 1,737,928 |
|     | Service and filling stations         |               | 330,024   | 178,075   |
|     | Plant and machinery                  |               | 89,007    | 37,048    |
|     | Furniture, fittings and equipment    |               | 131,998   | -         |
|     | Advance to suppliers and contractors |               | 123,663   | 205,943   |
|     | Capital spares                       |               | 1,651,193 | 2,123,714 |
|     |                                      | 4.4.1 & 4.4.2 | 3,902,585 | 4,282,708 |

For the year ended June 30, 2024

|       |                                                                  |          |                                         | (Amounts in Rs. '000)                   |
|-------|------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|-----------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|
|       |                                                                  | Note     | 2024                                    | 2023                                    |
| 4.4.1 | Movement in capital work-in-progress is as follows:              |          |                                         |                                         |
|       | Balance at beginning of the year                                 |          | 4,282,708                               | 3,259,408                               |
|       | Additions during the year                                        |          | 6,110,165                               | 5,090,713                               |
|       | Transfers during the year<br>- Operating assets<br>- Intangibles | 4.1<br>6 | (6,228,987)<br>(261,301)<br>(6,490,288) | (3,966,914)<br>(100,499)<br>(4,067,413) |
|       | Balance at end of the year                                       |          | 3,902,585                               | 4,282,708                               |

**4.4.2** Includes capital work-in-progress amounting to Rs. 45,908 (2023: Rs. 192,987) in respect of Company's share in joint operation.

|    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | Note | 2024                                                                                         | 2023                                                                                 |
|----|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 5. | RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS                                                                                                                                                                                                |      |                                                                                              |                                                                                      |
|    | Balance as at July 01, 2023                                                                                                                                                                                        |      |                                                                                              |                                                                                      |
|    | Cost<br>Accumulated depreciation<br>Net book value                                                                                                                                                                 |      | 9,011,248<br>(2,112,971)<br>6,898,277                                                        | 7,816,602<br>(1,342,953)<br>6,473,649                                                |
|    | Movement during the year<br>Opening net book value<br>Additions<br>Changes due to modifications<br>Less: Depreciation charge<br>Less: Disposals made<br>Cost<br>Accumulated depreciation<br>Closing net book value | 5.2  | 6,898,277<br>802,165<br>1,188,565<br>(1,166,206)<br>(24,695)<br>534<br>(24,161)<br>7,698,640 | 6,473,649<br>913,146<br>281,500<br>(770,018)<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>- |
|    | <b>Balance as at June 30, 2024</b><br>Cost<br>Accumulated depreciation<br>Net book value                                                                                                                           |      | 10,977,283<br>(3,278,643)<br>7,698,640                                                       | 9,011,248<br>(2,112,971)<br>6,898,277                                                |

**5.1** The annual rate of depreciation for the right-of-use assets ranges between 2% - 100%.

|     |                                                                 | Note     | 2024                             | 2023                         |
|-----|-----------------------------------------------------------------|----------|----------------------------------|------------------------------|
| 5.2 | Depreciation charge for the year has been allocated as follows: |          |                                  |                              |
|     | Distribution and marketing expenses<br>Administrative expenses  | 33<br>34 | 1,072,266<br>93,940<br>1,166,206 | 708,417<br>61,601<br>770,018 |

For the year ended June 30, 2024

(Amounts in Rs. '000)

**5.3** The right-of-use assets comprise land and office premises acquired on lease by the Company for its operations. The Company has also entered into lease of pipelines and tank lorries, however, these do not constitute right-of-use assets on account of variable payments not linked to index or rate.

|    |                                                                    | Note     | 2024                                     | 2023                            |
|----|--------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|------------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| 6. | INTANGIBLES                                                        |          |                                          |                                 |
|    | Net carrying value                                                 |          |                                          |                                 |
|    | Balance at beginning of the year<br>Additions at cost<br>Disposals |          | 239,282<br>261,301                       | 251,337<br>100,499              |
|    | - Cost<br>- Accumulated amortisation                               |          |                                          | (1,725)<br>1,725                |
|    | Amortisation charge for the year                                   | 6.1 & 34 | -<br>(170,467)                           | (112,554)                       |
|    | Balance at end of the year                                         |          | 330,116                                  | 239,282                         |
|    | Gross carrying value                                               |          |                                          |                                 |
|    | Cost<br>Accumulated amortisation<br>Net book value                 | 6.2      | 1,147,758<br>(817,642)<br><u>330,116</u> | 886,457<br>(647,175)<br>239,282 |

**6.1** The cost is being amortised over the period of 3 to 5 years.

6.2 Intangibles include ERP System (SAP), anti-virus softwares and other office related softwares.

For the year ended June 30, 2024

|    |                                                                                                                                                         |           |            | (Amounts in Rs. '000) |
|----|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|------------|-----------------------|
|    |                                                                                                                                                         | Note      | 2024       | 2023                  |
| 7. | LONG-TERM INVESTMENTS                                                                                                                                   |           |            |                       |
|    | Investment in related parties                                                                                                                           |           |            |                       |
|    | Investment held at fair value through other<br>comprehensive income (FVOCI)                                                                             |           |            |                       |
|    | In an unquoted company                                                                                                                                  |           |            |                       |
|    | - Pak-Arab Pipeline Company Limited (PAPCO)<br>Equity held: 12% (2023: 12%)<br>No. of shares: 8,640,000 (2023: 8,640,000)<br>of Rs. 100/- each          | 7.2 & 7.3 | 4,558,321  | 3,993,199             |
|    | Investment in subsidiary - at cost                                                                                                                      |           |            |                       |
|    | In a quoted company                                                                                                                                     |           |            |                       |
|    | - Pakistan Refinery Limited (PRL)<br>Equity held: 63.56% (2023: 63.56%)<br>No. of shares: 400,459,028 (2023: 400,459,028) of Rs. 10/- eac               | h         | 4,890,680  | 4,890,680             |
|    | In unquoted companies                                                                                                                                   |           |            |                       |
|    | - Cerisma (Private) Limited (CPL)<br>Equity held: 100% (2023: 100%)<br>No. of shares: 499,999 (2023: 499,999) of Rs. 10/- each                          | 7.4.1     | 315,000    | 5,000                 |
|    | - PSO Renewable (Private) Limited (PRE)<br>Equity held: 100% (2023: 100%)<br>No. of shares: 999,999 (2023: 999,999) of Rs. 10/- each                    | 7.5.1     | 535,000    | 10,000                |
|    | - PSO Venture Capital (Private) Limited (PSOVC)<br>Equity held: 100% (2023: Nil)<br>No. of shares: 147,799,999 (2023: Nil) of Rs. 10/- each             | 7.6.1     | 1,721,661  | -                     |
|    | Investment in associates                                                                                                                                |           |            |                       |
|    | In unquoted companies                                                                                                                                   |           |            |                       |
|    | - Asia Petroleum Limited (APL)<br>Equity held: 49% (2023: 49%)<br>No. of shares: 46,058,570 (2023: 46,058,570) of Rs. 10/- each                         | 7.7       | 3,085,483  | 2,325,836             |
|    | - Pak Grease Manufacturing Company (Private) Limited (PGMCL)<br>Equity held: 22% (2023: 22%)<br>No. of shares: 686,192 (2023: 686,192) of Rs. 10/- each | 7.7       | 49,342     | 37,005                |
|    | 1.0, 01 Shures, 000,192 (2023, 000,192) 011(3, 10) Eden                                                                                                 |           | 3,134,825  | 2,362,841             |
|    |                                                                                                                                                         |           | 15,155,487 | 11,261,720            |

For the year ended June 30, 2024

(Amounts in Rs. '000)

- **7.1** The principal place of business of all the investees is in Karachi.
- **7.2** Investment in PAPCO has been carried at FVOCI as it is a strategic investment of the Company. Accordingly, the Company has carried out an exercise to ascertain the fair value of investment as at the year end using the discounted cash flow technique (Level 3). The following major assumptions and inputs were used by the management to determine the aforesaid fair value:

|                                                    | 2024                  | 2023                  |
|----------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
|                                                    |                       |                       |
| - Discount rate<br>- Growth rate of terminal value | 19.79% - 20.21%<br>6% | 19.56% - 19.94%<br>6% |

Based on the above fair valuation exercise, the Company has recorded an unrealised gain (net of tax) of Rs. 344,408 (2023: unrealised loss Rs. 331,411) in other comprehensive income / (loss) for the year.

|       |                                                                                                                                                                  | 2024                                         | 2023                                         |
|-------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|
| 7.3   | Movement of investment classified as FVOCI                                                                                                                       |                                              |                                              |
|       | Balance at beginning of the year<br>Remeasurement gain / (loss) recognised as other                                                                              | 3,993,199                                    | 4,208,094                                    |
|       | comprehensive income / (loss)                                                                                                                                    | 565,122                                      | (214,895)                                    |
|       | Balance at end of the year                                                                                                                                       | 4,558,321                                    | 3,993,199                                    |
| 7.3.1 | Sensitivity to unobservable inputs:                                                                                                                              |                                              |                                              |
|       | - Discount rate (1% increase)<br>- Discount rate (1% decrease)<br>- Growth rate of terminal value (1% increase)<br>- Growth rate of terminal value (1% decrease) | (345,851)<br>402,405<br>243,718<br>(210,771) | (294,970)<br>343,832<br>208,593<br>(179,941) |

- **7.4** CPL was incorporated on September 29, 2022 as private limited company. The principal activity of CPL is to set-up, manage, own, administer and run electronic money institution (EMI) under EMI Regulations. As at June 30, 2024, the Company has subscribed to 499,999 shares of Cerisma. The principal place of business for CPL is Sindh, Pakistan.
- **7.4.1** Includes Rs. 310,000 (2023: Nil) paid to CPL as advance against issue of shares.
- **7.5** PRE was incorporated on December 02, 2022 as private limited company. The principal activity of PRE is to carry on businesses of renewable energy, its manufacturing, processing and installation thereof. As at June 30, 2024, the Company has subscribed to 999,999 shares of PRE. The principal place of business for PRE is Sindh, Pakistan.
- **7.5.1** Includes Rs. 525,000 (2023: Nil) paid to PRE as advance against issue of shares.
- 7.6 PSOVC was incorporated on April 05, 2023 as private limited company. The principal activity of PSOVC is to carry on business of private equity and venture capital fund management services. As at June 30, 2024, the Company has subscribed to 147,799,999 shares of PSOVC. The principal place of business for PSOVC is Sindh, Pakistan.
- **7.6.1** Includes Rs. 243,661 (2023: Nil) paid to PSOVC as advance against issue of shares.

For the year ended June 30, 2024

(Amounts in Rs. '000)

### 7.7 Investment in associates

### 7.7.1 Movement of investment in associates

|                                                                                                         |           | 2024    |           |           | 2023    |           |  |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|---------|-----------|-----------|---------|-----------|--|
|                                                                                                         | APL       | PGMCL   | Total     | APL       | PGMCL   | Total     |  |
| Balance at beginning of the year                                                                        | 2,325,836 | 37,005  | 2,362,841 | 3,413,175 | 44,801  | 3,457,976 |  |
| Share of profit / (loss) of<br>associates - net of tax:                                                 |           |         |           |           |         |           |  |
| - current year - unaudited<br>- adjustment for last year profit /<br>(loss) based on prior year audited | 1,509,314 | 15,788  | 1,525,102 | (855,752) | (8,308) | (864,060) |  |
| financial statements                                                                                    | 100,790   | (131)   | 100,659   | 4,831     | 108     | 4,939     |  |
|                                                                                                         | 1,610,104 | 15,657  | 1,625,761 | (850,921) | (8,200) | (859,121) |  |
| Share of actuarial gain / (loss) on<br>remeasurement of staff retirement<br>benefits of associates      |           |         |           |           |         |           |  |
| - net of tax                                                                                            | 1,627     | 111     | 1,738     | (6,125)   | 404     | (5,721)   |  |
| Dividend income                                                                                         | (852,084) | (3,431) | (855,515) | (230,293) | -       | (230,293) |  |
| Balance at end of the year                                                                              | 3,085,483 | 49,342  | 3,134,825 | 2,325,836 | 37,005  | 2,362,841 |  |

7.7.2 The summarised financial information of the associates, based on their unaudited financial statements is as follows:

| Note         APL         PGMCL         APL         PGMCL           Revenue         4,424,134         470,893         3,406,967         122,670           Profit / (loss) after taxation for the year<br>Total comprehensive income / (loss)         3,080,233         71,763         (1,746,433)         (37,764)           Non-current assets         1,248,355         71,429         788,513         39,660           Current assets         1,248,355         71,429         788,513         39,660           Current assets         1,248,355         71,429         788,513         39,660           Current assets         1,248,355         10,376,668         157,695           Non-current liabilities         (188,751)         (10,670)         (257,160)         (11,435)           Current liabilities         (188,751)         (10,670)         (6,161,416)         (17,710)           (6,160,030)         (6,161,416)         (17,710)         (6,161,416)         (17,710)           (6,160,030)         (6,161,416)         (17,710)         (6,161,416)         (17,710)           Net assets         7.7.2         6,296,903         224,286         4,746,605         168,210           7.7.3         Reconciliation of carrying amount of investment         7.7.2         6,296 |       |                                                 |       | 2024        |          | 202         | 3        |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|-------------------------------------------------|-------|-------------|----------|-------------|----------|
| Revenue       4,424,134       470,893       3,406,967       122,670         Profit / (loss) after taxation for the year       3,080,233       71,763       (1,746,433)       (37,764)         Total comprehensive income / (loss)       3,080,233       71,763       (1,746,433)       (37,764)         Non-current assets       1,248,355       71,429       788,513       39,660         Current assets       11,208,578       212,961       10,376,668       157,695         Non-current liabilities       (188,751)       (10,670)       (257,160)       (11,435)         Current liabilities       (188,751)       (10,670)       (6,161,416)       (17,710)         Ket assets       6,296,903       224,286       4,746,605       168,210         7.7.3       Reconciliation of carrying amount of investment       5       5       124,956,933       224,286       4,746,605       168,210         Net assets       7.7.2       6,296,903       224,286       4,746,605       168,210         Company's holding in %       7       49%       22%       49%       22%         Company's share of investment in associates       3,085,483       49,342       2,325,836       37,005                                                                                                              |       |                                                 | Note  | APL         |          |             | PGMCL    |
| Profit / (loss) after taxation for the year<br>Total comprehensive income / (loss)       3,080,233       71,763       (1,746,433)       (37,764)         Non-current assets<br>Current assets       1,248,355       71,429       788,513       39,660         Non-current liabilities<br>Current liabilities       (188,751)       (10,670)       (257,160)       (11,435)         Net assets       (6,160,030)       (60,103)       (6,161,416)       (17,710)         Net assets       7.7.2       6,296,903       224,286       4,746,605       168,210         Net assets       7.7.2       6,296,903       224,286       4,746,605       168,210         Net assets       7.7.2       6,296,903       224,286       4,746,605       168,210         Company's holding in %       7       49%       22%       49%       22%         Company's share of investment in associates       3,085,483       49,342       2,325,836       37,005                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |       |                                                 |       |             | (Un-au   | dited)      |          |
| Total comprehensive income / (loss)       3,080,233       71,763       (1,746,433)       (37,764)         Non-current assets       1,248,355       71,429       788,513       39,660         Current assets       11,208,578       212,961       10,376,668       157,695         Non-current liabilities       (188,751)       (10,670)       (257,160)       (11,435)         Current liabilities       (188,751)       (10,670)       (257,160)       (11,435)         Net assets       6,296,903       224,286       4,746,605       168,210         Net assets       7.7.2       6,296,903       224,286       4,746,605       168,210         Net assets       7.7.2       6,296,903       224,286       4,746,605       168,210         Net assets       7.7.2       6,296,903       224,286       4,746,605       168,210         Company's holding in %       7       49%       22%       49%       22%         Company's share of investment in associates       3,085,483       49,342       2,325,836       37,005                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |       | Revenue                                         |       | 4,424,134   | 470,893  | 3,406,967   | 122,670  |
| Non-current assets       1,248,355       71,429       788,513       39,660         Current assets       11,208,578       212,961       10,376,668       157,695         Non-current liabilities       (188,751)       (10,670)       (257,160)       (11,435)         Current liabilities       (188,751)       (10,670)       (257,160)       (11,435)         Net assets       6,296,903       224,286       4,746,605       168,210         7.7.3       Reconciliation of carrying amount of investment       5       5       5       5         Net assets       7.7.2       6,296,903       224,286       4,746,605       168,210         Company's holding in %       7       49%       22%       49%       22%         Company's share of investment in associates       3,085,483       49,342       2,325,836       37,005                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |       | Profit / (loss) after taxation for the year     |       | 3,080,233   | 71,763   | (1,746,433) | (37,764) |
| Current assets       11,208,578       212,961       10,376,668       157,695         Non-current liabilities       11,165,181       197,355         Current liabilities       (188,751)       (10,670)       (257,160)       (11,435)         Current liabilities       (188,751)       (10,670)       (257,160)       (11,435)         Net assets       6,296,903       224,286       4,746,605       168,210         7.7.3       Reconciliation of carrying amount of investment       5       5       5       5         Net assets       7.7.2       6,296,903       224,286       4,746,605       168,210         Company's holding in %       7.7.2       6,296,903       224,286       4,746,605       168,210         Company's share of investment in associates       7.7.2       3,085,483       49,342       2,325,836       37,005                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |       | Total comprehensive income / (loss)             |       | 3,080,233   | 71,763   | (1,746,433) | (37,764) |
| Current assets       11,208,578       212,961       10,376,668       157,695         Non-current liabilities       11,165,181       197,355         Current liabilities       (188,751)       (10,670)       (257,160)       (11,435)         Current liabilities       (188,751)       (10,670)       (257,160)       (11,435)         Net assets       6,296,903       224,286       4,746,605       168,210         7.7.3       Reconciliation of carrying amount of investment       5       5       5       5         Net assets       7.7.2       6,296,903       224,286       4,746,605       168,210         Company's holding in %       7.7.2       6,296,903       224,286       4,746,605       168,210         Company's share of investment in associates       7.7.2       3,085,483       49,342       2,325,836       37,005                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |       | Non surrent assats                              |       | 4 249 255   | 74 420   | 700 512     | 20.000   |
| 12,456,933       284,390       11,165,181       197,355         Non-current liabilities       (188,751)       (10,670)       (257,160)       (11,435)         Current liabilities       (5,971,279)       (60,103)       (6,161,416)       (17,710)         Net assets       6,296,903       224,286       4,746,605       168,210         7.7.3       Reconciliation of carrying amount of investment                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |       |                                                 |       |             |          | 1 11        |          |
| Current liabilities       (5,971,279)       (49,433)       (6,161,416)       (17,710)         Net assets       (6,160,030)       (60,103)       (6,418,576)       (29,145)         7.7.3       Reconciliation of carrying amount of investment       6,296,903       224,286       4,746,605       168,210         Net assets       7.7.2       6,296,903       224,286       4,746,605       168,210         Company's holding in %       7.7.2       6,296,903       224,286       4,746,605       168,210         Company's share of investment in associates       7       49%       22%       49%       22%                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |       |                                                 |       |             |          |             |          |
| Current liabilities       (5,971,279)       (49,433)       (6,161,416)       (17,710)         Net assets       (6,160,030)       (60,103)       (6,418,576)       (29,145)         7.7.3       Reconciliation of carrying amount of investment       6,296,903       224,286       4,746,605       168,210         Net assets       7.7.2       6,296,903       224,286       4,746,605       168,210         Company's holding in %       7.7.2       6,296,903       224,286       4,746,605       168,210         Company's share of investment in associates       7       49%       22%       49%       22%                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |       |                                                 |       |             |          |             |          |
| (6,160,030)       (60,103)       (6,418,576)       (29,145)         Net assets       6,296,903       224,286       4,746,605       168,210         7.7.3       Reconciliation of carrying amount of investment                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |       |                                                 |       |             |          |             |          |
| Net assets       6,296,903       224,286       4,746,605       168,210         7.7.3       Reconciliation of carrying amount of investment <t< th=""><th></th><th>Current habilities</th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th></t<>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |       | Current habilities                              |       |             |          |             |          |
| 7.7.3       Reconciliation of carrying amount of investment       Image: Company's holding in %       7.7.2       6,296,903       224,286       4,746,605       168,210         Company's holding in %       7       49%       22%       49%       22%         Company's share of investment in associates       3,085,483       49,342       2,325,836       37,005                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |       |                                                 |       | (0,100,000) | (00,100) | (0,410,570) | (20,140) |
| Net assets       7.7.2       6,296,903       224,286       4,746,605       168,210         Company's holding in %       7       49%       22%       49%       22%         Company's share of investment in associates       3,085,483       49,342       2,325,836       37,005                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |       | Net assets                                      |       | 6,296,903   | 224,286  | 4,746,605   | 168,210  |
| Company's holding in %         7         49%         22%         49%         22%           Company's share of investment in associates         3,085,483         49,342         2,325,836         37,005                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | 7.7.3 | Reconciliation of carrying amount of investment |       |             |          |             |          |
| Company's share of investment in associates <b>3,085,483 49,342</b> 2,325,836 37,005                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |       | Net assets                                      | 7.7.2 | 6,296,903   | 224,286  | 4,746,605   | 168,210  |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |       | Company's holding in %                          | 7     | 49%         | 22%      | 49%         | 22%      |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |       | Company's share of investment in associates     |       | 3,085,483   | 49,342   | 2,325,836   | 37,005   |
| Carrying amount of investment <b>3,085,483 49,342</b> 2,325,836         37,005                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |       | Carrying amount of investment                   |       | 3,085,483   | 49,342   | 2,325,836   | 37,005   |

For the year ended June 30, 2024

|     |                                                                                                                                         |                                              | (Amounts in Rs. '000)                      |
|-----|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|
|     | Note                                                                                                                                    | 2024                                         | 2023                                       |
| 8.  | LONG-TERM LOANS, ADVANCES AND<br>OTHER RECEIVABLES                                                                                      |                                              |                                            |
|     | Loans - considered good                                                                                                                 |                                              |                                            |
|     | Executives* 8.1<br>Employees 8.2<br>Current portion shown under current assets 14                                                       | 659,161<br>559,740<br>1,218,901<br>(357,558) | 386,360<br>537,069<br>923,429<br>(281,486) |
|     | Advances - considered good (secured)Employees8.4Current portion shown under current assets14                                            | 861,343<br>140,097<br>(51,650)<br>88,447     | 641,943<br>140,295<br>(43,832)<br>96,463   |
|     | Other receivables<br>- Considered good<br>- Considered doubtful<br>Provision for impairment                                             | 19,538<br>8,143<br>27,681<br>(8,143)         | 22,638<br>8,143<br>30,781<br>(8,143)       |
| 8.1 | Reconciliation of carrying amount of long-term<br>loans to executives*:                                                                 | 969,328                                      | 761,044                                    |
|     | Balance at beginning of the year<br>Disbursements made during the year<br>Repayments made during the year<br>Balance at end of the year | 386,360<br>406,700<br>(133,899)<br>659,161   | 112,113<br>422,852<br>(148,605)<br>386,360 |

\*These represent executives as prescribed under the Companies Act, 2017.

- 8.2 These represent interest free loans to executives and employees for purchase of motor cars, motor cycles, house building, marriage, umrah and others, in accordance with the Company's policy. Loans for purchase of motor cars and motor cycles are secured against the respective assets, and all other loans are also secured against entitlements. These loans are recoverable in monthly installments over a period of twenty months to sixty months. Loans to executives and employees have not been discounted as the amount involved is not significant to these unconsolidated financial statements.
- **8.3** The maximum aggregate amount of loans due from executives and employees at the end of any month during the year was Rs. 1,359,455 (2023: Rs. 534,948).
- **8.4** These represent interest free advances against housing assistance given to employees for purchase and construction of residential property in accordance with the Company's policy. These advances are secured against respective assets and are recovered through monthly deduction of house allowance until complete repayment is made.

### 9. LONG-TERM DEPOSITS

These include interest free deposits amounting to Rs. 137,712 (2023: Rs. 152,050) paid to related parties.

For the year ended June 30, 2024

(Amounts in Rs. '000)

### 10. DEFERRED TAX ASSET - NET

|                                                                 | Balance as          | Charge for the year |                                  | Balance as at |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|---------------|
|                                                                 | at June<br>30, 2023 | Profit or loss      | Other<br>comprehensive<br>income | June 30, 2024 |
| Taxable temporary difference in respect of:                     |                     |                     |                                  |               |
| Accelerated tax depreciation                                    | 1,313,885           | 531,178             | -                                | 1,845,063     |
| under equity method                                             | 469,375             | 192,560             | -                                | 661,935       |
| Equity investment held as FVOCI                                 | 1,220,067           | -                   | 220,714                          | 1,440,781     |
| Lease Liability                                                 | 666,371             | 297,521             | -                                | 963,892       |
| Deductible temporary difference in respect of<br>provision for: |                     |                     |                                  |               |
| Tax amortisation                                                | (4,257)             | (1,649)             | -                                | (5,906)       |
| Right-of-use assets                                             | (823,851)           | (454,820)           | -                                | (1,278,671)   |
| Impairment of stores and spares                                 | (53,173)            | 21,952              | -                                | (31,221)      |
| Impairment on trade debts                                       | (1,087,325)         | (183,996)           | -                                | (1,271,321)   |
| Impairment on other receivables                                 | (3,612,520)         | 22,774              | -                                | (3,589,746)   |
| Retirement and other service benefits                           | (3,601,047)         | (447,570)           | 559,436                          | (3,489,181)   |
| Excise, taxes and other duties                                  | (28,404)            | -                   | -                                | (28,404)      |
| Liabilities offered for taxation                                | (16,330,991)        | (401,430)           | -                                | (16,732,421)  |
| Others                                                          | (3,175)             | -                   | -                                | (3,175)       |
|                                                                 | (21,875,045)        | (423,480)           | 780,150                          | (21,518,375)  |

|      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | Note               | 2024                                                                                                      | 2023                                                                                                      |
|------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 10.1 | Movement in deferred tax asset - net is as follows:                                                                                                                                                                                                                |                    |                                                                                                           |                                                                                                           |
|      | Balance at beginning of the year<br>- recognised in profit or loss<br>- recognised in other comprehensive income<br>Balance at end of the year                                                                                                                     | 37                 | 21,875,045<br>423,480<br>(780,150)<br>21,518,375                                                          | 17,982,287<br>4,145,232<br>(252,474)<br>21,875,045                                                        |
| 11.  | STORES, SPARES AND LOOSE TOOLS                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                    |                                                                                                           |                                                                                                           |
|      | Stores, spares and loose tools<br>Provision for obsolete / slow moving                                                                                                                                                                                             | 11.1               | 928,587<br>(80,053)<br>848,534                                                                            | 1,008,214<br>(136,342)<br>871,872                                                                         |
| 11.1 | <b>The movement in provision for obsolete / slow moving is as fol</b><br>Balance at beginning of the year<br>Provision (reversed) / recognised during the year<br>Balance at end of the year                                                                       | <b>lows:</b><br>32 | 136,342<br>(56,289)<br>80,053                                                                             | 92,923<br>43,419<br>136,342                                                                               |
| 12.  | STOCK-IN-TRADE                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                    |                                                                                                           |                                                                                                           |
|      | Raw and packing material<br>Petroleum and other products (gross)<br>Less: Stock held on behalf of third parties<br>In pipeline system of Pak-Arab Pipeline Company Limited<br>and Pak-Arab Refinery Company Limited - net of loss<br>Add: Charges incurred thereon | 12.1<br>12.2       | 7,848,586<br>100,744,545<br>(5,398,779)<br>103,194,352<br><u>124,586,891</u><br>227,781,243<br>61,201,903 | 6,552,455<br>124,164,828<br>(5,506,408)<br>125,210,875<br><u>112,847,307</u><br>238,058,182<br>54,567,960 |
|      | Add. Charges incurred thereon                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | 31                 | <u>61,201,903</u><br><u>288,983,146</u>                                                                   | 292,626,142                                                                                               |

For the year ended June 30, 2024

(Amounts in Rs. '000)

12.1 Includes stock-in-transit amounting to Rs. 21,228 (2023: Rs. Nil) and stock (net of provision) held by:

|                      | 2024   | 2023   |
|----------------------|--------|--------|
|                      |        |        |
| Cnergyico Pk Limited | 12,437 | 11,988 |

**12.2** Includes stock held-in-trust on behalf of third parties, net of storage, handling and other charges amounting to Rs. 23,730 (2023: Rs. 23,730). This also includes stock held on behalf of related parties amounting to Rs. 607 (2023: Rs. 589).

|     |                                                                             | Note        | 2024        | 2023        |
|-----|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| 13. | TRADE DEBTS                                                                 |             |             |             |
|     | <b>Considered good</b> - Due from Government agencies and autonomous bodies |             |             |             |
|     | - Secured                                                                   | 13.1        | 708,723     | 77,603      |
|     | - Unsecured                                                                 | 13.2        | 429,345,087 | 436,761,005 |
|     |                                                                             |             | 430,053,810 | 436,838,608 |
|     | - Due from other customers                                                  |             |             |             |
|     | - Secured                                                                   | 13.1        | 5,274,148   | 6,628,389   |
|     | - Unsecured                                                                 | 13.2        | 52,874,309  | 52,431,438  |
|     |                                                                             |             | 58,148,457  | 59,059,827  |
|     |                                                                             |             | 488,202,267 | 495,898,435 |
|     | Considered doubtful                                                         |             | 3,259,798   | 2,939,979   |
|     | Trade debts - gross                                                         |             | 491,462,065 | 498,838,414 |
|     | Provision for impairment                                                    | 13.2 & 13.3 | (3,259,798) | (2,939,979) |
|     | Trade debts - net                                                           |             | 488,202,267 | 495,898,435 |

- **13.1** These debts are secured by way of security deposits and bank guarantees.
- **13.2** These debts include an aggregate amount of Rs. 420,498,555 (2023: Rs. 433,921,957) due from GENCO Holding Company Limited (GENCO), Hub Power Company Limited (HUBCO), and Sui Northern Gas Pipelines Company Limited (SNGPL) on account of inter-corporate circular debt. These include past due trade debts of Rs. 70,617,958 (2023: Rs. 71,921,997), Rs. 14,802,218 (2023: Rs. 18,135,551) and Rs. 286,063,645 (2023: Rs. 298,429,214) from GENCO, HUBCO and SNGPL respectively, based on the agreed credit terms. The Company carries a specific provision of Rs. 346,975 (2023: Rs. 346,975) against these debts and does not consider the remaining aggregate past due balance of Rs. 371,136,846 (2023: Rs. 388,139,788) as doubtful based on measures being undertaken by the Government of Pakistan (GoP) to resolve circular debt issue. The Company is committed, hence continuously pursuing for satisfactory settlement of inter-corporate circular debt issue, however, the progress is slower than expected resulting in accumulation of the Company's trade debts. The Company considers this amount to be fully recoverable because the GoP had assumed the responsibility to settle the inter-corporate circular debt in the energy sector. As disclosed in note 3.11.1 to these unconsolidated financial statements, SECP has deferred the applicability of ECL model till December 31, 2024 on financial assets due directly / ultimately from GoP in consequence of the circular debt.

|      |                                                                                                                    | 2024                            | 2023                           |
|------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 13.3 | <b>The movement in provision for impairment during the year is as follows:</b><br>Balance at beginning of the year | 2,939,979                       | 2,737,455                      |
|      | Provision recognised during the year<br>Reversal of provision made during the year                                 | 566,741<br>(246,922)<br>319,819 | 282,038<br>(79,514)<br>202,524 |
|      | Balance at end of the year                                                                                         | 3,259,798                       | 2,939,979                      |

For the year ended June 30, 2024

|        |                                                                             |        |                                     | (Amounts in Rs. '000)             |
|--------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
|        |                                                                             | Note   | 2024                                | 2023                              |
| 13.3.1 | Provision for impairment has been recognised against trade debts is as foll | ows:   |                                     |                                   |
|        | Related parties<br>Other customers                                          | 13.6.2 | 1,223,074<br>2,036,724<br>3,259,798 | 851,302<br>2,088,677<br>2,939,979 |

**13.4** As at June 30, 2024, trade debts aggregating to Rs. 111,783,394 (2023: Rs. 110,081,370) are neither past due nor impaired. The remaining trade debts aggregating to Rs. 376,418,873 (2023: Rs. 385,817,065) are past due but not impaired. The ageing analysis of these past due trade debts is as follows:

|                                                                             | 2024                                              |   | 2023                                                 |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------|---|------------------------------------------------------|
| Up to 3 months<br>3 months to 6 months<br>6 months to 1 year<br>Over 1 year | 288,807,642<br>4,253,131<br>687,614<br>82,670,485 | _ | 296,367,204<br>9,689,584<br>17,130,127<br>62,630,150 |
|                                                                             | 376,418,872                                       |   | 385,817,065                                          |

### 13.5 The details of trade debts due from associates and related parties are as follows:

|                                             | Maximum<br>outstanding at<br>mo | the end of any | Balance as at 30 June |             |
|---------------------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------|-----------------------|-------------|
|                                             | 2024                            | 2023           | 2024                  | 2023        |
| Associate                                   |                                 |                |                       |             |
| Asia Petroleum Limited                      | -                               | 4,167          | -                     | -           |
| Other Related Parties                       |                                 |                |                       |             |
| GENCO                                       | 71,720,501                      | 71,921,997     | 70,617,958            | 71,921,997  |
| SNGPL                                       | 445,793,612                     | 427,744,569    | 335,078,379           | 343,864,408 |
| Pakistan International Airlines Corporation | 15,810,951                      | 14,398,626     | 15,726,996            | 13,616,915  |
| K-Electric Limited                          | 2,817,955                       | 18,003,765     | 2,754,321             | 4,368,287   |
| Pakistan Railways                           | 5,603,493                       | 4,035,967      | 5,176,156             | 4,035,967   |
| Oil & Gas Development Corporation Limited   | 713,099                         | -              | 713,099               | -           |
| Pakistan Petroleum Limited                  | 96,413                          | 52,924         | 11,374                | 52,922      |
| Sui Southern Gas Company Limited            | 24,743                          | 4,570          | 8,062                 | 1,267       |
| Pakistan National Shipping Corporation      | 2,021                           | 2,021          | -                     | 2,021       |
|                                             |                                 |                | 430,086,345           | 437,863,784 |

### 13.6 The details of past due or impaired trade debts from associates and related parties are as follows:

|                                                  | Up to 6 More tha |            | Tot         | al          |
|--------------------------------------------------|------------------|------------|-------------|-------------|
| Name                                             | months           | months     | 2024        | 2023        |
| Other Related Parties                            |                  |            |             |             |
| GENCO                                            | -                | 70,617,958 | 70,617,958  | 71,921,997  |
| SNGPL                                            | 286,063,645      | -          | 286,063,645 | 298,429,214 |
| Pakistan International Airlines Corporation      | 13,837,289       | -          | 13,837,289  | 13,616,915  |
| Pakistan Railways                                | 1,422,057        | 234,268    | 1,656,325   | 4,035,967   |
| Oil & Gas Development Corporation Limited        | 38,181           | -          | 38,181      | -           |
| Pakistan Petroleum Limited                       | 279              | -          | 279         | -           |
| Pakistan National Shipping Corporation           | -                | 2,021      | 2,021       | 2,021       |
|                                                  | 301,361,450      | 70,854,247 | 372,215,698 | 388,006,114 |
| Provision for impairment (notes 13.6.1 & 13.6.2) |                  |            | (1,223,074) | (851,302)   |
|                                                  |                  |            | 370,992,624 | 387,154,812 |

For the year ended June 30, 2024

|        |                                                                                                                                                                                                               |        |                                                   | (Amounts in Rs. '000)                                |
|--------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|---------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------|
|        |                                                                                                                                                                                                               | Note   | 2024                                              | 2023                                                 |
| 13.6.1 | The movement in provision for impairment against due from rel<br>parties during the year is as follows:                                                                                                       | lated  |                                                   |                                                      |
|        | Balance at beginning of the year<br>Provision / (reversal) during the year<br>Balance at end of the year                                                                                                      | 13.6.2 | 851,302<br>371,772<br>1,223,074                   | 863,485<br>(12,183)<br>851,302                       |
| 13.6.2 | The provision for impairment has been recognised in respect of following related parties:                                                                                                                     |        |                                                   |                                                      |
|        | GENCO<br>Pakistan International Airlines Corporation<br>Oil & Gas Development Corporation Limited<br>Pakistan National Shipping Corporation                                                                   |        | 346,975<br>871,034<br>3,044<br>2,021<br>1,223,074 | 346,975<br>502,306<br>-<br>2,021<br>851,302          |
| 14.    | LOANS AND ADVANCES                                                                                                                                                                                            |        |                                                   |                                                      |
|        | Secured<br>Loans and advances to executives and employees<br>- Current portion of long-term loans and advances, including<br>Rs. 227,885 (2023: Rs. 155,788) to executives<br>- Short-term loans and advances | 8      | 409,208<br>167,384<br>576,592                     | 325,318<br>206,952<br>532,270                        |
|        | Advance to suppliers<br>Advance for Company-owned filling stations                                                                                                                                            |        | 38,607<br>1,547<br>40,154<br>616,746              | 36,745<br>469<br>37,214<br>569,484                   |
| 15.    | SHORT-TERM DEPOSITS AND PREPAYMENTS                                                                                                                                                                           |        |                                                   |                                                      |
|        | <b>Deposits - interest free</b><br>Duty and development surcharge<br>Deposit against court orders<br>Prepayments                                                                                              |        | 18,653<br>57,506<br>76,159<br>250,441<br>326,600  | 12,749<br>57,506<br>70,255<br>1,134,639<br>1,204,894 |

For the year ended June 30, 2024

|     |                                                                                                                                                      |                    |                                      | (Amounts in Rs. '000)                |
|-----|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
|     |                                                                                                                                                      | Note               | 2024                                 | 2023                                 |
| 16. | OTHER RECEIVABLES                                                                                                                                    |                    |                                      |                                      |
|     | Due from GoP, a related party, on account of<br>Price Differential Claims (PDC)<br>- on imports (net of related liabilities) of Motor Gasoline       | 16.1               | 1,350,961                            | 1,350,961                            |
|     | - on High Speed Diesel (HSD)<br>- on Ethanol E-10 fuel                                                                                               | 16.2               | 602,604<br>27,917                    | 602,604<br>27,917                    |
|     | - on account of supply of Furnace Oil to K-Electric Limited (KEl<br>at Natural Gas prices<br>- GENCO receivables                                     | -)<br>16.3<br>16.4 | 254,490<br><br>2,235,972             | 3,908,581<br>3,407,357<br>9,297,420  |
|     | Unfavourable exchange differences on FE-25 borrowings<br>due from GoP - a related party<br>Excise, Petroleum Development Levy (PDL), Custom Duty and | 16.5               | 57,651,324                           | 61,455,158                           |
|     | Regulatory Duty - due from related party<br>Sales tax refundable - due from related party                                                            | 16.6               | 259,793<br>55,653,531<br>115,800,620 | 259,793<br>29,279,555<br>100,291,926 |
|     | Provision for impairment                                                                                                                             | 16.7               | (2,202,919)<br>113,597,701           | (2,202,919)<br>98,089,007            |
|     | Handling and hospitality charges<br>Product claims - insurance and other - considered doubtful<br>Provision for impairment                           | 16.7               | 689,122<br>90,201<br>(90,201)<br>-   | 689,152<br>90,201<br>(90,201)<br>-   |
|     | Others                                                                                                                                               |                    |                                      |                                      |
|     | - Considered good<br>- Considered doubtful                                                                                                           |                    | 2,332,289<br>6,911,357<br>9,243,646  | 4,446,089<br>6,969,838<br>11,415,927 |
|     | Provision for impairment                                                                                                                             | 16.7               | (6,911,357)                          | (6,969,838)                          |
|     |                                                                                                                                                      | 16.8 & 16.10       | 2,332,289<br>116,619,112             | 4,446,089<br>103,224,248             |

### 16.1 Import price differential claim (PDC) on motor gasoline

This represents PDC on account of import of motor gasoline by the Company, being the difference between the imported landed costs and the local ex-refinery prices announced by Oil and Gas Regulatory Authority (OGRA). In 2007, the Company as well as other Oil Marketing Companies (OMCs) were asked in the meeting chaired by Director General (Oil) - Ministry of Petroleum and Natural Resources (MoP&NR) to import motor gasoline to meet the increasing local demand. Accordingly, OMCs approached the MoP&NR, GoP with a proposal for pricing mechanism whereby end consumer price of motor gasoline was proposed to be fixed at weighted average of ex-refinery (import parity) price and landed cost of imported product. Although at that time, no response was received from the MoP&NR, the Company along with another OMCs continued to import motor gasoline on behalf of the industry being confident that price differential on motor gasoline will be settled as per previous practice i.e. based on the differential between ex-refinery and import cost as the imports were being made on MoP&NR's instruction.

The Company continued to follow up with MoP&NR for early settlement of these claims and the MoP&NR also confirmed vide its letter no. PL-NP(4)/2010-F&P dated July 28, 2010 that the above mentioned claims are under process. During financial year 2010-2011, MoP&NR - GoP vide its letter no. PL-3(434)/2011Vol XII dated May 31, 2011 implemented the Economic Coordination Committee (ECC's) decision, whereby end consumer price of motor gasoline will be fixed at weighted average of ex-refinery (import parity) price and landed cost of imported product, thereby putting an end to any further PDC.

For the year ended June 30, 2024

(Amounts in Rs. '000)

Out of total claim of Rs. 6,350,961, the Company received an amount of Rs. 5,000,000 during the year ended June 30, 2012. The Company has been continuously following up the matter with MoE for early settlement of these outstanding receivables. Latest correspondence was made via letter no PDC/FM/04 dated July 27, 2023. There has been no significant change in the status of these claims. The Company is actively pursuing these receivables / matters with the GoP through concerned / relevant ministries.

### 16.2 PDC relating to certain HSD products

This represents the balance of PDC due from GoP. This PDC originated in 2004 when there were significant increases in international oil prices. The GoP, however, provided relief to end consumers by not passing on the entire increase in local prices of petroleum products. This was done by introduction of a price subsidy. As a result of this subsidy to consumers, PSO could not recover its actual cost from the end consumer and the deficit in recovery was to be reimbursed by GoP through payment of subsidy. PSO was asked to claim this subsidy by submitting price differential claims. As a set procedure, PSO used to submit fortnightly claims to the GoP, for the amount of PDC receivable on the sales of petroleum products made by it during the fortnight. Payments were then released against these claims.

The last settlement against this claim was made by GoP in April 2012 when the Company was directed to adjust an amount of Rs. 514,600 against dividends payable to GoP. The Company made the adjustments accordingly.

The Company has been continuously following up the matter with MoE for early settlement of these outstanding receivables. Latest correspondence was made via letter no PDC/FM/04 dated July 27, 2023. There has been no significant change in the status of these claims. The Company is actively pursuing these receivables / matters with the GoP through concerned / relevant ministries.

### 16.3 PDC on account of supply of furnace oil to KEL at Natural Gas prices

The Company received a directive from MoP&NR through letter no. NG(1)-7(58)09-LS(Vol-1) dated November 26, 2009 in which the Company was directed to supply furnace oil to KEL at the prices equivalent to natural gas prices plus applicable duties and taxes under the Natural Gas Load Management Program (GLMP) for Winter 2009-2010. As per this arrangement, the differential cost between the natural gas and furnace oil was to be borne by GoP and reimbursed directly to the Company by MoF. The Company was again directed by GoP in May 2010 to supply furnace oil to KEL at natural gas prices. Accordingly, furnace oil was provided to KEL at natural gas price which resulted in PDC of Rs. 5,708,581 out of which Rs. 1,800,000 was received from MoF in June 2010.

The Company has been continuously following up the matter with MoE for early settlement of these outstanding receivables. During the current fiscal year, the Company has received an amount of Rs. 3,654,091 from Government of Pakistan. The Company is following up for the remaining outstanding receivable of Rs. 254,490 with GoP through concerned / relevant ministries and is fully confident of recoveries against the remaining receivables.

### 16.4 GENCO - PDC between the products Low Sulphur Furnace Oil (LSFO) and High Sulphur Furnace Oil (HSFO)

During the current fiscal year, the Company has received the outstanding balance of Rs. 3,407,357 from Government of Pakistan. This outstanding balance related to the supply of LSFO to Kot Addu Power at HSFO price.

**16.5** As at June 30, 2024, net unfavourable amount of foreign exchange difference of Rs. 57,651,324 (2023: Rs. 61,455,158) was receivable on foreign currency borrowings (FE-25), obtained under the directives of MoF - GoP. These exchange differences are to be settled in accordance with the instructions provided by the MoF - GoP. The Company recognises exchange differences arising on such borrowings as payable (in case of exchange gains) and receivable (in case of exchange losses) to / from GoP. As per letter dated November 27, 2013 from Finance Division, MoF - GoP shall defray extra cost and risks to be borne by the Company in respect of these long / extended term borrowing arrangements i.e. the Company would not bear any exchange differences on such borrowings.

For the year ended June 30, 2024

(Amounts in Rs. '000)

### 16.6 Excise, Petroleum Development Levy (PDL), Custom Duty and Regulatory Duty

The Ministry of Finance - GoP (MoF-GoP) through SRO 392(I)/2015 dated April 30, 2015 imposed regulatory duty on import of high speed diesel and motor gasoline. Since the notification of regulatory duty was received on May 04, 2015, the impact of the regulatory duty could not be incorporated in the prices effective from May 01, 2015, which were announced on April 30, 2015 and hence could not be recovered. However, through SRO 603(I)/2015 dated June 30, 2015, the regulatory duty was rescinded and the aforementioned regulatory duty was introduced as custom duty through Finance Act, 2015. During the year ended June 30, 2016, the GoP through SRO 1178(1)/2015 dated November 30, 2015 and Finance Act, 2016 increased custom duty by 1%, resulting in a similar situation, whereby, the Company was unable to recover the impact in subsequent pricing being announced by Oil and Gas Regulatory Authority (OGRA).

The Economic Coordination Committee (ECC) of the Cabinet in its meeting dated March 07, 2018 considered the summary submitted by Petroleum Division on the subject of regulatory duty on crude oil and petroleum products and approved reimbursement of claims of OMCs on account of non-recovery of regulatory duty. The amount approved for the Company was Rs. 356,970 and the ECC directed OGRA to allow recovery of the said claims. Consequently, OGRA allowed the reimbursement amounting to Rs. 356,911 to the Company which completed in September 2018. The Company is also pursuing OGRA for reimbursement of the remaining claim on account of increase in custom duty in November 2015 and July 2016. During the year ended June 30, 2019, the Company resubmitted its claim to OGRA vide letter no. OGRA/RD/20122019 dated December 20, 2019. The same was forwarded to FBR by OGRA for verification vide its letter no. OGRA-10-12(56)/2018 dated January 08, 2020. The Company is confident of recovering the said claim in due course of time subject to verification by FBR.

**16.7** As at June 30, 2024, receivables aggregating to Rs. 9,204,477 (2023: Rs. 9,262,958) were deemed to be impaired and outstanding for more than 90 days, and hence, provision for impairment has been recognised as follows:

|        |                                                                                    | Note   | 2024                                          | 2023                                          |
|--------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|-----------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|
|        | Receivable from GoP<br>Product claims<br>Other receivables                         | 16.7.1 | 2,202,919<br>90,201<br>6,911,357<br>9,204,477 | 2,202,919<br>90,201<br>6,969,838<br>9,262,958 |
| 16.7.1 | The movement of provision for impairment is as follows:                            |        |                                               |                                               |
|        | Balance at beginning of the year                                                   |        | 9,262,958                                     | 9,028,322                                     |
|        | Provision recognised during the year<br>Reversal of provision made during the year |        | - (58,481)                                    | 300,000<br>(65,364)                           |
|        | Balance at end of the year                                                         |        | (58,481)<br>9,204,477                         | 234,636<br>9,262,958                          |

- **16.8** Includes receivables of Rs. 136,580,182 (2023: Rs. 98,089,007) due from associates and other related parties.
- **16.9** Financial assets aggregating to Rs. 2,115,956 (2023: Rs. 8,734,632) were past due but not impaired. The ageing analysis of these past due receivables is as follows:

|                    | 2024      | 2023      |
|--------------------|-----------|-----------|
|                    |           |           |
|                    |           |           |
| Up to 3 months     | 300,896   | 24,471    |
| 3 to 6 months      | 15,011    | 1,361     |
| More than 6 months | 1,800,049 | 8,708,800 |
|                    | 2,115,956 | 8,734,632 |

For the year ended June 30, 2024

(Amounts in Rs. '000)

**16.10** Includes receivables amounting to Rs.292,846 (2023: Rs.7,354,294) from related parties which are past due but not impaired:

|                                                                                | Maximum<br>aggregate<br>outstanding at<br>the end of any<br>month | Up to 6<br>months | More than 6<br>months | To<br>2024             | tal                      |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|
| Government of Pakistan                                                         | 2,495,765                                                         | -                 | 2,495,765             | 2,495,765              | 9,557,213                |
| Provision for impairment (note 16.10.1)<br>Net receivable from related parties |                                                                   |                   |                       | (2,202,919)<br>292,846 | (2,202,919)<br>7,354,294 |

**16.10.1** The movement of provision for impairment against due from GoP, related party is as follows:

|                                                                                                            |      | 2024                        | 2023                              |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Balance at beginning of the year<br>Provision recognised during the year<br>Balance at the end of the year |      | 2,202,919<br>-<br>2,202,919 | 1,902,919<br>300,000<br>2,202,919 |
| CASH AND BANK BALANCES                                                                                     | Note | 2024                        | 2023                              |
| Cash in hand                                                                                               |      | 13,358                      | 13,965                            |
| Cash at banks in:                                                                                          |      |                             |                                   |
| - current accounts                                                                                         | 17.1 | 2,885,191                   | 2,554,532                         |
| - saving accounts                                                                                          | 17.2 | 7,826,825                   | 26,385,861                        |
|                                                                                                            |      | 10,712,016                  | 28,940,393                        |
|                                                                                                            | 17.3 | 10,725,374                  | 28,954,358                        |

**17.1** Includes Rs. 486,050 (2023: Rs. 536,050) kept in a separate bank account in respect of security deposits received from the customers. These security deposits do not carry any interest.

- 17.2 These balances carry interest / mark-up ranging from 11% to 20.50% (2023: 10% to 19.50%) per annum.
- **17.3** These include balances of Rs. 807,480 (2023: Rs. 49,788) kept in bank accounts under Islamic mode.

|     |                                                  | 2024     | 2023     |
|-----|--------------------------------------------------|----------|----------|
| 18. | NET ASSETS IN BANGLADESH                         |          |          |
|     | Property, plant and equipment - at cost          | 46,968   | 46,968   |
|     | Accumulated depreciation                         | (16,056) | (16,056) |
|     |                                                  | 30,912   | 30,912   |
|     | Capital work-in-progress                         | 809      | 809      |
|     | Trade debts                                      | 869      | 869      |
|     | Long-term loans relating to assets in Bangladesh | (4,001)  | (4,001)  |
|     |                                                  | 28,589   | 28,589   |
|     | Provision for impairment                         | (28,589) | (28,589) |

**18.1** The Company has no control over these assets and has maintained these in its records at the position as it was in 1971.

#### **19. SHARE CAPITAL**

17.

### 19.1 Authorised capital

| 2024          | 2023          |                                  | 2024       | 2023       |
|---------------|---------------|----------------------------------|------------|------------|
| (Number o     | of shares)    |                                  |            |            |
| 1,000,000,000 | 1,000,000,000 | Ordinary shares of Rs. 10/- each | 10,000,000 | 10,000,000 |

For the year ended June 30, 2024

(Amounts in Rs. '000)

### 19.2 Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital

| 2024<br>(Number of s | 2023<br>shares) | Note                                                                                    | 2024      | 2023      |
|----------------------|-----------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| (                    |                 |                                                                                         |           |           |
| 3,000,000            | 3,000,000       | Ordinary shares of Rs. 10/- each<br>- Issued for cash<br>- Issued against shares of the | 30,000    | 30,000    |
| 7,694,469            | 7,694,469       | amalgamated companies                                                                   | 76,945    | 76,945    |
| 458,778,831          | 458,778,831     | - Issued as bonus shares                                                                | 4,587,789 | 4,587,789 |
| 469,473,300          | 469,473,300     | 19.3                                                                                    | 4,694,734 | 4,694,734 |

**<sup>19.3</sup>** These fully paid ordinary shares carry one vote per share and right to dividend.

**19.4** As at June 30, 2024, 1,215,648 ordinary shares of Rs. 10/- each (2023: 1,215,648 ordinary shares) relates to withholding tax on bonus shares. These were not released by the Company to the Government Treasury based on constitutional petitions filed by the shareholders with the Honourable High Court of Sindh.

**19.5** As at June 30, 2024, associated undertakings - Government of Pakistan and PSOCL Employees Empowerment Trust held 119,767,702 ordinary shares (2023: 119,767,702 ordinary shares) of Rs. 10/- each.

|     |                                                                                                                                                          | Note | 2024                                                                            | 2023                                                                              |
|-----|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 20. | RESERVES                                                                                                                                                 |      |                                                                                 |                                                                                   |
|     | <b>Capital reserve</b><br>Surplus on vesting of net assets                                                                                               | 20.1 | 3,373                                                                           | 3,373                                                                             |
|     | <b>Revenue reserves</b><br>Unrealised gain on remeasurement of FVOCI investment<br>General reserve<br>PSO venture capital fund<br>Un-appropriated profit | 20.2 | 2,253,541<br>25,282,373<br>414,718<br>198,660,177<br>226,610,809<br>226,614,182 | 1,909,133<br>25,282,373<br>1,722,212<br>182,948,082<br>211,861,800<br>211,865,173 |

**20.1** This represents surplus arising on vesting of net assets of Esso Oil Marketing business in Pakistan under the Esso Undertakings (Vesting) Act, 1976.

**20.2** The BoM unanimously approved the creation of PSO venture capital fund in financial year 2022 to make investments as per the directives of the BoM. Based on the above, the Company has transferred Rs. 414,167 (2023: Rs. 243,661) to venture capital reserve.

|     |                                       | 2024      | 2023       |
|-----|---------------------------------------|-----------|------------|
|     |                                       |           |            |
| 21. | RETIREMENT AND OTHER SERVICE BENEFITS |           |            |
|     | Medical benefits                      | 7,742,177 | 6,889,529  |
|     |                                       |           |            |
|     | Compensated absences                  | 439,753   | 391,148    |
|     | Gratuity                              | 1,275,721 | 2,356,829  |
|     | Pension                               | 253,657   | 1,548,134  |
|     |                                       | 9,711,308 | 11,185,640 |

For the year ended June 30, 2024

(Amounts in Rs. '000)

**21.1** The details of employee retirement and other service benefit obligations based on actuarial valuations carried out by an independent actuary as at June 30, 2024 under the Projected Unit Credit Method are as follows:

|        |                                                                                                 |                 | Gratuity               | / fund                 | Pensior                | funds                  | Medical b              | enefits              |
|--------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|----------------------|
|        |                                                                                                 | Note            | 2024                   | 2023                   | 2024                   | 2023                   | 2024                   | 2023                 |
| 21.1.1 | Financial position reconciliation                                                               |                 |                        |                        |                        |                        |                        |                      |
|        | Present value of defined benefit obligations                                                    | 21.1.2          | 9,610,754              | 9,186,851              | 14,286,795             | 11,935,063             | 7,742,177              | 6,889,529            |
|        | Fair value of plan assets                                                                       | 21.1.3 & 21.1.9 | (8,335,033)            | (6,830,022)            | (14,033,138)           | (10,386,929)           | -                      | -                    |
|        | Net liability at end of the year                                                                | 21.1.8          | 1,275,721              | 2,356,829              | 253,657                | 1,548,134              | 7,742,177              | 6,889,529            |
|        | recendency at end of the year                                                                   | 21.1.0          | 1,273,721              | 2,330,023              | 233,037                | 1,340,134              | 1,176,177              | 0,005,525            |
| 21.1.2 | Movement in present value of defined<br>benefit obligations                                     |                 |                        |                        |                        |                        |                        |                      |
|        | Present value of defined benefit obligations at                                                 |                 |                        |                        |                        |                        |                        |                      |
|        | beginning of the year                                                                           |                 | 9,186,851              | 8,411,645              | 11,935,063             | 10,152,754             | 6,889,529              | 7,005,415            |
|        | Current service cost                                                                            | 21.1.4          | 393,018                | 356,831                | 421,829                | 316,519                | 156,989                | -                    |
|        | Past service cost                                                                               | 21.1.4          | -                      | -                      | -                      | 327,415                | 75,401                 | 16,958               |
|        | Interest cost<br>Benefits paid during the year                                                  |                 | 1,373,173<br>(936,583) | 1,098,698<br>(546,221) | 1,847,080<br>(415,149) | 1,346,860<br>(352,034) | 1,069,279<br>(200,916) | 932,353<br>(198,199) |
|        | Remeasurement: Actuarial (gain) / loss                                                          |                 | (405,705)              | (134,102)              | 497,972                | (332,034)<br>143,549   | (248,105)              | (866,998)            |
|        | Present value of defined benefit obligations at end of the year                                 | ar              | 9,610,754              | 9,186,851              | 14,286,795             | 11,935,063             | 7,742,177              | 6,889,529            |
| 21.1.3 | Movement in fair value of plan assets                                                           |                 |                        |                        |                        |                        |                        |                      |
|        | Fair value of plan assets at beginning of the year                                              |                 | 6,830,022              | 6,522,029              | 10,386,929             | 9,472,860              |                        |                      |
|        | Expected return on plan assets                                                                  |                 | 1,059,240              | 858,433                | 1,650,575              | 1,269,498              | -                      | -                    |
|        | Contributions made by the Company                                                               |                 | 727,213                | 219,751                | 600,965                | 213,701                |                        | -                    |
|        | Benefits paid during the year                                                                   |                 | (936,583)              | (546,221)              | (415,149)              | (352,034)              |                        | -                    |
|        | Remeasurement: Actuarial (loss) / gain                                                          |                 | 655,141                | (223,970)              | 1,809,818              | (217,096)              | -                      | -                    |
|        | Fair value of plan assets at end of the year                                                    |                 | 8,335,033              | 6,830,022              | 14,033,138             | 10,386,929             | -                      | -                    |
| 21.1.4 | Expense recognised in profit or loss                                                            |                 |                        |                        |                        |                        |                        |                      |
|        | Current service cost                                                                            |                 | 393,018                | 356,831                | 421,829                | 316,519                | 156,989                | -                    |
|        | Past service cost                                                                               |                 | -                      | -                      | -                      | 327,415                | 75,401                 | 16,958               |
|        | Net interest (income) / expense                                                                 |                 | 313,933                | 240,265                | 196,505                | 77,362                 | 1,069,279              | 932,353              |
|        | Expense for the year                                                                            |                 | 706,951                | 597,096                | 618,334                | 721,296                | 1,301,669              | 949,311              |
| 21.1.5 | Actual return on plan assets                                                                    |                 | 1,714,381              | 419,946                | 3,460,393              | 725,450                |                        |                      |
| 21.1.6 | Remeasurement (gain) / loss recognised in other<br>comprehensive income / (loss)                |                 |                        |                        |                        |                        |                        |                      |
|        | Actuarial (gain) / loss on defined benefit obligations                                          | 21.1.7          | (405,705)              | (134,102)              | 497,972                | 143,549                | (248,105)              | (866,998)            |
|        | Actuarial (gain) / loss on fair value of plan assets                                            |                 | (655,141)              | 223,970                | (1,809,818)            | 217,096                | =                      | -                    |
|        | Remeasurement (gain) / loss                                                                     |                 | (1,060,846)            | 89,868                 | (1,311,846)            | 360,645                | (248,105)              | (866,998)            |
| 21.1.7 | The actuarial (gain) / loss on defined benefit obligations<br>occurred on account of following: | i               |                        |                        |                        |                        |                        |                      |
|        | - Financial assumptions                                                                         |                 | 117,425                | (646,222)              | 1,602,928              | (343,640)              | (21,352)               | 27,560               |
|        | - Experience adjustments                                                                        |                 | (523,130)              | 512,120                | (1,104,955)            | 487,189                | (226,753)              | (894,558)            |
|        |                                                                                                 |                 | (405,705)              | (134,102)              | 497,973                | 143,549                | (248,105)              | (866,998)            |
| 21.1.8 | Net recognised liability / (asset)                                                              |                 |                        |                        |                        |                        |                        |                      |
|        | Net liability / (asset) at beginning of the year                                                |                 | 2,356,829              | 1,889,616              | 1,548,134              | 679,894                | 6,889,529              | 7,005,415            |
|        | Expense recognised in profit or loss                                                            | 21.1.4          | 706,951                | 597,096                | 618,334                | 721,296                | 1,301,669              | 949,311              |
|        | Contributions made / benefits paid by the Company                                               |                 | (727,213)              | (219,751)              | (600,965)              | (213,701)              | (200,916)              | (198,199)            |
|        | Remeasurement (gain) / loss recognised in other<br>comprehensive income / (loss)                | 21.1.6          | (1,060,846)            | 89,868                 | (1,311,846)            | 360,645                | (248,105)              | (866,998)            |
|        | Net liability / (asset) at end of the year                                                      | 21.1.0          | 1,275,721              | 2,356,829              | 253,657                | 1,548,134              | 7,742,177              | 6,889,529            |
|        | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                                                           |                 | ,,                     | ,,                     |                        | ,                      | , _,                   | .,,                  |

For the year ended June 30, 2024

|        |                                              |               |           | (Amo       | ounts in Rs. '000) |
|--------|----------------------------------------------|---------------|-----------|------------|--------------------|
|        |                                              | Gratuity fund |           | Pensio     | n funds            |
|        |                                              | 2024          | 2023      | 2024       | 2023               |
| 21.1.9 | Plan assets comprise of following:           |               |           |            |                    |
|        |                                              |               |           |            |                    |
|        | Pakistan Investment Bonds                    | 6,271,498     | 2,612,761 | 11,934,509 | 2,209,264          |
|        | Mutual Funds                                 | -             | -         |            | -                  |
|        | Treasury Bills                               | 1,737,454     | 3,660,592 | 613,383    | 7,260,220          |
|        | Quoted Shares                                | -             | -         | 822,606    | 480,336            |
|        | Term Finance Certificates                    | -             | 202,080   | -          | 222,288            |
|        | Cash and cash equivalents                    | 72,659        | 283,702   | 70,363     | 137,368            |
|        | Other receivables / (payables) - net         | 253,422       | 70,887    | 592,277    | 77,453             |
|        | Fair value of plan assets at end of the year | 8,335,033     | 6,830,022 | 14,033,138 | 10,386,929         |

**21.1.10** Plan assets include the Company's ordinary shares with a fair value of Rs. 128,714 (2023: Rs. 86,014).

**21.1.11** The principal assumptions used in the actuarial valuations carried out as of June 30, 2024, using the Projected Unit Credit method, are as follows:

|                                                              | Gratuit        | y Fund         | Pensior        | n Funds          | Medical Benefits |                  | Compensated Absences |                  |
|--------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|----------------------|------------------|
|                                                              | 2024           | 2023           | 2024           | 2023             | 2024             | 2023             | 2024                 | 2023             |
| Discount rate per annum (%)<br>Expected per annum rate of    | 14.00          | 15.75          | 14.00          | 15.75            | 14.00            | 15.75            | 14.00                | 15.75            |
| return on plan assets (%)<br>Expected per annum rate of      | 14.00          | 15.75          | 14.00          | 15.75            |                  |                  |                      |                  |
| increase in future salaries (%)                              | 13.50          | 15.75          | 15.00          | 15.75            | -                |                  | 15.00                | 15.75            |
| Expected per annum rate of<br>increase in medical costs (%): |                |                |                |                  |                  |                  |                      |                  |
| - active employees                                           | -              | -              | -              | -                | 14.00            | 15.75            | -                    | -                |
| - pensioners                                                 |                | -              | -              | -                | 14.00            | 15.75            | -                    | -                |
| Indexation of pension (%)                                    |                | -              | 10.50          | 11.50            |                  | -                |                      | -                |
| Expected mortality rate                                      | SLIC (2001-05) | SLIC (2001-05) | SLIC (2001-05) | SLIC (2001-05)   | SLIC (2001-05)   | SLIC (2001-05)   | SLIC (2001-05)       | SLIC (2001-05)   |
|                                                              | Ultimate       | Ultimate       | Ultimate       | Ultimate         | Ultimate         | Ultimate         | Ultimate             | Ultimate         |
|                                                              | Mortality      | Mortality      | Mortality      | Mortality        | Mortality        | Mortality        | Mortality            | Mortality        |
|                                                              | table          | table          | table          | table            | table            | table            | table                | table            |
| Expected withdrawal rate                                     | Low            | Low            | Low            | Age<br>dependent | Low              | Age<br>dependent | Low                  | Age<br>dependent |

**21.1.12** The plans expose the Company to the actuarial risks such as:

### Salary increase risks

The most common type of retirement benefit is one where the benefit is linked with final salary. The risk arises when the actual increases are higher than expectation and impacts the liability accordingly.

### Withdrawal risks

The risk of actual withdrawals varying with the actuarial assumptions can impose a risk to the benefit obligation. The movement of the liability can go either way.

#### **Investment risks**

The risk arises when the actual performance of the investments is lower than expectation and thus creating a shortfall in the funding objectives.

### Longevity risks

The risk arises when the actual lifetime of retirees is longer than expectation. The risk is measured at the plan level over the entire retiree population.

For the year ended June 30, 2024

(Amounts in Rs. '000)

In case of the funded plans, the investment positions are managed by Asset-Liability Matching (ALM) framework to ensure that long-term investments are in line with the obligation under the retirement benefit plan. Duration and the expected yield of the investments are matched with the expected cash outflows arising from the retirement benefit plan obligations. The process used to manage risks has not been changed from previous periods. Investments are well diversified and a large portion of plan assets in 2024 consists of Regular Income Certificates, Pakistan Investment Bonds, Mutual funds, Treasury bills and Quoted shares.

- 21.1.13 The expected return on plan assets was determined by considering the expected returns available on the assets underlying the current investment policy. Expected yields on fixed interest investments are based on gross redemption yields as at the reporting date. Expected return on equity investments reflect long-term real rates of return experienced in the market.
- **21.1.14** Expected contributions to gratuity fund, pension funds and medical benefits for the year ending June 30, 2025 are Rs. 547,939, Rs. 396,804 and Rs. 1,202,488 respectively.

### 21.1.15 Historical information of staff retirement benefits

|                                             | 2024         | 2023         | 2022        | 2021        | 2020        |
|---------------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Pension Plan Funded                         |              |              |             |             |             |
| Present value of defined benefit obligation | 14,286,795   | 11,935,063   | 10,152,754  | 8,799,781   | 8,171,626   |
| Fair value of plan assets                   | (14,033,138) | (10,386,929) | (9,472,860) | (9,918,245) | (8,968,876) |
| Net liability / (asset) at end of the year  | 253,657      | 1,548,134    | 679,894     | (1,118,464) | (797,250)   |
|                                             |              |              |             |             |             |
| Gratuity Plans Funded                       |              |              |             |             |             |
| Present value of defined benefit obligation | 9,610,754    | 9,186,851    | 8,411,645   | 7,399,005   | 7,339,743   |
| Fair value of plan assets                   | (8,335,033)  | (6,830,022)  | (6,522,029) | (7,738,302) | (7,323,039) |
| Net liability / (asset) at end of the year  | 1,275,721    | 2,356,829    | 1,889,616   | (339,297)   | 16,704      |
|                                             |              |              |             |             |             |

### 21.1.16 Defined contribution plans

An amount of Rs. 453,900 (2023: Rs. 430,633) has been charged during the year in respect of defined contribution plan maintained by the Company.

### 21.1.17 Sensitivity analysis for actuarial assumptions

The sensitivity of the defined benefit obligation to changes in the weighted principal assumptions is:

|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | Gratuity                                                                        | Pension                                                                                     | Medical                                                             |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | fund                                                                            | funds                                                                                       | benefits                                                            |
| Discount rate (1% increase)<br>Discount rate (1% decrease)<br>Future salary rate (1% increase)<br>Future salary rate (1% decrease)<br>Future pension rate (1% increase)<br>Future pension rate (1% decrease)<br>Medical cost trend rate (1% increase)<br>Medical cost trend rate (1% decrease) | (8,981,600)<br>10,320,360<br>10,267,830<br>(9,016,960)<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>- | (13,003,750)<br>15,824,376<br>14,742,192<br>(13,869,281)<br>15,066,741<br>(13,203,371)<br>- | (6,811,460)<br>8,882,627<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>8,717,565<br>(6,916,505) |

If longevity increases by 1 year, obligation increases by Rs. 14,250 (2023: 15,880).

The sensitivity analysis is based on a change in an assumption while holding all other assumptions constant. In practice, this is unlikely to occur, and changes in some of the assumptions may be correlated. When calculating the sensitivity of the defined benefit obligation to significant actuarial assumptions, the same method (present value of defined benefit obligation calculated with the projected unit credit method at the end of the reporting period) is applied as when calculating the liability for gratuity, pension and medical benefits recognised within the statement of financial position. There has been no change in assumptions and methods used in preparing the sensitivity analysis from prior year. 211

For the year ended June 30, 2024

(Amounts in Rs. '000)

- **21.1.18** The expected return on plan assets is based on the market expectations and depends upon the asset portfolio of the funds, at the beginning of the year.
- 21.1.19 The expected maturity analysis of undiscounted retirement benefit liability is as follows:

|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | Gratu<br>fune                                                   |                                                                                                                                                 | Medical<br>benefits                                                                                   |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Less than a year<br>Between 1-2 years<br>Between 2-3 years<br>Between 3-4 years<br>Between 4-5 years<br>Between 6-10 years<br>Over 10 years                                                                                                                                           | 1,147,<br>776,<br>833,<br>1,100,<br>1,244,<br>6,410,<br>26,539, | 794         691,467           831         897,751           901         871,228           934         1,347,740           012         6,523,041 | 257,378<br>233,541<br>264,153<br>222,118<br>1,788,205                                                 |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | Note                                                            | 2024                                                                                                                                            | 2023                                                                                                  |
| LEASE LIABILITIES                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                                                                 |                                                                                                                                                 |                                                                                                       |
| Balance at beginning of the year<br>Additions during the year<br>Accretion of interest<br>Lease contracts modified during the year<br>Less: Disposal during the year<br>Less: Lease rentals paid<br>Balance at the end of year<br>Less: Current portion shown under current liability | 36                                                              | 7,094,642<br>802,165<br>925,807<br>1,188,565<br>(19,395)<br>(1,772,593)<br>8,219,191<br>(532,440)<br>7,686,751                                  | 6,636,979<br>913,146<br>841,142<br>281,500<br>-<br>(1,578,125)<br>7,094,642<br>(483,269)<br>6,611,373 |

- **22.1** The Company has recognised charge of Rs. 5,593,039 (2023: 5,770,361) relating to those variable lease payments, which do not form a part of leases.
- **22.2** The expected maturity analysis of undiscounted lease payment is as follows:

|                   | 2024       | 2023       |
|-------------------|------------|------------|
| Less than a year  | 1,470,583  | 1,325,699  |
| Between 1-5 years | 6,333,894  | 4,896,074  |
| Over 5 years      | 11,504,271 | 10,275,828 |

### 23. DEFERRED INCOME - GOVERNMENT GRANT

The Company received grant of Rs. 100,000 in Financial Year 2022 from Government of Gilgit Baltisitan (GoGB) for establishment of bulk oil depot at Skardu.

### 24. OTHER PAYABLE

Balance relates to wharfage payable to related party on account of import of LNG by the Company. As per the directions of Ministry of Finance - Economic Affairs Division outstanding wharfage has to be paid in 10 equal installments without interest over a period of 10 years. The Company has recognised this liability at amortised cost at inception rate prevailing at the time of determining the liability.

212

22.

For the year ended June 30, 2024

|     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |                            |                                                                      | (Amounts in Rs. '000)                                               |
|-----|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------|
|     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | Note                       | 2024                                                                 | 2023                                                                |
| 25. | TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                            |                                                                      |                                                                     |
|     | Local creditors<br>Foreign creditors                                                                                                                                                                                                         | 25.1 & 25.2<br>25.1 & 25.3 | 47,127,400<br>145,857,794<br>192,985,194                             | 65,440,981<br>87,448,393<br>152,889,374                             |
|     | Security deposits<br>Accrued expenses and other liabilities<br>Subscription money payable<br>Payable to provident funds<br>Due to OMCs and refineries<br>Inland Freight Equalization Margin (IFEM) including freight<br>equalization payable | 25.4<br>25.5, 25.6 & 25.7  | 9,181,368<br>72,787,190<br>15,000<br>24,575<br>205,424<br>13.947,870 | 7,804,458<br>109,216,737<br>15,000<br>9,934<br>348,013<br>9,613,233 |
|     | Advances - unsecured<br>- from customers<br>- against equipment                                                                                                                                                                              | 25.8                       | 8,030,189<br>1,615<br>8,031,804                                      | 6,902,893<br>1,615<br>6,904,508                                     |
|     | Taxes and other Government dues<br>- Excise, taxes and other duties<br>- Income tax deducted at source                                                                                                                                       |                            | 10,931,930<br>222,472<br>11,154,402                                  | 20,216,724<br>360,231<br>20,576,955                                 |
|     | Workers' Profit Participation Fund<br>Workers' Welfare Fund<br>Others                                                                                                                                                                        | 25.9                       | 353,703<br>831,494<br>312,331<br>309,830,355                         | 10,006<br>524,002<br><u>178,580</u><br><u>308,090,800</u>           |

**25.1** The average credit period on imports is 30 days on White Oil, 60 days on Black Oil and ranges between 14 to 21 days on Liquified Natural Gas (LNG). On local purchases, the Company is availing 13 to 14 days credit. Thereafter, interest is charged in accordance with the terms of agreement on the outstanding balance.

|      |                                                                 | 2024       | 2023       |
|------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|------------|------------|
| 25.2 | This includes amounts payable to the following related parties: |            |            |
| 23.2 | Pak-Arab Refinery Company Limited                               | 27,197,506 | 38,718,429 |
|      | Pakistan Refinery Limited                                       | 6,334,330  | 9,740,812  |
|      | Cnergyico Pk Limited                                            | 337,283    | 703,557    |
|      |                                                                 | 33,869,119 | 49,162,798 |

- 25.3 This includes amount of Rs. 38,425,773 (2023: Rs. 22,568,959) in respect of import of LNG.
- **25.4** Security deposits include deposits received by the Company under the terms of related agreements and are as follows:

|                     | Note   | 2024      | 2023      |
|---------------------|--------|-----------|-----------|
|                     |        |           |           |
| Dealers             | 25.4.2 | 1,336,803 | 1,230,999 |
| Equipment           | 25.4.3 | 702,054   | 560,291   |
| Cartage contractors | 25.4.4 | 1,802,763 | 1,275,367 |
| Card holders        | 25.4.5 | 4,294,326 | 4,057,868 |
| Suppliers           | 25.4.5 | 922,183   | 578,274   |
| Others              | 25.4.5 | 123,239   | 101,659   |
|                     |        | 9,181,368 | 7.804.458 |

For the year ended June 30, 2024

|        |                                             |                      |                                   | (Amounts in Rs. '000)             |
|--------|---------------------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
|        |                                             | Note                 | 2024                              | 2023                              |
| 25.4.1 | Security deposits include:                  |                      |                                   |                                   |
|        | Utilisable / utilised in business<br>Others | 25.4.1.1<br>25.4.1.2 | 8,695,318<br>486,050<br>9,181,368 | 7,268,408<br>536,050<br>7,804,458 |

- **25.4.1.1** The amount is fully utilised in business in accordance with requirement of written agreements and in terms of section 217 of the Companies Act, 2017.
- **25.4.1.2** The amount is kept in separate bank accounts as per terms of agreement.
- **25.4.2** These represent interest-free deposits from dealers for the performance of their service as defined in the dealership agreements. The deposits are refundable on termination of dealership agreements and are payable on demand.
- **25.4.3** These represent interest-free deposits from customers against Liquified Petroleum Gas (LPG) equipments. The deposits are refundable on the return of equipment and are payable on demand.
- **25.4.4** These represent interest bearing and interest-free deposits from contractors against the cartage contracts for transportation of petroleum products. The deposits are refundable on cancellation of contracts.
- **25.4.5** These represent non-interest bearing security deposits and are repayable on termination of contract / performance of the services.

|      |                                                                  | 2024                | 2023                    |
|------|------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|
| 25.5 | This includes amount payable to the following related parties:   |                     |                         |
|      | Pakistan National Shipping Corporation<br>Government of Pakistan | 2,070,487<br>12,569 | 2,070,487<br>34,635,372 |

- **25.6** Includes amount due to various related parties on account of insurance premium, late payment surcharge, pipeline and other charges aggregating to Rs. 30,726,807 (2023: Rs. 26,337,912).
- 25.7 Includes current portion of wharfage payable to related party amounting to Rs. 91,150 (2023: Rs. 80,471).
- **25.8** These represent advances received from customers against supply of petroleum products which are recognised as revenue when the performance obligation is satisfied.

|      |                                                                     | Note | 2024                             | 2023                                         |
|------|---------------------------------------------------------------------|------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|
| 25.9 | Workers' Profit Participation Fund                                  |      |                                  |                                              |
|      | Balance at beginning of the year<br>Allocation for the year         | 35   | 10,006<br>2,226,704<br>2,236,710 | (1,433,419)<br><u>1,310,005</u><br>(123,414) |
|      | (Payments) / receipts during the year<br>Balance at end of the year |      | (1,883,007)<br>353,703           | <u> </u>                                     |

214

(Amage under im De (000)

### **Notes to the Unconsolidated Financial Statements**

For the year ended June 30, 2024

|     |                                                |                    |             | (Amounts in Rs. '000) |
|-----|------------------------------------------------|--------------------|-------------|-----------------------|
|     |                                                | Note               | 2024        | 2023                  |
| 26. | SHORT-TERM BORROWINGS                          |                    |             |                       |
|     | From National Bank of Pakistan - Related party |                    |             |                       |
|     | Short-term finances in foreign currency        | 26.1               | 127,365,193 | 115,819,571           |
|     | From other than related party                  |                    |             |                       |
|     | Short-term finances                            |                    |             |                       |
|     | - local currency                               | 26.3 & 26.7        | 60,500,000  | 39,000,000            |
|     | - foreign currency                             | 26.1               | 203,292,109 | 264,740,137           |
|     |                                                |                    | 263,792,109 | 303,740,137           |
|     | Finances under mark-up arrangements            | 26.3 & 26.6        | 12,396,196  | 3,145,865             |
|     |                                                | 26.2 , 26.4 & 26.5 | 403,553,498 | 422,705,573           |

- **26.1** The rate of mark-up for these facilities range from Re. 0.17 to Re. 0.38 (2023: Re. 0.19 to Re. 0.44) per Rs. 1,000 per day. This facility is secured by way of trust receipts of the Company. These finances have been obtained on the directives of MoF via letter dated September 09, 2015.
- **26.2** The total facility limit of various financing facilities available from banks aggregate to Rs. 508,301,086 (2023: Rs. 514,361,014) out of which Rs. 104,747,588 (2023: Rs. 91,655,441) remained unutilised as of reporting date. These facilities are secured by way of floating / pari passu charge on the Company's stocks, receivables and trust receipts.
- **26.3** The rate of mark-up on short-term finance facility is Re. 0.55 to Re. 0.60 (2023: Re. 0.03 to Re. 0.60) per Rs. 1,000 per day. The rate of mark-up for finances under mark-up arrangements ranges from Re.0.57 to Re.0.61 (2023: Re.0.39 to Re.0.62) per Rs. 1,000 per day, net of prompt payment rebates. These facilities are renewable subject to payment of repurchase price on specified dates.
- **26.4** These finances have been obtained for working capital requirements.
- **26.5** As at June 30, 2024, accrued interest / mark-up on short-term borrowings and finances under mark-up arrangement amounted to Rs. 4,958,369 (2023: Rs. 11,523,844), which includes Rs. 655,877 (2023: Rs. 1,585,296) due to National Bank of Pakistan.
- **26.6** As at June 30, 2024, finances under mark-up arrangement includes Rs. 6,968,342 (2023: Rs. Nil) due to National Bank of Pakistan.
- **26.7** These include short-term finances amounting to Rs. 22,500,000 (2023: Rs. Nil) from bank accounts under Islamic mode.

|      |                                                                                                    | 2024                                                        | 2023                                                       |
|------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------|
| 26.8 | Movement in short-term and foreign currency loan:                                                  |                                                             |                                                            |
|      | Balance at beginning of the year<br>Loans obtained during the year<br>Loans repaid during the year | 419,559,708<br>490,334,927<br>(518,737,333)<br>(28,402,406) | 153,987,116<br>455,566,044<br>(189,993,452)<br>265,572,592 |
|      | Balance at end of the year                                                                         | 391,157,302                                                 | 419,559,708                                                |

For the year ended June 30, 2024

(Amounts in Rs. '000)

#### 27. **PROVISIONS**

These represent provisions for certain legal claims raised by the regulatory authorities against the Company. The outcome of these legal claims are not expected to give rise to material obligations beyond those provided for.

|                                                                                                                          | 2024                                               | 2023                                               |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|
| Claim raised by regulatory authorities<br>Infrastructure development cess                                                | 386,949<br>252,464<br>639,413                      | 386,949<br>252,464<br>639,413                      |
| Movement of provision during the year is as follows:                                                                     |                                                    |                                                    |
| Balance at beginning of the year<br>Balance at closing of the year                                                       | 639,413<br>639,413                                 | <u>639,413</u><br>639,413                          |
| UNCLAIMED DIVIDEND                                                                                                       |                                                    |                                                    |
| Balance at beginning of the year<br>Dividend for the year<br>Payments made during the year<br>Balance at end of the year | 1,561,242<br>3,521,050<br>(3,461,478)<br>1,620,814 | 1,478,519<br>4,694,734<br>(4,612,011)<br>1,561,242 |

#### 29. CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

#### 29.1 Contingencies

28.

The Company has contingent liabilities in respect of unrecognised late payment surcharge, pending tax matters and other legal claims in the ordinary course of business.

#### 29.1.1 Income Tax

- **29.1.1.1** The taxation officer passed assessment orders dated May 28, 2010, May 31, 2010, August 31, 2010 and January 29, 2011 in respect of tax years 2005 to 2008 and made certain disallowances and additions resulting in total tax demand of Rs. 1,513,951. These orders were later rectified and amended to Rs. 831,811. The appeal against tax year 2008 is pending before the High Court of Sindh (SHC). During the year ended June 30, 2019, the Appellate Tribunal Inland Revenue (ATIR) passed an order in respect of Tax Year 2005 which was in favour of the Company except one point on which the Company has filed reference before SHC. During the year ended June 30, 2020, ATIR has passed orders in respect of Tax Year 2006 and 2007 which were mostly in favour of the Company. The Company obtained the effect of ATIR orders from taxation authorities for the tax years 2005 to 2007 after which demand is reduced to Rs. 169,744. Based on views of the tax advisor, the management believes that it is more likely than not that the matters will ultimately be decided in the favour of the Company. Accordingly, no provision has been made in these unconsolidated financial statements.
- **29.1.1.2** The taxation officer passed assessment orders dated January 31, 2012, April 06, 2012 and May 31, 2012 in respect of tax years 2009 to 2011 and made certain disallowances and additions resulting in total tax demand of Rs. 4,598,246. The Company filed appeals against these orders before Commissioner Inland Revenue (Appeals) [CIR (Appeals)] who decided certain matters in favour of the Company. During the year ended June 30, 2013, the Company received revised orders showing an aggregate demand of Rs. 740,871 after taking into effect for matters decided in favour of the Company has filed appeals before the ATIR for remaining points adjudicated against the Company by the CIR (Appeals) which are pending for hearing. Based on the views of tax advisor of the Company, the management believes that it is more likely than not that the matters will ultimately be decided in the favour of the Company. Accordingly, no provision has been made in these unconsolidated financial statements.

For the year ended June 30, 2024

#### (Amounts in Rs. '000)

- **29.1.1.3** Assistant Commissioner Inland Revenue (ACIR) through his orders dated January 29, 2013 and January 28, 2014 made certain additions and disallowances in respect of Tax Year 2012 and 2013 respectively raising total tax demand of Rs. 3,096,173. The Company had filed appeals against the said orders before the CIR (Appeals), whereby most of the matters have been decided in favour of the Company. For remaining issues, the Company has filed appeals before the ATIR. Based on the views of tax advisor of the Company, the management believes that it is more likely than not that the matters will ultimately be decided in the favour of the Company. Accordingly, no provision has been made in these unconsolidated financial statements.
- **29.1.1.4** The ACIR through his orders dated February 09, 2015 and March 22, 2016 made certain additions and disallowances in respect of Tax Year 2014 and 2015 respectively, thereby creating total tax demand of Rs. 35,992,978. The orders were later rectified and amended to Rs. 3,619,899. Further, through computerised balloting, the Company was selected for audit of Tax Year 2014 by the Federal Board of Revenue (FBR) and another demand of Rs. 53,023 was created by FBR for Tax Year 2014. The Company filed appeals against these orders before the CIR (Appeals) which were decided partially against the Company in 2018 except for audit case of Tax Year 2014 which was remanded back by CIR (Appeals) to the assessing officer for verification and effect. The Company has filed appeals before ATIR against these CIR (Appeals) orders. During the year 2019, the Company received an appeal effect on aforesaid CIR (Appeals) orders from tax authorities after which the demand has been amended to Rs. 2,585,773. During the current year, the Company received another appeal effect from taxation authorities for the Tax Year 2014 after which demand is reduced to Rs. 2,532,750. Based on the views of tax advisor of the Company, the management believes that it is more likely than not that the matters will ultimately be decided in the favour of the Company. Accordingly, no provision has been made in these unconsolidated financial statements.
- **29.1.1.5** The ACIR through his assessment orders dated February 27, 2017 for Tax Year 2016; and assessment order dated December 29, 2017 and February 28, 2018 for Tax Year 2017, made certain additions and disallowances, thereby creating total tax demand of Rs. 2,685,964. The Company filed appeals against these orders before the CIR (Appeals). The appeal relating to Tax Year 2016 has been decided by CIR (Appeals) in 2018, whereby few issues have been decided in favour of the Company. The Company had received an appeal effect for the Tax Year 2016 on aforesaid CIR (Appeals) order from tax authorities after which the aforesaid demand has been reduced to Rs. 2,685,818. For remaining issues, the Company has filed appeals before ATIR. Based on the views of tax advisor of the Company, the management believes that it is more likely than not that the matters will ultimately be decided in the favour of the Company. Accordingly, no provision has been made in these unconsolidated financial statements.
- **29.1.1.6** The ACIR through his order dated January 31, 2019 made certain additions and disallowances in respect of Tax Year 2018 and raised tax demand of Rs. 207,773. The Company filed an appeal against aforesaid order before CIR (Appeals) which was decided against the Company. Appeal against the said order has been filed before the ATIR by the Company. Based on the views of tax advisor of the Company, the management believes that the matters will ultimately be decided in the favour of the Company. Accordingly, no provision has been made in these unconsolidated financial statements.
- **29.1.1.7** The Additional Commissioner Inland Revenue (AdCIR) through his order dated September 30, 2020 made certain additions and disallowances in respect of Tax Year 2019 and raised tax demand of Rs. 411,567. The Company filed an appeal before CIR (Appeals) which was decided against the Company. Appeal against the said order has been filed before the ATIR by the Company. Based on the views of tax advisor of the Company, the management believes that it is more likely than not that the matters will ultimately be decided in the favour of the Company. Accordingly, no provision has been made in these unconsolidated financial statements.
- 29.1.1.8 The AdCIR through his order dated June 28, 2022 made certain additions and disallowances in respect of Tax Year 2021 and raised tax demand of Rs. 3,014,870. The Company has filed appeal before CIR (Appeals) on July 26, 2022. Last year, taxation authorities has further amended the aforsaid order to Rs. 3,520,201 by including WWF demand. The Company has filed appeal before CIR(A) which is partially decided

For the year ended June 30, 2024

(Amounts in Rs. '000)

against the company. The Company had received an appeal effect for the Tax Year 2021 on aforesaid CIR (Appeals) order from tax authorities after which the aforesaid demand has been reduced to Rs. 3,477,249. For remaining issues, the Company has filed appeals before ATIR. Based on the views of tax advisor of the Company, the management believes that it is more likely than not that the matters will ultimately be decided in the favour of the Company. Accordingly, no provision has been made in these unconsolidated financial statements.

- **29.1.1.9** The AdCIR through his order dated May 29, 2023 made certain additions and disallowances in respect of Tax Year 2022 and raised tax demand of Rs. 2,557,721 by including WWF. The Company filed an appeal before CIR (Appeals) which was decided against the Company. Appeal against the said order has been filed before the ATIR by the Company. Based on the views of tax advisor of the Company, the management believes that it is more likely than not that the matters will ultimately be decided in the favour of the Company. Accordingly, no provision has been made in these unconsolidated financial statements.
- **29.1.1.10** The AdCIR passed order dated March 28, 2024 in respect of Tax Year 2023 and made certain amendment and additions resulting in total tax demand of Rs. 1,486,065. The Company has filed an appeal before CIR (Appeals) which is still pending. Based on the views of tax advisor, the management believes that it is more likely than not that the matters will ultimately be decided in the favour of the Company. Accordingly, no provision has been made in these unconsolidated financial statements.
- **29.1.1.11** The AdCIR passed order dated April 01, 2024 in respect of Tax Year 2020 and made certain amendment and additions resulting in total tax demand of Rs. 59,435. The Company has filed an appeal before CIR (Appeals) which is still pending. Based on the views of tax advisor, the management believes that it is more likely than not that the matters will ultimately be decided in the favour of the Company. Accordingly, no provision has been made in these unconsolidated financial statements.

#### 29.1.2 Sales Tax

- **29.1.2.1** A sales tax order-in-original No. 01/2010 dated March 30, 2010 was issued by Deputy Commissioner Inland Revenue (DCIR), FBR in respect of sales tax audit of the Company for the tax years 2004-2007. Under the said order, a demand of Rs. 883,864 was raised on account of certain transactions and default surcharge of Rs. 512,172 was imposed. The ATIR decided the case in favour of the Company. However, the tax department has filed an appeal against the aforesaid decision of the ATIR in the SHC which is pending for hearing. Based on the views of tax and legal advisors, the management believes that it is more likely than not that the matter will ultimately be decided in the favour of the Company. Accordingly, no provision has been made for the said matters in these unconsolidated financial statements.
- **29.1.2.2** The DCIR passed an order dated July 02, 2019 in respect of sales tax audit for Tax Year 2010 giving rise to demand of Rs. 3,586,018 along with penalty of Rs. 179,300 and default surcharge to be calculated at the time of settlement of demand. The Company appealed against this order before CIR (Appeals), who annulled the order and decided the case in the Company's favour through an order dated September 09, 2019. Tax department has filed an appeal, against this order, to appellate tribunal. Based on the views of tax advisor of the Company, the management believes that it is more likely than not that the matter will ultimately be decided in the Company's favour. Accordingly, no provision has been made in these unconsolidated financial statements.
- **29.1.2.3** The DCIR has passed an order dated July 04, 2019 on the matter of non-charging of sales tax on supply of fuel to vessels and aircrafts proceeding outside Pakistan for the year Tax Year 2015. The aforesaid order resulted in demand of sales tax of Rs. 4,579,596 along with penalty of Rs. 228,979 and default surcharge to be calculated at the time of settlement of demand. The Company appealed against this order before CIR (Appeals), who annulled the order and decided the case in Company's favour in an order dated September 09, 2019. Tax department has filed an appeal, against this order, to ATIR. Based on the views of tax advisor of the Company, the management believes that it is more

218

For the year ended June 30, 2024

(Amounts in Rs. '000)

likely than not that the matter will ultimately be decided in the Company's favour. Accordingly, no provision has been made in these unconsolidated financial statements.

- **29.1.2.4** A sales tax order No. 01/2012 dated January 16, 2013 was issued by the DCIR (Adjudication), FBR in respect of delayed payment of sales tax due in sales tax return for March 2011. Under the said order, demand of Rs. 437,305 was raised which comprised default surcharge of Rs. 82,265 and penalty of Rs. 355,040 on late payment. The Company filed an appeal against the said order before CIR (Appeals) which was decided against the Company. The Company, accordingly, filed an appeal against the aforesaid order of CIR (Appeals) before the ATIR which vide its order dated September 13, 2013 upheld the imposition of default surcharge, however, vacated penalty imposed for de novo consideration by adjudicating authority. The matter of penalty was again decided against the Company by adjudicating officer and later on by the CIR (Appeals) vide its order dated September 29, 2015 against which the Company has filed an appeal before the ATIR on February 18, 2016. Further, the Company has also filed an appeal before the SHC against the first order of ATIR, which is pending for hearing. Based on the views of tax and legal advisors of the Company, the management believes that it is more likely than not that the matters will ultimately be decided in favour of the Company. Accordingly, no provision has been made in these unconsolidated financial statements.
- **29.1.2.5** The DCIR passed an order dated July 03, 2019 in respect of non-payment of sales tax on PDC / subsidies giving rise to demand of sales tax of Rs. 33,855,642 alongwith penalty of Rs. 33,855,642 and default surcharge to be calculated at the time of settlement of demand. The Company appealed against this order before CIR (Appeals), who annulled the order and decided the case in Company's favour in an order dated September 9, 2019. Tax department has filed an appeal, against this order, to ATIR. Based on the views of tax advisor of the Company, the management believes that it is more likely than not that the matter will ultimately be decided in the Company's favour. Accordingly, no provision has been made in these unconsolidated financial statements.
- **29.1.2.6** Punjab Revenue Authority (PRA) has issued an order dated September 18, 2017, received on November 30, 2017, against the Company demanding Rs. 2,258,235 alongwith penalty and default surcharge on alleged non-recovery of Punjab Sales Tax on Services (PST) on alleged commission paid to petroleum dealers. The Company does not agree with the stance of PRA as the Authority erroneously assumed the dealer's margin allowed to petroleum dealers through OGRA's price notification as "dealer's commission". The Company further collects general sales tax on such dealer's margin and submits the same to government treasury with monthly sales tax return. Accordingly, levy of PST on the alleged commission would lead to double imposition of sales tax on dealer's margin. The Company challenged the order in Lahore High Court (LHC), which duly granted stay against the subject tax demand. Further, in consultation with legal advisor, an appeal has also been filed with Commissioner Appeals PRA against the Subject order. Commissioner Appeals PRA in his appellate order dated September 05, 2018 decided the case against the Company while waiving levy of penalty thereon. The Company filed an appeal with Appellate Tribunal PRA, which set-aside the impugned order and remanded it back to Commissioner Appeals PRA for deciding it afresh, in the order dated December 09, 2019. Based on the view of tax and legal advisors, the management believes that it is more likely than not that the matter will ultimately be decided in the Company's favour. Accordingly, no provision has been made in these unconsolidated financial statements.
- **29.1.2.7** PRA has issued two orders dated April 10, 2018, against the Company demanding Rs. 571,933 alongwith penalty and default surcharge on alleged non-recovery of PST on account of distribution, marketing and administrative expenses as illustrated in Annual Audited Accounts of 2014-15 and 2015-16. The orders were raised on an unsubstantiated assumption that distribution, marketing and administrative expenses disclosed by the Company in its financial statements of aforementioned periods are completely taxable and pertain solely to the province of Punjab. Commissioner Appeals PRA has upheld the appeal against which the Company has filed appeal with Appellate Tribunal Appeal PRA against the subject orders, which is still pending. Based on the views of tax and legal advisors of

For the year ended June 30, 2024

(Amounts in Rs. '000)

the Company, the management believes that it is more likely than not that the matter will ultimately be decided in the Company's favour. Accordingly, no provision has been made in these unconsolidated financial statements.

- **29.1.2.8** PRA has issued a Show Cause Notice dated October 01, 2019 demanding Rs. 8,839,550 claiming certain components of petroleum price (e.g. dealer's margin, OMC margin and IFEM) as subject to levy of PST. The Company did not agree with the view of PRA as the whole price of POL products is subject to levy of General Sales Tax (GST), being part of value of supply. The Company challenged the said Show Cause Notice, against which the LHC has duly granted stay. Based on the views of tax and legal advisors of the Company, the management believes that it is more likely than not that the matter will ultimately be decided in the Company's favour. Accordingly, no provision has been made in these unconsolidated financial statements.
- **29.1.2.9** The Balochistan Revenue Authority (BRA) issued a recovery notice dated June 14, 2024, claiming that Rs 68,000 was paid short by PSO on account of withholding tax from July 01, 2018, to December 30, 2021. The Company disagreed with the view of short payment of withholding tax, and after several meetings with the Commissioner of the BRA, the matter was remanded back to the officer. Based on the views of tax and legal advisors of the Company, the management believes that it is more likely than not that the matter will ultimately be decided in the Company's favour. Accordingly, no provision has been made in these unconsolidated financial statements.
- **29.1.2.10** The Collector (Adjudication) Customs House Karachi, issued Show Cause Notices dated February 04, 2019, February 06, 2019, and August 06, 2019 to the Company for recovery of minimum value added sales tax of Rs. 17,250,015 on import of furnace oil in Pakistan. Similar notices have also been served on other OMCs as well. The Company challenged the impugned Show Cause Notice in the SHC, who disposed-off the matter vide order dated November 29, 2022 in favour of the Company as the Show Cause Notices were issued by Collector (Adjudication) without jurisdiction.
- **29.1.2.11** The Company received an order from Sindh Revenue Board (SRB) dated March 08, 2023 for the period July 2016 to June 2017. The aforesaid order resulted in demand for alleged short payment of Sindh Sales Tax (SST) amounting to Rs. 186,600, penalty amounting to Rs. 9,400 and default surcharge to be calculated at the time of payment ignoring all submissions made by the Company during the proceedings. Being aggrieved by the said order, the Company has filed appeal before Commissioner (Appeals-I) SRB. Based on the views of the tax advisor of the Company, the management believes that it is more likely than not that the matter will ultimately be decided in the favor of the Company. Accordingly, no provision has been made in these unconsolidated financial statements.

#### 29.1.3 Other tax matters

**29.1.3.1** The Deputy Director / Sr. Excise and Taxation Officer (ETO) C.M.D.I, Karachi Port Trust (KPT) had issued a demand notice of Rs. 6,438,869 on account of Sindh Maintenance & Development Infrastructure Cess (SMDIC) in respect of POL products consignments imported by PSO during the period July 01, 2016 to November 15, 2019 at Keamari. The Company challenged the aforesaid notice in SHC, which dismissed PSO's and all other 487 identical appeals and ordered that the the Sindh Development and Maintenance of Infrastructure Cess Act, 2017, promulgated retrospectively, is a valid law within the competence of the Provincial Legislature. Aggrieved by the decision, PSO, in consultation with lawye, filed an appeal before the Honorable Supreme Court of Pakistan (SCP) against the SHC's above order dated June 04, 2021. The SCP vide Judgement dated September 01, 2021, has suspended SHC's Judgement dated June 04, 2021 (Impugned Judgement) and granted interim relief and directed that till further orders, operation of the Impugned Judgement will be suspended and also restrained the respondents i.e. Excise & Taxation department, Government of Sindh for recovery of impugned infrastructure cess levy as mentioned above. Based on the views of its legal advisor, the management believes that it is more likely than not that the matter will ultimately be decided in the Company's favour. Accordingly, no provision has been made in these unconsolidated financial statements.

For the year ended June 30, 2024

(Amounts in Rs. '000)

**29.1.3.2** The Deputy Commissioner, SRB passed an order dated June 28, 2024 in respect of Tax Year 2023 and demanded Rs. 550,202 on account of Sindh Workers Welfare Fund. The Company has filed an appeal before SRB Commissioner (Appeals), based on the views of tax advisor, the management believes that it is more likely than not that the matters will ultimately be decided in the favour of the Company. Accordingly, no provision has been made in these unconsolidated financial statements.

#### 29.1.4 Other legal claims

**29.1.4.1** As at June 30, 2024 certain legal cases amounting to Rs. 7,066,545 (2023: Rs. 8,300,811) have been filed against the Company. However, based on the advice of its legal advisors, the management believes that it is more likely than not that the matters will ultimately be decided in the favour of the Company. Details of significant legal cases are given below:

| Court               | Factual Description                                              | Year of Institution | Party                                   | Relief Sought                                     |
|---------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------|
| Sindh High<br>Court | Dispute relating to award of IT related projects                 | 2011                | Zaqsoft<br>(Shahrukh<br>Qaiser) vs. PSO | Recovery of damages of Rs.1,447,000               |
| Sindh High<br>Court | Claim for recovery of pending bills insurance claims and damages | 2019                | Mengal Brothers<br>vs. PSO              | Recovery of financial charges of Rs.<br>3,964,180 |

- **29.1.4.2** Claims against the Company not acknowledged as debts amount to Rs. 14,511,625 (2023: Rs. 10,806,297) other than as mentioned in note 29.1.4.1 to these unconsolidated financial statements.
- **29.1.4.3** The Company's share in associates' contingencies in respect of various tax and legal matters as at year end is Rs. 120,227 (2023: Rs. 1,200,155).

|        |                                                          | Note   | 2024       | 2023       |
|--------|----------------------------------------------------------|--------|------------|------------|
| 29.2   | Commitments                                              |        |            |            |
| 29.2.1 | Capital expenditures contracted for but not yet incurred |        | 5,182,282  | 6,976,268  |
| 29.2.2 | Letters of credit                                        | 29.2.6 | 47,275,342 | 68,252,485 |
| 29.2.3 | Bank guarantees                                          |        | 3,462,338  | 4,113,832  |
| 29.2.4 | Standby letters of credit                                |        | 65,414,068 | 84,534,155 |
| 29.2.5 | Post-dated cheques                                       |        | 32,164,674 | 20,770,881 |

- **29.2.6** The Company has total unutilised facility limit against letters of credit aggregating to Rs. 204,722,000 (2023: Rs. 69,853,415) as of reporting date.
- 29.2.7 The Company's share in associates' commitments as at year end is Rs. Nil (2023: Rs. 4,174).

|     |                                                                                                    | Note        | 2024                                                                        | 2023                                                                       |
|-----|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 30. | NET SALES                                                                                          |             |                                                                             |                                                                            |
|     | Gross sales                                                                                        | 30.1 & 30.2 | 3,806,810,751                                                               | 3,605,464,474                                                              |
|     | - Discount / allowances<br>- Sales tax<br>- Inland Freight Equalization Margin (IFEM)<br>Net sales |             | (17,866)<br>(203,558,236)<br>(31,484,343)<br>(235,060,445)<br>3,571,750,306 | (65,108)<br>(207,659,303)<br>(6,628,085)<br>(214,352,496)<br>3,391,111,978 |

For the year ended June 30, 2024

(Amounts in Rs. '000)

- **30.1** This represents revenue from contracts with customers.
- **30.2** Includes export sales amounting to Rs. 9,523,302 (2023: Rs. 7,436,487).

| 31. | COST OF PRODUCTS SOLD                           | Note | 2024                                            | 2023                                            |
|-----|-------------------------------------------------|------|-------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------|
|     | Opening stock<br>Purchases made during the year |      | 292,626,142<br>3,470,816,810                    | 341,757,891<br>3,267,133,474                    |
|     | Closing stock                                   | 12   | 3,763,442,952<br>(288,983,146)<br>3,474,459,806 | 3,608,891,365<br>(292,626,142)<br>3,316,265,223 |

**31.1** Purchases include cost incurred on manufacturing of lubricants amounting to Rs. 17,083,044 (2023: Rs. 15,881,553).

**31.2** Purchases include depreciation amounting to Rs. 36,159 (2023: Rs. 31,189).

|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | Note                 | 2024                                                                                                            | 2023                                                                                                                |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 32. OTHER INCOME                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |                      |                                                                                                                 |                                                                                                                     |
| Income from financial assets<br>Interest / mark-up received on delayed paym<br>Financial charges on line fill cost<br>Interest / mark-up on saving accounts<br>Dividend income from FVOCI investment                                                                                                                                                                            | ents<br>32.1<br>32.2 | 4,877,422<br>8,572,632<br>3,267,803<br><u>194,475</u><br>16,912,332                                             | 5,174,294<br>-<br>1,096,444<br><u>325,546</u><br>6,596,284                                                          |
| Income from non-financial assets<br>Handling, storage and other services<br>Income from Compressed Natural Gas (CNG)<br>Income from non-fuel retail business<br>Income from retail outlets - net<br>Scrap sales<br>Gain on disposal of property, plant and equip<br>Penalties and other recoveries<br>Exchange gain<br>Reversal of provision against stores, spares a<br>Others | ment 4.2             | 4,267,975<br>68,632<br>310,703<br>308,786<br>21,756<br>58,352<br>780,636<br>-<br>56,289<br>775,835<br>6,648,964 | 3,447,483<br>46,959<br>315,237<br>249,006<br>15,333<br>161,192<br>400,063<br>777,874<br>-<br>1,498,000<br>6,911,147 |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |                      | 23,561,296                                                                                                      | 13,507,431                                                                                                          |

**32.1** Includes mark-up of Rs. 180,710 (2023: Rs. 4,873) from bank accounts under Islamic mode.

32.2 This represents dividend received from Pak-Arab Pipeline Company Limited, a related party.

**32.3** This represents revenue from contracts with customers.

For the year ended June 30, 2024

|     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |                                           |                                                                                                                                                                                                           | (Amounts in Rs. '000)                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|-----|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | Note                                      | 2024                                                                                                                                                                                                      | 2023                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| 33. | DISTRIBUTION AND MARKETING EXPENSES                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |                                           |                                                                                                                                                                                                           |                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|     | Salaries, wages and benefits<br>Transportation costs<br>Depreciation on property, plant and equipment<br>Depreciation on right-of-use assets<br>Security and other services<br>Rent, rates and taxes<br>Repairs and maintenance<br>Insurance<br>Travelling and office transport<br>Printing and stationery<br>Communication<br>Utilities<br>Storage and technical services<br>Sales promotion and advertisement<br>Fees and subscription                                                                             | 34.1<br>4.1.1<br>5.2                      | 9,009,083<br>1,163,721<br>2,053,645<br>1,072,266<br>629,328<br>66,841<br>2,071,319<br>250,606<br>502,206<br>28,935<br>39,148<br>531,079<br>4,536<br>976,214<br>119,681                                    | 8,017,317<br>756,693<br>1,788,491<br>708,417<br>437,218<br>1,2978<br>1,559,625<br>262,197<br>413,458<br>28,115<br>19,795<br>414,340<br>64,593<br>597,278<br>54,460                                        |
| 34. | ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |                                           | 18,518,608                                                                                                                                                                                                | 15,234,975                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|     | Salaries, wages and benefits<br>Depreciation on property, plant and equipment<br>Depreciation on right-of-use assets<br>Amortisation<br>Security and other services<br>Rent, rates and taxes<br>Repairs and maintenance<br>Insurance<br>Travelling and office transport<br>Printing and stationery<br>Communication<br>Utilities<br>Storage and technical services<br>Legal and professional<br>Auditors' remuneration<br>Contribution towards expenses of Board of Management<br>Donations<br>Fees and subscription | 34.1<br>4.1.1<br>5.2<br>6<br>34.3<br>34.4 | 3,631,208<br>277,363<br>93,940<br>170,467<br>61,413<br>19,788<br>525,644<br>260,834<br>151,789<br>15,083<br>43,730<br>156,480<br>168,934<br>310,452<br>15,010<br>32,670<br>350,000<br>11,481<br>6,296,286 | 2,801,125<br>198,255<br>61,601<br>112,554<br>48,198<br>16,185<br>285,193<br>272,898<br>107,524<br>12,122<br>31,248<br>129,703<br>139,875<br>421,845<br>14,620<br>26,870<br>550,000<br>12,855<br>5,242,671 |

**34.1** Salaries, wages and benefits also include charge of Rs. 90,240 (2023: Rs. 120,134) in respect of Company's staff compensated absences. It also includes charge for gratuity, pension and medical benefits as mentioned in note 21.1.4 to these unconsolidated financial statements.

For the year ended June 30, 2024

(Amounts in Rs. '000)

#### 34.2 Remuneration of Managing Director, Directors and Executives

**34.2.1** The aggregate charge for the year in respect of remuneration and benefits to the Managing Director and Executives are as follows:

|                                                                                                                  | 2024                                    |                                                          | 2023                                |                                                      |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------|
|                                                                                                                  | Managing<br>Director                    | Executives                                               | Managing<br>Director                | Executives                                           |
| Managerial remuneration<br>Housing and utilities<br>Performance bonus<br>Retirement benefits<br>Leave encashment | 25,559<br>14,058<br>6,863<br>4,780<br>- | 1,819,644<br>1,027,123<br>441,147<br>1,067,955<br>23,746 | 21,121<br>11,616<br>5,689<br>3,986  | 1,527,177<br>849,027<br>391,107<br>806,655<br>13,215 |
| Other allowances and benefits<br>Number, including those who<br>worked part of the year                          | <u>16,140</u><br><u>67,400</u><br>1     | 1,636,343<br>6,015,958<br>698                            | <u>13,476</u><br><u>55,888</u><br>1 | 1,128,498<br>4,715,679<br>521                        |

- **34.2.2** The amount charged in respect of fee to 10 (2023: 14) non-executive directors aggregated to Rs. 27,200 (2023: Rs. 21,875).
- **34.2.3** In addition, the Managing Director and certain executives are provided with free use of Company maintained cars. Further, the Managing Director and executives are also entitled to avail medical facilities and other benefits as per the Company's policy.

|                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | 2024                                                         | 2023                                                         |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------|
| 34.3 Auditors' remuneration                                                                                                                                                                                       |                                                              |                                                              |
| Fee for the:                                                                                                                                                                                                      |                                                              |                                                              |
| Audit of consolidated financial statements<br>Audit of unconsolidated financial statements<br>Review of half yearly financial information<br>Tax certifications<br>Other certifications<br>Out of pocket expenses | 1,495<br>3,657<br>1,463<br>4,770<br>2,130<br>1,495<br>15,010 | 1,495<br>3,657<br>1,463<br>5,000<br>1,510<br>1,495<br>14,620 |

- **34.4** All donations are made to Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) trust which is an independent entity responsible for payment of donations.
- **34.5** During the year, no donations has been made to any donee / party in which any director of company is interested.

|     |                                                                                                                     | Note | 2024                            | 2023                      |
|-----|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------|---------------------------------|---------------------------|
| 35. | OTHER EXPENSES                                                                                                      |      |                                 |                           |
|     | Workers' Profit Participation Fund<br>Workers' Welfare Fund<br>Exchange loss on foreign currency transactions - net | 25.9 | 2,226,704<br>890,682<br>529,304 | 1,310,005<br>524,002<br>- |
|     | Provision against stores, spares and loose tools<br>Others                                                          | 11.1 | -                               | 43,419<br>2,093           |
|     |                                                                                                                     |      | 3,646,690                       | 1,879,519                 |

For the year ended June 30, 2024

|     |                                                                                              |            |                                                   | (Amounts in Rs. '000)                             |
|-----|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|---------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------|
|     |                                                                                              | Note       | 2024                                              | 2023                                              |
| 36. | FINANCE COSTS                                                                                |            |                                                   |                                                   |
|     | Interest / mark-up on short-term borrowings in:<br>- local currency<br>- foreign currency    | 36.1       | 8,569,038<br>38,158,757<br>46,727,795             | 12,283,641<br>23,640,983<br>35,924,624            |
|     | Mark-up on bank accounts under Islamic mode<br>Late payment surcharge and other bank charges |            | 3,374,624<br>1,220,234<br>4,594,858<br>51,322,653 | 1,604,866<br>1,865,101<br>3,469,967<br>39,394,591 |
|     | Finance cost on wharfage liability<br>Finance cost on lease liabilities                      | 22<br>36.2 | 89,482<br>925,807<br>52,337,942                   | 98,910<br><u>841,142</u><br><u>40,334,643</u>     |

- **36.1** Includes mark-up amounting to Rs. 5,686,624 (2023: Rs. 4,007,083) on facilities under Islamic mode and Rs. 32,472,133 (2023: Rs.19,633,900) on facilities under conventional mode.
- **36.2** Includes mark-up and bank charges amounting to Rs. 13,922,834 (2023: Rs. 5,440,134) on facilities obtained from National Bank of Pakistan a related party.

|      |                                                                                                                                               | Note | 2024                                                               | 2023                                                              |
|------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------|--------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 37.  | TAXATION                                                                                                                                      |      |                                                                    |                                                                   |
|      | Current<br>- for the year<br>- for prior years - (net)<br>Deferred                                                                            | 10.1 | 16,308,969<br>(2,052,408)<br>14,256,561<br>(423,480)<br>13,833,081 | 12,758,421<br>(648,571)<br>12,109,850<br>(4,145,232)<br>7,964,618 |
| 37.1 | Relationship between accounting profit and taxation                                                                                           |      |                                                                    |                                                                   |
|      | Accounting profit before taxation, minimum tax differential and final taxes                                                                   |      | 41,416,693                                                         | 24,366,097                                                        |
|      | Tax at the applicable tax rate of 29% (2023: 29%)                                                                                             |      | 12,010,841                                                         | 7,066,168                                                         |
|      | Tax effect of:<br>- Final tax regime and income subject to lower tax rate<br>- Adjustments relating to prior years<br>- Super tax<br>- Others |      | (563,612)<br>(2,052,408)<br>4,140,505<br>297,755<br>13,833,081     | 67,217<br>(648,571)<br>3,313,582<br>(1,833,778)<br>7,964,618      |
|      | Effective tax rate %                                                                                                                          |      | 33                                                                 | 33                                                                |

For the year ended June 30, 2024

(Amounts in Rs. '000)

**37.2** Reconciliation of current tax charged as per tax laws for the year, with current tax recognised in the profit or loss account, is as follows:

|                                                                                                                     | Note | 2024         | 2023         |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------|--------------|--------------|
| Current tax liability for the year as per applicable tax laws                                                       | 37.5 | 28,030,029   | 23,497,755   |
| Portion of current tax liability as per tax laws, representing income tax under IAS 12                              |      | (16,308,969) | (12,758,421) |
| Portion of current tax computed as per tax laws,<br>representing levy in terms of requirements of IFRIC 21 / IAS 37 |      | (11,721,060) | (10,739,334) |
| Difference                                                                                                          |      | -            | -            |

- **37.3** This represents portion of minimum tax paid under section 148 of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001, representing levy in terms of requirements of IFRIC 21 / IAS 37.
- **37.4** This represents final taxes paid under section 154 of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001, representing levy in terms of requirements of IFRIC 21 / IAS 37, and includes super tax thereon.
- **37.5** The aggregate of minimum / final tax and income tax, amounting to Rs. 28,030,029 represents tax liability of the Company calculated under the relevant provisions of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001.

|     |                                                                                                | 2024        | 2023         |
|-----|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|--------------|
| 38. | EARNINGS PER SHARE - BASIC AND DILUTED                                                         |             |              |
|     | There is no dilutive effect on the basic earnings per share of the Company, which is based on: |             |              |
|     | Profit for the year                                                                            | 15,862,552  | 5,662,145    |
|     |                                                                                                | (Numbe      | r of shares) |
|     | Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue                                            | 469,473,300 | 469,473,300  |
|     |                                                                                                | (Ru         | pees)        |
|     | Earnings per share - basic and diluted                                                         | 33.79       | 12.06        |

For the year ended June 30, 2024

|     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |                                                                                  |                                                                                                                                                                           | (Amounts in Rs. '000)                                                                                                                                         |
|-----|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | Note                                                                             | 2024                                                                                                                                                                      | 2023                                                                                                                                                          |
| 39. | CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATIONS                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |                                                                                  |                                                                                                                                                                           |                                                                                                                                                               |
|     | Profit before taxation, minimum tax differential and final taxes                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |                                                                                  | 41,416,693                                                                                                                                                                | 24,366,097                                                                                                                                                    |
|     | Adjustments for:<br>Depreciation of property, plant and equipment<br>Depreciation of right-of-use assets<br>Amortisation of intangibles<br>Loss on termination of leases<br>Provision for impairment on<br>trade debts - net<br>(Reversal) / provision for impairment against<br>doubtful other receivables - net<br>(Reversal) / provision for impairment against stores,<br>spares and loose tools<br>Provision for retirement and other services benefits<br>Gain on disposal of operating assets<br>Share of (profit) / loss from associates - net of tax<br>Dividend income from FVOCI Investment<br>Interest on lease payments<br>Finance costs | 4.1.1<br>5<br>6<br>13.3<br>16.7.1<br>11.1<br>32<br>7.7.1<br>32<br>36<br>36<br>36 | 2,367,167<br>1,166,206<br>170,467<br>4,766<br>319,819<br>(58,481)<br>(56,289)<br>2,626,954<br>(58,352)<br>(1,625,761)<br>(194,475)<br>925,807<br>51,412,135<br>56,999,963 | 2,017,935<br>770,018<br>112,554<br>-<br>202,524<br>234,636<br>43,419<br>2,387,837<br>(161,192)<br>859,121<br>(325,546)<br>841,142<br>39,493,501<br>46,475,949 |
| 40. | Changes in:<br>Stores, spares and loose tools<br>Stock-in-trade<br>Trade debts<br>Loans and advances<br>Short-term deposits and prepayments<br>Other receivables<br>Trade and other payables<br><b>CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS</b><br>Cash and cash equivalents include:                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |                                                                                  | 79,627<br>3,642,996<br>7,376,349<br>(47,262)<br>878,294<br>(13,336,383)<br>991,144<br>(415,235)<br>98,001,421                                                             | (150,627)<br>49,131,749<br>(65,159,370)<br>66,937<br>(872,121)<br>(45,981,321)<br>(186,984,111)<br>(249,948,864)<br>(179,106,818)                             |
|     | - Cash and bank balances<br>- Finances under mark-up arrangements                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | 17<br>26                                                                         | 10,725,374<br>(12,396,196)<br>(1,670,822)                                                                                                                                 | 28,954,358<br>(3,145,865)<br>25,808,493                                                                                                                       |

For the year ended June 30, 2024

#### 41. SEGMENT INFORMATION

#### **41.1** Segment wise results are as follows:

|                                                                                 |                       | 2024          | 4       |                                | 2023                  |           |         |                   |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|---------------|---------|--------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------|---------|-------------------|
|                                                                                 | Petroleum<br>Products | LNG           | Others  | Total                          | Petroleum<br>Products | LNG       | Others  | Total             |
|                                                                                 |                       |               |         | <ul> <li>(kupees in</li> </ul> | millions)             |           |         |                   |
| Net sales                                                                       | 2,528,617             | 1,033,886     | 9,247   | 3,571,750                      | 2,414,925             | 969,409   | 6,778   | 3,391,112         |
| Cost of products sold                                                           | (2,457,566)           | (1,008,227)   | (8,667) | (3,474,460)                    | (2,366,142)           | (943,764) | (6,359) | (3,316,265)       |
| Gross profit                                                                    | 71,051                | 25,659        | 580     | 97,290                         | 48,783                | 25,645    | 419     | 74,847            |
| Other income                                                                    | 16,864                | -             | 6,697   | 23,561                         | 9,890                 | -         | 3,617   | 13,507            |
| Administrative,<br>distribution and                                             |                       |               |         |                                |                       |           |         |                   |
| marketing expenses<br>Provision of                                              | (20,853)              | (3,350)       | (612)   | (24,815)                       | (16,948)              | (3,052)   | (477)   | (20,477)          |
| impairment                                                                      | (320)                 | -             | 59      | (261)                          | (502)                 | -         | 65      | (437)             |
| Other charges                                                                   | (4,285)               | 1,223         | (585)   | (3,647)                        | (2,072)               | 426       | (234)   | (1,880)           |
| Operating cost                                                                  | (25,458)              | (2,127)       | (1,138) | (28,723)                       | (19,522)              | (2,626)   | (646)   | (22,794)          |
| Finance costs                                                                   | (12,564)              | (39,774)      | -       | (52,338)                       | (11,651)              | (28,684)  | -       | (40,335)          |
| Share of profit / (loss) of<br>associates - net of tax                          |                       | -             | 1,626   | 1,626                          | -                     | -         | (859)   | (859)             |
|                                                                                 |                       |               |         |                                |                       |           | . ,     | . ,               |
| Profit / (loss) before<br>taxation, minimum tax<br>differential and final taxes | 49,893                | (16,242)      | 7,765   | 41,416                         | 27,500                | (5,665)   | 2,531   | 24,366            |
| Minimum tax differential<br>Final taxes                                         | -<br>(128)            | (11,593)<br>- | -       | (11,593)<br>(128)              | -<br>(100)            | (10,639)  | -       | (10,639)<br>(100) |
| Profit / (loss) before<br>taxation                                              | 49,765                | (27,835)      | 7,765   | 29,695                         | 27,400                | (16,304)  | 2,531   | 13,627            |
| Taxation                                                                        | (11,976)              |               | (1,856) | (13,833)                       | (7,349)               | -         | (616)   | (7,965)           |
| Profit / (loss) for<br>the year                                                 | 37,789                | (27,835)      | 5,909   | 15,863                         | 20,051                | (16,304)  | 1,915   | 5,662             |

(Amounts in Rs. '000)

- **41.2** As referred in note 3.20 to these unconsolidated financial statements, the expenses have been allocated based on the sales volume in metric tons, which is in line with the basis of reporting to Management Committee.
- **41.3** Net sales in LNG segment relates to single customer.
- **41.4** Receivable and payable balances pertaining to LNG segment have been disclosed in notes 13.5 and 25.3 respectively. Moreover, majority of the remaining assets and liabilities pertains to the petroleum segment.
- **41.5** Out of total sales of the Company, 99.7% (2023: 99.8%) relates to customers in Pakistan. Further, all non-current assets of the Company as at June 30, 2024 are located in Pakistan.
- **41.6** The Company sells its products to dealers, Government agencies and autonomous bodies, independent power projects and other corporate customers. Sales to five major customers of the Company are approximately 39% during the year ended June 30, 2024 (2023: 40%).
- **41.7** Out of total gross sales of the Company, sales amounting to Rs. 1,218,172,715 (2023: Rs. 1,201,662,102) relates to circular debt customers.

228

For the year ended June 30, 2024

|      |                                                                                                                                                                        |                        |                                                                                  | (Amounts in Rs. '000)                                                             |
|------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|      |                                                                                                                                                                        | Note                   | 2024                                                                             | 2023                                                                              |
| 42.  | FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY                                                                                                                                      |                        |                                                                                  |                                                                                   |
| 42.1 | Financial assets as per statement of financial position                                                                                                                |                        |                                                                                  |                                                                                   |
|      | Fair value through other comprehensive income<br>- Long-term investments - Pak-Arab Pipeline Company Limited                                                           | 7                      | 4,558,321                                                                        | 3,993,199                                                                         |
|      | At amortised cost<br>- Loans and advances<br>- Deposits<br>- Trade debts<br>- Other receivables<br>- Cash and bank balances                                            | 14<br>13<br>17         | 1,457,473<br>416,756<br>488,202,267<br>3,054,464<br>10,725,374<br>503,856,334    | 1,196,851<br>441,005<br>495,898,435<br>12,229,742<br>28,954,358<br>538,720,391    |
| 42.2 | Financial liabilities as per statement of financial position                                                                                                           |                        | 508,414,655                                                                      | 542,713,590                                                                       |
|      | At amortised cost                                                                                                                                                      |                        |                                                                                  |                                                                                   |
|      | <ul> <li>Lease liabilities</li> <li>Trade and other payables</li> <li>Unclaimed dividend</li> <li>Accrued interest / mark-up</li> <li>Short-term borrowings</li> </ul> | 22<br>28<br>26.5<br>26 | 8,219,191<br>272,638,545<br>1,620,814<br>4,958,369<br>403,553,498<br>690,990,417 | 7,094,642<br>266,620,340<br>1,561,242<br>11,523,844<br>422,705,573<br>709,505,641 |

#### 42.3 Fair values of financial assets and liabilities

A fair value measurement assumes that the asset or liability is exchanged in an orderly transaction between market participants to sell the asset or transfer the liability at the measurement date under current market conditions.

The carrying values of all financial assets and liabilities reflected in these unconsolidated financial statements approximate their fair values.

#### Fair value estimation

The Company discloses the financial instruments carried at fair value in the statement of financial position in accordance with the following fair value hierarchy:

- Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).
- Level 3: Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

As at June 30, 2024, except for the Company's investment in Pak-Arab Pipeline Company Limited, none of the financial instruments are carried at fair value. The valuation technique and assumptions used in fair valuation are disclosed in note 7.2 of these unconsolidated financial statements.

For the year ended June 30, 2024

#### 43. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

#### 43.1 Financial risk factors

#### Introduction and overview

The Company has exposure to the following risks from financial instruments:

- market risk
- credit risk
- liquidity risk
- operational risk

This note presents information about the Company's exposure to each of the above risks, the Company's objectives, policies and processes for measuring and managing risk, fair value of financial instruments and the Company's management of capital.

#### Financial risk factors and risk management framework

The Company's overall risk management programme focuses on having cost effective funding as well as to manage financial risk to minimise earnings volatility and provide maximum return to shareholders.

The Company's objective in managing risk is the creation and protection of shareholders' value. Risk is inherent in the Company's activities but it is managed through monitoring and controlling activities which are based on limits established by the internal controls set on different activities of the Company by the Board of Management through specific directives. These controls and limits reflect the business strategy and market environment of the Company as well as the level of the risk that the Company is willing to accept.

The Company's finance department oversees the management of the financial risk reflecting changes in the market conditions and also the Company's risk taking activities, and provide assurance that these activities are governed by appropriate policies and procedures and that the financial risks are identified, measured and managed in accordance with the Company's policies and risk appetite.

#### (a) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the value of the financial instrument may fluctuate as a result of changes in market interest rates, foreign exchange rates or the equity prices due to a change in credit rating of the issuer or the instrument, change in market sentiments, speculative activities, supply and demand of securities and liquidity in the market. There has been no change in the Company's exposure to market risk or the manner in which this risk is managed and measured except for the fair valuation of the Company's Investment in Pak-Arab Pipeline Company Limited.

Under market risk the Company is exposed to currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk (equity price risk).

#### (i) Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company imports petroleum products, LNG, chemicals and is exposed to currency risk, primarily with respect to foreign creditors for purchase of aforementioned products denominated in US Dollars (US\$ or USD).

230

Snot rate

### Notes to the Unconsolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended June 30, 2024

|                                              |                  |                  | (Amou                  | unts in Rs. '000)     |  |
|----------------------------------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|--|
|                                              | USD              | '000             | PKR                    |                       |  |
|                                              | 2024             | 2023             | 2024                   | 2023                  |  |
| Trade payables<br>Advances                   | 523,563<br>2,630 | 305,125<br>2,173 | 145,857,794<br>732,684 | 87,448,393<br>622,642 |  |
| The following significant rates were applied |                  |                  |                        |                       |  |

T during the year:

|            | Average rates |        | Sportate |        |
|------------|---------------|--------|----------|--------|
|            | 2024          | 2023   | 2024     | 2023   |
| USD to PKR | 283.47        | 247.90 | 278.59   | 286.60 |

Average rates

The Company has incurred exchange losses of Rs. 3,215,672 (2023: Rs. 83,569,576) and Rs. 529,307 (Exchange gain in 2023: Rs. 777,874) that have been recognised as part of cost of products sold and other expenses respectively. Exchange losses recognised as part of cost of products sold have been recovered through the pricing mechanism.

Further, the Company has also availed foreign currency borrowing (FE-25) as of June 30, 2024. However, there is no foreign currency risk involved on these borrowings as detailed in note 16.5 to these unconsolidated financial statements.

#### (ii) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates.

The Company's interest rate risk arises from local creditors, security deposits and short-term borrowings amounting to Rs. 443,093,473 (2023: Rs. 461,993,699). These are benchmarked to variable rates which exposes the Company to cash flow interest rate risk only.

|                                                      |      | Carrying amount |               |  |  |
|------------------------------------------------------|------|-----------------|---------------|--|--|
|                                                      | Note | 2024            | 2023          |  |  |
| Variable rate instruments                            |      |                 |               |  |  |
| Financial assets                                     |      |                 |               |  |  |
| - Saving accounts                                    | 17   | 7,826,825       | 26,385,861    |  |  |
| Financial liabilities                                |      |                 |               |  |  |
| - Short-term borrowings                              | 26   | (403,553,498)   | (422,705,573) |  |  |
| - Local creditors                                    | 25   | (47,127,400)    | (65,440,981)  |  |  |
| - Security deposits                                  |      | (239,400)       | (233,006)     |  |  |
|                                                      |      | (450,920,298)   | (488,379,560) |  |  |
| Net financial liabilities at variable interest rates |      | (443,093,473)   | (461,993,699) |  |  |

#### Cash flow sensitivity analysis for variable rate instrument

A change of 100 basis points in interest rates at the year end would have increased or decreased the profit for the year and shareholder's equity by Rs. 2,702,870 (2023: Rs. 2,818,162). This analysis assumes that all other variables remain constant. The analysis is performed on the same basis as performed in 2023.

#### (iii) Equity price risk

Equity price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from currency risk or interest rate risk), whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument or its issuer, or factors affecting all similar financial instruments traded in the market.

For the year ended June 30, 2024

#### (Amounts in Rs. '000)

As at June 30, 2024, the Company's investment in Pak-Arab Pipeline Company Limited is measured at fair value. Sensitivity related to risks have been disclosed in note 7.3.

#### (b) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss, without taking into account the fair value of any collateral. Concentration of credit risk arises when a number of counter parties are engaged in similar business activities or have similar economic features that would cause their ability to meet contractual obligations to be similarly affected by changes in economic, political or other conditions. Concentration of credit risk indicates the relative sensitivity of the Company's performance to developments affecting a particular industry.

The Risk Management function is regularly conducting detailed analysis on sectors / industries. Keeping in view short term and long term outlook of each sector, management has taken into consideration the factors while calculating expected credit losses against trade debts and other receivables.

Credit risk arises from balances with banks and financial institutions, trade debts, loans, advances, deposits and other receivables. The credit risk on liquid fund is limited because the counter parties are banks with reasonably high credit rating. The maximum exposure to credit risk before any credit enhancement is given below:

|                                    | 2024                                  |                     | 2023                                  |                     |  |
|------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------|--|
|                                    | Statement of<br>financial<br>position | Maximum<br>exposure | Statement of<br>financial<br>position | Maximum<br>exposure |  |
| Financial assets at amortised cost |                                       |                     |                                       |                     |  |
| - Loans and advances               | 1,457,473                             | 1,457,473           | 1,196,851                             | 1,196,851           |  |
| - Deposits                         | 416,756                               | 416,756             | 441,005                               | 441,005             |  |
| - Trade debts                      | 488,202,267                           | 62,067,816          | 495,898,435                           | 116,379,696         |  |
| - Other receivables                | 3,054,464                             | 3,021,411           | 12,229,742                            | 5,135,241           |  |
| - Bank balances                    | 10,712,016                            | 10,712,016          | 28,940,393                            | 28,940,393          |  |
|                                    | 503,842,976                           | 77,675,472          | 538,706,426                           | 152,093,186         |  |

Significant concentration of credit risk is on amounts due from Government agencies and autonomous bodies amounting to Rs. 430,053,810 (2023: Rs. 436,838,608). Credit risk on private sector other than retail sales is covered to the maximum possible extent through legally binding contracts and the company does not expect these companies to fail to meet their obligations. The Company attempts to control credit risk by monitoring credit exposures, limiting transactions with specific customers and continuing assessment of credit worthiness of customers. Sales to dealers are settled in cash or using short-term financial instruments. However, some of the Company's trade debts are secured by way of bank guarantees and security deposits.

Loans, advances, other receivables and deposits, as mentioned in notes 8, 9 & 14 are neither past due nor impaired.

Based on the past experience, past track records of recoveries and forward looking information, the Company believes that the past due amount included in above trade debts (net of existing provision) does not require any further provision or impairment testing.

The credit quality of the Company's bank balances can be assessed with reference to external credit ratings as follows:

For the year ended June 30, 2024

(Amounts in Rs. '000)

| Bank                                       | Date of    | Rating  | Rating     |           |  |
|--------------------------------------------|------------|---------|------------|-----------|--|
|                                            | Rating     | agency  | Short term | Long term |  |
| Allied Bank Limited                        | June 2024  | PACRA   | A1+        | AAA       |  |
| Askari Bank Limited                        | June 2024  | PACRA   | A1+        | AA+       |  |
| Bank Alfalah Limited                       | June 2024  | PACRA   | A1+        | AAA       |  |
| Bank Al-Habib Limited                      | June 2024  | PACRA   | A1+        | AAA       |  |
| Citibank N.A Pakistan Branches             | March 2024 | Moody's | P-1        | Aa3       |  |
| Faysal Bank Limited                        | June 2024  | PACRĂ   | A1+        | AA        |  |
| Habib Bank Limited                         | June 2024  | VIS     | A-1+       | AAA       |  |
| Habib Metropolitan Bank Limited            | June 2024  | PACRA   | A1+        | AA+       |  |
| MCB Bank Limited                           | June 2024  | PACRA   | A1+        | AAA       |  |
| Meezan Bank Limited                        | June 2024  | VIS     | A-1+       | AAA       |  |
| National Bank of Pakistan                  | June 2024  | PACRA   | A1+        | AAA       |  |
| Standard Chartered Bank (Pakistan) Limited | June 2024  | PACRA   | A1+        | AAA       |  |
| United Bank Limited                        | June 2024  | VIS     | A-1+       | AAA       |  |
| The Bank of Punjab                         | June 2024  | PACRA   | A1+        | AA+       |  |

#### Settlement risk

Settlement risk is the risk of loss due to the failure of an entity to honour its obligations to deliver cash or other assets as contractually agreed on sale. The risk is addressed more or less in accordance with the parameters set out in the credit risk management above.

#### (c) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk represents the risk that the Company will encounter difficulties in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and marketable securities, the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities. Due to dynamic nature of the business the Company maintains flexibility in funding by maintaining committed credit lines available.

The Company's liquidity management involves projecting cash flows and considering the level of liquid assets necessary to meet the financial liabilities, monitoring of liquidity ratios and maintaining debt financing plans.

The following are the contractual maturities of financial liabilities, including estimated interest payments:

#### Maturity analysis of financial liabilities

The table below analyses the Company's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the reporting date to the contractual maturity date and represents the undiscounted cash flows.

|                                                |                          | Contractual maturity<br>Up to three months |  |  |
|------------------------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------------------|--|--|
|                                                | 2024                     | 2023                                       |  |  |
| Financial liabilities                          | 272 (20 545              | 266 620 240                                |  |  |
| Trade and other payables<br>Unclaimed dividend | 272,638,545<br>1,620,814 | 266,620,340<br>1,561,242                   |  |  |
| Accrued interest / mark-up                     | 4,958,369                | 11,523,844                                 |  |  |
| Short-term borrowings                          | 403,553,498              | 422,705,573                                |  |  |
|                                                | 682,771,226              | 702,410,999                                |  |  |

In respect of above, there were no liabilities with remaining contractual maturity of more than three months from reporting date. Unclaimed dividend is payable as per stipulated time. Further, maturity analysis of lease liabilities has been disclosed in note 22 to these unconsolidated financial statements.

For the year ended June 30, 2024

#### (d) Operational risk

Operational risk is the risk of direct or indirect loss arising from a wide variety of causes associated with the processes, technology and infrastructure supporting the Company's activities, either internally within the Company or externally at the Company's service providers, and from external factors other than credit, market and liquidity risks such as those arising from legal and regulatory requirements and generally accepted standards of operation behaviour. Operational risks arise from all of the Company's activities.

Business Continuity Plans for respective areas are in place and tested. Work-from-home capabilities have been enabled for staff where required, while ensuring adequate controls to ensure that Company's information assets are adequately protected from emerging cyber threats.

The Company's objective is to manage operational risk so as to balance limiting of financial losses and damage to its reputation while achieving its business objective and generating returns for investors.

Primary responsibility for the development and implementation of controls over operational risk rests with the management of the Company. This responsibility encompasses the controls in the following areas:

- requirements for appropriate segregation of duties between various functions, roles and responsibilities;
- requirements for the reconciliation and monitoring of transactions;
- compliance with regulatory and other legal requirements;
- documentation of controls and procedures;
- requirements for the periodic assessment of operational risks faced, and the adequacy of controls and procedures to address the risks identified;
- ethical and business standards;
- risk mitigation, including insurance where this is effective; and
- operational and qualitative track record of the plant and equipment supplier and related service providers.

#### 43.2 Capital risk management

The Company's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide adequate returns to shareholders and to benefit other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital. The Company is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements. The Company's overall strategy remains unchanged from 2023.

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustment to it in the light of changes in economic conditions. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders or issue new shares.

The capital structure of the Company consists of net debt consistent with other companies in the industry, the Company monitors the capital on the basis of the gearing ratio. This ratio is calculated as net debt divided by total capital. Net debt is calculated as total borrowings less cash and bank balances with lenders. Total capital is calculated as sum of equity shown in statement of financial position and net debt.

234

For the year ended June 30, 2024

(Amounts in Rs. '000)

| The gearing ratios as at June 30, 2024 and 2023 are as follows: |      |              |              |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------|------|--------------|--------------|
|                                                                 | Note | 2024         | 2023         |
|                                                                 |      |              |              |
| Short-term borrowings                                           | 26   | 403,553,498  | 422,705,573  |
| Bank balances with lenders                                      |      | (10,712,016) | (28,940,393) |
| Net debt                                                        |      | 392,841,482  | 393,765,180  |
| Total equity                                                    |      | 231,308,916  | 216,559,907  |
| Total capital                                                   |      | 624,150,398  | 610,325,087  |
|                                                                 |      |              |              |
| Gearing ratio                                                   |      | <u> </u>     | 64.52%       |

The Company finances its operations through equity, borrowings and management of working capital with a view to maintaining an appropriate mix between various sources of finance to minimise risk.

#### 44. TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

**44.1** Following are the related parties with whom the Company had entered into transactions or had agreements and / or arrangements in place during the year:

| Name of Related parties                            | Direct<br>Shareholding | Relationship                                       |
|----------------------------------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|
| Government of Pakistan                             | 22.47%                 | Controlling Authority                              |
| Pak-Arab Refinery Company Limited                  | N/A                    | Government related entity                          |
| K-Electric Limited                                 | N/A                    | Government related entity                          |
| Pakistan International Airline Corporation Limited | N/A                    | Government related entity                          |
| Karachi Port Trust                                 | N/A                    | State owned / controlled entities                  |
| Civil Aviation Authority                           | N/A                    | State owned / controlled entities                  |
| Pakistan Railways                                  | N/A                    | State owned / controlled entities                  |
| National Insurance Company Limited                 | N/A                    | State owned / controlled entities                  |
| National Bank of Pakistan                          | N/A                    | State owned / controlled entities                  |
| Pakistan Steel Mills Corporation (Pvt.) Limited    | N/A                    | State owned / controlled entities                  |
| PSO Employees Empowerment Trust                    | 3.04%                  | State owned / controlled entities                  |
| WAPDA Foundation                                   | N/A                    | State owned / controlled entities                  |
| Pakistan Refinery Limited                          | 63.56%                 | Subsidiary                                         |
| Cerisma (Private) Limited                          | 100%                   | Subsidiary                                         |
| PSO Renewable Energy (Private) Limited (PRE)       | 100%                   | Subsidiary                                         |
| PSO Venture Capital (Private) Limited              | 100%                   | Subsidiary                                         |
| Pak Grease Manufacturing Company (Private) Limited | 22%                    | Associate                                          |
| Asia Petroleum Limited                             | 49%                    | Associate                                          |
| Retirement benefit funds namely:                   |                        |                                                    |
| 1. Pension funds                                   |                        |                                                    |
| 2. Gratuity fund and                               | N/A                    | Post employment benefits                           |
| 3. Provident fund                                  |                        |                                                    |
| PSO CSR Trust                                      | N/A                    | Trust Controlled by KMP                            |
| Board of Management - Oil                          | N/A                    | Charged with governance                            |
| Pak-Arab Pipeline Company Limited                  | 12%                    | Government related entity / Common Directorship    |
| Water and Power Development Authority              | N/A                    | Government related entity                          |
| Genco Holding Company Limited                      | N/A                    | Government related entity / Common Directorship    |
| Sui Northern Gas Pipelines Limited                 | N/A                    | Government related entity / Common Directorship    |
| Sui Southern Gas Company Limited                   | N/A                    | Government related entity                          |
| Oil Companies Advisory Council                     | N/A                    | Government related entity                          |
| Oil and Gas Development Company                    | N/A                    | Government related entity                          |
| Pakistan Petroleum Limited                         | N/A                    | Government related entity / Common Directorship    |
| Oil and Gas Regulatory Authority (OGRA)            | N/A                    | Regulatory Authority - Government related entity   |
| Federal tax authorities                            | N/A                    | Regulatory Authorities - Government related entity |
| Pakistan National Shipping Corporation             | N/A                    | Government related entity                          |
| ABM Investment                                     | N/A                    | Common Directorship                                |
| Digital Bridge (Pvt.) Limited                      | N/A                    | Common Directorship                                |
| Marina City Developers                             | N/A                    | Common Directorship                                |
| Iman Construction (Pvt.) Limited                   | N/A                    | Common Directorship                                |
|                                                    |                        | common Directorship                                |

For the year ended June 30, 2024

| Name of Related parties                  | Direct<br>Shareholding | Relationship                                    |
|------------------------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------------------------------|
| Prestige Communications (Pvt.) Ltd.      | N/A                    | Common Directorship                             |
| MM Management Consultants (Pvt.) Limited | N/A                    | Common Directorship                             |
| Hinopak Limited                          | N/A                    | Common Directorship                             |
| Sindh Insurance Limited                  | N/A                    | Common Directorship                             |
| Petromen Corporation - Saudi Arabia      | N/A                    | Common Directorship                             |
| Faisalabad Electric Supply Company       | N/A                    | Government related entity                       |
| Islamabad Electric Supply Company        | N/A                    | Common Directorship                             |
| Power Holding (Private) Limited          | N/A                    | Government related entity                       |
| Petroleum Institute of Pakistan          | N/A                    | Common Directorship                             |
| Saudi Pak Investment Company             | N/A                    | Common Directorship                             |
| Mari Petroleum Company Limited           | N/A                    | Common Directorship                             |
| Saindak Metals Limited                   | N/A                    | Common Directorship                             |
| Cnergyico Pk Limited                     | N/A                    | Common Directorship                             |
| Pakistan LNG Limited                     | N/A                    | Government related entity / Common Directorship |
| Pakistan LNG Terminals Limited           | N/A                    | Government related entity                       |
| Gulzar G Khoja                           | N/A                    | Key management personnel                        |
| Abdus Sami                               | N/A                    | Key management personnel                        |
| Rashid Umer Siddiqui                     | N/A                    | Key management personnel                        |
| Mohsin Ali Mangi                         | N/A                    | Key management personnel                        |
| Shah Mujadad Uddin Jawad                 | N/A                    | Key management personnel                        |
| Asif Aslam Khan                          | N/A                    | Key management personnel                        |
| Raja Imranullah Khan                     | N/A                    | Key management personnel                        |
| Mansoor Ismail                           | N/A                    | Key management personnel                        |
| Nadeem Afridi                            | N/A                    | Key management personnel                        |
| S Khawar Abbas Jillani                   | N/A                    | Key management personnel                        |
| Asad Raza Faiz                           | N/A                    | Key management personnel                        |
| Syed Moinuddin Balkhi                    | N/A                    | Key management personnel                        |
| Babar Hamid Chaudhary                    | N/A                    | Key management personnel                        |
| Muhammad Ali                             | N/A                    | Key management personnel                        |
| Muhammad Zeeshan Hyder                   | N/A                    | Key management personnel                        |
| Mir Shahzad Khan Talpur                  | N/A                    | Key management personnel                        |
| Brig. (R) Rizwan Ahmed                   | N/A                    | Key management personnel                        |
| Syed Sajjad                              | N/A                    | Key management personnel                        |
| Shamail Sharaf Shah                      | N/A                    | Key management personnel                        |
| Raia Muhammad Faisal Abdullah            | N/A                    | , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,         |
| Ghulam Murtaza Sheikh                    | N/A<br>N/A             | Key management personnel                        |
|                                          | N/A<br>N/A             | Key management personnel                        |
| Ayesha Afzal                             |                        | Key management personnel                        |
| lyshah Faizan                            | N/A                    | Key management personnel                        |
| Om Perkash                               | N/A                    | Key management personnel                        |
| Irfan Raouf Malik                        | N/A                    | Key management personnel                        |
| Nida Yousuf                              | N/A                    | Key management personnel                        |
| Syed Muhammad Taha                       | N/A                    | Key management personnel / Director             |
| Asad Rehman Gilani                       | N/A                    | Director                                        |
| Hassan Mehmood Yousufzai                 | N/A                    | Director                                        |
| Asif Baigmohamed                         | N/A                    | Director                                        |
| Ahmed Jamal Mir                          | N/A                    | Director                                        |
| Awais Manzur Sumra                       | N/A                    | Director                                        |
| Mushtaq Malik                            | N/A                    | Director                                        |
| Shahbaz Tahir Nadeem                     | N/A                    | Director                                        |
| Waheed Ahmed Shaikh                      | N/A                    | Director                                        |
|                                          |                        |                                                 |

**44.2** Related parties comprise of subsidiaries, associates, retirement benefit funds, state owned / controlled entities, GoP and its related entities, and key management personnel. Details of transactions with the related parties during the year are in accordance with accounting and reporting standards. The transactions with related parties other than those disclosed elsewhere in these unconsolidated financial statements, are as follows:

For the year ended June 30, 2024

|                                                                       |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |                                                                    | (Amounts in Rs. '000)                                             |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                                                                       |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | 2024                                                               | 2023                                                              |
| Name of related parties and relationship with the Company             | Nature of transactions                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                                                                    |                                                                   |
| <b>Subsidiary</b><br>- Pakistan Refinery Limited                      | Purchases<br>Income facility charges                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | 177,808,593<br>-                                                   | 139,091,635<br>851                                                |
| - PSO Renewable Energy (Private) Limited                              | Expenses incurred                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | 16,726                                                             | -                                                                 |
| - PSO Venture Capital (Private) Limited                               | Expenses incurred                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | 6,257                                                              | -                                                                 |
| - Cerisma (Private) Limited                                           | Expenses incurred                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | 12,009                                                             | -                                                                 |
| Associates<br>- Pak Grease Manufacturing Company<br>(Private) Limited | Purchases                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | 24,995                                                             | 66,337                                                            |
| - Asia Petroleum Limited                                              | Income facility charges<br>Pipeline charges                                                                                                                                                                                                                | 644,483<br>                                                        | 119,096<br>119,291                                                |
| Retirement benefit funds<br>- Pension funds                           | Charge for the year<br>Contributions                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | 618,334<br>600,965                                                 | 721,296<br>                                                       |
| - Gratuity fund                                                       | Charge for the year<br>Contributions                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | 706,951<br>727,213                                                 | 597,096<br>                                                       |
| - Contributory pension funds                                          | Charge for the year<br>Contributions                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | 231,617<br>231,617                                                 | 225,437<br>225,437                                                |
| - Provident fund                                                      | Charge for the year<br>Contributions                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | 222,283<br>222,283                                                 | 205,196<br>205,196                                                |
| Key management personnel                                              | Managerial remuneration<br>Housing and utilities<br>Performance bonus<br>Other allowances and benefits<br>Retirement benefits<br>Vehicles having net book value of Rs. 3,497<br>(2023: Rs. 3,990) transferred under employee<br>car scheme (sale proceeds) | 258,008<br>141,904<br>67,693<br>246,023<br>111,669<br><u>3,497</u> | 230,552<br>126,804<br>60,674<br>191,636<br>93,169<br><u>4,215</u> |

#### 44.3 Related parties by virtue of GoP holdings

The Federal Government of Pakistan directly holds 22.47% of the Company's issued share capital and is entitled to appoint members of the Board of Management under the provisions of the Marketing of Petroleum Products (Federal Control) Act, 1974, for the management of the affairs of the Company. The Company, therefore, considers that the GoP is in a position to exercise control over it and therefore, regards the GoP and its various bodies as related parties for the purpose of the disclosures in respect of related parties.

The Company has availed the exemption available to it under its reporting framework, and therefore has not provided detailed disclosures of its transactions with GoP related entities, except for transactions stated below, which the Company considers are significant:

For the year ended June 30, 2024

(Amounts in Rs. '000)

|                                                          |                                                           | 2024                           | 2023                                   |
|----------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------------------|
| - Government of Pakistan                                 | Dividend paid<br>Price differential claim received        | 791,281<br>7,061,448           | 1,055,041                              |
| - PSOCL Employees Empowerment<br>Scheme                  | Dividend paid to the Trust                                | 106,977                        | 142,636                                |
| - Board of Management                                    | Contributions                                             | 32,670                         | 26,870                                 |
| - Pak-Arab Pipeline Company Limited                      | Pipeline charges<br>Dividend received                     | 7,979,319<br>194,475           | 7,732,152<br><u>325,546</u>            |
| - Distribution Companies (DISCOs)                        | Utility charges                                           | 268,805                        | 187,647                                |
| - GENCO                                                  | Gross sales                                               | 1,766,436                      | 3,497,652                              |
| - Pakistan Petroleum Limited                             | Purchases                                                 | 69,755                         | 99,749                                 |
| - Oil and Gas Development Company                        | Gross sales<br>Purchases                                  | 6,173,614<br>3,612,200         | 2,117,551                              |
| - Pakistan International Airlines<br>Corporation Limited | Gross sales<br>Purchases                                  | 51,642,091<br>11,322           | 54,381,904<br><u>4,712</u>             |
| - Pakistan Railways                                      | Gross sales                                               | 34,474,769                     | 28,245,674                             |
| - Pak-Arab Refinery Company Limited                      | Purchases<br>Pipeline charges                             | 630,214,531<br>1,604,598       | 531,396,119<br>1,516,857               |
| - Sui Northern Gas Pipelines Limited                     | Gross sales                                               | 1,216,406,279                  | 1,140,232,271                          |
| - K-Electric Limited                                     | Gross sales<br>Income facility charges<br>Utility charges | 20,885,004<br>8,959<br>297,828 | 90,792,362<br>39,441<br><u>222,649</u> |

The transactions described below are collectively but not individually significant to these unconsolidated financial statements and therefore have been described below:

- (i) The Company sells petroleum products to various Government bodies in the normal course of its business and has banking relationship with institutions controlled by GoP. As an Oil Marketing Company, Oil and Gas Regulatory Authority (OGRA) is the regulatory authority of the Company.
- (ii) The Company collects income tax, sales tax, federal excise duty and petroleum levy in capacity of withholding agent on behalf of GoP. The Company also pays various taxes and duties to different regulatory authorities including Federal Board of Revenue and custom authorities.
- (iii) The Company incurs rental charges in respect of storage facilities at Keamari terminal and at various airports which are paid to Karachi Port Trust and Civil Aviation Authority, respectively. The Company also utilises port facilities of Port Qasim Authority and Karachi Port Trust.
- (iv) The Company has obtained insurance cover for its inventory and fixed assets from National Insurance Company Limited.
- (v) The Company utilises carriage services of Pakistan National Shipping Corporation and Pakistan Railways for movement of its petroleum products. The Company also uses pipeline of Pak-Arab Refinery Company Limited and Pak-Arab Pipeline Company Limited for delivery / movement of its product.
- (vi) The Company obtains utility services from Civil Aviation Authority, K-Electric Limited, Sui Northern Gas Pipelines Limited and Sui Southern Gas Company Limited on account of utility charges.

For the year ended June 30, 2024

(Amounts in Rs. '000)

- (vii) The Company has obtained various financing facilities from National Bank of Pakistan.
- (viii) The Company also pays dividend to various Government related entities who are shareholders of the Company.
- **44.4** The status of outstanding receivables from and payables to related parties as at June 30, 2024 are included in respective notes to these unconsolidated financial statements.
- **44.5** Contributions to staff retirement benefit funds are in accordance with the terms of the service rules. Remuneration of key management personnel are in accordance with the terms of the employment / appointment. Other transactions with the related parties are carried out at agreed terms.
- **44.6** Dividend income is recorded on the basis of dividend / rates declared by the related party. Dividend paid is recorded on the basis of rates declared by the Company.
- 44.7 All the transactions with directors have been disclosed in note 34.2 to these unconsolidated financial statements.

#### 45. PROVIDENT FUND RELATED DISCLOSURES

The investments out of the provident funds have been made in accordance with the provisions of Section 218 of the Companies Act, 2017 and the conditions specified there under.

#### 46. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING DATE

The Board of Management in its meeting held on August 27, 2024 proposed (i) a final cash dividend of Rs. 10 per share amounting to Rs. 4,694,734, (ii) Nil % Bonus shares (Nil shares) for approval of the members at the Annual General Meeting.

| 47. | CAPACITY AND ACTUAL PERFORMANCE | Metric Ton |        |
|-----|---------------------------------|------------|--------|
|     |                                 | 2024       | 2023   |
|     | Available capacity              | 70,000     | 70,000 |
|     | Actual production               | 41,918     | 43,788 |

The above pertains to Lube Manufacturing Plant of the Company and the production is carried out as per sales demand.

|     |                                             | 2024  | 2023  |
|-----|---------------------------------------------|-------|-------|
| 48. | NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES                         |       |       |
|     | Total employees as at June 30               | 2,206 | 2,222 |
|     | Average number of employees during the year | 2,223 | 2,264 |

#### 49. GENERAL

The figures have been rounded off to nearest thousand Rupees unless otherwise stated.

#### 50. DATE OF AUTHORISATION FOR ISSUE

These unconsolidated financial statements were approved and authorised for issue on August 27, 2024 by the Board of Management.

Sved Muhammad Taha **Managing Director & CEO** 

Mushtag Malik

Member - Board of Management

Khoia

**Chief Financial Officer** 

# **CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### To the Members of Pakistan State Oil Company Limited

**Report on the Audit of Consolidated Financial Statements** 

#### Opinion

We have audited the annexed consolidated financial statements of **Pakistan State Oil Company Limited** and its subsidiaries (the Group), which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at June 30, 2024, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss, the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity, the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including material accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion, consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated position of Group as at June 30, 2024, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) as applicable in Pakistan. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (the Code), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### **Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Following are the key audit matters:

| Key Audit Matter He | ow the Matter was Addressed in Our Audit |
|---------------------|------------------------------------------|
|---------------------|------------------------------------------|

### Overdue trade receivable due to inter-corporate circular debt issue

(Refer note 14 to the consolidated financial statements) As at June 30, 2024, the Group's overdue trade receivable from customers due to circular debt issue amounted to Rs. 371,484 million, which includes Rs. 70,618 million, Rs. 14,802 million and Rs. 286,064 million from related parties, GENCO Holding Company Limited (GENCO), Hub Power Company Limited (HUBCO) and Sui Northern Gas Pipelines Company Limited (SNGPL) respectively.

The Government of Pakistan is committed, hence, continuously pursuing for satisfactory settlement of intercorporate circular debt issue. However, the progress has been slower than expected resulting in accumulation of the Group's receivable. The Group is also actively pursuing the Government of Pakistan to get budgetary allocation for release of past due price differential claims. Our audit procedures in respect of receivables, amongst others, included the following:

- Tested, on a sample basis, receivable ageing report classification within the appropriate ageing bracket with underlying invoices;
- Obtained, on a sample basis, direct confirmation from customers and tested reconciliations where differences were identified. In case of no replies from customers, performed alternate procedures;
- Inspected correspondence with the customers and relevant government authorities and held discussions with the Group and Board Audit and Compliance Committee of the Board of Management (BoM) to assess their views on the timing of settlement and recoverability of trade debts overdue because of inter-corporate circular debt issue and price differential claims overdue from the Government of Pakistan;

#### **Key Audit Matter**

The Group has recognised a specific provision of Rs. 347 million and considers the past due amounts to be fully recoverable because the Government of Pakistan has been assuming the responsibility to settle the inter-corporate circular debt in the energy sector of Pakistan.

Interest on the past due amounts from customers is recognised by the Group on receipt basis.

We considered the matter as key audit matter due to significance of the past due amounts and significant judgments made by the management regarding recoverability of the past due amounts and recognition of interest on delayed payments by the customers.

#### **Recognition of Revenue**

(Refer note 32 to the consolidated financial statements) The Group recognises revenue at the transaction price which the Group expects to be entitled to, after deducting sales tax, discounts and applicable levies.

The Group carries out sale of regulated products on prices notified by Oil and Gas Regulatory Authority (OGRA) which are subject to policy clarification from the Federal Government. Sale of certain de-regulated products is carried out at the margin-based price mechanism and the Group recognises revenue at a point in time when control of product is transferred to customers. Control, depending on contractual terms, is considered to be transferred either when the product is directly uplifted by customer from terminal or when it is delivered by the Group at customer premises.

We considered recognition of revenue as key audit matter due to the regulatory nature of pricing, significance of amounts requiring significant time and resources to audit due to magnitude, inherent risk of material misstatement and revenue being a key economic indicator of the Group.

#### How the Matter was Addressed in Our Audit

- Discussed with the management, events during the year and steps taken by management for settlement of the overdue trade debts and price differential claims and inspected minutes of meetings of the BoM and Board Audit and Compliance Committee of the BoM;
- Evaluated the management's assessment on the ECLs of trade receivables and assessed management's conclusion along with assumptions used for the determination of ECL; and
- Assessed the adequacy of disclosure made in the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the requirements of the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan.

Our audit procedures to assess the recognition, amongst others, included the following:

- Assessed the design, implementation and operating effectiveness of the relevant key internal controls over revenue recognition from the sale of products;
- Assessed the appropriateness of the Group's accounting policy for recognition of sales and compliance of the policy with International Financial Reporting Standard (IFRS 15 - "Revenue from Contracts with Customers");
- Compared on sample basis, the revenue transactions recorded before and after the reporting period with the underlying support including sales invoices, delivery challans, relevant sales contract and customer acknowledgement to assess if the related revenue was recorded in the appropriate accounting period;
- Tested on a sample basis, notifications of OGRA for petroleum products price and the Group's margin-based price determination for regulated and de-regulated products respectively;
- Tested journal entries relating to revenue recognised during the year based on identified risk criteria;
- Assessed reasonableness of management's judgment relating to recoverability of interest on delayed payments from customers; and
- Assessed the appropriateness of the disclosure made in the consolidated financial statements in accordance with requirements of accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan.

#### Information Other than the Consolidated and Unconsolidated Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises of Chairman's Review, Managing Director & CEO's Letter to Shareholders and financial performance included in the annual report for the year ended June 30, 2024 but does not include the consolidated and unconsolidated financial statements and our auditor's reports thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### Responsibilities of Management and Board of Management for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and the requirements of Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017), State-Owned Enterprises (Governance and Operations) Act, 2023 and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Board of Management is responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or
  error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and
  appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is
  higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations,
  or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.

- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the Group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Board of Management regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Board of Management with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the Board of Management, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Inam Ullah Kakra.

Islamabad

Ramig Same Herdi' TW.

KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co. Chartered Accountants

Date: September 30, 2024

UDIN: AR202410202mE1XhqYya

### **Consolidated Statement of Financial Position**

As at June 30, 2024

|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | Note                                                 | 2024                                                                                                                                           | 2023                                                                                                                                   |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |                                                      | (Rupees                                                                                                                                        | in '000)                                                                                                                               |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |                                                      | (Rupees                                                                                                                                        | 111 000)                                                                                                                               |
| ASSETS                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |                                                      |                                                                                                                                                |                                                                                                                                        |
| Non-Current Assets<br>Property, plant and equipment<br>Right-of-use assets<br>Intangibles                                                                                                                                                                | 5<br>6<br>7                                          | 46,301,737<br>7,798,076<br>356,396                                                                                                             | 41,030,347<br>7,013,623<br>253,973                                                                                                     |
| Long-term investments<br>Long-term loans, advances and other receivables<br>Long-term deposits<br>Deferred tax asset - net<br>Retirement and other service benefits                                                                                      | 8<br>9<br>10<br>11<br>22                             | 7,749,044<br>977,968<br>363,179<br>21,177,388<br>18,272                                                                                        | 6,396,650<br>768,084<br>391,932<br>22,196,404<br>19,105                                                                                |
| Current Assets                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |                                                      | 84,742,060                                                                                                                                     | 78,070,118                                                                                                                             |
| Stores, spares, chemicals and loose tools<br>Stock-in-trade<br>Trade debts<br>Loans and advances<br>Short-term deposits and prepayments<br>Other receivables<br>Investments<br>Cash and bank balances<br>Net assets in Bangladesh<br><b>TOTAL ASSETS</b> | 12<br>13<br>14<br>15<br>16<br>17<br>18.4<br>18<br>19 | 3,105,007<br>316,796,844<br>492,939,166<br>1,294,979<br>475,359<br>139,574,962<br>4,200,895<br>20,389,901<br>978,777,113<br>-<br>1,063,519,173 | 2,648,423<br>326,106,697<br>505,968,432<br>603,602<br>1,342,066<br>112,089,504<br>-<br>40,624,965<br>989,383,689<br>-<br>1,067,453,807 |
| EQUITY AND LIABILITIES                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |                                                      |                                                                                                                                                |                                                                                                                                        |
| Equity                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |                                                      |                                                                                                                                                |                                                                                                                                        |
| Share capital<br>Reserves<br>Equity attributable to the owners of the Holding Company<br>Non-controlling interest                                                                                                                                        | 20<br>21<br>4                                        | 4,694,734<br>237,623,356<br>242,318,090<br>8,714,439                                                                                           | 4,694,734<br>220,313,579<br>225,008,313<br>7,335,685                                                                                   |
| Non-Current Liabilities                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |                                                      | 251,032,529                                                                                                                                    | 232,343,998                                                                                                                            |
| Retirement and other service benefits<br>Long-term borrowings<br>Lease liabilities<br>Deferred income - Government grant<br>Other payable                                                                                                                | 22<br>23<br>24<br>25<br>26                           | 10,095,577<br>3,000,000<br>7,808,476<br>100,000<br>502,699<br>21,506,752                                                                       | 11,822,158<br>2,000,000<br>6,744,426<br>100,000<br>593,849<br>21,260,433                                                               |
| Current Liabilities                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |                                                      |                                                                                                                                                |                                                                                                                                        |
| Trade and other payables<br>Unclaimed dividend<br>Provisions<br>Short-term borrowings<br>Accrued interest / mark-up<br>Current portion of lease liabilities<br>Taxation - net                                                                            | 27<br>28<br>29<br>30<br>30.5<br>24                   | 349,837,545<br>1,640,667<br>639,413<br>428,997,487<br>5,424,511<br>562,008<br>3,878,261<br>790,979,892                                         | 342,187,101<br>1,581,095<br>639,413<br>452,539,602<br>11,999,938<br>511,430<br>4,390,797<br>813,849,376                                |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |                                                      | 812,486,644                                                                                                                                    | 835,109,809                                                                                                                            |
| TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |                                                      | 1,063,519,173                                                                                                                                  | 1,067,453,807                                                                                                                          |
| CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | . 31                                                 |                                                                                                                                                |                                                                                                                                        |

The annexed notes 1 to 52 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Syed Muhammad Taha

Managing Director & CEO

Mushtaq Malik

Member - Board of Management



### **Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss**

For the year ended June 30, 2024

|                                                                                                                                                                  | Note           | 2024                                                                     | 2023                                                                    |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                                                                                                                                                                  |                | (Rupees                                                                  | in '000)                                                                |
|                                                                                                                                                                  |                |                                                                          |                                                                         |
| Net sales                                                                                                                                                        | 32             | 3,742,081,969                                                            | 3,539,155,107                                                           |
| Cost of products sold                                                                                                                                            | 33             | (3,630,188,158)                                                          | (3,454,749,565)                                                         |
| Gross Profit                                                                                                                                                     |                | 111,893,811                                                              | 84,405,542                                                              |
| Other income                                                                                                                                                     | 34             | 28,290,100                                                               | 16,796,052                                                              |
| <b>Operating Costs</b><br>Distribution and marketing expenses<br>Administrative expenses<br>Provision for impairment on financial assets - net<br>Other expenses | 35<br>36<br>37 | (19,215,191)<br>(7,699,698)<br>(261,339)<br>(10,516,522)<br>(37,692,750) | (15,771,091)<br>(6,269,529)<br>(437,159)<br>(4,515,331)<br>(26,993,110) |
| Profit From Operations                                                                                                                                           |                | 102,491,161                                                              | 74,208,484                                                              |
| Finance costs                                                                                                                                                    | 38             | (55,967,767)                                                             | (43,410,380)                                                            |
| Share of profit / (loss) of associates - net of tax                                                                                                              | 8.3.1          | 1,645,162                                                                | (868,781)                                                               |
| Profit Before Taxation, Minimum Tax Differential and Final Taxes                                                                                                 |                | 48,168,556                                                               | 29,929,323                                                              |
| Minimum tax differential<br>Final taxes                                                                                                                          | 39.3<br>39.4   | (11,603,465)<br>(473,330)<br>(12,076,795)                                | (11,345,334)<br>(368,316)<br>(11,713,650)                               |
| Profit Before Taxation                                                                                                                                           |                | 36,091,761                                                               | 18,215,673                                                              |
| Taxation                                                                                                                                                         | 39             | (16,441,586)                                                             | (8,399,528)                                                             |
| Profit For the Year                                                                                                                                              |                | 19,650,175                                                               | 9,816,145                                                               |
| Profit Attributable to:<br>Owners of the Holding Company<br>Non-controlling interest                                                                             |                | 18,326,723<br>1,323,452<br>19,650,175<br>(Rup                            | 9,318,649<br>497,496<br>9,816,145<br>ees)                               |

#### Earning Per Share - Basic and Diluted

40

39.04

19.85

The annexed notes 1 to 52 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Syed Muhammad Taha

Managing Director & CEO

**Mushtag Malik** 

Member - Board of Management

Gulzar Khoja **Chief Financial Officer** 

# **Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income**

For the year ended June 30, 2024

|                                                                                                                                | Note               | 2024                                  | 2023                              |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
|                                                                                                                                |                    | (Rupees                               | in '000)                          |
| Profit for the year                                                                                                            |                    | 19,650,175                            | 9,816,145                         |
| Other Comprehensive Income / (Loss):                                                                                           |                    |                                       |                                   |
| Items That Will Not be Subsequently Reclassified to Profit or Loss:                                                            |                    |                                       |                                   |
| Share of actuarial gain / (loss) on remeasurement of staff retirement benefits of associates - net of tax                      | 8.3.1              | 1,876                                 | (5,721)                           |
| Unrealised gain / (loss) on remeasurement of equity investment classified as fair value through other comprehensive income (FV | /OCI) <i>8.2.1</i> | 565,122                               | (214,895)                         |
| Taxation thereon                                                                                                               |                    | (220,714)<br>344,408                  | (116,516)<br>(331,411)            |
| Actuarial gain on remeasurement of retirement and other service benefits                                                       | 22.1.6 & 22.2.1.7  | 2,772,558                             | 352,388                           |
| Taxation thereon                                                                                                               |                    | (559,436)<br>2,213,122                | (135,958)<br>216,430              |
|                                                                                                                                |                    | 2,559,406                             | (120,702)                         |
| Total Comprehensive Income For the Year                                                                                        |                    | 22,209,581                            | 9,695,443                         |
| <b>Total Comprehensive Income Attributable to:</b><br>Owners of the Holding Company<br>Non-controlling interest                |                    | 20,830,827<br>1,378,754<br>22,209,581 | 9,221,304<br>474,139<br>9,695,443 |

The annexed notes 1 to 52 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Syed Muhammad Taha **Managing Director & CEO** 

Mushtaq Malik Member - Board of Management



### **Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity**

For the year ended June 30, 2024

| Balance as at june 30, 2023         4.694.734         3.373         9.556.610         1.909.133         25.282.373         1.722.212         181.839.878         220.313.579         7.335.685         232.343.988           Balance as at july 01, 2023         4.694.734         3.373         9.556.610         1.909.133         25.282.373         1.722.212         181.839.878         220.313.579         7.335.685         232.343.988           Total Comprehensive Income For the Year         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |                                                    |               | Reserves           Capital Reserves         Revenue Reserves |             |                                               |            |                 |             |             |             |             |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|---------------|--------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|-----------------------------------------------|------------|-----------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Balance as tjuly 01, 0222         4,694,734         3,373         8,460,221         2,240,544         25,282,373         1,478,551         178,321,647         21,577,000         6,861,546         27,343,287           Total Comprehensive Income for the Yar         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .         .                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |                                                    | Share Capital | on Vesting<br>of Net                                         |             | (Loss) / Gain on<br>Remeasurement<br>of FVOCI | Reserve    | Capital<br>Fund |             | Sub-Total   | Controlling | Total       |
| Total Comprehensive Income for the Yaar         Profit for the year         Profi | Balance as at July 01 2022                         | 4 694 734     | 3 373                                                        | 8 460 221   | 2 240 544                                     |            |                 | 178 321 947 | 215 787 009 | 6 861 546   | 227 343 289 |
| profit for the year transferred to verture capital       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |                                                    | -100-1,10-1   | 5,575                                                        | 0,400,221   | 2,240,344                                     | 23,202,373 | 1,470,551       | 170,521,547 | 213,707,005 | 0,001,040   | 221,343,205 |
| Index for the year transferred to venture capital reserve       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>9.318.649</td> <td>9.318.649</td> <td>497.496</td> <td>9.816.145</td>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |                                                    |               |                                                              | -           | -                                             | -          | -               | 9.318.649   | 9.318.649   | 497.496     | 9.816.145   |
| Unsatisfied size on remeasurement of equipy<br>investment dissified as YOC net for tax <ul> <li></li></ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | Profit for the year transferred to venture capital |               | -                                                            | -           |                                               |            | 243,661         |             | -           | -           | -           |
| Investment classified as PVOC - net of ix       -       -       (331,411)       -       -       (331,411)       -       (331,411)       -       (331,411)       -       (331,411)       -       (331,411)       -       (331,411)       -       (331,411)       -       (331,411)       -       (331,411)       -       (331,411)       -       -       (331,411)       -       -       (331,411)       -       -       (331,411)       -       -       (331,411)       -       -       (331,411)       -       -       (331,411)       -       -       (331,411)       -       -       (331,411)       -       -       (331,411)       -       -       (331,411)       -       -       (331,411)       -       -       (331,411)       -       -       (331,411)       -       -       (331,411)       -       -       (331,411)       -       -       -       (331,411)       -       -       -       (331,411)       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | Other Comprehensive Income                         |               |                                                              |             |                                               |            |                 |             |             |             |             |
| retinement and other service benefits - net of tax       -       -       -       -       239,787       (23,377)       216,430         Share of stating loss on remeasurement<br>of the staff retirement benefits<br>of associates - net of tax       -       -       -       -       -       239,787       (23,377)       216,430         Profit for the year transferred to special<br>reserve by Subsidiary Company       -       -       -       -       234,066       (97,345)       (23,357)       (10,702)         Profit for the year transferred to special<br>reserve by Subsidiary Company       -       -       -       (4,694,734)       (4,694,734)       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       - <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>(331,411)</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>(331,411)</td> <td>-</td> <td>(331,411)</td>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |                                                    | -             | -                                                            | -           | (331,411)                                     | -          | -               | -           | (331,411)   | -           | (331,411)   |
| of the staff retirement benefits       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | retirement and other service benefits - net of tax | -             | -                                                            | -           | -                                             | -          | -               | 239,787     | 239,787     | (23,357)    | 216,430     |
| Profit for the year transferred to special<br>reserve by Subdiary Company       1       1,096,389       1       1,096,389       1       1,096,389       1       1       1         Transactions With The Owners of The Company<br>Distributions       Image: Company Company       Image: Company Company Company Company Company       Image: Company Company Company Company C           | of the staff retirement benefits                   |               | -                                                            |             |                                               | -          |                 |             |             | -           |             |
| Distributions       Final dividend for the year ended june 30, 2023 at Rs. 10 per share       4,694,734       3,372       9,556,610       1,909,133       25,282,373       1,722,212       181,839,878       220,313,579       7,335,685       232,343,998         Balance as at june 30, 2023       4,694,734       3,373       9,556,610       1,909,133       25,282,373       1,722,212       181,839,878       220,313,579       7,335,685       232,343,998         Balance as at june 30, 2023       4,694,734       3,373       9,556,610       1,909,133       25,282,373       1,722,212       181,839,878       220,313,579       7,335,685       232,343,998         Total Comprehensive Income For the Year       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |                                                    |               | -                                                            |             | (331,411)                                     |            |                 |             | - (97,345)  | -           | -           |
| Final dividend for the year ended<br>june 30, 2023 at 85. 10 per share       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | Transactions With The Owners Of The Company        |               |                                                              |             |                                               |            |                 |             |             |             |             |
| June 30, 2022 at R5. 10 per share       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .       .                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | Distributions                                      |               |                                                              |             |                                               |            |                 |             |             |             |             |
| Balance as at july 01, 2023         4,694,734         3,373         9,556,610         1,909,133         25,282,373         1,722,212         181,839,878         220,313,579         7,335,685         232,343,998           Total Comprehensive Income For the Year         -         -         -         -         18,326,723         18,326,723         1,323,452         19,650,175           Profit for the year         -         -         -         -         -         414,167         (414,167)         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         - <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>(4,694,734)</td> <td>(4,694,734)</td> <td>-</td> <td>(4,694,734)</td>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |                                                    | -             |                                                              |             | -                                             | -          |                 | (4,694,734) | (4,694,734) | -           | (4,694,734) |
| Total Comprehensive Income For the YearProfit for the yearProfit for the year transferred<br>to venture capital reserve.Reclassification of reserves.Other Comprehensive IncomeUnrealised gain on remeasurement of equity<br>investment classified as FVOCI - net of tax <tr< td=""><td>Balance as at June 30, 2023</td><td>4,694,734</td><td>3,373</td><td>9,556,610</td><td>1,909,133</td><td>25,282,373</td><td>1,722,212</td><td>181,839,878</td><td>220,313,579</td><td>7,335,685</td><td>232,343,998</td></tr<>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | Balance as at June 30, 2023                        | 4,694,734     | 3,373                                                        | 9,556,610   | 1,909,133                                     | 25,282,373 | 1,722,212       | 181,839,878 | 220,313,579 | 7,335,685   | 232,343,998 |
| Profit or the year18,326,72318,326,7231,323,45219,650,175Profit for the year transferred<br>to venture capital reserve <t< td=""><td>Balance as at July 01, 2023</td><td>4,694,734</td><td>3,373</td><td>9,556,610</td><td>1,909,133</td><td>25,282,373</td><td>1,722,212</td><td>181,839,878</td><td>220,313,579</td><td>7,335,685</td><td>232,343,998</td></t<>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | Balance as at July 01, 2023                        | 4,694,734     | 3,373                                                        | 9,556,610   | 1,909,133                                     | 25,282,373 | 1,722,212       | 181,839,878 | 220,313,579 | 7,335,685   | 232,343,998 |
| Profit for the year transferred<br>to venture capital reserve <th< td=""><td>Total Comprehensive Income For the Year</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></th<>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | Total Comprehensive Income For the Year            |               |                                                              |             |                                               |            |                 |             |             |             |             |
| to venture capital reserve <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>18,326,723</td> <td>18,326,723</td> <td>1,323,452</td> <td>19,650,175</td>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |                                                    | -             | -                                                            | -           | -                                             | -          | -               | 18,326,723  | 18,326,723  | 1,323,452   | 19,650,175  |
| Other Comprehensive Income         Urrealised gain on remeasurement of equity<br>investment dassified as FVOCI - net of tax         Actuarial gain on remeasurement of retirement<br>and other service benefits - net of tax         Share of actuarial gain on remeasurement<br>of the staff retirement benefits<br>of associates - net of tax         Transactions with the Owners of the Company<br>Distributions         Final dividend for the year ended<br>June 30, 2023 at Rs. 7.5 per share                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |                                                    | -             | -                                                            |             | -                                             | -          | 414,167         | (414,167)   | -           | -           | -           |
| Unrealised gain on remeasurement of equity<br>investment classified as FVOCI - net of tax<br>Actuarial gain on remeasurement of retirement<br>and other service benefits - net of tax<br>Share of actuarial gain on remeasurement<br>of the staff retirement benefits<br>of associates - net of tax<br>Transactions with the Owners of the Company<br>Distributions<br>Final dividend for the year ended<br>June 30, 2023 at Rs. 7.5 per share                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | Reclassification of reserves                       |               | -                                                            | (9,556,610) | -                                             | -          | (1,721,661)     | 11,278,271  | -           | -           | -           |
| investment classified as FVOCI - net of tax<br>Actuarial gain on remeasurement of retirement<br>and other service benefits - net of tax<br>Share of actuarial gain on remeasurement<br>of the staff retirement benefits<br>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | Other Comprehensive Income                         |               |                                                              |             |                                               |            |                 |             |             |             |             |
| and other service benefits - net of tax 2,157,820 2,157,820 55,302 2,213,122<br>Share of actuarial gain on remeasurement<br>of the staff retirement benefits<br>of associates - net of tax                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | investment classified as FVOCI - net of tax        | -             | -                                                            | -           | 344,408                                       | -          | -               | -           | 344,408     | -           | 344,408     |
| of the staff retirement benefits                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | and other service benefits - net of tax            | -             | -                                                            | -           | -                                             | -          | -               | 2,157,820   | 2,157,820   | 55,302      | 2,213,122   |
| -       -       -       344,408       -       -       2,159,696       2,504,104       55,302       2,559,406         Transactions with the Owners of the Company       Distributions         Final dividend for the year ended       -       -       -       -       (3,521,050)       (3,521,050)       -       (3,521,050)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | of the staff retirement benefits                   | -             | _                                                            | -           | -                                             | -          | _               | 1.876       | 1.876       | -           | 1,876       |
| Distributions           Final dividend for the year ended           June 30, 2023 at Rs. 7.5 per share                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |                                                    | -             | -                                                            | -           | 344,408                                       | -          | -               |             |             | 55,302      | 2,559,406   |
| June 30, 2023 at Rs. 7.5 per share (3,521,050) - (3,521,050) - (3,521,050)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |                                                    |               |                                                              |             |                                               |            |                 |             |             |             |             |
| Balance as at June 30, 2024 4.694,734 3.373 - 2.253,541 25.282.373 414.718 209.669.351 237.623,356 8,714.439 251 032,529                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |                                                    |               | -                                                            | -           |                                               | -          |                 | (3,521,050) | (3,521,050) | -           | (3,521,050) |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | Balance as at June 30, 2024                        | 4,694,734     | 3,373                                                        |             | 2,253,541                                     | 25,282,373 | 414,718         | 209,669,351 | 237,623,356 | 8,714,439   | 251,032,529 |

The annexed notes 1 to 52 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Syed Muhammad Taha **Managing Director & CEO** 

**Mushtag Malik** 

Member - Board of Management

Gulzar Khoja **Chief Financial Officer** 

### **Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows**

For the year ended June 30, 2024

|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | Note       | 2024                                                                                            | 2023                                                                                                 |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |            | (Rupees in '000)                                                                                |                                                                                                      |
| CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |            |                                                                                                 |                                                                                                      |
| Cash used in operations<br>Long-term loans, advances and other receivables<br>Long-term deposits and prepayments<br>Taxes paid<br>Finance costs paid<br>Retirement and other service benefits paid<br><b>Net Cash Generated From / (Used in) Operating Activities</b> | 41         | 107,599,470<br>(209,884)<br>28,753<br>(28,792,059)<br>(60,941,876)<br>(1,776,705)<br>15,907,699 | (198,372,374)<br>(424,850)<br>(33,213)<br>(35,217,697)<br>(30,506,637)<br>(890,625)<br>(265,445,396) |
| CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |            |                                                                                                 |                                                                                                      |
| Capital expenditure<br>Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment<br>Dividends received<br><b>Net Cash Used in Investing Activities</b>                                                                                                                  | 5.2        | (9,465,047)<br>72,391<br>1,054,241<br>(8,338,415)                                               | (5,706,118)<br>186,898<br>555,839<br>(4,963,381)                                                     |
| CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |            |                                                                                                 |                                                                                                      |
| Long-term borrowings - net<br>Short-term borrowings - net<br>Lease payments<br>Proceeds from salary refinancing - net<br>Dividends paid<br><b>Net Cash (used in) / Generated From Financing Activities</b>                                                            | 30.6<br>24 | 1,000,000<br>(27,591,014)<br>(1,800,755)<br>-<br>(3,461,478)<br>(31,853,247)                    | 800,000<br>272,621,091<br>(1,604,882)<br>(101,437)<br>(4,612,011)<br>267,102,761                     |
| <b>Net Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents</b><br>Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year<br><b>Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of the Year</b>                                                                                                         | 42         | (24,283,963)<br>32,277,668<br>7,993,705                                                         | (3,306,016)<br>35,583,684<br>32,277,668                                                              |

The annexed notes 1 to 52 form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Syed Muhammad Taha **Managing Director & CEO** 

**Mushtag Malik** 

Member - Board of Management



For the year ended June 30, 2024

#### 1. GROUP LEGAL STATUS AND NATURE OF BUSINESS

The Group consists of Pakistan State Oil Company Limited ("the Holding Company"), Pakistan Refinery Limited, Cerisma (Private) Limited, PSO Renewable Energy (Private) Limited and PSO Venture Capital Private Limited ("the Subsidiary Companies"). Brief Profiles of the Holding Company and the Subsidiary Companies are given below:

#### 1.1 Pakistan State Oil Company Limited

- **1.1.1** The Holding Company is a public company incorporated in Pakistan in 1976, and is listed on the Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited. The registered office of the Holding Company is located at PSO House, Khayaban-e-lqbal, Clifton, Karachi. The principal activities of the Holding Company are procurement, storage and marketing of petroleum and related products. It also blends and markets various kinds of lubricating oils.
- **1.1.2** The business units of the Holding Company include the following:

| Business Unit             | Geographical Location                                                                 |
|---------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Head Office               | PSO House, Khayaban-e-Iqbal, Clifton, Karachi.                                        |
| Lubes Manufacturing Plant | National Refinery Limited, Korangi, Karachi.<br>Kemari Oil Terminal, Kemari, Karachi. |

Regional marketing, sales offices and invoicing points are located across the country. The Holding Company owns retail operation sites and sites operated through dealers across Pakistan, the details of which is impracticable to disclose in these consolidated financial statements as required under the Fourth Schedule to the Companies Act, 2017.

**1.1.3** The Board of Management (BoM) nominated by the Federal Government under section 7 of the Marketing of Petroleum Products (Federal Control) Act, 1974 ("the Act") manages the affairs of the Holding Company. The provisions of the Act shall have effect notwithstanding anything contained in the Companies Act, 2017 or any other law for the time being in force or any agreement, contract, Memorandum or Articles of Association of the Holding Company.

#### 1.2 Pakistan Refinery Limited

- **1.2.1** The Subsidiary Company was incorporated in Pakistan as a public limited company in May 1960 and is listed on the Pakistan Stock Exchange. The Subsidiary Company is engaged in the production and sale of petroleum products. As on June 30, 2024 the Holding Company controls 63.56% (2023: 63.56%) shares of the Subsidiary Company.
- **1.2.2** The business units of the Subsidiary Company include the following:

| Business Unit                  | Geographical Location        |
|--------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Head Office & Refinery Complex | Korangi Creek Road, Karachi. |
| Storage tanks                  | Keamari, Karachi.            |

#### 1.3 Cerisma (Private) Limited

A wholly owned subsidiary named Cerisma (Private) Limited (Cerisma) was incorporated on September 29, 2022 as private limited company. The principal activity of Cerisma is to set-up, manage, own, administer and run Electronic Money Institution (EMI) under EMI Regulations. As at June 30, 2024, the Holding Company has subscribed to 499,999 shares of Cerisma. The principal place of business for Cerisma is in Sindh, Pakistan.

For the year ended June 30, 2024

#### 1.4 PSO Renewable Energy (Private) Limited

A wholly owned subsidiary named PSO Renewable Energy (Private) Limited (PRE) was incorporated on December 02, 2022 as private limited company. The principal activity of PRE is to carry on businesses of renewable energy, its manufacturing, processing and installation thereof. As at June 30, 2024, the Holding Company has subscribed to 999,999 shares of PRE. The principal place of business for PRE is in Sindh, Pakistan.

#### 1.5 PSO Venture Capital (Private) Limited

A wholly owned subsidiary named PSO Venture Capital (Private) Limited (PSOVC) was incorporated on April 05, 2023 as private limited company. The principal activity of PSOVC is to carry on business of private equity and venture capital fund management services. As at June 30, 2024, the Holding Company has subscribed to 147,799,999 shares of PSOVC. The principal place of business for PSOVC is in Sindh, Pakistan.

**1.6** These financial statements denote the consolidated financial statements of the Group. Separate financial statements of the Holding Company and its subsidiaries have been presented separately.

#### 2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

#### 2.1 Statement of compliance

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan. The accounting and reporting standards applicable in Pakistan comprise of:

- International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) as notified under the Companies Act, 2017;
- Islamic Financial Accounting Standards (IFAS) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan as notified under the Companies Act, 2017; and
- Provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 and State-Owned Enterprises (Governance and Operations) Act, 2023.

Where provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 differ from the IFRSs and IFAS, the provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 have been followed.

#### 2.2 Basis of measurement

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the basis of 'historical cost' convention, except for the following:

- Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income; and
- Obligations in respect of retirements and other service benefits.

#### 2.3 Basis of consolidation

Subsidiary is an entity over which the Group has control. Control is achieved when the group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee. Generally, there is presumption that a majority of voting rights result in control.

The Group re-assesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more elements of control.

Subsidiary is consolidated from the date on which the Group obtains control, and continue to be consolidated until the date when such control ceases. Income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed off during the year are

For the year ended June 30, 2024

included in profit or loss from the date the Group gains control until the date the Group ceases to control the subsidiary.

The financial statements of the Subsidiary Company are prepared for the same reporting period as the Holding Company, using consistent accounting policies. The accounting policies of the Subsidiary Company have been changed to conform with accounting policies of the Holding Company, where required.

If the business combination is achieved in stages, the acquisition date carrying value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree is remeasured to fair value at the acquisition date; any gains or losses arising from such remeasurement are recognised in profit or loss.

Identifiable assets acquired, liabilities assumed and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date, irrespective of the extent of any non-controlling interest. The excess of cost of acquisition is recorded as goodwill, however, if the cost of acquisition is less than fair value of the net assets of the subsidiary acquired, the difference is recognised directly in the profit or loss.

The assets, liabilities, income and expenses of the Subsidiary Company are consolidated on a line by line basis and carrying value of investments held by the Holding Company is eliminated against the Subsidiary Company's shareholders' equity in the consolidated financial statements.

All material intra-group balances, transactions and unrealised gains and losses resulting from intra-group transactions and dividends within the Group are eliminated in full.

Non-Controlling Interest (NCI) is that part of the net results of operations and of net assets of subsidiary attributable interest which are not owned by the Group. The Group measures NCI on proportionate basis of the net assets of subsidiary company.

When the ownership of a subsidiary is less than hundred percent, an NCI exists. The NCI is allocated its share of the total comprehensive income for the year, even if that results in a deficit balance.

The Group treats transactions with NCI that do not result in loss of control as transactions with equity owners of the Group. The difference between fair value of any consideration paid / received and the relevant share acquired / disposed off of the carrying value of net assets of the subsidiary is recorded in equity. Gains or losses to NCI are also recorded in equity.

If the Group loses control over a subsidiary, it derecognises the assets (including goodwill) and liabilities of the subsidiary, carrying amount of any NCI, cumulative translation differences recognised in other comprehensive income, and recognises fair value of consideration received, any investment retained, surplus or deficit in profit and loss, and reclassifies the Holding Company share of components previously recognised in other comprehensive income to profit or loss account or retained earnings, as appropriate.

#### 2.4 Functional and presentation currency

These consolidated financial statements are presented in Pakistani Rupees which is the Group's functional and presentation currency. All financial information presented in PKR.

#### 2.5 Accounting estimates, assumptions and judgements

The preparation of these consolidated financial statements in conformity with accounting and reporting standards, as applicable in Pakistan, requires management to make estimates, assumptions and use judgement that affect the application of company's accounting policies and the reported amount of assets, liabilities, income and expenses.

Estimates, assumptions and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other

For the year ended June 30, 2024

relevant factors, including reasonable expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under current circumstances. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised prospectively commencing from the period of revision. The estimates, assumptions and judgements made by the management in the application of accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan, that are relevant to the financial statements and may result in adjustments in subsequent years are as follows:

#### 2.5.1 Property, plant and equipment and intangibles

The Group reviews appropriateness of the method of depreciation / amortisation, useful lives and residual values used in the calculation of depreciation / amortisation of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets on an annual basis. Further, where applicable, an estimate of recoverable amount of assets is made for possible impairment at each reporting date.

#### 2.5.2 Right-of-use assets and corresponding lease liability

Where the Group cannot readily determine the interest rate implicit in the lease, therefore, it uses its incremental borrowing rate ('IBR') to measure lease liabilities. The IBR is the rate of interest that the Group would have to pay to borrow over a similar term, and with a similar security, the funds necessary to obtain an asset of a similar value of the right-of-use asset in a similar economic environment.

The Group determines the lease term as the non-cancellable term of the lease, together with any periods covered by an option to extend the lease if it is reasonably certain to be exercised, or any periods covered by an option to terminate the lease, if it is reasonably certain not to be exercised.

The Holding Company has several lease contracts that include extension and termination options. The Holding Company applies judgement in evaluating whether it is reasonably certain whether or not to exercise the option to renew or terminate the lease. That is, it considers all relevant factors that create an economic incentive for it to exercise either the renewal or termination. After the commencement date, the Group reassesses the lease term if there is a significant event or change in circumstances that is within its control that affects its ability to exercise or not to exercise the option to renew or to terminate (e.g. construction of significant leasehold improvements or significant customisation of the leased asset).

#### 2.5.3 Impairment of stock-in-trade

The Group reviews the net realisable value of stock-in-trade to assess any diminution in the respective carrying values at each reporting date. Net realisable value is determined with reference to estimated selling price less estimated expenditure to make the sales.

#### 2.5.4 Provision for impairment on financial assets

#### Financial assets covered under IFRS 9 - 'Financial Instruments' (IFRS 9)

The Group uses default rates based on credit rating of customers from which receivables are due, probability weighted cash flow projection for customers for which credit rating is not available and provision matrix for large portfolio of customer which have similar characteristics to calculate expected credit losses (ECL) for trade receivables and other receivables.

The default rates are benchmarked and adjusted for forward looking information, cash flow projections are discounted using original effective interest rates, and the rates in provision matrix are based on days past due for various customer segments that have similar loss patterns. The provision matrix is initially based on the Group's historical observed default rates which is then adjusted for forward looking information.

The assessment of the correlation between historical observed default rates and the projection of cash flows from

For the year ended June 30, 2024

customers, forecast economic conditions and ECL is a significant estimate. The amount of ECL is sensitive to changes in circumstances and of forecast economic conditions. The Group's historical credit loss experience and forecast of economic conditions may also not be representative of customer's actual default in the future.

#### Financial assets covered under IAS 39 - 'Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement' (IAS 39)

The Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) has deferred applicability of ECL model in respect of financial assets due directly / ultimately from Government of Pakistan (GoP) till financial years ending on or before December 31, 2024. Accordingly, the Group reviews the recoverability of its trade debts, lease receivables and investments that are due directly / ultimately from GoP to assess whether there is any objective evidence of impairment as per requirements of IAS 39 'Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement' at each reporting date.

The Group has overdue receivables on account of inter-corporate circular debt. These overdue balances are receivable from gas supply and power companies. The Government of Pakistan (GoP) is committed, hence continuously pursuing for satisfactory settlement of inter-corporate circular debt issue. However, the progress is slower than expected resulting in accumulation of Group's debts. Inter-corporate circular debt in Pakistan arises due to delayed payments in the energy sector supply chain; GoP either directly or through its direct / indirect ownership of entities within energy sector supply chain is at the core of circular debt issue.

Settlement of the Group's receivables is slower than the contractual terms primarily because circular debt is a macro economic level issue in Pakistan and its level at any given time is dependent on policies and / or priorities of the GoP, the level of subsidies offered by GoP to certain domestic and industrial consumers, exchange rate fluctuations, global crude oil prices and certain other systemic issues within energy sector (tariffs, losses, non / delayed recoveries).

The Group's assessment of objective evidence of impairment with respect to over due amounts on account of intercorporate circular debt takes into account commitment made by the GoP, contractual rights to receive compensation for delayed payments and plans of the GoP to address the issue of inter-corporate circular debt.

#### 2.5.5 Income taxes

Significant judgement is required in determining the provision for income taxes and deferred tax asset and liability. There are few transactions and calculations for which ultimate tax determination is uncertain as these matters are being contested at various legal forums. The Group recognises liabilities for anticipated tax issues based on estimates of whether additional taxes will be due. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the current and deferred tax assets and liabilities in the period in which such determination is made.

The recognition of deferred tax is also made, by taking into account, these judgements and the best estimates of future results of the Group.

#### 2.5.6 Provision for retirement and other service benefit obligations

The present value of these obligations depends on a number of factors and is being calculated on actuarial basis using a number of assumptions. Any changes in these assumptions will impact the carrying amount of these obligations. The present values of these obligations and the underlying assumptions are disclosed in note 22 to these consolidated financial statements.

254

For the year ended June 30, 2024

#### 2.5.7 Valuation of un-quoted equity investments other than associates

The fair value of un-quoted equity investments other than associates is calculated using cash flow projections which are discounted using the required rate of return. These cash flow projections and required rate of return calculation involves number of assumptions as disclosed in note 8.2 of these consolidated financial statements. Any changes in these assumptions will impact the carrying amount of the investment.

#### 2.5.8 Contingencies

The assessment of contingencies inherently involves the exercise of significant judgement as the outcome of future events cannot be predicted with certainty. The Group, based on availability of latest information, estimates the value of contingent liabilities, which may differ on the occurrence / non-occurrence of uncertain future event(s).

#### 2.6 New or amendments / interpretations to existing standards, interpretations and forthcoming requirements

The Group has adopted the following amendments to the approved accounting and reporting standards which became effective from the current year:

#### Amendments to approved accounting standards

IAS 1 - Disclosure of Material Accounting Policy Information (Refer note 3)

IAS 12 - Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction (Refer note 11)

The adoption of the above amendments to the approved accounting and reporting standards did not have any material effect on these consolidated financial statements.

#### 2.7 Standards, amendments and interpretations to accounting and reporting standards that are not yet effective

The following International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) as notified under the Companies Act, 2017 and the amendments and interpretations thereto will be effective for accounting periods beginning on or after July 01, 2024:

- Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-Current (amendments to IAS 1 in January 2020) apply retrospectively for the annual periods beginning on or after January 01, 2024 (as deferred vide amendments to IAS 1 in October 2022) with earlier application permitted. These amendments in the standards have been added to further clarify when a liability is classified as current. Convertible debt may need to be reclassified as 'current'. The standard also amends the aspect of classification of liability as non-current by requiring the assessment of the entity's right at the end of the reporting period to defer the settlement of liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period. An entity's expectation and discretion at the reporting date to refinance or to reschedule payments on a long-term basis are no longer relevant for the classification of a liability as current or non-current. An entity shall apply those amendments retrospectively in accordance with IAS 8.
- Non-Current Liabilities with Covenants (amendment to IAS 1 in October 2022) aims to improve the information an entity provides when its right to defer settlement of a liability for at least twelve months is subject to compliance with conditions. The amendment is also intended to address concerns about classifying such a liability as current or non-current. Only covenants with which a company must comply on or before the reporting date affect the classification of a liability as current or non-current. Covenants with which the company must comply after the reporting date (i.e. future covenants) do not affect a liability's classification at that date. However, when non-current liabilities are subject to future covenants, companies will now need to disclose information to help users understand the risk that those liabilities could become repayable within 12 months after the reporting date. The amendments apply retrospectively for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 01, 2024, with earlier application permitted. These amendments also specify the transition requirements for companies that may have early-adopted the previously issued but not yet effective 2020 amendments to IAS 1 (as referred above).

For the year ended June 30, 2024

- Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback (amendment to IFRS 16 in September 2022) adds subsequent measurement requirements for sale and leaseback transactions that satisfy the requirements to be accounted for as a sale. The amendment confirms that on initial recognition, the seller-lessee includes variable lease payments when it measures a lease liability arising from a sale and leaseback transaction. After initial recognition, the seller-lessee applies the general requirements for subsequent accounting of the lease liability such that it recognises no gain or loss relating to the right-of-use it retains. A seller-lessee may adopt different approaches that satisfy the new requirements on subsequent measurement. The amendments are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 01, 2024 with earlier application permitted. Under IAS 8, a seller-lessee will need to apply the amendments retrospectively to sale and leaseback transactions entered into or after the date of initial application of IFRS 16 in 2019, and potentially restate those that included variable lease payments. If an entity (a seller-lessee) applies the amendments arising from Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback for an earlier period, the entity shall disclose that fact.
- Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture (amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28) amend accounting treatment on loss of control of business or assets. The amendments also introduce new accounting for less frequent transaction that involves neither cost nor full step-up of certain retained interests in assets that are not businesses. The effective date for these changes has been deferred indefinitely until the completion of a broader review.
- Supplier Finance Arrangements (amendments to IAS 7 and IFRS 7) introduce two new disclosure objectives for a company to provide information about its supplier finance arrangements that would enable users (investors) to assess the effects of these arrangements on the company's liabilities and cash flows, and the company's exposure to liquidity risk. Under the amendments, companies also need to disclose the type and effect of non-cash changes in the carrying amounts of the financial liabilities that are part of a supplier finance arrangement. The amendments also add supplier finance arrangements as an example to the existing disclosure requirements in IFRS 7 on factors a company might consider when providing specific quantitative liquidity risk disclosures about its financial liabilities. The amendments are effective for periods beginning on or after January 01, 2024, with early application permitted. However, some relief from providing certain information in the year of initial application is available.
- Lack of Exchangeability (amendments to IAS 21) clarify:
  - when a currency is exchangeable into another currency; and
  - how a company estimates a spot rate when a currency lacks exchangeability.

Further, companies will need to provide new disclosures to help users assess the impact of using an estimated exchange rate on the financial statements. These disclosures might include:

- the nature and financial impacts of the currency not being exchangeable;
- the spot exchange rate used;
- the estimation process; and
- risks to the company because the currency is not exchangeable.

The amendments apply for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 01, 2025. Earlier application is permitted.

For the year ended June 30, 2024

- Amendments to the Classification and Measurement of Financial Instruments (amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7)
  - Financial Assets with ESG-Linked features:

Under IFRS 9, it was unclear whether the contractual cash flows of some financial assets with ESG-linked features represented SPPI. This could have resulted in financial assets with ESG-linked features being measured at fair value through profit or loss.

Although the new amendments are more permissive, they apply to all contingent features, not just ESG-linked features. While the amendments may allow certain financial assets with contingent features to meet the SPPI criterion, companies may need to perform additional work to prove this. Judgement will be required in determining whether the new test is met.

The amendments introduce an additional SPPI test for financial assets with contingent features that are not related directly to a change in basic lending risks or costs – e.g. where the cash flows change depending on whether the borrower meets an ESG target specified in the loan contract.

The amendments also include additional disclosures for all financial assets and financial liabilities that have certain contingent features that are:

- not related directly to a change in basic lending risks or costs; and
- are not measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The amendments apply for reporting periods beginning on or after January 01, 2026. Companies can choose to earlyadopt these amendments (including the associated disclosure requirements), separately from the amendments for the recognition and derecognition of financial assets and financial liabilities.

- Recognition / Derecognition requirements of Financial Assets / Liabilities by Electronic Payments:

The amendments to IFRS 9 clarify when a financial asset or a financial liability is recognised and derecognised and provide an exception for certain financial liabilities settled using an electronic payment system. Companies generally derecognise their trade payables on the settlement date (i.e., when the payment is completed). However, the amendments provide an exception for the derecognition of financial liabilities. The exception allows the company to derecognise its trade payables before the settlement date, when it uses an electronic payment system that meets all of the following criteria:

- no practical ability to withdraw, stop or cancel the payment instruction;
- no practical ability to access the cash to be used for settlement as a result of the payment instruction; and
- the settlement risk associated with the electronic payment system is insignificant.

The amendments apply for reporting periods beginning on or after January 01, 2026. Earlier application is permitted.

#### 2.8 Share-based payments and Benazir Employees Stock Option Scheme

Amendments to IFRS 2 Share-Based Payment – Group cash-settled share-based payment transactions became effective from July 01, 2010 which require an entity receiving goods or services (receiving entity) in either an equity-settled or a cash-settled share-based payment transaction to account for such transaction in its separate or individual consolidated financial statements.

For the year ended June 30, 2024

On August 14, 2009, the Government of Pakistan (GoP) launched Benazir Employees Stock Option Scheme ('the Scheme') for employees of certain State Owned Enterprises (SOEs) and non-State Owned Enterprises (non-SOEs) where GoP holds significant investments. The scheme is applicable to permanent and contractual employees who were in the employment of these entities on the date of launch of the Scheme, subject to completion of five years vesting period by all contractual employees and by permanent employees in certain instances.

The Scheme provides for a cash payment to employees on retirement or termination based on the price of shares of respective entities. To administer this scheme, GoP shall transfer 12% of its investment in such SOEs and non-SOEs to a Trust Fund to be created for the purpose by each of such entities. The eligible employees would be allocated units by each Trust Fund in proportion to their respective length of service, and on retirement or termination such employees would be entitled to receive such amounts from Trust Fund in exchange for the surrendered units as would be determined based on market price for listed entities or break-up value for non-listed entities. The shares relating to the surrendered units would be transferred back to GoP.

The Scheme also provides that 50% of dividend related to shares transferred to the respective Trust Fund would be distributed amongst the unit holder employees. The balance 50% dividend would be transferred by the respective Trust Fund to the Central Revolving Fund managed by the Privatisation Commission of Pakistan for payment to employees against surrendered units. The deficit, if any, in Trust Fund to meet the re-purchase commitment would be met by GoP.

The Scheme, developed in compliance with the above stated GoP policy of empowerment of employees of SOEs need to be accounted for by the covered entities, including the Company, under the provisions of amended IFRS 2. However, keeping in view the difficulties that may be faced by the entities covered under the Scheme, the SECP vide SRO 587(I)/2011 dated June 07, 2011; on receiving representations from some of entities covered under the Scheme and after having consulted the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan, granted exemption to such entities from the application of IFRS 2 to the Scheme. Further, in response to this letter, as per the Ministry of Privatization letter dated May 08, 2019, Ministry has advised to initiate case for winding up of the Scheme. In response to this letter Trustees of the Scheme have requested parent ministry for directions / clarification on winding up. The Honourable Supreme Court of Pakistan in its short order dated October 22, 2020, stated in the cases filed by other companies declared that Benazir Employees Stock Option Scheme (BESOS) is unconstitutional and ultra-vires. During the year, the Ministry of Energy (Petroleum Division) through its letter reference F.No. 8(9)/2014/BESOS/D-III (Volume-IV) dated November 25, 2020 directed the Company while referring Finance's Division letter no. F.2 (39) - NTR/2-2-F dated November 19, 2020 to deposit the accrued BESOS amounts in Federal Consolidated Fund. The Group now awaits the specific instructions from the Ministry of Energy (Petroleum Division) regarding the winding up of the Trust, after which it shall take the requisite corporate actions for the transfer of 3.04% shareholding back to the Federal Government and related actions for liquidation of the Trust and crediting the Trust funds in the Federal Consolidated Fund.

#### 2.9 Change in Accounting Policy

As disclosed in note 39, the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (ICAP), vide its circular no. 07/2024 dated May 15, 2024, provided the guidance on IAS 12 application guidance on accounting for minimum taxes and final taxes. The Group has accounted for the change in its accounting policy as per the requirement of IAS 8 'Accounting Policies, Change in Accounting Estimates and Errors'. The Group has applied the accounting policy of IAS 12 as per the guidance. Resultantly, there is a reclassification of final taxes and minimum taxes previously classified as 'Taxation - current' in the consolidated statement of profit or loss appearing below Profit before taxation, to 'Profit before taxation, minimum tax differential and final taxes' (categorised as levy as per IFRIC 21 / IAS 37).

258

For the year ended June 30, 2024

|                                                  |                           | (Ai                       | mounts in Rs. '000)       |
|--------------------------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| Profit before taxation, minimum tax differential | As Previously<br>Reported | Reclassification          | As Reclassified           |
| and final taxes                                  | -                         | 29,929,323                | 29,929,323                |
| Minimum tax differential<br>Final taxes          | -                         | (11,345,334)<br>(368,316) | (11,345,334)<br>(368,316) |
| Profit before taxation                           | 29,929,323                | (11,713,650)              | 18,215,673                |
| Taxation                                         | (20,113,178)              | 11,713,650                | (8,399,528)               |

There is no impact of reclassifications mentioned in note 2.9 on Group's consolidated Statement of Financial Position, consolidated Statement of Cash Flows, consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity and Group's earnings per share for the year ended June 30, 2023.

#### 3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

The material accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all years presented, unless otherwise stated.

#### 3.1 Property, plant and equipment

These are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any, except freehold land which is stated at cost and capital work-in-progress including major spare parts and stand-by equipments, which are stated at cost less accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Cost in relation to certain fixed assets, including capital work-in-progress, signifies historical cost and financial charges on borrowings for financing the projects which takes substantial time for completion, until such projects are available for their intended use. Fixed assets under capital work-in-progress are classified to the appropriate categories of property, plant and equipment, when completed and ready for intended use.

Major spare parts and stand-by equipment qualify for recognition as property, plant and equipment when an entity expects to use them during more than one year. Transfers are made to relevant operating assets category as and when such items are available for use.

Depreciation is charged to profit or loss using straight-line method so as to write-off the historical cost of the assets over their estimated useful lives at the rates given in note 5.1 to these consolidated financial statements. Depreciation on additions is charged from the month in which the asset is available for use and on disposals up to the preceding month of disposal. Assets' residual value, useful lives and method of depreciation and rates are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate on an annual basis at each reporting date. An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount. Subsequent costs are included in the assets' carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised.

Maintenance and normal repairs are charged to profit or loss. The gain or loss on disposal or retirement of an asset represented by the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is recognised as an income or expense.

For the year ended June 30, 2024

#### 3.2 Right-of-use asset

The right-of-use asset is initially measured based on the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, less any lease incentive received. The right-of-use asset is depreciated on a straight-line method over the lease term as this method most closely reflects the expected pattern of consumption of future economic benefits. The right-of-use asset is reduced by impairment losses, if any, and adjusted for certain remeasurements of the lease liability.

The Group does not recognise right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for short-term leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less and leases of low-value assets. The lease payments associated with these leases are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

#### 3.3 Intangibles

An intangible asset is recognised if it is probable that the future economic benefits that are attributable to the asset will flow to the Group and that the cost of such asset can also be measured reliably.

Generally, costs associated with developing or maintaining computer software programmes are recognised as an expense as incurred. However, costs that are directly associated with identifiable software and have probable economic benefits exceeding one year, are recognised as an intangible asset. Direct costs include the purchase cost of software and related overhead cost. Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Intangible asset is amortised and charged to profit or loss from the month when such asset is available for use on straight-line basis over its useful economic life. The estimated useful life and amortisation method are reviewed on an annual basis at each reporting period, with the effect of any change in estimate being accounted for on prospective basis.

#### 3.4 Financial instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

#### i) Financial assets

#### Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets are classified, at initial recognition and subsequently measured at amortised cost, fair value through other comprehensive income (OCI) or fair value through profit or loss (FVPL).

The classification of financial assets at initial recognition depends on the financial asset's contractual cash flow characteristics and the Group's business model for managing them. With the exception of trade receivables, the Group initially measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs. Trade receivables are measured at the transaction price determined under IFRS 15 'Revenue from Contract with Customers'.

In order for a financial asset to be classified and measured at amortised cost or FVOCI, it needs to give rise to cash flows that are SPPI on the principal amount outstanding. This assessment is referred to as the SPPI test and is performed at an instrument level. The Group's business model for managing financial assets refers to how it manages its financial assets in order to generate cash flows. The business model determines whether cash flows will result from collecting contractual cash flows, selling the financial assets, or both.

For the year ended June 30, 2024

Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within a time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place (regular way trades) are recognised on the trade date, i.e. the date that the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset.

#### Subsequent measurement

For purposes of subsequent measurement, the Group classifies its financial assets into following categories:

- Financial assets at amortised cost (debt instruments);
- Financial assets designated at fair value through OCI (FVOCI) with no recycling of cumulative gains and losses upon derecognition (equity instruments); and
- Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVPL).

#### Financial assets at amortised cost (debt instruments)

The Group measures financial assets at amortised cost if both of the following conditions are met:

- The financial asset is held within a business model with the objective to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial assets at amortised cost are subsequently measured using the effective interest rate (EIR) method and are subject to impairment. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised, modified or impaired.

#### Financial assets designated at FVOCI (equity instruments)

Upon initial recognition, the Group can elect to classify irrevocably its equity investments as equity instruments designated at FVOCI when they meet the definition of equity under IAS 32 'Financial Instruments: Presentation', and are not held for trading. The classification is determined on an instrument-by-instrument basis.

Gains and losses on these financial assets are never recycled to profit or loss. Dividends are recognised as other income in profit or loss when the right to receive the payment has been established, except when the Group benefits from such proceeds as a recovery of part of the cost of the financial asset, in which case, such gains are recorded in other comprehensive income. Equity instruments designated at FVOCI are not subject to impairment assessment.

#### Financial assets at FVPL

Financial assets at FVPL include financial assets held for trading, financial assets designated upon initial recognition at FVPL, or financial assets mandatorily required to be measured at fair value. Financial assets are classified as held for trading if they are acquired for the purpose of selling or repurchasing in the near term. Financial assets with cash flows that are not solely payments of principal and interest are classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss, irrespective of the business model. Notwithstanding the criteria for debt instruments to be classified at amortised cost or at FVOCI, as described above, debt instruments may be designated at FVPL on initial recognition if doing so eliminates, or significantly reduces, an accounting mismatch.

Financial assets at FVPL are carried in the statement of financial position at fair value with net changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss.

This category also includes derivative instruments and listed equity investments which the Group had not irrevocably elected to classify at FVOCI. Dividends on listed equity investments are also recognised as other income in profit or loss when the right to receive the payment has been established.

For the year ended June 30, 2024

The Group has not designated any financial asset at FVPL.

#### Derecognition

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognised (i.e. removed from the Group's statement of financial position) when:

- The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or
- The Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement; and either (a) the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Company has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if, and to what extent, it has retained the risks and rewards of ownership.

When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset, nor transferred control of the asset, the Group continues to recognise the transferred asset to the extent of its continuing involvement. In that case, the Group also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Group has retained.

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Group could be required to repay.

#### ii) Financial liabilities

#### Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at FVPL, loans and borrowings, trade payables, or as derivatives designated as hedging instruments in an effective hedge, as appropriate.

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

#### Subsequent measurement

#### Financial liabilities at FVPL

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss. Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognised in profit or loss. Financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss are designated at the initial date of recognition, and only if the criteria in IFRS 9 are satisfied. The Group has not designated any financial liability as at FVPL.

#### Financial liabilities at amortised cost

After initial recognition, borrowings and payables are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the EIR amortisation process.

262

For the year ended June 30, 2024

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in profit or loss.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date. Exchange gains and losses arising in respect of borrowings in foreign currency are added to the carrying amount of the borrowing.

#### Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in profit or loss.

#### iii) Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the consolidated statement of financial position if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

#### 3.5 Investment in associates

Associates are all entities over which the Group has significant influence but not control, generally represented by a shareholding of 20% or more but less than 50% of the voting rights. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policies and decision of investees. Investments in associates are accounted for using the equity method of accounting and are initially recognised at cost.

The Group's share of its associates' post acquisition profits or losses is recognised in profit or loss and its share in associates' post acquisition other comprehensive income is recognised in the Group's other comprehensive income. Cumulative post acquisition movements are adjusted against the carrying value of the investments. Dividends received from associates reduce the carrying amount of the investment. When the Group's share of losses in associate equals or exceeds its interest in the associate including any other long-term unsecured receivable, the Group does not recognise further losses, unless it has incurred obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate.

When FVOCI investment is converted into associated company, the balance in the surplus on revaluation of related asset is transferred to un-appropriated profit. Gain on transaction between the Group and its associate are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in associates.

The carrying amount of the investment is tested for impairment, by comparing its recoverable amount (higher of value in use and fair value less costs to sell) with its carrying amount and loss, if any, is recognised in the profit or loss.

#### 3.6 Stores, spares, chemicals and loose tools

These are valued at moving average cost less accumulated impairment losses, if any, except for items in-transit which are stated at invoice value plus other charges incurred thereon till the reporting date. Cost comprises invoice value and other direct costs but excludes borrowing cost. Provision is made for obsolete / slow moving items where necessary and is recognised in profit or loss.

For the year ended June 30, 2024

#### 3.7 Stock-in-trade

Stock-in-trade is valued at the lower of average cost or cost on first in, first out (FIFO) basis, and net realisable value except for stock-in-transit which is stated at cost (invoice value) plus other charges incurred thereon till the reporting date. The cost formula is dependent on the nature of the stock categories but the same formula is applied to all items of a similar nature. Cost comprises invoice value, charges like excise, custom duties, etc., and other direct costs.

Provision is made for obsolete / slow moving stocks where necessary and recognised in profit or loss. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less estimated costs of completion and costs necessary to be incurred in order to make a sale.

#### 3.8 Deposits, advances, and other receivables

Deposits, advances, and other receivables are stated initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method.

Exchange gains or losses arising in respect of deposits, advances and other receivables in foreign currency are added to their respective carrying amounts and charged to profit or loss.

#### 3.9 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, with banks in current and deposit accounts, cheques in hand, demand draft and running finance under mark-up arrangements. Running finances under mark-up arrangements are shown within short-term borrowings under current liabilities on the financial position.

#### 3.10 Impairment

#### 3.10.1 Impairment of financial assets

#### Financial assets covered under IFRS 9

The Group recognises an allowance for expected credit losses (ECL) for all debt instruments not held at fair value through profit or loss. ECLs are based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at an approximation of the original effective interest rate. The expected cash flows will include cash flows from the sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms.

ECL is recognised in two stages. For credit exposures for which there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, ECLs are provided for credit losses that result from default events that are possible within the next 12 months (a 12 month ECL). For those credit exposures for which there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, a loss allowance is required for credit losses expected over the remaining life of the exposure, irrespective of the timing of the default (a lifetime ECL).

For financial assets other than trade debts, the Group applies general approach in calculating ECL. It is based on difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive discounted at the approximation of the original effective interest rate. The expected cash flows will include cash flows from sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms.

For trade debts, the Group applies a simplified approach where applicable in calculating ECL. Therefore, the Group does not track changes in credit risk, but instead recognises a loss allowance based on lifetime ECL at each reporting date. The Group has established a provision matrix for large portfolio of customer having similar characteristics and default rates based on the credit rating of customers from which receivables are due that is based on the Group's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

For the year ended June 30, 2024

The Group considers a financial asset in default when contractual payments are 90 days past due. However, in certain cases, the Group may also consider a financial asset to be in default when internal or external information indicates that the Group is unlikely to receive the outstanding contractual amounts in full before taking into account any credit enhancements held by the Group. A financial asset is written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovering the contractual cash flows.

#### Financial assets covered under IAS 39

The Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) through S.R.O 67(I)/2023 dated January 20, 2023 has granted exemption from application of expected credit losses (ECL) method under IFRS 9 'Financial Instruments' on financial assets due from GoP in respect of circular debt till financial years ending on or before December 31, 2024, provided that the Group shall follow relevant requirements of IAS 39 'Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement' in respect of above referred financial assets during the exemption period. Consequently, the Holding Company has not recorded impact of aforesaid ECL on trade debts of SNGPL, HUBCO and GENCO in these consolidated financial statements based on the exemption granted from SECP in this respect. It was noted that concerns expressed by companies regarding practical limitations in determining ECL on debts due from Government, due to uncertain cash recovery patterns of circular debt, carry weight. In accordance with the exemption granted by SECP, ECL has not been recognised in respect of financial assets due directly / ultimately from GoP (i.e. SNGPL, HUBCO and GENCO) in the consolidated financial statements based on the clarification received from SECP. The Holding Company expects same exemption for another one year from SECP.

Financial assets, on which ECL model is not applicable as per the aforesaid notification of SECP, are assessed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any objective evidence that it is impaired. A financial asset is considered to be impaired if objective evidence indicates that one or more events have had a negative effect on the estimated future cash flows of that asset. Individually significant financial assets are tested for impairment on an individual basis. The remaining financial assets are assessed collectively in groups that share similar credit risk characteristics.

All impairment losses are recognised in statement of profit or loss. An impairment loss is reversed if the reversal can be related objectively to an event accruing after the impairment loss was recognised. For financial asset carried at cost, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the assets' carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at current market rate of return for a similar financial assets. Such impairment loss will not be reversed in subsequent periods. For financial asset carried at amortised cost, the amount of impairment loss recognised is difference between carrying amount and present value of estimated cash flow, discounted at effective interest rate.

#### 3.10.2 Non-financial assets

The carrying amounts of non-financial assets are assessed at each reporting date to ascertain whether there is any indication of impairment. If such an indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated to determine the extent of impairment loss, if any. An impairment loss is recognised, as an expense in profit or loss. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less cost to disposal and value in use. Value in use is ascertained through discounting of the estimated future cash flows using a discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risk specific to the assets for which the estimate of future cash flow have not been adjusted. For the purpose of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash-generating units).

An impairment loss is reversed if there is a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortisation, if no impairment loss had been recognised previously. Reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

For the year ended June 30, 2024

#### 3.11 Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity and are recorded at their face value. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

#### 3.12 Retirement and other service benefits

#### 3.12.1 Defined benefit plans

#### **Pension funds**

The Group operates approved funded defined benefit pension schemes separately for permanent management and non-management employees except for those employees who joined the Group after December 31, 2012. The scheme is administrated by the Trustees nominated under the Trust Deed. The schemes provide pension based on the employees' last drawn salary. Pensions are payable for life and thereafter 50% to surviving spouses and / or dependent children. Provisions are made to cover the obligations under the scheme on the basis of actuarial recommendations. The actuarial valuations are carried using the Projected Unit Credit Method. The amount recognised in the statement of financial position represents the present value of defined benefit obligations as reduced by the fair value of the plan assets. Actuarial gain or loss (remeasurements) are immediately recognised as other comprehensive income / (loss) as they occur. Current service costs and any past service costs together with net interest cost are charged to profit or loss.

#### **Gratuity fund**

The Group also operates approved funded defined benefit gratuity schemes for all its eligible permanent employees. The scheme is administrated by the Trustees nominated under the Trust Deed. The Scheme provides for a graduated scale of benefits dependent on the length of service of the employee on terminal date, subject to the completion of minimum qualifying period of service. Gratuity is based on employees' last drawn salary. Provisions are made to cover the obligations under the scheme on the basis of actuarial recommendations. The actuarial valuations are carried out using the Projected Unit Credit Method. Actuarial gains or losses (remeasurements) are immediately recognised in other comprehensive income / (loss) as they occur. The amount recognised in the financial position represents the present value of defined benefit obligations as reduced by the fair value of the plan assets. Current service costs and any past service costs together with net interest cost are charged to profit or loss.

#### **Medical benefits**

The Holding Company also provides post retirement medical benefits to its permanent employees except for those management and non-management employees who joined the Holding Company after July 01, 2001. Under the unfunded scheme all such employees, their spouses and dependents are entitled to the benefits. Provisions are made to cover the obligations under the scheme on the basis of actuarial recommendations. The actuarial valuations are carried out using the Projected Unit Credit Method. Actuarial gain or loss (remeasurements) are immediately recognised in other comprehensive income / (loss) as they occur. The amount recognised in the financial position represents the present value of defined benefit obligations. Current service costs and any past service costs together with net interest cost are charged to profit or loss.

#### **Compensated absences**

The Group provides for compensated absences on the basis of actuarial valuation carried out in accordance with the requirements of IAS 19 'Employees Benefits'. Actuarial valuation of the scheme is carried out every year. Compensated absences are based on employees' last drawn salary.

266

For the year ended June 30, 2024

#### 3.12.2 Defined contribution plan

#### **Provident fund**

The Group also operates an approved funded contributory provident funds for its eligible employees. Equal monthly contributions are made both by the Group and the employee at the rate of 8.33% and 10% per annum of the basic salary by the Holding Company and the Subsidiary Company, respectively. In addition, employees of the Holding Company have the option to contribute at the rate of 16.66% per annum, however, the Holding Company's contribution remains at the rate of 8.33% per annum.

#### Pension fund

The Holding Company also operates an approved funded contributory pension fund separately for its management and non-management employees. Monthly contribution is made by the Holding Company at the rate of 9.47% per annum of the gross salary.

#### 3.13 Lease liability

At inception of a contract, the Group assesses whether a contract is, or contains, a lease based on whether the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions. Leases are recognised as a right-of-use asset and a corresponding liability at the date at which the leased asset is available for use by the Group.

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease, or if that rate cannot be readily determined, the Group's incremental borrowing rate.

Lease payments include fixed payments less any incentive received, variable lease payment that are based on an index or a rate, amounts expected to be payable by the lessee under residual value guarantees, the exercise price of a purchase option and if the lessee is reasonably certain to exercise that option, payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the lessee exercising that option, less any lease incentives receivable. The extension and termination options are incorporated in determination of lease term only when the Group is reasonably certain to exercise these options.

Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognised as expenses (unless they are incurred to produce inventories) in the period in which the event or condition that triggers the payment occurs.

The lease liability is subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method. It is remeasured when there is a change in future lease payments arising from a change in fixed lease payments or an index or rate, change in the Group's estimate of the amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee, or if the Group changes its assessment of whether it will exercise a purchase, extension or termination option. The corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset, or is recorded in profit and loss if the carrying amount of right-of-use asset has been reduced to zero.

The Group has several lease contracts that include extension and termination options. The Group applies judgement in evaluating whether it is reasonably certain whether or not to exercise the option to renew or terminate the lease. That is, it considers all relevant factors that create an economic incentive for it to exercise either the renewal or termination. After the commencement date, the Group reassesses the lease term if there is a significant event or change in circumstances that is within its control that affects its ability to exercise or not to exercise the option to renew or to terminate.

For the year ended June 30, 2024

When there is a change in scope of a lease, or the consideration for a lease, that was not part of the original terms and conditions of the lease is accounted for as a lease modification. The lease modification is accounted for as a separate lease if modification increases the scope of lease by adding the right-of-use one or more underlying assets and the consideration for lease increases by an amount that is commensurate with the stand-alone price for the increase in scope adjusted to reflect the circumstances of the particular contracts, if any. When the lease modification is not accounted for as a separate lease, the lease liability is remeasured and corresponding adjustment is made to right-of-use asset.

#### 3.14 Unclaimed dividend

The Group recognises unclaimed dividend which was declared and remained unclaimed by the shareholder from the date it was due and payable.

#### 3.15 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has present obligation (legal or constructive obligation) as a result of a past event, it is probable that outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of obligation. Provisions are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect current best estimate.

The amount recognised as provision is the best estimate of consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of reporting period, taking into account the risk and uncertainties surrounding the obligation.

#### 3.16 Taxation

#### 3.16.1 Current

Provision for current taxation is based on the taxable income for the year determined in accordance with the prevailing law for taxation on income. The charge for current tax is calculated using prevailing tax rates. The charge for current tax also includes adjustments for prior years or otherwise considered necessary for such years. Current tax is charged to profit or loss except to the extent it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income / (loss).

#### 3.16.2 Deferred

Deferred tax is accounted for using the balance sheet method on all temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences including on investments in associates and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, unabsorbed depreciation, unused tax losses and tax credits can be utilized. Deferred tax assets are remeasured at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised. Deferred tax is calculated at the rates that are expected to apply to the period when the differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date. Deferred tax is charged or credited to profit or loss except to the extent it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income / (loss).

#### 3.17 Foreign currency transactions and translation

Transactions in foreign currencies are converted into Rupees at the rates of exchange prevailing on the date of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into Rupees at rates prevailing at the statement of financial position date. Foreign currency gains and losses are recognised in the statement of profit or loss. Foreign exchange differences arising from trading transactions are included in the results of operating activities whereas exchange differences on financing activities are included in finance cost.

268

For the year ended June 30, 2024

#### 3.18 Revenue recognition

The Group recognises revenue at a point in time when control of product is transferred to customer. Control, depending on contractual terms, is considered to be transferred either when the product is directly uplifted by customer from terminal or when it is delivered (in case of export on CIF basis, at the time when the products are shipped to customer) or it is pumped in the customer's tanks or at customer premises.

The Group generally enters into an agreement with its customers for supply of petroleum products, including delivery of product. As the transportation of product coincides with actual delivery, sale of product and transportation is considered single performance obligation. The credit limits in contract with customers ranges from 2 to 90 days.

#### 3.19 Other income

Other income is recognised to the extent it is probable that economic benefit will flow to the Group and the amount can be measured reliably. Other income is measured at fair value of the consideration received or receivable and recognised on following basis:

- Dividend income on equity investment is recognised when the Company's right to receive the dividend is established.
- Mark-up / interest on debt securities, return on deposits and other financial assets are recognised on time proportion basis using effective interest rate method.
- Handling, storage and other services income is recognised when the services have been rendered.
- Mark-up receivable on delayed payment is recognised on receipt basis.
- Return on deposits and other financial assets is recognised on accrual basis.
- Financial charges on line fill cost is recognised on accrual basis.

#### 3.20 Segment reporting

Segment reporting is based on the operating (business) segments of the Group. An operating segment is a component of the Group that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenue and incur expenses. An operating segment's operating results are reviewed regularly by the Management Committee of the Holding Company to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and assess its performance, and for which discrete financial information is available.

Segment results that are reported to the BoM includes items directly attributable to a segment as well as those that can be allocated on a reasonable basis. The business segments are engaged in providing products or services which are subject to risk and rewards which differ from the risk and rewards of other segments. Segments reported are Petroleum products, Liquefied Natural Gas (LNG), Refining operations and others.

#### 3.21 Interest in joint arrangements

Joint arrangements are arrangements in which the Group has contractually agreed sharing of control, which exists only when decisions about the relevant activities require unanimous consent of the parties sharing control. Joint arrangements are classified as joint operations or joint ventures depending upon the rights and obligations arising from the joint arrangement.

For the year ended June 30, 2024

The Group classifies a joint arrangement as joint operations when the Group has the rights to the assets, and obligations for the liabilities of the arrangement in relation to the joint operations. The Group classifies a joint arrangement as a joint venture when the Group has rights to the net assets of the arrangement.

The Group currently has joint operations as follows:

- In December 2004, the Holding Company entered into an unincorporated joint arrangement with Shell Pakistan Limited and Total Parco Marketing Limited, for establishment and installation of storage facilities relating to petroleum products at Mehmoodkot. The Holding Company has a 62.1% share in the joint arrangement.
- In March 2015, the Holding Company entered into an unincorporated joint arrangement with Attock Petroleum Limited (APL) for establishment, operation and maintenance of a fuel farm and to operate and maintain the hydrant refueling system at the New Islamabad International Airport. Each party has a 50% share in this joint arrangement.

The Group recognises its direct right to the assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses of joint operations and its share of any jointly held or incurred assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses. These have been incorporated in these consolidated financial statements under the appropriate line items.

The Group currently does not have any joint venture.

#### 3.22 Government Grant

Government grants are recognised at the fair value of the consideration received. A grant without specified future performance conditions is recognised in income when the grant proceeds are received. A grant that imposes specified future performance conditions is recognised in statement of profit or loss when all those conditions are met. Government grants received before the income recognition criteria are satisfied are presented as a separate liability in the statement of financial position. Government grants are recognised in the statement of profit or loss on a systematic basis over the periods in which the entity recognises as expenses the related costs for which the grants are intended to compensate. Further, the Group does not recognise those forms of government assistance for which a reasonable value cannot be placed.

#### 3.23 Dividend and appropriation to reserves

Dividend and appropriation to reserves are recognised in the consolidated financial statements in the period in which these are approved.

#### 3.24 Earnings per share

The Group presents basic and diluted earnings per share (EPS) data for its ordinary shares. Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Holding Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year. Diluted EPS is determined by adjusting the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Holding Company and the weighted average number of ordinary shareholders of all dilutive potential ordinary shares.

#### 3.25 Contingencies

Contingencies are disclosed when the Group has possible obligation that arises from past event and whose existence will be confirmed only by occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of entity, or a present obligation that arises from past event but is not recognised because it is not probable that an outflow of recourse embodying economic benefit will be required to settle the obligation or, when amount of obligation cannot be measured with sufficient reliability.

270

For the year ended June 30, 2024

|     |                                                                                                       |                                                                       | (Amounts in Rs. '000)                                                 |
|-----|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 4   | NON-CONTROLLING INTEREST                                                                              | 2024                                                                  | 2023                                                                  |
| 4.1 | Non-controlling interest in the Subsidiary Company has been calculated as follows:                    |                                                                       |                                                                       |
|     | Non-current assets<br>Current assets<br>Non-current liabilities<br>Current liabilities<br>Net assets  | 30,776,943<br>77,148,576<br>(4,142,480)<br>(74,212,375)<br>29,570,664 | 28,826,267<br>76,645,664<br>(2,769,572)<br>(77,345,091)<br>25,357,268 |
|     | Adjustments for consolidation:<br>Fair value adjustment<br>Consistency of accounting policy<br>Others | 8,577,375<br>(20,325,928)<br>6,092,371<br>(5,656,182)                 | 8,760,974<br>(20,325,928)<br>6,338,541<br>(5,226,413)                 |
|     | Adjusted net assets of the Subsidiary Company                                                         | 23,914,482                                                            | 20,130,855                                                            |
|     | Share of NCI @ 36.44% (2023: 36.44%)                                                                  | 8,714,439                                                             | 7,335,685                                                             |
| 4.2 | Net turnover and profit after tax from the acquired business are as follows:                          |                                                                       |                                                                       |
|     | Net turnover                                                                                          | 305,539,679                                                           | 261,860,404                                                           |
|     | Profit for the year                                                                                   | 4,061,635                                                             | 1,824,967                                                             |

4.3 During the year, the Holding Company has recorded NCI's share of profit Rs. 1,323,452 and actuarial gain of Rs. 55,302 in consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income respectively.

|    |                               | Note | 2024       | 2023       |
|----|-------------------------------|------|------------|------------|
|    |                               |      |            |            |
| 5. | PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT |      |            |            |
|    | Operating assets              | 5.1  | 40,219,169 | 36,177,940 |
|    | Capital work-in-progress      | 5.4  | 6,082,568  | 4,852,407  |
|    |                               |      | 46,301,737 | 41,030,347 |

For the year ended June 30, 2024

| Operating assets                                                                         |                                    |                               |                                                   |                                            |                                        |                                                 |                                          |                                                               |                                     |                                     |                              | (Amounts in Rs. '000)                         | ר (1000) Rs. י                           |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------|
| -                                                                                        | Land<br>Freehold I                 | Leasehold                     | Building<br>On freehold On leasehold<br>land land | ing<br>Dn leasehold<br>Iand                | Tanks and<br>pipelines                 | Service and<br>filling stations<br>(note 5.1.2) | Plant and<br>machinery                   | Furniture Vehicles and<br>and fittings other rolling<br>stock |                                     | Office<br>equipments                | Railway<br>sidings           | Gas cylinders<br>/ regulators<br>(note 5.1.2) | Total                                    |
| <b>As at July 01, 2023</b><br>Cost<br>Accumulated depreciation<br>Net book value         | 9,891,655<br>-<br><u>9,891,655</u> | 110,921<br>(30,529)<br>80,392 | 1,261,551<br>(712,617)<br>548,934                 | 2,078,024<br>(1,128,219)<br>949,805        | 13,340,648<br>(6,447,876)<br>6,892,772 | 13,339,982<br>(9,833,410)<br>3,506,572          | 20,557,873<br>(8,531,530)<br>12,026,343  | 804,435<br>(391,762)<br>412,673                               | 2,098,497<br>(1,673,612)<br>424,885 | 1,314,818<br>(1,063,348)<br>251,470 | 97,555<br>(74,263)<br>23,292 | 493,797<br>(221,467)<br>272,330               | 65,389,756<br>(30,108,633)<br>35,281,123 |
| Year ended June 30, 2023<br>Opening net book value<br>Additions<br>Disposals (note 5.2)  | 9,891,655<br>345,038               | 80,392<br>-                   | 548,934<br>97,010                                 | 949,805<br>119,242                         | 6,892,772<br>1,134,640                 | 3,506,572<br>961,511                            | 12,026,343<br>877,884                    | 412,673<br>48,925                                             | 424,885<br>588,345                  | 251,470<br>204,840                  | 23,292<br>-                  | 272,330<br>53,367                             | 35,281,123<br>4,430,802                  |
| Cost<br>Accumulated depreciation                                                         |                                    |                               | (7,169)<br>4,391<br>(2,778)                       | (12,304)<br>11,748<br>(556)                | (687)<br>641<br>(46)                   | (463,483)<br>462,769<br>(714)                   | (16,809)<br>16,597<br>(212)              | (6,686)<br>6,588<br>(98)                                      | (89,501)<br>79,673<br>(9,828)       | (29,629)<br>29,492<br>(137)         |                              | (108,164)<br>99,187<br>(8,977)                | (734,432)<br>711,086<br>(23,346)         |
| Depreciation charge (note 5.1.1)<br>Closing net book value                               | -<br>10,236,693                    | (1,263)<br>79,129             | (36,201)<br>606,965                               | (91,037)<br>977,454                        | (1,065,352)<br>6,962,014               | (596,522)<br>3,870,847                          | (1,303,301)<br>11,600,714                | (27,670)<br>433,830                                           | (181,953)<br>821,449                | (160,452)<br>295,721                | (4,435)<br>18,857            | (42,453)<br>274,267                           | (3,510,639)<br>36,177,940                |
| <b>As at June 30, 2023</b><br>Cost<br>Accumulated depreciation<br>Net book value         | 10,236,693<br>-<br>10,236,693      | 110,921<br>(31,792)<br>79,129 | 1,351,392<br>(744,427)<br>606,965                 | 2,184,962<br>(1,207,508)<br><u>977,454</u> | 14,474,601<br>(7,512,587)<br>6,962,014 | 13,838,010<br>(9,967,163)<br>3,870,847          | 21,418,948<br>(9,818,234)<br>11,600,714  | 846,674<br>(412,844)<br>433,830                               | 2,597,341<br>(1,775,892)<br>821,449 | 1,490,029<br>(1,194,308)<br>295,721 | 97,555<br>(78,698)<br>18,857 | 439,000<br>(164,733)<br>274,267               | 69,086,126<br>(32,908,186)<br>36,177,940 |
| Year ended June 30, 2024<br>Opening net book value<br>Additions<br>Dismocals (more 5, 2) | 10,236,693<br>50,633               | 79,129<br>-                   | 606,965<br>118,680                                | 977,454<br>37,381                          | 6,962,014<br>2,210,901                 | 3,870,847<br>2,040,396                          | 11,600,714<br>2,425,455                  | 433,830<br>80,581                                             | 821,449<br>372,233                  | 295,721<br>535,501                  | 18,857<br>-                  | 274,267<br>88,316                             | 36,177,940<br>7,960,077                  |
| Cost<br>Accumulated depreciation<br>Write offs                                           |                                    |                               |                                                   | (279)<br>279                               | (9,345)<br>9,236<br>(109)              | (122,260)<br>121,851<br>(409)                   | (21,958)<br>21,958                       | (8,578)<br>8,445<br>(133)                                     | (86,719)<br>76,791<br>(9,928)       | (11,136)<br>11,128<br>(8)           |                              | · · · ·                                       | (260,275)<br>249,688<br>(10,587)         |
| Cost<br>Depreciation                                                                     |                                    |                               | (2,379)<br>2,379                                  | (9,724)<br>9,724                           | (40,688)<br>40,688                     | (942,182)<br>942,182<br>-                       | (90,237)<br>90,237                       | (35,499)<br>35,499<br>-                                       | . 1                                 | (108,864)<br>108,864                | (496)<br>496<br>-            |                                               | (1,230,070)<br>1,230,070<br>-            |
| Depreciation charge (note 5.1.1)<br>Closing net book value                               | -<br>10,287,326                    | (1,263)<br>77,866             | (42,727)<br>682,918                               | (84,676)<br>930,159                        | (1,109,032)<br>8,063,774               | (699,352)<br>5,211,482                          | (1,410,221)<br>12,615,948                | (35,621)<br>478,657                                           | (217,461)<br>966,293                | (256,870)<br>574,344                | (4,435)<br>14,422            | (46,603)<br>315,980                           | (3,908,261)<br>40,219,169                |
| <b>As at June 30, 2024</b><br>Cost<br>Accumulated depreciation<br>Net book value         | 10,287,326<br>-<br>10,287,326      | 110,921<br>(33,055)<br>77,866 | 1,467,693<br>(784,775)<br>682,918                 | 2,212,340<br>(1,282,181)<br>930,159        | 16,635,469<br>(8,571,695)<br>8,063,774 | 14,813,964<br>(9,602,482)<br>5,211,482          | 23,732,208<br>(11,116,260)<br>12,615,948 | 883,178<br>(404,521)<br>478,657                               | 2,882,854<br>(1,916,561)<br>966,293 | 1,905,530<br>(1,331,186)<br>574,344 | 97,059<br>(82,637)<br>14,422 | 527,316<br>(211,336)<br>315,980               | 75,555,858<br>(35,336,689)<br>40,219,169 |
| Annual rate of<br>depreciation (%)                                                       |                                    | 1-7                           | 5-10                                              | 5-20                                       | 5-20                                   | 5-50                                            | 5-33                                     | 7-33                                                          | 17-25                               | 5-33                                | 7-10                         | 10                                            |                                          |

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### Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended June 30, 2024

|       |                                                                 |          |                                    | (Amounts in Rs. '000)  |
|-------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|----------|------------------------------------|------------------------|
|       |                                                                 | Note     | 2024                               | 2023                   |
| 5.1.1 | Depreciation charge for the year has been allocated as follows: |          |                                    |                        |
|       | Cost of products sold<br>Distribution and marketing expenses    | 35<br>36 | 1,277,677<br>2,198,630             | 1,245,535<br>1,939,638 |
|       | Administrative expenses                                         | 30       | <u>431,954</u><br><u>3,908,261</u> | 325,466<br>3,510,639   |

- **5.1.2** Service and filling stations include cost of Rs. 13,869,542 (2023: Rs. 12,918,653) incurred by the Group on underground storage tanks, dispensing units, other equipment, construction and related work. It also includes cost incurred on modernisation and development under the "New Vision Scheme" on approximately 2,250 (2023: 2,112) out of the total 3,580 (2023: 3,528) retail filling station of dealers and consumer sites. In view of large number of outlets and consumer sites, the Group considers it impracticable to disclose particulars of assets not in the possession of the Group as required under the Fourth Schedule to the Companies Act, 2017. Furthermore, gas cylinders amounting to Rs. 527,314 (2023: Rs. 439,001) are not in possession of the Group.
- **5.1.3** Included in operating assets are fully depreciated assets having cost of Rs. 21,639,826 (2023: Rs. 18,919,503).
- **5.1.4** Included in operating assets are assets having net book value of Rs. 1,252,041 (2023: Rs. 899,666) in respect of Group's share in the joint operation. Certain assets relating to joint operation in New Islamabad International Airport are not in the possession of the Group having net book value of Rs. 207,214 (2023: Rs. 245,939), respectively. The possession of these assets at NIIAP is with Attock Petroleum Limited. In view of large number of assets, the Group considers it impracticable to disclose particulars of assets not in the possession of the Group as required under the Fourth Schedule to the Companies Act, 2017.

|                                                         | Cost    | Accumulated depreciation | Net book<br>value | Sale<br>proceeds | Gain    | Mode of<br>disposal | Particulars of<br>buyers  |
|---------------------------------------------------------|---------|--------------------------|-------------------|------------------|---------|---------------------|---------------------------|
| Vehicle                                                 | 5,234   | 1,737                    | 3,497             | 3,497            | -       | Group Policy        | Mr. G.H. Ghumman          |
| Vehicle                                                 | 4,649   | 538                      | 4,111             | 4,188            | 77      | Group Policy        | Mr. Azam Farooqui         |
| Vehicle                                                 | 2,693   | 1,616                    | 1,077             | 1,077            | -       | Group Policy        | Munir Ahmed (Ex-Employee) |
| ltems having book<br>value of less than<br>Rs. 500 each | 247,699 | 245,797                  | 1,902             | 63,630           | 61,728  |                     |                           |
| June 30, 2024                                           | 260,275 | 249,688                  | 10,587            | 72,391           | 61,805  |                     |                           |
| June 30, 2023                                           | 734,432 | 711,086                  | 23,346            | 186,898          | 163,552 |                     |                           |

**5.2** The details of operating assets disposed off during the year are as follows:

For the year ended June 30, 2024

**5.3** The details of immovable fixed assets (i.e. land) are as follows:

| Description of Location                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | Addresses                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | Total area<br>of land<br>square yards                                                                                                                               |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Installations</b><br>Machike Installation<br>Mehmood Kot Terminal<br>Morgah Installation<br>Pipri Installation (ZOT)<br>Shikarpur Installation                                                                                                                                                                  | Sargodha Road, Sheikhupura<br>Railway Station, Mehmood Kot, Multan<br>Caltex Road, New Lalazar, Rawalpindi<br>National Highway, Pipri<br>Deh Ali Murad Kalhoro, Taluka Kanpur, Distt. Shikarpur                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | 199,771<br>111,048<br>14,913<br>460,647<br>261,965                                                                                                                  |
| Depots<br>Chitral Depot<br>Chakpirana Depot<br>Daulatpur Depot<br>Faqirabad Depot<br>Lalpir Depot<br>Habibabad Depot<br>Khuzdar Depot<br>Kohat Depot<br>Kotlajam Depot<br>New Faisalabad Depot<br>New Hyderabad Depot<br>Pasni Depot<br>Quetta Depot 'C'<br>Sangi Depot<br>Serai Naurang Depot<br>Taru Jabba Depot | Mastuj-Dir Road, Chitral<br>Chakpirana, G.T Road Lala Moosa<br>Daulatpur, Distt., Nawabshah<br>Lawrancepur, Distt., Attock.<br>Deh Khuhawar & Gujrat,Tehsil Kot Addu Distt., Muzafargarh<br>Near Railway crossing, Habibabad Distt., Kasur<br>Main R.C.D. Highway Road, Khuzdar<br>13-KM, Kohat/Rawalpindi Road, Kohat<br>Kotlajam, Distt., Bhakkar<br>Village Karari, Chak No 190 RB, Tehsil Saddar, Distt., Faisalabad<br>Deh Senhwar, Taluka Distt., Hyderabad<br>Pasni Gawadar Road, Opposite Airport Road, Girani<br>Chaman Road, Quetta Cantt<br>Deh Mehranpure,Taluka Pano Akil<br>Village Nar Hafizabad Tehsil, Distt., Bannu<br>G.T Road, Peshawar | 13,790<br>104,091<br>140,360<br>112,984<br>157,179<br>199,620<br>48,400<br>56,507<br>48,400<br>100,611<br>248,050<br>96,800<br>30,008<br>48,400<br>48,521<br>64,523 |
| <b>Refinery</b><br>Refinery Complex*                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | Naclass No. 24, Deh Dih, Tappo Landhi, Taluka Karachi, District Karachi                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | 968,000                                                                                                                                                             |
| <b>Division Office</b><br>Lahore Division                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | 8, Edward Road, Lahore                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | 10,000                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>Retail Outlets</b><br>Chowerangi Service Station<br>Diamond Fuel Station<br>Garden Petroleum Station<br>Madni Petroleum Services<br>PSO Service Station<br>PSO Service Station<br>PSO Service Station<br>PSO Service Station<br>CDA Land                                                                        | Nazimabad Chowrangi, Karachi<br>Jamrud Road, Peshawar<br>Opp. Fatima Jinnah Girls High School, Nishter Road, Karachi<br>College Road, Peshawar<br>Block-A North Nazimabad, Karachi<br>Sukkur City, Opposite Hira Medical Center, Sukkur<br>3A, The Mall, Rawalpindi<br>Diplomatic Enclave, Islamabad<br>Plot # 29, Sector D-12 Markaz Islamabad                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | 743<br>1,785<br>1,056<br>1,194<br>1,000<br>833<br>870<br>2,000<br>2,222                                                                                             |
| <b>Others</b><br>Bin Qasim Pak Saudia<br>Computer Institute, Badin<br>Jamshoro Land<br>LPG Plant, Lahore<br>Skardu Land (Refer note 25)<br>PSO House<br>Railway Marshalling Yard, Pipri                                                                                                                            | South Western Zone, Port Qasim Authority, Karachi<br>PSO Computer Institute, Badin<br>Deh Morho Jabbal,Taluka Kotri Distt., Dadu<br>Miles Shakapura Road, Shadra, Lahore<br>Thorgo, Skardu<br>PSO House, Clifton, Karachi<br>South Western Zone, Port Qasim Authority, Karachi                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | 116,160<br>4,840<br>968,000<br>29,040<br>235,950<br>6,535<br>484,000                                                                                                |

\* This includes 4,840 and 23,861 square yards of land leased to President of Pakistan and M/s Burshane LPG Ltd (Burshane) respectively.

For the year ended June 30, 2024

(Amounts in Rs. '000)

**5.3.1** In view of large number of buildings and other immoveable assets, the Group considers it impracticable to disclose particulars of such assets of the Group as required under the Fourth Schedule to the Companies Act, 2017.

|       |                                                     | Note  | 2024        | 2023        |
|-------|-----------------------------------------------------|-------|-------------|-------------|
| 5.4   | Capital work-in-progress                            |       |             |             |
|       | Tanks and pipelines                                 |       | 1,841,734   | 1,806,124   |
|       | Service and filling stations                        |       | 330,024     | 178,075     |
|       | Plant and machinery                                 |       | 1,338,260   | 360,428     |
|       | Office equipments, furniture and fittings           |       | 198,397     | 26,827      |
|       | Vehicles and other rolling stock                    |       | 165         | 165         |
|       | Advance to suppliers and contractors                |       | 224,448     | 228,058     |
|       | Capital spares                                      |       | 2,149,540   | 2,252,730   |
|       |                                                     | 5.4.1 | 6,082,568   | 4,852,407   |
| 5.4.1 | Movement in capital work-in-progress is as follows: |       |             |             |
|       | Balance at beginning of the year                    |       | 4,876,237   | 3,708,832   |
|       | Additions during the year                           |       | 9,461,710   | 5,705,556   |
|       | Transfers during the year                           |       |             |             |
|       | - Operating assets                                  |       | (7,960,077) | (4,430,802) |
|       | - Intangibles                                       |       | (274,809)   | (107,349)   |
|       |                                                     |       | (8,234,886) | (4,538,151) |
|       |                                                     |       | 6,103,061   | 4,876,237   |
|       | Provision for impairment                            | 5.4.2 | (20,493)    | (23,830)    |
|       | Balance at end of the year                          |       | 6,082,568   | 4,852,407   |

5.4.2 During the year, net reversal of Rs. 3,337 (2023: Rs. 562) was recorded as provision for impairment.

**5.4.3** Includes capital work-in-progress amounting to Rs. 45,908 (2023: Rs. 192,986) in respect of Holding Company's share in joint operation.

|    |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | Note | 2024                                                                | 2023                                         |
|----|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------|---------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|
| 6. | RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS                                                                                                                                                                                                              |      |                                                                     |                                              |
|    | <b>Balance as at July 01, 2023</b><br>Cost<br>Accumulated depreciation<br>Net book value                                                                                                                                         |      | 9,190,233<br>(2,176,610)<br>7,013,623                               | 7,995,587<br>(1,390,683)<br>6,604,904        |
|    | Movement during the year<br>Opening net book value<br>Additions<br>Changes due to modifications during the year<br>Less: Depreciation charge for the year<br>Less: Disposals during the year<br>Cost<br>Accumulated depreciation | 6.2  | 7,013,623<br>802,165<br>1,188,565<br>(1,182,116)<br>24,695<br>(534) | 6,604,904<br>913,146<br>281,500<br>(785,927) |
|    | Closing net book value                                                                                                                                                                                                           |      | 24,161<br>7,798,076                                                 | - 7,013,623                                  |
|    | <b>Balance as at June 30, 2024</b><br>Cost<br>Accumulated depreciation<br>Net book value                                                                                                                                         |      | 11,156,268<br>(3,358,192)<br>7,798,076                              | 9,190,233<br>(2,176,610)<br>7,013,623        |

For the year ended June 30, 2024

(Amounts in Rs. '000)

**6.1** The annual rate of depreciation for the right-of-use assets ranges between 2% - 100%.

|     |                                                                                         | Note     | 2024                                              | 2023                                          |
|-----|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|---------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|
| 6.2 | Depreciation charge for the year has been allocated as follows:                         |          |                                                   |                                               |
|     | Cost of products sold<br>Distribution and marketing expenses<br>Administrative expenses | 35<br>36 | 15,910<br>1,072,266<br><u>93,940</u><br>1,182,116 | 15,909<br>708,417<br><u>61,601</u><br>785,927 |

**6.3** The right-of-use assets mainly comprise lands and office premises acquired on lease by the Group for its operations. The Group have also entered into lease of pipelines, and tank lorries, however, these do not form a part of right-of-use assets on account of variable payments not linked to index or rate.

|    |                                                                                                        | Note | 2024                              | 2023                            |
|----|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| 7. | INTANGIBLES                                                                                            |      |                                   |                                 |
|    | <b>Net carrying value</b><br>Net book value at beginning of the year<br>Additions at cost<br>Disposals |      | 253,973<br>274,809                | 259,292<br>107,349              |
|    | Cost<br>Accumulated amortisation                                                                       |      |                                   | (1,725)<br>1,725                |
|    | Amortisation charge for the year<br>Net book value at end of the year                                  | 7.3  | (172,386)<br>356,396              | (112,668)<br>253,973            |
|    | <b>Gross carrying value</b><br>Cost<br>Accumulated amortisation<br>Net book value                      | 7.2  | 1,198,306<br>(841,910)<br>356,396 | 923,496<br>(669,523)<br>253,973 |

**7.1** The cost is being amortised over a period of 3 to 5 years.

7.2 Intangibles include ERP System - SAP, anti-virus softwares and other office related softwares.

|     |                                                                 | Note | 2024    | 2023    |
|-----|-----------------------------------------------------------------|------|---------|---------|
| 7.3 | Amortisation charge for the year has been allocated as follows: |      |         |         |
|     | Cost of products sold                                           |      | 1,919   | 114     |
|     | Administrative expenses                                         | 36   | 170,467 | 112,554 |
|     |                                                                 |      | 172,386 | 112,668 |

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### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

For the year ended June 30, 2024

|    |                                                              |       |           | (Amounts in Rs. '000) |
|----|--------------------------------------------------------------|-------|-----------|-----------------------|
|    |                                                              | Note  | 2024      | 2023                  |
| 8. | LONG-TERM INVESTMENTS                                        |       |           |                       |
|    | Investment in related parties                                |       |           |                       |
|    | Investment held at fair value through other comprehensive in | ncome |           |                       |
|    | In an unquoted company                                       |       |           |                       |
|    | - Pak-Arab Pipeline Company Limited (PAPCO)                  |       |           |                       |
|    | Equity held: 12% (2023: 12%)                                 |       |           |                       |
|    | No. of shares: 8,640,000 (2023: 8,640,000) of Rs. 100/- each | 8.2.1 | 4,558,321 | 3,993,199             |
|    | Investment in associates                                     |       |           |                       |
|    | In unquoted companies                                        |       |           |                       |
|    | - Asia Petroleum Limited                                     |       |           |                       |
|    | Equity held: 49% (2023: 49%)                                 |       |           |                       |
|    | No. of shares: 46,058,570 (2023: 46,058,570) of Rs.10/- each | 8.3   | 3,085,482 | 2,325,836             |
|    | - Pak Grease Manufacturing Company (Private) Limited         |       |           |                       |
|    | Equity held: 49.26% (2023: 49.26%)                           |       |           |                       |
|    | No. of shares: 1,536,593 (2023: 1,536,593) of Rs. 10/- each  | 8.3   | 105,241   | 77,615                |
|    |                                                              | 0.0   | 3,190,723 | 2,403,451             |
|    |                                                              |       | 7,749,044 | 6,396,650             |
|    |                                                              |       | ,,        |                       |

- **8.1** The principal place of business of all the investees is Karachi.
- **8.2** Investment in PAPCO has been carried at FVOCI as it is a strategic investment of the Group. Accordingly, the Group has carried out an exercise to ascertain the fair value of investment as at the year end using the discounted cash flow technique (Level 3). The following major assumptions and inputs were used by the management to determine the aforesaid fair value:

|                                 | 2024            | 2023            |
|---------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
|                                 |                 |                 |
| - Discount rate                 | 19.79% - 20.21% | 19.56% - 19.94% |
| - Growth rate of terminal value | 6%              | 6%              |

Based on the above fair valuation exercise, the Group has recorded an unrealised gain (net of tax) of Rs. 344,408 (2023: unrealised loss Rs. 331,411) in other comprehensive income / (loss) for the year.

|       |                                                                               | 2024      | 2023      |
|-------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|
|       |                                                                               |           |           |
| 8.2.1 | Movement of investment classified as FVOCI                                    |           |           |
|       | Balance at beginning of the year                                              | 3,993,199 | 4,208,094 |
|       | Remeasurement gain / (loss) recognised as other comprehensive income / (loss) | 565,122   | (214,895) |
|       | Balance at the end of the year                                                | 4,558,321 | 3,993,199 |

For the year ended June 30, 2024

|       |                                                                                                                                                                  |                                              | (Amounts in Rs. '000)                        |
|-------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|
|       |                                                                                                                                                                  | 2024                                         | 2023                                         |
| 8.2.2 | Sensitivity to unobservable inputs:                                                                                                                              |                                              |                                              |
|       | - Discount rate (1% increase)<br>- Discount rate (1% decrease)<br>- Growth rate of terminal value (1% increase)<br>- Growth rate of terminal value (1% decrease) | (345,851)<br>402,405<br>243,718<br>(210,771) | (294,970)<br>343,832<br>208,593<br>(179,941) |

#### 8.3 Investment in associates

#### 8.3.1 Movement of investment in associates

|                                                                                              |                      | 2024            |                      |                 | 2023            |                    |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------|----------------------|-----------------|-----------------|--------------------|
|                                                                                              | APL                  | PGMCL           | Total                | APL             | PGMCL           | Total              |
| Balance at beginning of the year                                                             | 2,325,836            | 77,615          | 2,403,451            | 3,413,175       | 95,071          | 3,508,246          |
| Share of profit / (loss) of associates - net of tax:                                         |                      |                 |                      |                 |                 |                    |
| - current year - unaudited                                                                   | 1,509,314            | 35,350          | 1,544,664            | (855,752)       | (17,968)        | (873,720)          |
| - adjustment for last year profit / (loss) based on prior year audited financial statements  | 100,789<br>1,610,103 | (291)<br>35,059 | 100,498<br>1,645,162 | 4,831 (850,921) | 108<br>(17,860) | 4,939<br>(868,781) |
| Share of actuarial gain / (loss) on remeasurement of staff retirement benefits of associates |                      |                 |                      |                 |                 |                    |
| - net of tax                                                                                 | 1,627                | 249             | 1,876                | (6,125)         | 404             | (5,721)            |
| Dividend income                                                                              | (852,084)            | (7,682)         | (859,766)            | (230,293)       | -               | (230,293)          |
| Balance at end of the year                                                                   | 3,085,482            | 105,241         | 3,190,723            | 2,325,836       | 77,615          | 2,403,451          |

**8.3.2** The summarised financial information of the associates, based on their financial statements is as follows:

|       |                                                                                                                                | Note       | 20                                               | 24                                      | 2023                                             |                                                      |
|-------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|--------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------|
|       |                                                                                                                                |            | APL                                              | PGMCL<br>(Un-au                         | APL<br>idited)                                   | PGMCL                                                |
|       | Revenue                                                                                                                        |            | 4,424,134                                        | 470,893                                 | 3,406,967                                        | 122,670                                              |
|       | Profit / (loss) after tax for the year<br>Total comprehensive income / (loss)                                                  |            | 3,080,233<br>3,080,233                           | 71,763<br>71,763                        | (1,746,433)<br>(1,746,433)                       | (37,764)<br>(37,764)                                 |
|       | Non-current assets<br>Current assets                                                                                           |            | 1,248,355<br>11,208,578<br>12,456,933            | 71,429<br>212,961<br>284,390            | 788,513<br>10,376,668<br>11,165,181              | 39,660<br>157,695<br>197,355                         |
|       | Non-current liabilities<br>Current liabilities                                                                                 |            | (188,751)<br>(5,971,279)<br>(6,160,030)          | (10,670)<br>(49,433)<br>(60,103)        | (257,160)<br>(6,161,416)<br>(6,418,576)          | (11,435)<br>(17,710)<br>(29,145)                     |
|       | Net assets                                                                                                                     |            | 6,296,903                                        | 224,286                                 | 4,746,605                                        | 168,210                                              |
| 8.3.3 | Reconciliation of carrying amount of investment                                                                                |            |                                                  |                                         |                                                  |                                                      |
|       | Net assets<br>Group's Holding in %<br>Group share of investment in associates<br>Fair value adjustment upon acquisition of PRL | 8.3.2<br>8 | <u>6,296,903</u><br><u>49%</u><br>3,085,482<br>- | 224,286<br>49.26%<br>110,483<br>(5,242) | <u>4,746,605</u><br><u>49%</u><br>2,325,836<br>- | <u>168,210</u><br><u>49.26%</u><br>82,857<br>(5,242) |
|       | Carrying amount of investment                                                                                                  |            | 3,085,482                                        | 105,241                                 | 2,325,836                                        | 77,615                                               |

278

(Amounts in Ds. (000)

### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

For the year ended June 30, 2024

|     |                                                                                               |            |                                                           | (Amounts in Rs. '000)                                     |
|-----|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|
|     |                                                                                               | Note       | 2024                                                      | 2023                                                      |
| 9.  | LONG-TERM LOANS, ADVANCES AND OTHER<br>RECEIVABLES                                            |            |                                                           |                                                           |
|     | Loans - considered good                                                                       |            |                                                           |                                                           |
|     | Executives*<br>Employees<br>Current portion shown under current assets                        | 9.1<br>9.2 | 659,160<br>578,448<br>1,237,608<br>(367,625)<br>869,983   | 386,361<br>554,909<br>941,270<br>(292,287)<br>648,983     |
|     | Advances - considered good (secured)                                                          |            |                                                           |                                                           |
|     | Employees<br>Current portion shown under current assets                                       | 9.4        | 140,097<br>(51,650)<br>88,447                             | 140,295<br>(43,832)<br>96,463                             |
|     | Other receivables                                                                             |            |                                                           |                                                           |
|     | - Considered good<br>- Considered doubtful<br>Provision for impairment                        |            | 19,538<br>8,143<br>27,681<br>(8,143)<br>19,538<br>977,968 | 22,638<br>8,143<br>30,781<br>(8,143)<br>22,638<br>768,084 |
| 9.1 | Reconciliation of carrying amount of loans to executives*:                                    |            |                                                           |                                                           |
|     | Balance at beginning of the year<br>Disbursements<br>Repayments<br>Balance at end of the year |            | 386,361<br>406,700<br>(133,901)<br>659,160                | 112,113<br>422,852<br>(148,604)<br>386,361                |

\* These represent executives as prescribed under the Companies Act, 2017.

- **9.2** These represent interest free loans to executives and employees for purchase of motor cars, motor cycles, house building, marriage, umrah and others, in accordance with the Group's policy. Loans for purchase of motor cars and motor cycles are secured against the respective assets, and all other loans are secured against entitlements. These loans are recoverable in monthly installments over a period of twenty months to sixty months. Loans to executives and employees have not been discounted as the amount involved is not significant to these consolidated financial statements.
- **9.3** The maximum aggregate amount of loans due from executives and employees at the end of any month during the year was Rs. 1,359,455 (2023: Rs. 534,948).
- **9.4** These represent interest free advances against housing assistance given to employees for purchase and construction of residential property in accordance with the Holding Company's policy. These advances are secured against respective assets and are recovered through monthly deduction of house allowance until complete repayment is made.

#### **10.** LONG-TERM DEPOSITS

These include interest free deposits amounting to Rs. 147,873 (2023: Rs. 171,896) paid to related parties.

For the year ended June 30, 2024

#### **DEFERRED TAX ASSET - NET** 11.

(Amounts in Rs. '000)

|      |                                                                                                                                                         | Charge for the year        |        |                  |                                            |       |                                                    |
|------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------|--------|------------------|--------------------------------------------|-------|----------------------------------------------------|
|      |                                                                                                                                                         | Opening<br>Balance         | Profit | or loss          | Other<br>comprehen<br>income               | isive | Closing<br>Balance                                 |
|      | <b>Taxable temporary difference in respect of:</b><br>Accelerated tax depreciation                                                                      | 2,409,644                  |        | 87,863           |                                            | -     | 2,897,507                                          |
|      | Investment in associates accounted for under                                                                                                            | 486,922                    |        | 90,084           | -                                          |       | 677,006                                            |
|      | equity method<br>Equity investment held as FVOCI                                                                                                        | 1,220,067                  |        | -                | -<br>220,7                                 | 14    | 1,440,781                                          |
|      | Right-of-use asset<br>Tax amortisation                                                                                                                  | 1,390,476<br>(4,257)       |        | 1,025)<br>1,649) | -                                          |       | 929,451<br>(5,906)                                 |
|      | Deductible temporary difference in respect of provision for:                                                                                            |                            |        |                  |                                            |       |                                                    |
|      | Impairment of stores and spares                                                                                                                         | (23,481)                   | :      | 28,279           | -                                          |       | 4,798                                              |
|      | Fair value of net assets acquired on acquisition<br>Provision for slow moving products                                                                  | (21,549)<br>(51,992)       |        | -                | -                                          |       | (21,549)<br>(51,992)                               |
|      | Impairment on trade debts<br>Impairment on other receivables                                                                                            | (1,087,325)<br>(3,612,520) |        | 3,996)<br>22,774 | -                                          |       | (1,271,321)<br>(3,589,746)                         |
|      | Retirement and other service benefits                                                                                                                   | (3,601,047)                |        | 7,569)           | 559,43                                     | 36    | (3,489,180)                                        |
|      | Excise, taxes and other duties<br>Liabilities offered for taxation                                                                                      | (28,403)<br>(16,330,991)   | (40    | -<br>1,429)      | -                                          |       | (28,403)<br>(16,732,420)                           |
|      | Recoupable carried forward tax loss<br>Recoupable ACT                                                                                                   | -<br>(1,373,232)           | 7      | -<br>04,144      | -                                          |       | -<br>(669,088)                                     |
|      | Lease liabilities                                                                                                                                       | (1,565,540)                |        | 01,390           | -                                          |       | (1,264,150)                                        |
|      | Others                                                                                                                                                  | (3,176)<br>(22,196,404)    | 2      | -<br>38,866      | - 780,1                                    | 50    | (3,176)<br>(21,177,388)                            |
|      |                                                                                                                                                         |                            | Note   | 20               | )24                                        |       | 2023                                               |
| 11.1 | Movement in deferred tax asset - net is as follows:                                                                                                     |                            |        |                  |                                            |       |                                                    |
|      | Balance at beginning of the year<br>- recognised in profit or loss<br>- recognised in other comprehensive income / (loss)<br>Balance at end of the year |                            | 39     | (2               | 196,404<br>238,866)<br>780,150)<br>177,388 |       | 17,719,521<br>4,729,357<br>(252,474)<br>22,196,404 |
| 12.  | STORES, SPARES, CHEMICALS AND LOOSE TOOLS                                                                                                               |                            |        |                  |                                            |       |                                                    |
|      | Stores, spares, chemicals and loose tools<br>Provision for impairment                                                                                   |                            | 12.1   | (*               | 226,020<br>121,013)<br>105,007             | _     | 2,844,686<br>(196,263)<br>2,648,423                |
| 12.1 | The movement in provision for impairment during the                                                                                                     | e year is as foll          | ows:   |                  |                                            |       |                                                    |
|      | Balance at beginning of the year<br>Provision (reversed) / recognised during the year<br>Balance at end of the year                                     |                            |        |                  | 196,263<br>(75,250)<br>121,013             |       | 136,131<br>60,132<br>196,263                       |

For the year ended June 30, 2024

13.

|   | STOCK-IN-TRADE                                          |      | (Amounts in Rs. '000) |             |  |
|---|---------------------------------------------------------|------|-----------------------|-------------|--|
| • | STOCK-IN-TRADE                                          | Note | 2024                  | 2023        |  |
|   |                                                         |      |                       |             |  |
|   | Raw and packing material                                | 13.1 | 22,988,892            | 32,330,464  |  |
|   | Petroleum and other products (gross)                    | 13.1 | 113,417,937           | 131,867,374 |  |
|   | Stock held on behalf of third parties                   | 13.2 | (5,398,779)           | (5,506,408) |  |
|   | ·                                                       |      | 131,008,050           | 158,691,430 |  |
|   | In pipeline system of Pak-Arab Pipeline Company Limited |      |                       |             |  |
|   | and Pak-Arab Refinery Limited                           |      | 124,586,891           | 112,847,307 |  |
|   |                                                         |      | 255,594,941           | 271,538,737 |  |
|   | Charges incurred thereon                                |      | 61,201,903            | 54,567,960  |  |
|   |                                                         | 33   | 316,796,844           | 326,106,697 |  |

**13.1** Includes stock-in-transit amounting to Rs.31,228 (2023: Rs. 9,610,000) and stocks (net of provision) held by:

|                      | 2024   | 2023   |
|----------------------|--------|--------|
| Cnergyico Pk Limited | 12,437 | 11,988 |

- **13.2** Represents stock held-in-trust on behalf of third parties, net of storage, handling and other charges amounting to Rs. 23,730 (2023: Rs. 23,730) recoverable there against.
- **13.3** As at June 30, 2024 stock of finished products has been written down by Rs. 380,567 (2023: 56,720) to arrive at their net realisable value.

|     |                                                      | Note        | 2024        | 2023        |
|-----|------------------------------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
|     |                                                      |             |             |             |
| 14. | TRADE DEBTS                                          |             |             |             |
|     | Considered good                                      |             |             |             |
|     | - Due from Government agencies and autonomous bodies |             |             | 77 (02      |
|     | - Secured                                            | 14.1        | 708,723     | 77,603      |
|     | - Unsecured                                          | 14.3        | 429,345,087 | 436,761,005 |
|     |                                                      |             | 430,053,810 | 436,838,608 |
|     | - Due from other customers                           |             |             | 1           |
|     | - Secured                                            | 14.1        | 5,274,148   | 6,628,389   |
|     | - Unsecured                                          | 14.2 & 14.3 | 57,611,208  | 62,501,435  |
|     |                                                      |             | 62,885,356  | 69,129,824  |
|     |                                                      |             | 492,939,166 | 505,968,432 |
|     | Considered doubtful                                  |             | 3,394,690   | 3,074,871   |
|     | Trade debts - gross                                  |             | 496,333,856 | 509,043,303 |
|     | Provision for impairment                             | 14.4        | (3,394,690) | (3,074,871) |
|     | Trade debts - net                                    |             | 492,939,166 | 505,968,432 |

- **14.1** These debts are secured by way of security deposits and bank guarantees.
- **14.2**This also include trade debts on account of export sales made by the Subsidiary Company amounting to Rs. 1,540,000<br/>(2023: Rs. 4,300,000) secured by way of Export Letters of Credit.

For the year ended June 30, 2024

#### (Amounts in Rs. '000)

14.3 These debts include an aggregate amount of Rs. 420,498,555 (2023: Rs. 433,921,957) due from GENCO Holding Company Limited (GENCO), Hub Power Company Limited (HUBCO), and Sui Northern Gas Pipelines Company Limited (SNGPL) on account of inter-corporate circular debt. These include past due trade debts of Rs. 70,617,958 (2023: Rs. 71,921,997), Rs.14,802,218 (2023: Rs.18,135,551) and Rs. 286,063,645 (2023: Rs. 298,429,214) from GENCO, HUBCO and SNGPL respectively, based on the agreed credit terms. The Group carries a specific provision of Rs. 346,975 (2023: Rs. 346,975) against these debts and does not consider the remaining aggregate past due balance of Rs. 371,136,846 (2023: Rs. 388,139,788) as doubtful based on measures being undertaken by the Government of Pakistan (GoP) to resolve circular debt issue. The Group is committed, hence continuously pursuing for satisfactory settlement of inter-corporate circular debt issue, however, the progress is slower than expected resulting in accumulation of the Group's trade debts. The Group considers this amount to be fully recoverable because the GoP has been assuming the responsibility to settle the inter-corporate circular debt in the energy sector. As disclosed in note 2.5.4 to these financial statements, SECP has deferred the applicability of ECL model till the financial years ending on or before December 31, 2024 on financial assets due directly / ultimately from GoP in consequence of the circular debt.

|        |                                                                                                             | 2024                            | 2023                           |
|--------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 14.4   | The movement in provision for impairment during the year is as follows:<br>Balance at beginning of the year | 3,074,871                       | 2,872,347                      |
|        | Provision recognised during the year<br>Reversal of provision during the year                               | 566,741<br>(246,922)<br>319,819 | 282,038<br>(79,514)<br>202,524 |
|        | Balance at end of the year                                                                                  | 3,394,690                       | 3,074,871                      |
| 14.4.1 | Provision for impairment has been recognised against trade debts as follows:                                |                                 |                                |
|        | Related parties<br>Other customers                                                                          | 1,223,074<br>2,171,616          | 851,302<br>2,223,569           |
|        |                                                                                                             | 3,394,690                       | 3,074,871                      |

**14.5** As at June 30, 2024, trade debts aggregating to Rs. 122,321,277 (2023: Rs. 114,998,402) are neither past due nor impaired. The remaining debts aggregating to Rs. 370,617,889 (2023: Rs. 390,970,030) are past due but not impaired. The ageing analysis of these past due trade debts is as follows:

|                    | 2024        | 2023        |
|--------------------|-------------|-------------|
|                    |             |             |
| Up to 3 months     | 282,949,540 | 301,463,693 |
| 3 to 6 months      | 4,253,131   | 9,692,083   |
| 6 months to 1 year | 744,733     | 17,184,104  |
| Over 1 year        | 82,670,485  | 62,630,150  |
|                    | 370,617,889 | 390,970,030 |

For the year ended June 30, 2024

(Amounts in Rs. '000)

#### 14.6 The details of trade debts due from associates and related parties are as follows:

|                                             | outstanding at | Maximum aggregate<br>outstanding at the end of any<br>month |             | Balance as at 30 June |  |
|---------------------------------------------|----------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|-----------------------|--|
|                                             | 2024           | 2024 2023                                                   |             | 2023                  |  |
| Associate                                   |                |                                                             |             |                       |  |
| Asia Petroleum Limited                      | -              | 4,167                                                       | -           | -                     |  |
| Other Related Parties                       |                |                                                             |             |                       |  |
| GENCO                                       | 71,720,501     | 71,921,997                                                  | 70,617,958  | 71,921,997            |  |
| SNGPL                                       | 445,793,612    | 427,744,569                                                 | 335,078,379 | 343,864,408           |  |
| Pakistan International Airlines Corporation | 15,810,951     | 14,398,626                                                  | 15,726,996  | 13,616,915            |  |
| K-Electric Limited                          | 2,817,955      | 18,003,765                                                  | 2,754,321   | 4,368,287             |  |
| Pakistan Railways                           | 5,603,493      | 4,035,967                                                   | 5,176,156   | 4,035,967             |  |
| Oil & Gas Development Corporation Limited   | 713,099        | -                                                           | 713,099     | -                     |  |
| Pakistan Petroleum Limited                  | 96,413         | 52,924                                                      | 11,374      | 52,922                |  |
| Sui Southern Gas Company Limited            | 24,743         | 4,570                                                       | 8,062       | 1,267                 |  |
| Pakistan National Shipping Corporation      | 2,021          | 2,021                                                       | -           | 2,021                 |  |
|                                             |                |                                                             | 430,086,345 | 437,863,784           |  |

#### 14.7 The details of past due or impaired trade debts from associates and related parties are as follows:

|                                                  | Up to 6     | More than 6 | Total       |             |
|--------------------------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
|                                                  | months      | months      | 2024        | 2023        |
|                                                  |             |             |             |             |
| Other Related Parties                            |             |             |             |             |
| GENCO                                            | -           | 70,617,958  | 70,617,958  | 71,921,997  |
| Sui Northern Gas Pipeline Limited                | 286,063,645 | -           | 286,063,645 | 298,429,214 |
| Pakistan International Airlines Corporation      | 13,837,289  | -           | 13,837,289  | 13,616,915  |
| Pakistan Railways                                | 1,422,057   | 234,268     | 1,656,325   | 4,035,967   |
| Oil & Gas Development Corporation Limited        | 38,181      | -           | 38,181      | -           |
| Pakistan Petroleum Limited                       | 279         | -           | 279         | -           |
| Pakistan National Shipping Corporation           | -           | 2,021       | 2,021       | 2,021       |
|                                                  | 301,361,451 | 70,854,247  | 372,215,698 | 388,006,114 |
| Provision for impairment (notes 14.7.1 & 14.7.2) |             |             | (1,223,074) | (851,302)   |
|                                                  |             |             | 370,992,624 | 387,154,812 |

#### 14.7.1 The movement in provision for impairment against due from related parties during the year is as follows:

|        | Note                                                                                                                                        | 2024                                              | 2023                                        |
|--------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|
|        | Balance at beginning of the year<br>Provision / (reversal of provision) during the year<br>Balance at end of the year 14.7.2                | 851,302<br>371,772<br>1,223,074                   | 863,485<br>(12,183)<br>851,302              |
| 14.7.2 | The provision for impairment has been recognised in respect of following related parties:                                                   |                                                   |                                             |
|        | GENCO<br>Pakistan International Airlines Corporation<br>Oil & Gas Development Corporation Limited<br>Pakistan National Shipping Corporation | 346,975<br>871,034<br>3,044<br>2,021<br>1,223,074 | 346,975<br>502,306<br>-<br>2,021<br>851,302 |

For the year ended June 30, 2024

|     |                                                                                                                                                                         |                    |                                                     | (Amounts in Rs. '000)                         |
|-----|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|
| 15. | LOANS AND ADVANCES                                                                                                                                                      | Note               | 2024                                                | 2023                                          |
|     | Secured<br>Loans and advances to executives and employees                                                                                                               |                    |                                                     |                                               |
|     | <ul> <li>Current portion of long-term loans and advances, including<br/>Rs. 227,885 (2023: Rs. 155,788) to executives</li> <li>Short-term loans and advances</li> </ul> |                    | 416,266<br>167,384                                  | 333,109<br>206,951                            |
|     | <b>Unsecured</b><br>Advance to suppliers<br>Advance for the Holding Company-owned filling stations                                                                      |                    | 583,650<br>709,782<br>1,547<br>711,329<br>1,294,979 | 540,060<br>63,073<br>469<br>63,542<br>603,602 |
| 16. | SHORT-TERM DEPOSITS AND PREPAYMENTS                                                                                                                                     |                    |                                                     |                                               |
|     | <b>Deposits - interest free</b><br>Duty and development surcharge<br>Deposit against court orders<br>Trade deposits                                                     |                    | 18,653<br>57,506<br><u>111,024</u><br>187,183       | 12,749<br>57,506<br><u>112,768</u><br>183,023 |
|     | Prepayments<br>Prepayments                                                                                                                                              |                    | 288,176                                             | 1,159,043                                     |
| 17. | OTHER RECEIVABLES                                                                                                                                                       |                    | 475,359                                             | 1,342,066                                     |
| 17. | Due from GoP, a related party, on account of:                                                                                                                           |                    |                                                     |                                               |
|     | - Price Differential Claims (PDC)                                                                                                                                       |                    |                                                     |                                               |
|     | - on imports (net of related liabilities) of Motor Gasoline<br>- on High Speed Diesel (HSD)<br>- on Ethanol E-10 fuel                                                   | 17.1<br>17.2       | 1,350,961<br>602,604<br>27,917                      | 1,350,961<br>602,604<br>27,917                |
|     | - on account of supply of Furnace Oil to K-Electric Limited (KEl<br>at Natural Gas prices<br>- GENCO receivables                                                        | _)<br>17.3<br>17.4 | 254,490<br><br>2,235,972                            | 3,908,581<br>3,407,357<br>9,297,420           |
|     | Unfavourable exchange differences on FE-25 borrowings<br>due from GoP - a related party<br>Excise, Petroleum Development Levy (PDL), Custom Duty and                    | 17.5               | 66,426,515                                          | 70,522,852                                    |
|     | Regulatory Duty - due from a related party<br>- Sales tax refundable - due to related party                                                                             | 17.6               | 259,793<br>55,711,435                               | 259,793<br>28,717,273                         |
|     | Provision for impairment                                                                                                                                                | 17.7               | 124,633,715<br>(2,202,919)<br>122,430,796           | 108,797,338<br>(2,202,919)<br>106,594,419     |
|     | Handling and hospitality charges<br>Receivable from refineries<br>Custom Duty receivable                                                                                | 17.8               | 689,122<br>4,505,305<br>-                           | 689,152<br>25,098<br>-                        |
|     | Insurance and other claims<br>Provision for impairment - considered doubtful                                                                                            | 17.7               | 90,201<br>(90,201)<br>-                             | 90,201<br>(90,201)<br>-                       |
|     | Others<br>- Considered good<br>- Considered doubtful                                                                                                                    |                    | 11,949,739<br>6,911,357                             | 4,780,835<br>6,969,838                        |
|     | Provision for impairment                                                                                                                                                | 17.7               | 18,861,096<br>(6,911,357)<br>11,949,739             | 11,750,673<br>(6,969,838)<br>4,780,835        |
|     |                                                                                                                                                                         | 17.9 & 17.10       | 139,574,962                                         | 112,089,504                                   |

For the year ended June 30, 2024

(Amounts in Rs. '000)

#### 17.1 Import price differential on motor gasoline

This represents PDC on account of import of motor gasoline by the Holding Company, being the difference between the imported landed costs and the local ex-refinery prices announced by Oil and Gas Regulatory Authority (OGRA). In 2007, the Holding Company as well as other Oil Marketing Companies (OMCs) were asked in the meeting chaired by Director General (Oil) - Ministry of Petroleum and Natural Resources (MoP&NR) to import motor gasoline to meet the increasing local demand. Accordingly, OMCs approached the MoP&NR, GoP with a proposal for pricing mechanism whereby end consumer price of motor gasoline was proposed to be fixed at weighted average of ex-refinery (import parity) price and landed cost of imported product. Although at that time, no response was received from the MoP&NR, the Holding Company along with another OMC continued to import motor gasoline on behalf of the industry being confident that price differential on motor gasoline will be settled as per previous practice i.e. based on the differential between ex-refinery and import cost as the imports were being made on MoP&NR's instruction.

The Holding Company continued to follow up with MoP&NR for early settlement of these claims and the ministry also confirmed vide its letter no. PL-NP(4)/2010-F&P dated July 28, 2010 that the above mentioned claims are under process. During financial year 2010-2011, MoP&NR - GoP vide its letter no. PL-3(434)/2011Vol XII dated May 31, 2011 implemented the Economic Coordination Committee (ECC's) decision, whereby end consumer price of motor gasoline will be fixed at weighted average of ex-refinery (import parity) price and landed cost of imported product, thereby putting an end to any further PDC.

Out of total claim of Rs. 6,350,961, the Holding Company received an amount of Rs. 5,000,000 during the year ended June 30, 2012. The Holding Company has been continuously following up the matter with MoE for early settlement of these outstanding receivables. Latest correspondence was made via letter no PDC/FM/04 dated July 27, 2023. There has been no significant change in the status of these claims. The Holding Company is actively pursuing these receivables / matters with the GoP through concerned / relevant ministries.

#### 17.2 PDC relating to certain HSD products

This represents the balance of PDC due from GoP to Holding Company. This PDC originated in 2004 when there were significant increases in international oil prices. The Government of Pakistan, however, provided relief to end consumers by not passing on the entire increase in local prices of petroleum products. This was done by introduction of a price subsidy. As a result of this subsidy to consumers, PSO could not recover its actual cost from the end consumer and the deficit in recovery was to be reimbursed by GoP through payment of subsidy. PSO was asked to claim this subsidy by submitting price differential claims. As a set procedure, PSO used to submit fortnightly claims to the GoP, for the amount of PDC receivable on the sales of petroleum products made by it during the fortnight. Payments were then released against these claims.

The last settlement against this claim was made by GoP in April 2012 when the Holding Company was directed to adjust an amount of Rs. 514,600 against dividends payable to GoP. The Holding Company made the adjustments accordingly.

The Holding Company has been continuously following up the matter with MoE for early settlement of these outstanding receivables. Latest correspondence was made via letter no PDC/FM/04 dated July 27, 2023. There has been no significant change in the status of these claims. The Holding Company is actively pursuing these receivables / matters with the GoP through concerned / relevant ministries.

For the year ended June 30, 2024

(Amounts in Rs. '000)

#### 17.3 PDC on account of supply of furnace oil to KEL at Natural Gas prices

The Holding Company received a directive from MoP&NR through letter no. NG(1)-7(58)09-LS(Vol-1) dated November 26, 2009 in which the Holding Company was directed to supply furnace oil to KEL at the prices equivalent to natural gas prices plus applicable duties and taxes under the Natural Gas Load Management Program (GLMP) for Winter 2009-2010. As per this arrangement, the differential cost between the natural gas and furnace oil was to be borne by GoP and reimbursed directly to the Holding Company by MoF. The Holding Company was again directed by GoP in May 2010 to supply furnace oil to KEL at natural gas prices. Accordingly, furnace oil was provided to KEL at natural gas price which resulted in PDC of Rs. 5,708,581 out of which Rs. 1,800,000 was received from MoF in June 2010.

The Holding Company has been continuously following up the matter with MoE for early settlement of these outstanding receivables. During the current fiscal year, the Holding Company has received an amount of Rs. 3,654,091 from Government of Pakistan. The Holding Company is following up for the remaining outstanding receivable of Rs. 254,490 with GoP through concerned / relevant ministires and is fully confident of recoveries against the remaining receivables.

### 17.4 GENCO - Price differential between the products Low Sulphur Furnace Oil (LSFO) and High Sulphur Furnace Oil (HSFO)

During the current fiscal year, the Holding Company has received the outstanding balance of Rs. 3,407,357 from Government of Pakistan. This outstanding balance related to the supply of LSFO to Kot Addu Power at HSFO price.

**17.5** As at June 30, 2024, net unfavourable amount of foreign exchange difference of Rs. 66,426,515 (2023: Rs. 70,522,852) was receivable on foreign currency borrowings (FE-25), obtained under the directives of MoF - GoP. These exchange differences are to be settled in accordance with the instructions provided by the MoF - GoP. The Group recognises exchange differences arising on such borrowings as payable (in case of exchange gains) and receivable (in case of exchange losses) to / from GoP. As per letter dated November 27, 2013 from Finance Division, MoF - GoP shall defray extra cost and risks to be borne by the Group in respect of these long / extended term borrowing arrangements i.e. the Group would not bear any exchange differences on such borrowings.

#### 17.6 Excise, Petroleum Development Levy (PDL), Custom Duty and Regulatory Duty

The Ministry of Finance - GoP (MoF-GoP) through SRO 392(I)/2015 dated April 30, 2015 imposed regulatory duty on import of high speed diesel and motor gasoline. Since the notification of regulatory duty was received on May 04, 2015, the impact of the regulatory duty could not be incorporated in the prices effective from May 01, 2015, which were announced on April 30, 2015 and hence could not be recovered. However, through SRO 603(I)/2015 dated June 30, 2015, the regulatory duty was rescinded and the aforementioned regulatory duty was introduced as custom duty through Finance Act 2015. During the year ended June 30, 2016, the GoP through SRO 1178(1)/2015 dated November 30, 2015 and Finance Act, 2016 increased custom duty by 1%, resulting in a similar situation, whereby, the Holding Company was unable to recover the impact in subsequent pricing being announced by Oil and Gas Regulatory Authority (OGRA).

The Economic Coordination Committee (ECC) of the Cabinet in its meeting dated March 07, 2018 considered the summary submitted by Petroleum Division on the subject of regulatory duty on crude oil and petroleum products and approved reimbursement of claims of OMCs on account of non-recovery of regulatory duty. The amount approved for the Holding Company was Rs. 356,970 and the ECC directed OGRA to allow recovery of the said claims. Consequently, OGRA allowed the reimbursement amounting to Rs. 356,911 to the Holding Company which completed in September 2018. The Holding Company is also pursuing OGRA for reimbursement of the remaining claim on account of increase in custom duty in November 2015 and July 2016. During the year, the Holding Company resubmitted its claim to OGRA vide letter no. OGRA/RD/20122019 dated December 20, 2019. The same was forwarded to FBR by OGRA for verification vide its letter no. OGRA-10-12(56)/2018 dated January 08, 2020. The Holding Company is confident of recovering the said claim in due course of time subject to verification by FBR.

For the year ended June 30, 2024

(Amounts in Rs. '000)

**17.7** As at June 30, 2024, receivables aggregating to Rs. 9,204,477 (2023: Rs. 9,262,958) were deemed to be impaired and outstanding for more than 90 days, and hence, provision for impairment has been recognised as follows:

|        |                                                                                                                       | 2024                                          | 2023                                          |
|--------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|
| 17.7.1 | Receivable from GoP<br>Product claims<br>Other receivables<br>The movement of provision for impairment is as follows: | 2,202,919<br>90,201<br>6,911,357<br>9,204,477 | 2,202,919<br>90,201<br>6,969,838<br>9,262,958 |
|        | Balance at beginning of the year                                                                                      | 9,262,958                                     | 9,028,322                                     |
|        | Provision recognised during the year<br>Reversal of provision during the year                                         | -<br>(58,481)<br>(58,481)                     | 300,000<br>(65,364)<br>234,636                |
|        | Balance at end of the year                                                                                            | 9.204.477                                     | 9.262.958                                     |

**17.8** This includes amount due from Pak-Arab Refinery Limited (PARCO) - (related party) in respect of sharing of crude oil, freight and other charges and National Refinery Limited in respect of pipeline charges by the Subsidiary Company. Due to the short-term nature of other receivables, their carrying amount is considered to be the same as their fair value.

- **17.9** Includes receivables of Rs. 149,846,373 (2023: Rs.107,227,518) due from associates and other related parties.
- **17.10** Financial assets aggregating to Rs. 6,631,631 (2023: Rs. 9,076,040) were past due but not impaired. The ageing analysis of these past due receivables is as follows:

|                    | 2024      | 2023      |
|--------------------|-----------|-----------|
|                    |           |           |
| Up to 3 months     | 325,571   | 359,217   |
| 3 to 6 months      | 4,506,011 | 1,361     |
| More than 6 months | 1,800,049 | 8,715,462 |
|                    | 6,631,631 | 9,076,040 |

**17.11** Includes Rs. 4,783,846 (2023: Rs. 7,365,288) receivable from associates and related parties which are past due but not impaired:

|                                                                            | Maximum Up to 6 Mor                       |           | More than 6 | Total                    |                          |  |  |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|-----------|-------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--|--|
|                                                                            | aggregate                                 | months    | months      | 2024                     | 2023                     |  |  |
| Related parties                                                            | outstanding<br>at the end of<br>any month |           |             |                          |                          |  |  |
| Government of Pakistan                                                     | 2,495,765                                 | -         | 2,495,765   | 2,495,765                | 9,557,212                |  |  |
| Pak-Arab Refinery Limited                                                  | 4,491,000                                 | 4,491,000 |             | 4,491,000                | 10,995                   |  |  |
|                                                                            | 6,986,765                                 | 4,491,000 | 2,495,765   | 6,986,765                | 9,568,207                |  |  |
| Provision for impairment (note 17.1<br>Net receivable from related parties |                                           |           |             | (2,202,919)<br>4,783,846 | (2,202,919)<br>7,365,288 |  |  |

For the year ended June 30, 2024

|         |                                                                                                            |              |                                            | (Amounts in Rs. '000)                              |
|---------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|--------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|
|         |                                                                                                            |              | 2024                                       | 2023                                               |
| 17.11.1 | The movement of provision for impairment against due from GoP, related party is as follows:                |              |                                            |                                                    |
|         | Balance at beginning of the year<br>Provision recognised during the year<br>Balance at the end of the year |              | 2,202,919<br>-<br>2,202,919                | 1,902,919<br>300,000<br>2,202,919                  |
| 18.     | CASH AND BANK BALANCES                                                                                     | Note         | 2024                                       | 2023                                               |
|         | Cash in hand<br>Cash at banks in:                                                                          |              | 13,510                                     | 14,234                                             |
|         | - current accounts<br>- saving accounts<br>- term deposit                                                  | 18.1<br>18.2 | 6,521,061<br>13,855,330<br>-<br>20,376,391 | 2,712,153<br>28,446,578<br>9,452,000<br>40,610,731 |
|         |                                                                                                            | 18.3         | 20,389,901                                 | 40,624,965                                         |

**18.1** Includes Rs. 949,905 (2023: Rs. 536,050) kept in a separate bank account in respect of security deposits received from the customers. These balances do not carry any interest.

**18.2** These balances carry interest / mark-up ranging from 11% to 20.50% (2023: 10% to 19.50%) per annum.

**18.3** These include balances of Rs. 807,480 (2023: Rs. 49,788) kept in bank accounts under Islamic mode.

|      |                              | Note | 2024      | 2023 |
|------|------------------------------|------|-----------|------|
| 18.4 | INVESTMENTS                  |      |           |      |
|      | Investment in treasury bills | 18.5 | 4,200,895 |      |

**18.5** This represents short term investment in treasury bills measured at fair value through profit or loss. Fair values of these investments are determined using repurchase price and carry interest yields ranging from 20.85% to 21.64%. These treasury bills will be matured latest by April 17, 2025.

The investment in Government treasury bills are valued on observable inputs, including quoted prices for similar instruments or other market data (Level 2 in fair value hierarchy).

| 19. | NET ASSETS IN BANGLADESH                         | 2024     | 2023     |
|-----|--------------------------------------------------|----------|----------|
|     |                                                  |          |          |
|     | Property, plant and equipment - at cost          | 46,968   | 46,968   |
|     | Accumulated depreciation                         | (16,056) | (16,056) |
|     |                                                  | 30,912   | 30,912   |
|     | Capital work-in-progress                         | 809      | 809      |
|     | Trade debts                                      | 869      | 869      |
|     | Long-term loans relating to assets in Bangladesh | (4,001)  | (4,001)  |
|     |                                                  | 28,589   | 28,589   |
|     | Provision for impairment                         | (28,589) | (28,589) |
|     |                                                  | -        | -        |

**19.1** The Group has no control over these assets and has maintained these in its records at the position as it was in 1971.

For the year ended June 30, 2024

**SHARE CAPITAL** 

20.

(Amounts in Rs. '000)

#### 20.1 **Authorised capital** 2024 2023 2024 2024 (Number of shares) 1,000,000,000 1,000,000,000 Ordinary shares of Rs. 10/- each 10,000,000 10,000,000 20.2

### Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital

| 2024        | 2023        | Note                                                    | 2024      | 2024      |
|-------------|-------------|---------------------------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| (Number     | of shares)  |                                                         |           |           |
| 3,000,000   | 3,000,000   | Ordinary shares of Rs. 10/- each<br>- Issued for cash   | 30,000    | 30,000    |
| 7,694,469   | 7,694,469   | - Issued against shares of the<br>amalgamated companies | 76,945    | 76,945    |
| 458,778,831 | 458,778,831 | - Issued as bonus shares                                | 4,587,789 | 4,587,789 |
| 469,473,300 | 469,473,300 | 20.3                                                    | 4,694,734 | 4,694,734 |

20.3 These fully paid ordinary shares carry one vote per share and right to dividend.

- 20.4 As at June 30, 2024, 1,215,648 ordinary shares of Rs. 10/- each (2023: 1,215,648 ordinary shares) relate to withholding tax on bonus shares. These were not released by the Holding Company to the Government Treasury based on constitutional petitions filed by the shareholders with the Honourable High Court of Sindh.
- 20.5 As at June 30, 2024, associated undertakings - Government of Pakistan and PSOCL Employees Empowerment Trust held 119,767,702 ordinary shares (2023: 119,767,702 ordinary shares) of Rs. 10/- each.

|     |                                                                                                                                                          | Note         | 2024                                              | 2023                                                |
|-----|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|---------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|
| 21. | RESERVES                                                                                                                                                 |              |                                                   |                                                     |
|     | <b>Capital reserve</b><br>Surplus on vesting of net assets<br>Special reserve                                                                            | 21.1<br>21.3 | 3,373                                             | 3,373<br>9,556,610                                  |
|     | <b>Revenue reserves</b><br>Unrealised gain on remeasurement of FVOCI investment<br>General reserve<br>PSO venture capital fund<br>Un-appropriated profit |              | 2,253,541<br>25,282,373<br>414,718<br>209,669,351 | 1,909,133<br>25,282,373<br>1,722,212<br>181,839,878 |
|     |                                                                                                                                                          |              | 237,619,983<br>237,623,356                        | 210,753,596<br>220,313,579                          |

21.1 This represents surplus arising on vesting of net assets of Esso Oil Marketing business in Pakistan under the Esso Undertakings (Vesting) Act, 1976.

For the year ended June 30, 2024

(Amounts in Rs. '000)

**21.2** The BoM unanimously approved the creation of PSO venture capital fund to make investments as per the directives of the BoM. Based on the above, the Group has transferred Rs. 414,167 (2023: Rs. 243,661) to venture capital reserve.

#### 21.3 Special reserve

Under directives from the MoE, any profit of PRL after taxation above 50% of the paid-up capital as on July 01, 2002 was required to be transferred to a "Special Reserve" to offset any future losses or to make investment for expansion or upgradation of the refineries, and was not available for distribution to shareholders. The formula under which deemed duty was built into the import parity based prices of some of the products, was introduced in order to enable certain refineries, including PRL, to operate on a self financing basis. Later, GoP through a letter dated April 25, 2016 restrained the refineries from offsetting losses against Special Reserve. Based on the above, the Subsidiary Company had transferred Rs. 9,556,610 in Special Reserve up to June 30, 2023.

As more fully explained in note 27.12 of these consolidated financial statements, the GoP issued Refining Policy for Existing / Brownfield Refineries, 2023 on August 17, 2023 (later revised on February 23, 2024) which supersedes all previous refining policies including the aforementioned directives. Since, the requirement to maintain Special Reserve has not been replicated in the Refinery Policy 2023, the Group after obtaining legal advice has transferred the balance of Rs. 9,556,610 in Special Reserve to Un-appropriated Profit / Accumulated Loss.

|                                                                                                                      | Note         | 2024                                                      | 2023                                                                |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 22. <b>RETIREMENT AND OTHER SERVICE E</b>                                                                            | BENEFITS     |                                                           |                                                                     |
| Subsidiary Company (PRL)<br>Non-management Gratuity Scheme                                                           |              | (18,272)                                                  | (19,105)                                                            |
| Retirement and other benefits - As                                                                                   | set          | (18,272)                                                  | (19,105)                                                            |
| Gratuity<br>Pension<br>Medical benefits<br>Compensated absences                                                      |              | 1,275,721<br>253,657<br>7,742,177<br>439,753<br>9,711,308 | 2,356,829<br>1,548,134<br>6,889,529<br><u>391,148</u><br>11,185,640 |
| Subsidiary Company (PRL)<br>Management Pension Scheme<br>Non-management Pension Scheme<br>Management Gratuity Scheme | 2            | 237,509<br>95,623<br>51,137<br>384,269                    | 467,303<br>123,535<br><u>45,680</u><br>636,518                      |
| Retirement and other benefits - Lia                                                                                  | ability      | 10,095,577                                                | 11,822,158                                                          |
| Retirement and other benefits - Ne                                                                                   | et Liability | 10,077,305                                                | 11,803,053                                                          |

**22.1** The details of employee retirement and other service benefit obligations based on actuarial valuations carried out by an independent actuary as at June 30, 2024 under the Projected Unit Credit Method for the Holding Company are as follows:

|        |                                                                           |                           | Gratuity funds           |                          | Pensior                    | n funds                    | Medical benefits |                |
|--------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|------------------|----------------|
|        |                                                                           | Note                      | 2024                     | 2023                     | 2024                       | 2023                       | 2024             | 2023           |
| 22.1.1 | Financial position reconciliation                                         |                           |                          |                          |                            |                            |                  |                |
|        | Present value of defined benefit obligations<br>Fair value of plan assets | 22.1.2<br>22.1.3 & 22.1.9 | 9,610,754<br>(8,335,033) | 9,186,851<br>(6,830,022) | 14,286,795<br>(14,033,138) | 11,935,063<br>(10,386,929) | 7,742,177<br>-   | 6,889,529<br>- |
|        | Net liability at end of the year                                          | 22.1.8                    | 1,275,721                | 2,356,829                | 253,657                    | 1,548,134                  | 7,742,177        | 6,889,529      |

For the year ended June 30, 2024

|        |                                                                                                 |        |                        |                    |                       |                       | (Amounts               | s in Rs. '000)         |
|--------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
|        |                                                                                                 |        | Gratuity               | funds              | Pension               | funds                 | Medical                | benefits               |
|        |                                                                                                 | Note   | 2024                   | 2023               | 2024                  | 2023                  | 2024                   | 2023                   |
| 22.1.2 | Movement in present value of defined benefit obligations                                        |        |                        |                    |                       |                       |                        |                        |
|        | Present value of defined benefit obligations at                                                 |        |                        |                    |                       |                       |                        |                        |
|        | beginning of the year<br>Current service cost                                                   | 22.1.4 | 9,186,851<br>393,018   | 8,411,64<br>356,83 |                       | 10,152,754<br>316,519 | 6,889,529<br>156,989   | 7,005,415              |
|        | Past service cost                                                                               | 22.1.4 | -                      | -                  |                       | 327,415               | 75,401                 | 16,958                 |
|        | Interest cost                                                                                   |        | 1,373,173              | 1,098,69           |                       | 1,346,860             | 1,069,279              | 932,353                |
|        | Benefits paid during the year<br>Remeasurement: Actuarial (gain) / loss                         |        | (936,583)<br>(405,705) | (546,22<br>(134,10 |                       | (352,034)<br>143,549  | (200,916)<br>(248,105) | (198,199)<br>(866,998) |
|        | Present value of defined benefit obligations at end of the year                                 |        | 9,610,754              | 9,186,85           |                       | 11,935,063            | 7,742,177              | 6,889,529              |
| 22.1.3 | Movement in fair value of plan assets                                                           |        |                        |                    |                       |                       |                        |                        |
|        | Fair value of plan assets at beginning of the year                                              |        | 6,830,022              | 6,522,02           | 9 10,386,929          | 9,472,860             |                        | -                      |
|        | Expected return on plan assets                                                                  |        | 1,059,240              | 858,43             |                       | 1,269,498             |                        | -                      |
|        | Contributions made by the Group<br>Benefits paid during the year                                |        | 727,213<br>(936,583)   | 219,75<br>(546,22  |                       | 213,701<br>(352,034)  |                        | -                      |
|        | Remeasurement: Actuarial (loss) / gain                                                          |        | 655,141                | (223,97            | 0) <b>1,809,818</b>   | (217,096)             |                        | -                      |
|        | Fair value of plan assets at end of the year                                                    |        | 8,335,033              | 6,830,02           | 2 14,033,138          | 10,386,929            | -                      | -                      |
| 22.1.4 | Expense recognised in profit or loss                                                            |        |                        |                    |                       |                       |                        |                        |
|        | Current service cost                                                                            |        | 393,018                | 356,83             | 4 <b>21,829</b>       | 316,519               | 156,989                | -                      |
|        | Past service cost<br>Net interest expense                                                       |        | -<br>313,933           | -<br>240,26        | -<br>5 <b>196,505</b> | 327,415<br>77,362     | 75,401<br>1,069,279    | 16,958<br>932,353      |
|        | Expense for the year                                                                            |        | 706,951                | 597,09             |                       | 721,296               | 1,301,669              | 949,311                |
| 22.1.5 | Actual return on plan assets                                                                    |        | 1,714,381              | 419,94             | 6 <b>3,460,393</b>    | 725,450               | -                      | _                      |
| 22.1.6 | Remeasurement (gain) / loss recognised in other<br>comprehensive (income) / loss                |        |                        |                    |                       |                       |                        |                        |
|        | Actuarial (gain) / loss on defined benefit obligations                                          | 22.1.7 | (405,705)              | (134,10            | 2) 497,972            | 143,549               | (248,105)              | (866,998)              |
|        | Actuarial (gain) / loss on fair value of plan assets<br>Remeasurement (gain) / loss             |        | (655,141) (1,060,846)  | 223,97<br>89,86    |                       | 217,096<br>360,645    | - (248,105)            | - (866,998)            |
|        | Kenneasurennenn (gan)/ 1055                                                                     |        | (1,000,040)            | 09,00              | ( <b>1,311,846</b> )  | 500,045               | (246,105)              | (000,990)              |
| 22.1.7 | The actuarial loss / (gain) occurred on defined<br>benefit obligations on account of following: |        |                        |                    |                       |                       |                        |                        |
|        | - Financial assumptions                                                                         |        | 117,425                | (646,22            | 2) 1,602,927          | (343,640)             | (21,352)               | 27,560                 |
|        | - Experience adjustments                                                                        |        | (523,130)              | 512,12             | (1,104,955)           | 487,189               | (226,753)              | (894,558)              |
|        |                                                                                                 |        | (405,705)              | (134,10            | 2) <b>497,972</b>     | 143,549               | (248,105)              | (866,998)              |
| 22.1.8 | Net recognised liability / (asset)                                                              |        |                        |                    |                       |                       |                        |                        |
|        | Net liability / (asset) at beginning of the year                                                |        | 2,356,829              | 1,889,61           |                       | 679,894               | 6,889,529              | 7,005,415              |
|        | Expense recognised in profit or loss<br>Contributions made by the Group / Benefits Paid         |        | 706,951<br>(727,213)   | 597,09<br>(219,75  |                       | 721,296<br>(213,701)  | 1,301,669<br>(200,916) | 949,311<br>(198,199)   |
|        | Remeasurement (gain) / loss recognised                                                          |        |                        | . ,                | , , , ,               |                       |                        |                        |
|        | in other comprehensive (income) / loss<br>Net liability / (asset) at end of the year            |        | (1,060,846) 1,275,721  | 89,86<br>2,356,82  |                       | 360,645<br>1,548,134  | (248,105)<br>7,742,177 | (866,998)<br>6,889,529 |
|        |                                                                                                 |        |                        | ratuity            |                       |                       | ension fun             |                        |
|        |                                                                                                 |        | 2024                   |                    | 2023                  | 2024                  | insion run             | 2023                   |
| 22.1.9 | Plan assets comprise of following:                                                              |        |                        |                    | 1010                  |                       |                        | 1010                   |
|        | Pakistan Investment Bonds                                                                       |        | 6,271,                 | ,498               | 2,612,761             | 11,934                | ,509                   | 2,209,264              |
|        | Mutual Funds                                                                                    |        |                        | -                  | -                     |                       | -                      | -                      |
|        | Treasury Bills                                                                                  |        | 1,737                  | ,454               | 3,660,592             |                       | ,383                   | 7,260,220              |
|        | Quoted Shares                                                                                   |        |                        | -                  | -                     | 822                   | ,606                   | 480,336                |
|        | Term Finance Certificates                                                                       |        |                        | -                  | 202,080               |                       | -                      | 222,288                |
|        | Accrued Income                                                                                  |        |                        | -                  | -                     |                       | -                      | -                      |
|        | Sukuk                                                                                           |        | 70                     | -                  | -                     | 70                    | -                      | -                      |
|        | Cash and cash equivalents<br>Other receivables / (payables) - net                               |        |                        | ,659<br>,422       | 283,702<br>70,887     |                       | ,363<br>,277           | 137,368<br>77,453      |
|        | Fair value of plan assets at end of the year                                                    |        | 8,335                  |                    | 6,830,022             | 14,033                |                        | 0,386,929              |
|        | i an value of plan assets at end of the year                                                    |        | 0,555                  |                    | 0,030,022             | 14,033                | ,                      | 0,000,020              |

**22.1.9.1** Plan assets include the Group's ordinary shares with a fair value of Rs. 128,714 (2023: Rs. 86,014).

For the year ended June 30, 2024

(Amounts in Rs. '000)

**22.1.10** The principal assumptions used in the actuarial valuations carried out as of June 30, 2024, using the 'Projected Unit Credit method for the Holding Company are as follows:

|                                                                                                 | Gratuit                                       | y Funds                                       | Pension                                       | Funds                                         | Medical                                       | Benefits                                      | Compensated Absences                          |                                               |  |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|--|
|                                                                                                 | 2024                                          | 2023                                          | 2024                                          | 2023                                          | 2024                                          | 2023                                          | 2024                                          | 2023                                          |  |
| Discount rate per annum (%)<br>Expected per annum rate of                                       | 14.00                                         | 15.75                                         | 14.00                                         | 15.75                                         | 14.00                                         | 15.75                                         | 14.00                                         | 15.75                                         |  |
| return on plan assets (%)<br>Expected per annum rate of                                         | 14.00                                         | 15.75                                         | 14.00                                         | 15.75                                         |                                               |                                               |                                               |                                               |  |
| increase in future salaries (%)<br>Expected per annum rate of<br>increase in medical costs (%): | 13.50                                         | 15.75                                         | 15.00                                         | 15.75                                         |                                               |                                               | 15.00                                         | 15.75                                         |  |
| - active employees                                                                              | -                                             | -                                             | -                                             | -                                             | 14.00                                         | 15.75                                         | -                                             | -                                             |  |
| - pensioners                                                                                    |                                               | -                                             |                                               | -                                             | 14.00                                         | 15.75                                         | -                                             | -                                             |  |
| Indexation of pension (%)                                                                       | -                                             | -                                             | 10.50                                         | 11.50                                         | -                                             | -                                             | -                                             | -                                             |  |
| Expected mortality rate                                                                         | SLIC (2001-05)<br>Ultimate Mortality<br>table |  |
| Expected withdrawal rate                                                                        | Low                                           | Low                                           | Low                                           | Age<br>dependent                              | Low                                           | Age<br>dependent                              | Low                                           | Age<br>dependent                              |  |

**22.1.11** The plan exposes the Group to the actuarial risk such as:

#### Salary increase risks

The most common type of retirement benefit is one where the benefit is linked with final salary. The risk arises when the actual increases are higher than expectation and impacts the liability accordingly.

#### Withdrawal risks

The risk of actual withdrawals varying with the actuarial assumptions can impose a risk to the benefit obligation. The movement of the liability can go either way.

#### Investment risks

The risk arises when the actual performance of the investments is lower than expectation and thus creating a shortfall in the funding objectives.

#### Longevity risks

The risk arises when the actual lifetime of retirees is longer than expectation. The risk is measured at the plan level over the entire retiree population.

In case of the funded plans, the investment positions are managed by Asset-Liability Matching (ALM) framework to ensure that long-term investments are in line with the obligation under the retirement benefit plan. Duration and the expected yield of the investments are matched with the expected cash outflows arising from the retirement benefit plan obligations. The process used to manage risks has not been changed from previous periods. Investments are well diversified and a large portion of plan assets in 2023 consists of Regular Income Certificates, Pakistan Investment Bonds, Mutual funds, Treasury bills and Quoted shares.

**22.1.12** The expected return on plan assets was determined by considering the expected returns available on the assets underlying the current investment policy. Expected yields on fixed interest investments are based on gross redemption yields as at the reporting date. Expected return on equity investments reflect long-term real rates of return experienced in the market.

For the year ended June 30, 2024

(Amounts in Rs. '000)

**22.1.13** Expected contributions to gratuity funds, pension funds and medical benefits for the year ending June 30, 2025 are Rs. 547,939, Rs. 396,804 and Rs. 1,202,488 respectively.

|         |                                                     | 2024         | 2023         | 2022        | 2021        | 2020        |
|---------|-----------------------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| 22.1.14 | Historical information of staff retirement benefits |              |              |             |             |             |
|         | Pension Plans Funded                                |              |              |             |             |             |
|         | Present value of defined benefit obligation         | 14,286,795   | 11,935,063   | 10,152,754  | 8,799,781   | 8,171,626   |
|         | Fair value of plan assets                           | (14,033,138) | (10,386,929) | (9,472,860) | (9,918,245) | (8,968,876) |
|         | Net liability / (asset) at end of the year          | 253,657      | 1,548,134    | 679,894     | (1,118,464) | (797,250)   |
|         |                                                     |              |              |             |             |             |
|         | Gratuity Plans Funded                               |              |              |             |             |             |
|         | Present value of defined benefit obligation         | 9,610,754    | 9,186,851    | 8,411,645   | 7,399,005   | 7,339,743   |
|         | Fair value of plan assets                           | (8,335,033)  | (6,830,022)  | (6,522,029) | (7,738,302) | (7,323,039) |
|         | Net liability / (asset) at end of the year          | 1,275,721    | 2,356,829    | 1,889,616   | (339,297)   | 16,704      |

#### 22.1.15 Defined contribution plans

An amount of Rs. 453,900 (2023: Rs. 430,633) has been charged during the year in respect of defined contribution plan maintained by the Group.

#### 22.1.16 Sensitivity analysis for actuarial assumptions

The sensitivity of the defined benefit obligation to changes in the weighted principal assumptions is:

|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | Gratuity                                                                   | Pension                                                                                | Medical                                                             |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | funds                                                                      | funds                                                                                  | benefits                                                            |
| Discount rate (1% increase)<br>Discount rate (1% decrease)<br>Future salary rate (1% increase)<br>Future salary rate (1% decrease)<br>Future pension rate (1% increase)<br>Future pension rate (1% decrease)<br>Medical cost trend rate (1% decrease)<br>Medical cost trend rate (1% decrease) | (8,981,600)<br>10,320,360<br>10,267,830<br>(9,016,960)<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>- | (13,003,750)<br>15,824,376<br>14,742,192<br>(13,869,281)<br>15,066,741<br>(13,203,371) | (6,811,460)<br>8,882,627<br>-<br>-<br>-<br>8,717,565<br>(6,916,505) |

If longevity increases by 1 year, obligation increases by Rs. 14,250 (2023: 15,880)

The sensitivity analysis is based on a change in an assumption while holding all other assumptions constant. In practice, this is unlikely to occur, and changes in some of the assumptions may be correlated. When calculating the sensitivity of the defined benefit obligation to significant actuarial assumptions, the same method (present value of defined benefit obligation calculated with the projected unit credit method at the end of the reporting period) is applied as when calculating the liability for gratuity, pension and medical benefits recognised within the statement of financial position. There has been no change in assumptions and methods used in preparing the sensitivity analysis from prior year.

**22.1.17** The expected return on plan assets is based on the market expectations and depends upon the asset portfolio of the funds, at the beginning of the year.

For the year ended June 30, 2024

(Amounts in Rs. '000)

22.1.18 The expected maturity analysis of undiscounted retirement benefit liability is as follows:

|                 | Gratuity   | Pension    | Medical   |
|-----------------|------------|------------|-----------|
|                 | funds      | funds      | benefits  |
| than a year     | 1,147,506  | 1,146,484  | 325,782   |
| veen 1-2 years  | 776,794    | 691,467    | 257,378   |
| veen 2-3 years  | 833,831    | 897,751    | 233,541   |
| veen 3-4 years  | 1,100,901  | 871,228    | 264,153   |
| veen 4-5 years  | 1,244,934  | 1,347,740  | 222,118   |
| veen 6-10 years | 6,410,012  | 6,523,041  | 1,788,205 |
| t 10 years      | 26,539,944 | 14,908,341 | 349,359   |

- **22.2** The details of employee retirement and other service benefit obligations based on actuarial valuations carried out by an independent actuary as at June 30, 2024 under the Projected Unit Credit Method for Pakistan Refinery Limited (PRL) are as follows:
- **22.2.1.1** PRL operates recognised funded gratuity and pension schemes (the Schemes) for its eligible management and nonmanagement employees. Actuarial valuation of these Schemes is carried out every year and the latest actuarial valuation was carried out as at June 30, 2024, using the Projected Unit Credit Method, details of which as per the actuarial valuation are stated in note 22.2.1.10.
- **22.2.1.2** Assets of these schemes are held in separate trusts (the Funds), which are governed by local regulations which mainly include Trust Act, 1882; the Companies Act, 2017; Income Tax Rules, 2002 and the Rules under the trust deeds. Responsibility for governance of the Funds, including investment decisions and contribution schedules, lies with the Board of Trustees. PRL appoints the trustees and all trustees are employees of the Group.

| 22.2.1.3 | Statement of financial position                                | Pension Schemes |             |                | Gratuity Schemes |            |           |           |           |
|----------|----------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|-------------|----------------|------------------|------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
|          |                                                                | Manag           | gement      | Non-Management |                  | Management |           | Non-Mana  | agement   |
|          |                                                                | 2024            | 2023        | 2024           | 2023             | 2024       | 2023      | 2024      | 2023      |
|          | Present value of defined benefit obligation                    |                 |             |                |                  |            |           |           |           |
|          | at June 30 - note 22.2.1.4                                     | 2,090,365       | 1,846,774   | 356,325        | 308,814          | 346,042    | 282,607   | 112,533   | 99,312    |
|          | Fair value of plan assets at June 30 - note 22.2.1.5           | (1,852,856)     | (1,379,471) | (260,702)      | (185,279)        | (294,905)  | (236,927) | (130,805) | (118,417) |
|          | Deficit / (surplus)                                            | 237,509         | 467,303     | 95,623         | 123,535          | 51,137     | 45,680    | (18,272)  | (19,105)  |
|          |                                                                |                 |             |                |                  |            |           |           |           |
| 22.2.1.4 | Movement in the present value of<br>defined benefit obligation |                 |             |                |                  |            |           |           |           |
|          | Opening balance                                                | 1,846,774       | 1,764,747   | 308,814        | 257,305          | 282,607    | 249,485   | 99,312    | 82,568    |
|          | Benefits paid by the plan                                      | (111,073)       | (101,539)   | (11,086)       | (15,926)         | (26,683)   | (16,129)  | (3,786)   | (7,051)   |
|          | Benefits payable to outgoing members                           | -               | -           | -              | -                | -          | -         | -         | -         |
|          | Current service cost                                           | 64,342          | 63,600      | 10,599         | 8,965            | 24,765     | 19,995    | 3,644     | 3,280     |
|          | Past service cost                                              | (123,231)       | -           | -              | -                | 22,811     | -         | -         | -         |
|          | Interest cost                                                  | 296,029         | 236,932     | 50,145         | 34,349           | 46,077     | 34,019    | 16,082    | 10,877    |
|          | Remeasurement on obligation                                    | 117,524         | (116,966)   | (2,147)        | 24,121           | (3,535)    | (4,763)   | (2,719)   | 9,638     |
|          | Closing balance                                                | 2,090,365       | 1,846,774   | 356,325        | 308,814          | 346,042    | 282,607   | 112,533   | 99,312    |
|          | -                                                              | 2,000,000       | 1,040,774   | 000,020        | 500,014          | 546,642    | 202,007   | 112,000   | 55,512    |
| 22.2.1.5 | Movement in the fair value of plan assets                      |                 |             |                |                  |            |           |           |           |
|          | Opening balance                                                | 1,379,471       | 1,298,844   | 185,279        | 173,952          | 236,927    | 211,992   | 118,417   | 115,152   |
|          | Contributions paid into the plan                               | 143,065         | 128,824     | 31,262         | 20,638           | 31,649     | 24,746    | -         | -         |
|          | Benefits paid by the plan                                      | (111,073)       | (101,539)   | (11,086)       | (15,926)         | (26,683)   | (16,129)  | (3,786)   | (7,051)   |
|          | Interest income                                                | 217,306         | 171,708     | 29,482         | 22,676           | 39,193     | 29,268    | 18,961    | 15,006    |
|          | Remeasurement of plan assets                                   | 224,087         | (118,366)   | 25,765         | (16,061)         | 13,819     | (12,950)  | (2,787)   | (4,690)   |
|          | Closing balance                                                | 1,852,856       | 1,379,471   | 260,702        | 185,279          | 294,905    | 236,927   | 130,805   | 118,417   |
|          | closing bulance                                                | 1,002,000       | וזדוכונו    | 200,702        | 105,215          | 254,505    | 230,321   | 100,000   | 110,717   |

For the year ended June 30, 2024

|           |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | Pension Schemes                                                |                                                                |                                                                |                                                                | (Amounts in Rs. '(<br>Gratuity Schemes        |                                               |                                              |                                              |
|-----------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|
|           |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | Manag                                                          | ement                                                          | Non-Man                                                        | agement                                                        | Mana                                          | gement                                        | Non-Mana                                     | gement                                       |
|           |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | 2024                                                           | 2023                                                           | 2024                                                           | 2023                                                           | 2024                                          | 2023                                          | 2024                                         | 2023                                         |
| 22.2.1.6  | Expense recognised in statement of<br>profit or loss and other<br>comprehensive income                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |                                                                |                                                                |                                                                |                                                                |                                               |                                               |                                              |                                              |
|           | Current service cost                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | 64,342                                                         | 63,600                                                         | 10,599                                                         | 8,965                                                          | 24,765                                        | 19,995                                        | 3,644                                        | 3,280                                        |
|           | Past service cost                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | (123,231)<br>78,723                                            | -<br>65.224                                                    | -<br>20,663                                                    | -<br>11,673                                                    | 22,811<br>6,884                               | -<br>4,751                                    | - (2.970)                                    | - (4.120)                                    |
|           | Net interest cost / (income)<br>Expense / (income) recognised in statement of                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | 10,125                                                         | 05,224                                                         | 20,005                                                         | 11,075                                                         | 0,004                                         | 4,751                                         | (2,879)                                      | (4,129)                                      |
|           | profit or loss and other comprehensive income                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | 19,834                                                         | 128,824                                                        | 31,262                                                         | 20,638                                                         | 54,460                                        | 24,746                                        | 765                                          | (849)                                        |
| 22.2.1.7  | Remeasurement recognised in other<br>comprehensive income                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |                                                                |                                                                |                                                                |                                                                |                                               |                                               |                                              |                                              |
|           | Remeasurement of present<br>value of defined benefit obligation                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | 117,524                                                        | (116,966)                                                      | (2,147)                                                        | 24,121                                                         | (3,535)                                       | (4,763)                                       | (2,719)                                      | 9,638                                        |
|           | Remeasurement of fair value<br>of plan assets                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | (224,087)                                                      | 118,366                                                        | (25,765)                                                       | 16,061                                                         | (13,819)                                      | 12,950                                        | 2,787                                        | 4,690                                        |
|           | Remeasurements                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | (106,563)                                                      | 1,400                                                          | (27,912)                                                       | 40,182                                                         | (17,354)                                      | 8,187                                         | 68                                           | 14,328                                       |
|           |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |                                                                |                                                                |                                                                |                                                                |                                               |                                               |                                              |                                              |
| 22.2.1.8  | Net recognised liability / (asset)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                                                                |                                                                |                                                                |                                                                |                                               |                                               |                                              |                                              |
|           | Net liability at the beginning of the year<br>Expense / (income) recognised in statement of                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | 467,303                                                        | 465,903                                                        | 123,535                                                        | 83,353                                                         | 45,680                                        | 37,493                                        | (19,105)                                     | (32,584)                                     |
|           | profit or loss and other comprehensive income<br>Contribution made to the fund                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | 19,834                                                         | 128,824                                                        | 31,262                                                         | 20,638                                                         | 54,460                                        | 24,746                                        | 765                                          | (849)                                        |
|           | during the year<br>Remeasurements recognised in                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | (143,065)                                                      | (128,824)                                                      | (31,262)                                                       | (20,638)                                                       | (31,649)                                      | (24,746)                                      | -                                            | -                                            |
|           | other comprehensive income<br>Recognised liability / (asset)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | (106,563)                                                      | 1,400                                                          | (27,912)                                                       | 40,182                                                         | (17,354)                                      | 8,187                                         | 68                                           | 14,328                                       |
|           | as at June 30                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | 237,509                                                        | 467,303                                                        | 95,623                                                         | 123,535                                                        | 51,137                                        | 45,680                                        | (18,272)                                     | (19,105)                                     |
| 22.2.1.9  | Major categories / composition of<br>plan assets are as follows:                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |                                                                |                                                                |                                                                |                                                                |                                               |                                               |                                              |                                              |
|           | Equity securities<br>Debt securities<br>Others                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | 25.18%<br>56.47%<br>18.34%                                     | 20.49%<br>73.21%<br>6.31%                                      | 20.99%<br>71.80%<br>7.21%                                      | 16.36%<br>65.77%<br>17.87%                                     | 26.93%<br>62.81%<br>10.25%                    | 19.71%<br>68.36%<br>11.93%                    | 0.00%<br>93.40%<br>6.60%                     | 0.00%<br>85.95%<br>14.05%                    |
| 22.2.1.10 | Actuarial assumptions                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |                                                                |                                                                |                                                                |                                                                |                                               |                                               |                                              |                                              |
|           | Discount rate at June 30<br>Future salary increases                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | 14.75%                                                         | 16.25%                                                         | 14.75%                                                         | 16.25%                                                         | 14.75%                                        | 16.25%                                        | 14.75%                                       | 16.25%                                       |
|           | <ul> <li>One time salary increase</li> <li>First year following the valuation</li> <li>Second year following the valuation</li> <li>Third year following the valuation</li> <li>Expected retirement age</li> <li>Pension increase rate</li> <li>First year following the valuation</li> <li>Long term pension increase rate</li> </ul> | N/A<br>12.00%<br>14.75%<br>0.00%<br>60 years<br>5.00%<br>7.50% | N/A<br>15.00%<br>16.25%<br>0.00%<br>60 years<br>5.00%<br>7.50% | N/A<br>7.00%<br>14.75%<br>14.75%<br>60 years<br>5.00%<br>7.50% | N/A<br>5.00%<br>13.25%<br>16.25%<br>60 years<br>5.00%<br>7.50% | N/A<br>12.00%<br>14.75%<br>14.75%<br>60 years | N/A<br>15.00%<br>16.25%<br>16.25%<br>60 years | N/A<br>7.00%<br>14.75%<br>14.75%<br>60 years | N/A<br>6.00%<br>16.25%<br>16.25%<br>60 years |

#### 22.2.1.11 Mortality was assumed to be SLIC (2001-05) table

PRL ensures that the investment positions are managed under 'Liability Driven Investment Approach' that has been developed to achieve long term investments that are in line with the obligations under the retirement benefit scheme. Within this framework, the objective is to match assets to the retirement benefit obligations by investing in long-term securities with maturities that match the benefit payments as they fall due. The retirement benefit funds have appointed a third party advisor who monitors how the duration and the expected yield of the investments are matching the expected cash outflows arising from the retirement benefit plan obligations. The Company has not

For the year ended June 30, 2024

(Amounts in Rs. '000)

changed the process used to manage its risk from previous periods. The Company does not use derivatives to manage its risk. Investments are diversified, such that the failure of any single investment would not have a material impact on the overall level of assets. A large portion of assets for the year ended June 30, 2024 consists of government securities.

The expected return on plan assets has been determined by considering the expected returns available on the assets underlying the current investment policy. Expected yields on fixed interest investments are based on gross redemption yields as at statement of financial position date.

The Subsidiary Company's contributions to gratuity and pension funds for the year ending June 30, 2025 is expected to be Rs. 37,730 and Rs. 127,790 respectively.

#### 22.2.1.12 Sensitivity analysis for actuarial assumptions

The sensitivity of the defined benefit obligation to changes in the weighted principal assumptions is:

|                                | Impact on defined benefit obligation |                        |                        |  |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|--|
|                                | Change in assumption                 | Increase in assumption | Decrease in assumption |  |
| Discount rate at June 30, 2024 | 0.50%                                | (136,125)              | 120,046                |  |
| Future salary increases        | 0.50%                                | 45,759                 | (69,599)               |  |
| Future pension increases       | 0.50%                                | (388,448)              | (524,104)              |  |

The above sensitivity analysis are based on a change in an assumption while holding all other assumptions constant. In practice, this is unlikely to occur, and changes in some of the assumptions may be correlated. When calculating the sensitivity of the defined benefit obligation to significant actuarial assumptions the same method (present value of the defined benefit obligation calculated with the projected unit credit method at the end of the reporting period) has been applied as when calculating the gratuity and pension benefit liability recognised within the statement of financial position.

The methods and types of assumptions used in preparing the sensitivity analysis did not change compared to the previous year.

|                                                                                                                                    | 2024                     | 2023                     | 2022                     | 2021                     | 2020                     |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| 22.2.1.13 Historical information                                                                                                   |                          |                          |                          |                          |                          |
| <b>Management Pension Fund</b><br>Present value of defined benefit obligation<br>Fair value of plan assets                         | 2,090,365<br>(1,852,856) | 1,846,774<br>(1,379,471) | 1,764,747<br>(1,298,844) | 1,575,208<br>(1,308,268) | 1,543,285<br>(1,196,805) |
| Deficit in the plan                                                                                                                | 237,509                  | 467,303                  | 465,903                  | 266,940                  | 346,480                  |
| <b>Experience adjustments</b><br>Loss / (gain) on obligation<br>Gain / (loss) on plan assets<br><b>Non-Management Pension Fund</b> | 117,524<br>224,087       | (116,966)<br>(118,366)   | 49,879<br>(148,477)      | (103,344)<br>(23,804)    | 268,373<br>169,359       |
| Present value of defined benefit obligation<br>Fair value of plan assets                                                           | 356,325<br>(260,702)     | 308,814<br>(185,279)     | 257,305<br>(173,952)     | 254,664<br>(157,096)     | 226,204<br>(135,402)     |
| Deficit in the plan                                                                                                                | 95,623                   | 123,535                  | 83,353                   | 97,568                   | 90,802                   |
| Experience adjustments                                                                                                             |                          |                          |                          |                          |                          |
| (Gain) / loss on obligation<br>Gain / (loss) on plan assets                                                                        | (2,147)<br>25,765        | 24,121<br>(16,061)       | (22,933)<br>(8,718)      | 2,453<br>1,573           | 5,198<br>6,214           |

For the year ended June 30, 2024

|                                                                          |                      |                      |                      | (Amount              | s in Rs. '000)       |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
|                                                                          | 2024                 | 2023                 | 2022                 | 2021                 | 2020                 |
| Management Gratuity Fund                                                 |                      |                      |                      |                      |                      |
| Present value of defined benefit obligation<br>Fair value of plan assets | 346,042<br>(294,905) | 282,607<br>(236,927) | 249,485<br>(211,992) | 208,084<br>(195,041) | 179,686<br>(166,645) |
| For a start of the start of the                                          | 51,137               | 45,680               | 37,493               | 13,043               | 13,041               |
| Experience adjustments                                                   |                      |                      |                      |                      |                      |
| (Gain) / loss on obligation                                              | (3,535)              | (4,763)              | 15,596               | (1,128)              | (2,601)              |
| Loss / (gain) on plan assets                                             | 13,819               | (12,950)             | (8,854)              | 3,520                | 5,291                |
| Non-Management Gratuity Fund                                             |                      |                      |                      |                      |                      |
| Present value of defined benefit obligation<br>Fair value of plan assets | 112,533<br>(130,805) | 99,312<br>(118,417)  | 82,568<br>(115,152)  | 84,105<br>(109,685)  | 69,728<br>(99,985)   |
| Surplus in the plan                                                      | (18,272)             | (19,105)             | (32,584)             | (25,580)             | (30,257)             |
| <b>Experience adjustments</b><br>(Loss) / gain on obligation             | (2,719)              | 9,638                | (9,512)              | 4,981                | (9,165)              |
| (Loss) / gain on plan assets                                             | (2,787)              | (4,690)              | (1,611)              | 304                  | 3,470                |
|                                                                          |                      |                      |                      |                      |                      |

| 22.2.1.14 The weighted average duration of the plans are as follows: |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------|
|----------------------------------------------------------------------|

| 4 The weighted average duration of the plans are as follows: | No. of years |
|--------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|
| Management Pension fund                                      | 9.33         |
| Non-management Pension fund                                  | 9.35         |
| Management Gratuity fund                                     | 6.08         |
| Non-management Gratuity fund                                 | 5.77         |

22.2.1.15 All investments in collective investment schemes, listed equity and listed debt securities out of provident fund have been made in accordance with the provisions of section 218 of the Companies Act, 2017 and the conditions specified there under.

|      |                                                                                                                                      | Note         | 2024                                | 2023                                                 |
|------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------|
| 23.  | LONG-TERM BORROWINGS                                                                                                                 |              |                                     |                                                      |
|      | Diminishing Musharika / long-term borrowing<br>Less: Current portion of Diminishing Musharika / long-term borrowing                  | 23.1         | 4,500,000<br>(1,500,000)            | 2,000,000                                            |
|      |                                                                                                                                      |              | 3,000,000                           | 2,000,000                                            |
| 23.1 | Movement in long-term borrowings is as follows:                                                                                      |              |                                     |                                                      |
|      | Balance at beginning of the year                                                                                                     |              | 2,000,000                           | 1,301,437                                            |
|      | Add: Loans obtained<br>Long-term loan<br>Diminishing Musharika                                                                       | 23.2<br>23.3 | 1,000,000<br>1,500,000<br>2,500,000 | 2,000,000                                            |
|      | Less: Loans repaid<br>Diminishing Musharika repaid<br>Long-term loan repaid<br>Salary financing - repaid (excluding accrued mark-up) |              | -                                   | (200,000)<br>(1,000,000)<br>(101,437)<br>(1,301,437) |
|      | Balance at end of the year                                                                                                           | 23.4         | 4,500,000                           | 2,000,000                                            |

For the year ended June 30, 2024

(Amounts in Rs. '000)

- **23.2** During the year, additional Rs. 1,000,000 was disbursed under long-term project finance facility of Rs. 3,000,000 under mark-up arrangements through Askari Bank Limited (ABL) which was obtained during 2022-23. The facility carries mark-up of 1 month KIBOR + 1% per annum for a tenor of 3 years (including 2.5 year grace period). The loan is repayable in equal monthly installments commencing from 31st month from drawdown date, whereas markup is to be paid on a quarterly basis. The loan is secured by way of hypothecation of property, plant and equipment (excluding land and buildings).
- **23.3** This represents Rs. 1,500,000 diminshing musharika obtained during the year under mark-up arrangement through Faysal Bank Limited (FBL). The loan carries mark-up of 3 months KIBOR + 0.1% per annum for a tenor of 18 months (including 1 year grace period) and is repayable in six equal monthly installments commencing from 13th month from the drawdown date. The loan is secured by way of hypothecation of property, plant and equipment (excluding land and buildings).
- **23.4** This represents Rs. 1,500,000 financing obtained under islamic financing arrangement and Rs. 3,000,000 obtained under conventional long term financing.

|                                                                                                                                  | Not                                                                                                                             | e 2024                                                                                                         | 2023                                                                                                  |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 24. LEASE LIABILITI                                                                                                              | ES                                                                                                                              |                                                                                                                |                                                                                                       |
| Additions during<br>Accretion of inter<br>Lease contracts r<br>Less: Disposal du<br>Less: Lease renta<br><b>Balance at the e</b> | rest<br>modified during the year<br>uring the year<br>als paid<br><b>end of the year</b><br>rtion shown under current liability | 7,255,856<br>802,165<br>944,048<br>1,188,565<br>(19,395)<br>(1,800,755)<br>8,370,484<br>(562,008)<br>7,808,476 | 6,805,512<br>913,146<br>860,580<br>281,500<br>-<br>(1,604,882)<br>7,255,856<br>(511,430)<br>6,744,426 |

- **24.1** The Holding Company has recognised a charge of Rs. 5,593,039 (2023: 5,770,361) for those variable lease payments, which do not form a part of leases in accordance with IFRS 16.
- **24.2** The expected maturity analysis of undiscounted lease payment is as follows:

| Note              | 2024       | 2023       |
|-------------------|------------|------------|
| Less than a year  | 1,498,597  | 1,353,860  |
| Between 1-5 years | 6,469,264  | 5,059,458  |
| Over 5 years      | 11,551,914 | 10,323,472 |

#### 25. DEFERRED INCOME - GOVERNMENT GRANT

The Holding Company has received grant of Rs. 100,000 (2023: Rs. 100,000) from Government of Gilgit Baltisitan (GoGB) for establishment of bulk oil depot at Skardu.

#### 26. OTHER PAYABLE

Balance relates to wharfage payable to related party on account of import of LNG by the Holding Company. As per the directions of Ministry of Finance - Economic Affairs Division outstanding wharfage has to be paid in 10 equal installments without interest over a period of 10 years. The Holding Company has recognised this liability at amortised cost at the rate prevailing at the time of determining the liability.

298

For the year ended June 30, 2024

|     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |                                                        |                                                                                                                                                 | (Amounts in Rs. '000)                                                                                                                |
|-----|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | Note                                                   | 2024                                                                                                                                            | 2023                                                                                                                                 |
| 27. | TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |                                                        |                                                                                                                                                 |                                                                                                                                      |
|     | Local creditors<br>Foreign creditors                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | 27.1 & 27.2<br>27.1 & 27.3                             | 49,611,700<br>165,156,762<br>214,768,462                                                                                                        | 70,755,380<br><u>107,727,228</u><br>178,482,608                                                                                      |
|     | Security deposits<br>Retention money<br>Accrued expenses and other liabilities<br>Payable to the Government<br>Payabe to escrow account<br>Surplus price differential payable<br>Payable to provident funds<br>Due to OMCs and refineries<br>Inland Freight Equalization Margin (IFEM) including freight<br>equalization payable from GoP (related party)<br>Advances - unsecured<br>- from customers<br>- against equipments | 27.4<br>27.5 to 27.8<br>27.9<br>27.11<br>32.4<br>27.10 | 9,181,368<br>115,884<br>74,889,616<br>9,666,903<br>1,276,630<br>4,744,412<br>24,575<br>205,424<br>13,947,870<br>8,486,236<br>1,615<br>8,487,851 | 7,804,458<br>8,359<br>110,617,337<br>4,628,420<br>-<br>1,975,856<br>9,934<br>348,013<br>9,613,233<br>7,169,446<br>1,615<br>7,171,061 |
|     | Taxes and other Government dues<br>- Excise, taxes and other duties<br>- Income tax deducted at source                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |                                                        | 10,931,930<br>169,557<br>11,101,487                                                                                                             | 20,216,724<br>365,019<br>20,581,743                                                                                                  |
|     | Workers' Welfare Fund<br>Workers' Profits Participation Fund<br>Others                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | 27.13                                                  | 988,059<br>114,372<br>324,632<br>349,837,545                                                                                                    | 585,100<br>182,399<br>178,580<br>342,187,101                                                                                         |

**27.1** The average credit period on imports is 30 days on White Oil and Crude, 60 days on Black Oil and ranges between 14 to 21 days on Liquified Natural Gas (LNG). On local purchases, the Holding Company is availing 13 to 14 days credit, thereafter, interest is charged in accordance with the terms of agreement on the outstanding balance.

|      |                                                                                                                                                                                                         | 2024                                                         | 2023                                                                |
|------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 27.2 | This includes amounts payable to the following related parties:                                                                                                                                         |                                                              |                                                                     |
|      | Pak-Arab Refinery Company Limited<br>K-Electric Limited<br>Oil and Gas Development Company Limited<br>Government Holdings (Pvt) Limited<br>Pakistan Petroleum Limited<br>Mari Petroleum Company Limited | 29,807,202<br>-<br>3,573,180<br>624,946<br>143,400<br>13,049 | 38,718,429<br>71,495<br>3,605,452<br>1,363,246<br>843,001<br>18,558 |
|      | Pakistan National Shipping Corp.<br>Cnergyico Pk Limited                                                                                                                                                | -<br>337,283<br>34,499,060                                   | 788,713<br>703,557<br>46,112,451                                    |

(Amounts in Rs. '000)

For the year ended June 30, 2024

(Amounts in Rs. '000)

- 27.3 This includes amount of Rs. 38,425,773 (2023: Rs. 22,568,959) in respect of import of LNG.
- 27.4 Security deposits includes deposits received by the Holding Company under the terms of related agreements and are as follows:

|        |                                   | Note     | 2024      | 2023      |
|--------|-----------------------------------|----------|-----------|-----------|
|        |                                   |          |           |           |
|        | Dealers                           | 27.4.2   | 1,336,803 | 1,230,999 |
|        | Equipments                        | 27.4.3   | 702,054   | 560,291   |
|        | Cartage contractors               | 27.4.4   | 1,802,763 | 1,275,367 |
|        | Card holders                      | 27.4.5   | 4,294,326 | 4,057,868 |
|        | Suppliers                         | 27.4.5   | 922,183   | 578,274   |
|        | Others                            | 27.4.5   | 123,239   | 101,659   |
|        |                                   |          | 9,181,368 | 7,804,458 |
| 27.4.1 | Security deposits include:        |          |           |           |
|        | Utilisable / utilised in business | 27.4.1.1 | 8,695,318 | 7,268,408 |
|        | Others                            | 27.4.1.2 | 486,050   | 536,050   |
|        |                                   |          | 9,181,368 | 7,804,458 |

- **27.4.1.1** The amount is fully utilised in business in accordance with requirement of written agreements and in terms of section 217 of the Companies Act, 2017.
- **27.4.1.2** The amount is kept in separate bank accounts as per terms of agreement.
- **27.4.2** These represent interest-free deposits from dealers for the performance of their service as defined in the dealership agreements. The deposits are refundable on termination of dealership agreements and are payable on demand.
- **27.4.3** These represent interest-free deposits from customers against Liquefied Petroleum Gas (LPG) equipment. The deposits are refundable on the return of equipment and are payable on demand.
- **27.4.4** These represent interest bearing and interest-free deposits from contractors against the cartage contracts for transportation of petroleum products. The deposits are refundable on cancellation of these contracts.
- **27.4.5** These represent non-interest bearing security deposits and are repayable on termination of contract / performance of the services.

|      |                                                                  | 2024                | 2023                    |
|------|------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|
| 27.5 | This includes amount payable to the following related parties:   |                     |                         |
|      | Pakistan National Shipping Corporation<br>Government of Pakistan | 2,070,487<br>12,569 | 2,070,487<br>34,635,372 |

- **27.6** Includes amount due to various related parties on account of insurance premium, late payment surcharge, pipeline and other charges aggregating to Rs. 24,006,815 (2023: Rs. 19,617,920).
- **27.7** This includes differential of regulatory / custom duty levied amounting to Rs. 150,000 (2023: Rs. 100,000) on import of crude oil consumed in the production and recovered on sale of regulated products by PRL based on SROs issued by Government of Pakistan and Ministry of Energy (MoE). During the year ended June 30, 2018, OGRA in compliance with the directives of MoE had finalised a recovery mechanism for regulated products through which refineries would operate on no gain / loss basis on this account. OGRA directed Oil Companies Advisory Committee (OCAC) to ensure the implementation of the said mechanism.

During the year ended June 30, 2019, as per approved regulatory duty mechanism, Refinery Regulatory Duty (RRD) committee of OCAC determined RRD factors per litre applicable for 5 months from August 2018 to December 2018, which were adjusted in monthly ex-refinery prices.

For the year ended June 30, 2024

(Amounts in Rs. '000)

However, after the preliminary implementation of the said mechanism, due to practical implications, a revised procedure was devised by OGRA, whereby recovery is made directly from refinery through payment to Inland Freight Equalisation Margin (IFEM) pool without any adjustment of RRD factors in ex-refinery prices. The RRD mechanism has been superseded during the year by Pakistan Oil Refining Policy for Existing / Brownfield Refineries, 2023 (the Policy) effective August 17, 2023.

- 27.8 Includes current portion of wharfage payable to related party amounting to Rs. 91,150 (2023: Rs. 80,471).
- **27.9** This represents GoP's share in the value of local crude purchased and petroleum levy on sale of petroleum products by PRL. This is net of receivable of Rs. 259,130 (2023: Rs. 259,130) from the Government in respect of price differential claims as a result of restricting the ex-refinery prices charged by the Subsidary Company to the oil marketing companies on instructions from Ministry of Energy (MoE). During the year ended June 30, 2018, the Subsidiary Company received a report from MoE through Oil Companies Advisory Council (OCAC) highlighting certain aspects of the above claims. The management is of the view that the report contains certain factual inaccuracies and is taking up the matter along with other refineries with the MoE.
- **27.10** These represents advances received from customers against supply of petroleum products which are recognised as revenue when the performance obligation is satisfied.

|       |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | 2024                                                 | 2023             |
|-------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------|------------------|
| 27.11 | Movement of incremental incentives during the year is as follows:                                                                                                                                                                    |                                                      |                  |
|       | Incremental incentives generated during the period<br>Incremental incentives to be deposited in IFEM pool<br>Incremental incentives transferred to joint Escrow Account<br>Closing balance payable to joint Escrow Account - not due | 9,369,485<br>(3,490,577)<br>(4,602,278)<br>1,276,630 | -<br>-<br>-<br>- |

**27.12** During the period, the GoP has announced and notified the Pakistan Oil Refining Policy for Existing / Brownfield Refineries, 2023 (the Policy) on August 09 and 17, 2023 respectively. As per the Policy, the refineries were allowed incremental incentives at the rate of 2.5% on HSD and 10% on MS for a period of six years from the date of notification of the Policy to upgrade and produce environmental friendly fuels as per EURO V specifications. In addition, the refineries were also allowed reimbursement of custom duty paid on import of crude oil.

The incentives collected during a month are required to be deposited within 10 days of subsequent month in an interest bearing Escrow Account maintained with National Bank of Pakistan and will be jointly operated with OGRA. To be eligible for the incentives provided in the Policy, the refineries were required to enter into an Upgrade Agreement with OGRA within 3 months of the date of notification of the Policy (subsequently extended by 60 days). PRL successfully executed the Upgrade Agreement with OGRA on November 15, 2023 and opened joint Escrow Account in accordance with the Policy on November 30, 2023.

Later the Government revised the Policy that was notified on February 23, 2024 and amended following provisions of the original Policy:

- incentive period increased from six years to seven years from the date of signing of Upgrade Agreement and opening of Joint Escrow Account;
- maximum capping of incremental incentives increased from 25% to 27.5% of project cost;
- refineries were allowed 7.5% deemed duty on HSD for 20 years from the date of commissioning of upgrade project; and
- introduction of force majuere clause and amendments in arbitration clauses.

For the year ended June 30, 2024

(Amounts in Rs. '000)

The revised policy gives the rights to a refinery who have already executed Upgrade Agreement under original Policy to opt for the amended provisions / incentives of the revised Policy by executing a supplemental to the Upgrade Agreement within 2 months of the date of notification of revised Policy (subsequently extended by further 6 months). The Subsidiary Company is in the process of finalisation of Supplemental Upgrade and Escrow Account Agreements with OGRA.

The OGRA vide its letter dated April 02, 2024 communicated that effective date for upgrade project of PRL shall be considered as November 30, 2023. i.e the date of opening of escrow account.

The incremental incentives under the Policy will be recognised after the Final Investment Decision (FID) on the project. Balance in joint Escrow Account as at June 30, 2024 was as follows:

|       | Note                                                                                                                                                                               | 2024                                       | 2023                                  |
|-------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
|       | Opening balance<br>Incremental incentives transferred to Escrow Account during the period<br>Interest earned on incremental incentives (net of withholding tax)<br>Closing balance | 4,602,278<br>165,327<br><b>4,767,605</b>   | -<br>-<br>-                           |
| 27.13 | Workers' Profit Participation Fund                                                                                                                                                 |                                            |                                       |
|       | Balance at beginning of the year<br>Allocation for the year                                                                                                                        | 182,399<br>2,587,980<br>2,770,379          | (1,622,013)<br>1,482,398<br>(139,615) |
|       | (Payments) / receipts during the year<br>Balance at end of the year                                                                                                                | (2,656,007)<br>114,372                     | 322,014<br>182,399                    |
| 28.   | UNCLAIMED DIVIDEND                                                                                                                                                                 |                                            |                                       |
|       | Balance at the beginning of the year<br>Dividend for the year                                                                                                                      | 1,581,095<br><u>3,521,050</u><br>5,102,145 | 1,498,372<br>4,694,734<br>6,193,106   |
|       | Payments made during the year<br>Balance at end of the year                                                                                                                        | (3,461,478)<br>1,640,667                   | (4,612,011)<br>1,581,095              |

#### 29. PROVISIONS

These represent provisions for certain legal claims raised by the regulatory authorities against the Group. The outcome of these legal claims are not expected to give rise to material obligations beyond those provided for:

|                                                                                                             | Note | 2024                          | 2023                          |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Claim raised by regulatory authorities<br>Infrastructure development cess                                   |      | 386,949<br>252,464<br>639,413 | 386,949<br>252,464<br>639,413 |
| Movement of provision during the year is as follows:                                                        |      |                               |                               |
| Balance at beginning of the year<br>(Reversal) / addition during the year<br>Balance at closing of the year |      | 639,413<br>-<br>639,413       | 639,413<br>-<br>-<br>639,413  |

### Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended June 30, 2024

|     |                                                                               |                                |                                          | (Amounts in Rs. '000)                    |
|-----|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------|
|     |                                                                               | Note                           | 2024                                     | 2023                                     |
| 30. | SHORT-TERM BORROWINGS                                                         |                                |                                          |                                          |
|     | From National Bank of Pakistan - Related Party                                |                                |                                          |                                          |
|     |                                                                               |                                |                                          |                                          |
|     | Short-term finances in foreign currency                                       | 30.1                           | 127,365,193                              | 115,819,571                              |
|     | From other than related party                                                 |                                |                                          |                                          |
|     | Short-term finances<br>- local currency<br>- foreign currency                 | 30.3<br>30.1                   | 60,500,000<br>227,236,098<br>287,736,098 | 39,000,000<br>289,372,734<br>328,372,734 |
|     | Current portion of long-term borrowing<br>Finances under mark-up arrangements | 23<br>30.3<br>30.2,30.4 & 30.5 | 1,500,000<br>12,396,196<br>428,997,487   | 8,347,297<br>452,539,602                 |

- **30.1** The rate of mark-up for these facilities range from Re. 0.17 to Re. 0.38 (2023: Re. 0.19 to Re. 0.44) per Rs. 1,000 per day. This facility is secured by way of trust receipts of the Holding Company. These finances have been obtained on the directives of MoF via letter dated September 09, 2015.
- **30.2** The total facility limit of various financing facilities available from banks aggregate to Rs. 541,995,075 (2023: Rs. 548,943,611) out of which Rs. 114,497,588 (2023: Rs. 96,404,009) remained unutilised as of reporting date. These facilities are secured by way of floating / pari passu charge on Group's stocks, receivable and trust receipts.
- **30.3** The rate of mark-up on short-term finance facility is Re. 0.55 to Re. 0.60 (2023: Re. 0.03 to Re. 0.60) per Rs. 1,000 per day. The rate of mark-up for finances under mark-up arrangements ranges from Re. 0.57 to Re.0.61 (2023: Re. 0.39 to Re.0.68) per Rs.1,000 per day, net of prompt payment rebates. These facilities are renewable subject to payment of repurchase price on specified dates.
- **30.4** These finances have been obtained for working capital requirements.
- **30.5** As at June 30, 2024, accrued interest / mark-up on short-term borrowings and finances under mark-up arrangement amounted to Rs. 5,424,511 (2023: Rs. 11,999,938), which includes Rs. 655,877 (2023: Rs. 1,585,296) due to National Bank of Pakistan, a related party.

|      | N                                                              | ote | 2024                         | 2023                         |
|------|----------------------------------------------------------------|-----|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| 30.6 | Movement in short-term and foreign currency loans:             |     |                              |                              |
|      | Balance at beginning of the year                               |     | 444,192,305                  | 171,571,214                  |
|      | Loans obtained during the year<br>Loans repaid during the year |     | 490,334,927<br>(517,925,941) | 462,614,543<br>(189,993,452) |
|      | Balance at end of the year                                     |     | (27,591,014)<br>416,601,291  | 272,621,091<br>444,192,305   |

For the year ended June 30, 2024

(Amounts in Rs. '000)

### 31. CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

#### 31.1 Contingencies

The Group has contingent liabilities in respect of unrecognised late payment surcharge, pending tax matters and other legal claims in the ordinary course of business.

#### 31.1.1 Late payment surcharge (Subsidiary Company)

Claims amounting to Rs. 3,663,329 (2023: Rs. 1,900,000) in respect of delayed payment charges are not recognised on the understanding that these will be payable only when the Group will fully realize delayed payment charges due from its customers, which is more than the aforementioned amount. Charges claimed by the Group against delayed payments by the customers, due to circular debt situation, are recognised on receipt basis as the ultimate outcome of the matter and amount of settlement cannot be presently determined.

#### 31.1.2 Income Tax

#### **Holding Company**

- **31.1.2.1** The taxation officer passed assessment orders dated May 28, 2010, May 31, 2010, August 31, 2010 and January 29, 2011 in respect of tax years 2005 to 2008 and made certain disallowances and additions resulting in total tax demand of Rs. 1,513,951. These orders were later rectified and amended to Rs. 831,811. The appeal against tax year 2008 is pending before the High Court of Sindh (SHC). During the year ended June 30, 2019, the Appellate Tribunal Inland Revenue (ATIR) passed an order in respect of Tax Year 2005 which was in favour of the Holding Company except one point on which the Holding Company has filed reference before SHC. During the year ended June 30, 2020, ATIR has passed orders in respect of Tax Year 2006 and 2007 which were mostly in favour of the Holding Company. The Holding Company obtained the effect of ATIR orders from taxation authorities for the tax years 2005 to 2007 after which demand is reduced to Rs. 169,744. Based on views of the tax advisor, the management believes that it is more likely than not that the matters will ultimately be decided in the favour of the Holding Company. Accordingly, no provision has been made in these consolidated financial statements.
- **31.1.2.2** The taxation officer passed assessment orders dated January 31, 2012, April 06, 2012 and May 31, 2012 in respect of tax years 2009 to 2011 and made certain disallowances and additions resulting in total tax demand of Rs. 4,598,246. The Holding Company filed appeals against these orders before Commissioner Inland Revenue (Appeals) [CIR (Appeals)] who decided certain matters in favour of the Holding Company. During the year ended June 30, 2013, the Holding Company received revised orders showing an aggregate demand of Rs. 740,871 after taking into effect for matters decided in favour of the Holding Company by the CIR (Appeals).The Holding Company has filed appeals before the ATIR for remaining points adjudicated against the Holding Company by the CIR (Appeals) which are pending for hearing. Based on the views of tax advisor, the management believes that it is more likely than not that the matters will ultimately be decided in the favour of the Holding Company. Accordingly, no provision has been made in these consolidated financial statements.
- **31.1.2.3** Assistant Commissioner Inland Revenue (ACIR) through his orders dated January 29, 2013 and January 28, 2014 made certain additions and disallowances in respect of Tax Year 2012 and 2013 respectively raising total tax demand of Rs. 3,096,173. The Holding Company had filed appeals against the said orders before the CIR (Appeals), whereby most of the matters have been decided in favour of the Holding Company. For remaining issues, the Holding Company has filed appeals before the ATIR. Based on the views of tax advisor of the Holding Company, the management believes that it is more likely than not that the matters will ultimately be decided in the favour of the Holding Company. Accordingly, no provision has been made in these consolidated financial statements.

For the year ended June 30, 2024

#### (Amounts in Rs. '000)

- **31.1.2.4** The ACIR through his orders dated February 09, 2015 and March 22, 2016 made certain additions and disallowances in respect of Tax Year 2014 and 2015 respectively, thereby creating total tax demand of Rs. 35,992,978. The orders were later rectified and amended to Rs. 3,619,899. Further, through computerised balloting, the Holding Company was selected for audit of Tax Year 2014 by the Federal Board of Revenue (FBR) and another demand of Rs. 53,023 was created by FBR for Tax Year 2014. The Holding Company has filed appeals against these orders before the CIR (Appeals) which were decided partially against the Holding Company in 2018 except for audit case of Tax Year 2014 which was remanded back by CIR (Appeals) to the assessing officer for verification and effect. The Holding Company has filed appeals before ATIR against these CIR (Appeals) orders. During the year 2019, the Holding Company has received an appeal effect on aforesaid CIR (Appeals) orders from tax authorities after which the demand has been amended to Rs. 2,585,773. During the period, the Holding Company received another appeal effect from taxation authorities for the Tax Year 2014 after which demand is reduced to Rs. 2,532,750. Based on the views of tax advisor, the management believes that it is more likely than not that the matters will ultimately be decided in the favour of the Holding Company. Accordingly, no provision has been made in these consolidated financial statements.
- **31.1.2.5** The ACIR through his assessment orders dated February 27, 2017 for Tax Year 2016 and assessment order dated December 29, 2017 and February 28, 2018 for Tax Year 2017, made certain additions and disallowances, thereby creating total tax demand of Rs. 2,685,964. The Holding Company filed appeals against these orders before the CIR (Appeals). The appeal relating to Tax Year 2016 has been decided by CIR (Appeals) in 2018, whereby few issues have been decided in favour of the Holding Company. The Holding Company had received an appeal effect for the Tax Year 2016 on aforesaid CIR (Appeals) order from tax authorities after which the aforesaid demand has been reduced to Rs. 2,685,818. For remaining issues, the Holding Company has filed appeals before ATIR. Based on the views of tax advisor, the management believes that it is more likely than not that the matters will ultimately be decided in the favour of the Holding Company. Accordingly, no provision has been made in these consolidated financial statements.
- **31.1.2.6** The ACIR through his order dated January 31, 2019 made certain additions and disallowances in respect of Tax Year 2018 and raised tax demand of Rs. 207,773. The Holding Company filed an appeal against aforesaid order before CIR (Appeals) which was decided against the Holding Company. Appeal against the said order has been filed before the ATIR by the Holding Company. Based on the views of tax advisor, the management believes that the matters will ultimately be decided in the favour of the Holding Company. Accordingly, no provision has been made in these consolidated financial statements.
- **31.1.2.7** The Additional Commissioner Inland Revenue (AdCIR) through his order dated September 30, 2020 made certain additions and disallowances in respect of Tax Year 2019 and raised tax demand of Rs. 411,567. The Holding Company filed an appeal before CIR (Appeals) which was decided against the Holding Company. Appeal against the said order has been filed before the ATIR by the Holding Company. Based on the views of tax advisor of the Holding Company, the management believes that it is more likely than not that the matters will ultimately be decided in the favour of the Holding Company. Accordingly, no provision has been made in these consolidated financial statements.
- **31.1.2.8** The AdCIR through his order dated June 28, 2022 made certain additions and disallowances in respect of Tax Year 2021 and raised tax demand of Rs. 3,014,870. The Holding Company has filed appeal before CIR (Appeals) on July 26, 2022. Last year, taxation authorities has further amended the aforesaid order to Rs. 3,520,201 by including WWF demand. The Holding Company has filed appeal before CIR (Appeals) which is partially decided against the Holding Company. The Holding Company had received an appeal effect for the Tax Year 2021 on aforesaid CIR (Appeals) order from tax authorities after which the aforesaid demand has been reduced to Rs. 3,477,249. For remaining issues, the Holding Company has filed appeals before ATIR. Based on the views of tax advisor, the management believes that it is more likely than not that the matters will ultimately be decided in the favour of the Holding Company. Accordingly, no provision has been made in these consolidated financial statements.
- **31.1.2.9** The AdCIR through his order dated May 29, 2023 made certain additions and disallowances in respect of Tax Year 2022 and raised tax demand of Rs. 2,557,721 by including WWF. The Holding Company has filed appeal before

For the year ended June 30, 2024

(Amounts in Rs. '000)

CIRv(Appeals) which was decided against the Holding Company. Appeal against the said order has been filed before the ATIR by the Holding Company. Based on the views of tax advisor, the management believes that it is more likely than not that the matters will ultimately be decided in the favour of the Holding Company. Accordingly, no provision has been made in these consolidated financial statements.

- **31.1.2.10** The AdCIR passed order dated March 28, 2024 in respect of Tax Year 2023 and made certain amendment and additions resulting in total tax demand of Rs. 1,486,065. The Holding Company has filed an appeal before CIR (Appeals) which is still pending. Based on the views of tax advisor, the management believes that it is more likely than not that the matters will ultimately be decided in the favour of the Holding Company. Accordingly, no provision has been made in these consolidated financial statements.
- **31.1.2.11** The AdCIR passed order dated April 01, 2024 in respect of Tax Year 2020 and made certain amendment and additions resulting in total tax demand of Rs. 59,435. The Holding Company has filed an appeal before CIR (Appeals) which is still pending. Based on the views of tax advisor, the management believes that it is more likely than not that the matters will ultimately be decided in the favour of the Holding Company. Accordingly, no provision has been made in these consolidated financial statements.

#### 31.1.3 Sales Tax and Custom Duty

#### **Holding Company**

- **31.1.3.1** A sales tax order-in-original No. 01/2010 dated March 30, 2010 was issued by Deputy Commissioner Inland Revenue (DCIR), FBR in respect of sales tax audit of the Holding Company for the tax years 2004-2007. Under the said order, a demand of Rs. 883,864 was raised on account of certain transactions and default surcharge of Rs. 512,172 was imposed. The ATIR decided the case in favour of the Holding Company. However, the tax department has filed an appeal against the aforesaid decision of the ATIR in the SHC which is pending for hearing. Based on the views of tax and legal advisors, the management believes that it is more likely than not that the matter will ultimately be decided in the favour of the Holding Company. Accordingly, no provision has been made for the said matters in these consolidated financial statements.
- **31.1.3.2** The DCIR passed an order dated July 02, 2019 in respect of sales tax audit for Tax Year 2010 giving rise to demand of Rs. 3,586,018 along with penalty of Rs. 179,300 and default surcharge to be calculated at the time of settlement of demand. The Holding Company appealed against this order before CIR (Appeals), who has annulled the order and has decided the case in the Holding Company's favour through an order dated September 09, 2019. Tax department has filed an appeal, against this order, to appellate tribunal. Based on the views of tax advisor, the management believes that it is more likely than not that the matter will ultimately be decided in the Holding Company's favour. Accordingly, no provision has been made in these consolidated financial statements.
- **31.1.3.3** The DCIR has passed an order dated July 04, 2019 on the matter of non-charging of sales tax on supply of fuel to vessels and aircrafts proceeding outside Pakistan for the year Tax Year 2015. The aforesaid order resulted in demand of sales tax of Rs. 4,579,596 along with penalty of Rs.228,979 and default surcharge to be calculated at the time of settlement of demand. The Holding Company appealed against this order before CIR (Appeals), who has annulled the order and has decided the case in Holding Company's favour in an order dated September 09, 2019. Tax department has filed an appeal, against this order, to ATIR. Based on the views of tax advisor, the management believes that it is more likely than not that the matter will ultimately be decided in the Holding Company's favour. Accordingly, no provision has been made in these consolidated financial statements.

For the year ended June 30, 2024

#### (Amounts in Rs. '000)

- **31.1.3.4** A sales tax order No. 01/2012 dated January 16, 2013 was issued by the DCIR (Adjudication), FBR in respect of delayed payment of sales tax due in sales tax return for March 2011. Under the said order, demand of Rs. 437,305 was raised which comprised default surcharge of Rs. 82,265 and penalty of Rs. 355,040 on late payment. The Holding Company filed an appeal against the said order before CIR (Appeals) which was decided against the Holding Company. The Holding Company, accordingly, filed an appeal against the aforesaid order of CIR (Appeals) before the ATIR which vide its order dated September 13, 2013 upheld the imposition of default surcharge, however, vacated penalty imposed for de novo consideration by adjudicating authority. The matter of penalty was again decided against the Holding Company by adjudicating officer and later on by the CIR (Appeals) vide its order dated September 29, 2015 against which the Holding Company has filed an appeal before the ATIR on February 18, 2016. Further, the Holding Company has also filed an appeal before the SHC against the first order of ATIR, which is pending for hearing. Based on the views of tax and legal advisors, the management believes that it is more likely than not that the matters will ultimately be decided in favour of the Holding Company. Accordingly, no provision has been made in these consolidated financial statements.
- **31.1.3.5** The DCIR passed an order dated July 03, 2019 in respect of non-payment of sales tax on PDC / subsidies giving rise to demand of sales tax of Rs. 33,855,642 along with penalty of Rs. 33,855,642 and default surcharge to be calculated at the time of settlement of demand. The Holding Company appealed against this order before CIR (Appeals), who has annulled the order and decided the case in Holding Company's favour in an order dated September 09, 2019. Tax department has filed an appeal, against this order, to ATIR. Based on the views of tax advisor, the management believes that it is more likely than not that the matter will ultimately be decided in the Holding Company's favour. Accordingly, no provision has been made in these consolidated financial statements.
- **31.1.3.6** Punjab Revenue Authority (PRA) has issued an order dated September 18, 2017, received on November 30, 2017, against the Holding Company demanding Rs. 2,258,235 along with penalty and default surcharge on alleged non-recovery of Punjab Sales Tax on Services (PST) on alleged commission paid to petroleum dealers. The Holding Company does not agree with the stance of PRA as the Authority erroneously assumed the dealer's margin allowed to petroleum dealers through OGRA's price notification as "dealer's commission". The Holding Company further collects general sales tax on such dealer's margin and submits the same to government treasury with monthly sales tax return. Accordingly, levy of PST on the alleged commission would lead to double imposition of sales tax on dealer's margin. The Holding Company challenged the order in Lahore High Court (LHC), which duly granted stay against the subject tax demand. Further, in consultation with legal advisor, an appeal has also been filed with Commissioner Appeals PRA against the subject order. Commissioner Appeals PRA in his appellate order dated September 05, 2018 decided the case against the Holding Company while waiving levy of penalty thereon. The Holding Company filed an appeal with Appellate Tribunal PRA, which set-aside the impugned order and remanded it back to Commissioner Appeals PRA for deciding it afresh, in the order dated December 09, 2019. Based on the view of tax and legal advisors, the management believes that it is more likely than not that the matter will ultimately be decided in the Holding Company's favour. Accordingly, no provision has been made in these consolidated financial statements.
- **31.1.3.7** PRA has issued two orders dated April 10, 2018, against the Holding Company demanding Rs. 571,933 along with penalty and default surcharge on alleged non-recovery of PST on account of distribution, marketing and administrative expenses as illustrated in Annual Audited Accounts of 2014-15 and 2015-16. The orders were raised on an unsubstantiated assumption that distribution, marketing and administrative expenses disclosed by the Holding Company in its financial statements of aforementioned periods are completely taxable and pertains solely to the province of Punjab. Commissioner Appeals PRA has upheld the appeal against which the Holding Company has filed appeal with Appellate Tribunal Appeal PRA against the subject orders, which is still pending. Based on the views of tax and legal advisors, the management believes that it is more likely than not that the matter will ultimately be decided in the Holding Company's favour. Accordingly, no provision has been made in these consolidated financial statements.

For the year ended June 30, 2024

(Amounts in Rs. '000)

- **31.1.3.8** PRA has issued a Show Cause Notice dated October 01, 2019 demanding Rs. 8,839,550 claiming certain components of petroleum price (e.g. dealer's margin, OMC margin and IFEM) as subject to levy of PST. The Holding Company did not agree with the view of PRA as the whole price of POL products is subject to levy of General Sales Tax (GST), being part of value of supply. The Holding Company challenged the said Show Cause Notice, against which the LHC has duly granted stay. Based on the views of tax and legal advisors, the management believes that it is more likely than not that the matter will ultimately be decided in the Holding Company's favour. Accordingly, no provision has been made in these consolidated financial statements.
- **31.1.3.9** The Balochistan Revenue Authority (BRA) issued a recovery notice dated June 14, 2024, claiming that Rs 68,000 was paid short by the Holding Company on account of withholding tax from July 01, 2018, to December 30, 2021. The Holding Company disagreed with the view of short payment of withholding tax, and after several meetings with the Commissioner of the BRA, the matter was remanded back to the officer. Based on the views of tax and legal advisors, the management believes that it is more likely than not that the matter will ultimately be decided in the Holding Company's favour. Accordingly, no provision has been made in these consolidated financial statements.
- **31.1.3.10** The Collector (Adjudication) Customs House Karachi, issued Show Cause Notices dated February 04, 2019, February 06, 2019, and August 06, 2019 to the Holding Company for recovery of minimum value added sales tax of Rs. 17,250,015 on import of furnace oil in Pakistan. Similar notices have also been served on other OMCs as well. The Holding Company has challenged the impugned Show Cause Notice in the SHC, who disposed-off the matter vide order dated November 29, 2022 in favour of the Holding Company as the Show Cause Notices were issued by Collector (Adjudication) without jurisdiction.
- **31.1.3.11** The Holding Company received an order from Sindh Revenue Board (SRB) dated March 08, 2023 for the period July 2016 to June 2017. The aforesaid order resulted in demand for alleged short payment of Sindh Sales Tax (SST) amounting to Rs. 186,600, penalty amounting to Rs. 9,400 and default surcharge to be calculated at the time of payment ignoring all submissions made by the Holding Company during the proceedings. Being aggrieved by the said order, the Holding Company has filed appeal before Commissioner (Appeals-I) SRB. Based on the views of the tax advisor, the management believes that it is more likely than not that the matter will ultimately be decided in the favor of the Holding Company. Accordingly, no provision has been made in these consolidated financial statements.

#### 31.1.4 Other matters

#### **Holding Company**

**31.1.4.1** The Deputy Director / Sr. Excise and Taxation Officer (ETO) C.M.D.I, Karachi Port Trust (KPT) had issued a demand notice of Rs. 6,438,869 on account of Sindh Maintenance & Development Infrastructure Cess (SMDIC) in respect of POL products consignments imported by PSO during the period July 01, 2016 to November 15, 2019 at Keamari.The Holding Company challenged the aforesaid notice in SHC, which dismissed PSO's and all other 487 identical appeals and ordered that the Sindh Development and Maintenance of Infrastructure Cess Act, 2017, promulgated retrospectively, is a valid law within the competence of the Provincial Legislature. Aggrieved by the decision, PSO, in consultation with lawyer, filed an appeal before the Honorable Supreme Court of Pakistan (SCP) against the SHC's above order dated June 04, 2021. The SCP vide Judgement dated September 01, 2021, has suspended SHC's Judgement dated June 04, 2021 (Impugned Judgement) and granted interim relief and directed that till further orders, operation of the Impugned Judgement will be suspended and also restrained the respondents i.e. Excise & Taxation department, Government of Sindh for recovery of impugned infrastructure cess levy as mentioned above. Based on the views of its legal advisor, the management believes that it is more likely than not that the matter will ultimately be decided in the Holding Company's favour. Accordingly, no provision has been made in these consolidated financial statements.

For the year ended June 30, 2024

(Amounts in Rs. '000)

**31.1.4.2** The Deputy Commissioner, SRB passed and order dated June 28, 2024 in respect of Tax Year 2023 and demanded Rs. 550,202 on account of Sindh Workers Welfare Fund. The Holding Company has filed an appeal before SRB Commissioner (Appeals), based on the views of tax advisor, the management believes that it is more likely than not that the matters will ultimately be decided in the favour of the Holding Company. Accordingly, no provision has been made in these consolidated financial statements.

#### 31.1.5 Other legal claims (Holding and Subsidiary Company)

**31.1.5.1** As at June 30, 2024 certain legal cases amounting to Rs. 7,085,203 (2023: Rs. 8,574,091) have been filed against the Group. However, based on the advice of its legal advisors, the management believes that it is more likely than not that the matters will ultimately be decided in the favour of the Group. Details of significant legal cases are given below:

| Court                                                   | Factual Description                                                  | Year of Institution | Party                                      | Relief Sought                                    |
|---------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Holding</b><br><b>Company</b><br>Sindh<br>High Court | Claim for recovery of pending bills,<br>insurance claims and damages | 2019                | Mengal<br>Brothers vs.<br>PSO              | Recovery of financial charges of<br>Rs.3,964,180 |
| Sindh<br>High Court                                     | Dispute relating to award of IT related projects                     | 2011                | Zaqsoft<br>(Shahrukh<br>Qaiser) vs.<br>PSO | Recovery of damages of<br>Rs.1,447,000           |

- **31.1.5.2** Claims against the Group not acknowledged as debts amount to Rs. 14,511,625 (2023: Rs. 10,806,297) other than as mentioned in note 31.1.1 to these consolidated financial statements
- **31.1.5.3** The Group's share in associates' contingencies in respect of various tax and legal matters as at year end is Rs. 125,887 (2023: Rs. 1,204,002).

#### 31.2 Commitments

**31.2.1** Commitments in respect of capital expenditures contracted for but not as yet incurred is as follows:

|        |                                                          | Note   | 2024       | 2023       |
|--------|----------------------------------------------------------|--------|------------|------------|
|        | Capital expenditures contracted for but not yet incurred |        | 6,705,721  | 13,916,268 |
| 31.2.2 | Letters of credit                                        | 31.2.6 | 79,946,342 | 68,301,655 |
| 31.2.3 | Bank guarantees                                          |        | 3,586,968  | 4,238,462  |

**31.2.3.1** This includes bank guarantees of Rs. 124,630 (2023: Rs. 124,630) were issued by the Subsidiary Company in favour of Sui Southern Gas Company Limited - a related party.

|        |                           | 2024       | 2023       |
|--------|---------------------------|------------|------------|
|        |                           |            |            |
| 31.2.4 | Standby letters of credit | 65,414,068 | 84,534,155 |
| 31.2.5 | Post-dated cheques        | 32,164,674 | 20,770,881 |

**31.2.6** The Group has total unutilised facility limit against letters of credit aggregating to Rs. 221,312,000 (2023: Rs. 74,353,415) as of reporting date.

For the year ended June 30, 2024

(Amounts in Rs. '000)

**31.2.7** The Group's share in associates' commitments in respect of various tax and legal matters as at year end is Rs. Nil (2023: Rs. 9,346).

|     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | Note                  | 2024                                                                                                                     | 2023                                                                                                     |
|-----|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 32. | NET SALES                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |                       |                                                                                                                          |                                                                                                          |
|     | Gross sales                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | 32.1                  | 4,075,170,234                                                                                                            | 3,817,177,578                                                                                            |
|     | <ul> <li>Incremental incentives</li> <li>Discounts / allowances</li> <li>Sales tax</li> <li>Excise duty and petroleum levy</li> <li>Surplus price differential</li> <li>Custom duty</li> <li>Inland Freight Equalization Margin (IFEM)</li> </ul> | 27.11<br>32.4<br>32.5 | (9,369,485)<br>(313,459)<br>(213,097,468)<br>(67,982,185)<br>(9,609,584)<br>(1,231,741)<br>(31,484,343)<br>(333,088,265) | (65,108)<br>(214,860,952)<br>(33,739,249)<br>(13,803,054)<br>(8,926,023)<br>(6,628,085)<br>(278,022,471) |
|     | Net sales                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |                       | 3,742,081,969                                                                                                            | 3,539,155,107                                                                                            |

**<sup>32.1</sup>** This represents revenue from contracts with customers.

- **32.2** Includes export sales amounting to Rs. 32,068,207 (2023: Rs. 28,512,843).
- **32.3** Sales of regulated products are based on prices notified by OGRA which are subject to policy clarification from the Federal Government. Sales of certain de-regulated products are based on prices set under notifications of the MoE.
- **32.4** This includes price differential amounting to Rs. 9,609,584 (2023: Rs. 13,010,000) on sale of High Speed Diesel (HSD) as per the import parity pricing formula determined in the Economic Coordination Committee's decision dated February 26, 2013, November 17, 2020 and March 25, 2022. This also include price differential amounting to Rs. Nil (2023: Rs. 790,000) on sale of 90 RON Motor Gasoline, calculated as per the mechanism notified by MoE dated: September 5, 2016.
- 32.5 This represents custom duty recovered on sale of products subject to custom duty.

|     |                                | Note        | 2024          | 2023          |
|-----|--------------------------------|-------------|---------------|---------------|
|     |                                |             |               |               |
| 33. | COST OF PRODUCTS SOLD          |             |               |               |
|     | Opening stock                  |             | 326,106,697   | 362,469,390   |
|     | Purchases made during the year | 33.1 & 33.2 | 3,620,878,305 | 3,418,386,872 |
|     |                                |             | 3,946,985,002 | 3,780,856,262 |
|     | Closing stock                  | 13          | (316,796,844) | (326,106,697) |
|     |                                |             | 3,630,188,158 | 3,454,749,565 |

- **33.1** Includes cost incurred by the Group on refining of crude oil and manufacturing of lubricants amounting to Rs. 290,689,576 (2023: Rs. 254,848,999) and Rs. 17,083,044 (2023: Rs. 15,881,553), respectively.
- **33.2** Includes depreciation of property, plant & equipment, amortization of intangibles and right of use assets amounting to Rs. 1,295,506 (2023: Rs. 1,261,558).

For the year ended June 30, 2024

|     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |              |                                                                           | (Amounts in Rs. '000)                                            |
|-----|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------|
|     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | Note         | 2024                                                                      | 2023                                                             |
| 34. | OTHER INCOME                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |              |                                                                           |                                                                  |
|     | Income from financial assets<br>Interest / mark-up received on delayed payments<br>Financial charges on line fill cost<br>Interest / mark-up on saving accounts<br>Income on treasury bills<br>Dividend income from FVOCI investments | 34.3<br>34.2 | 4,912,364<br>8,572,632<br>6,178,330<br>1,551,192<br>194,475<br>21,408,993 | 6,273,612<br>-<br>2,166,535<br>1,103,006<br>325,546<br>9,868,699 |
|     | Income from non-financial assets                                                                                                                                                                                                      | 34.1         | 4,290,752                                                                 | 3,486,818                                                        |
|     | Handling, storage and other services<br>Income from Compressed Natural Gas (CNG) operators                                                                                                                                            | 34.1         | 68,632                                                                    | 46,959                                                           |
|     | Income from non-fuel retail business<br>Income from retail outlets - net                                                                                                                                                              | 54.1         | 310,703<br>308,786                                                        | 315,237                                                          |
|     | Reversal of provision against stores, spares and loose tools<br>Scrap sales                                                                                                                                                           | 12.1         | 75,250<br>21,609                                                          | -<br>16,693                                                      |
|     | Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment                                                                                                                                                                                     | 5.2          | 61,805                                                                    | 163,552                                                          |
|     | Penalties and other recoveries                                                                                                                                                                                                        |              | 780,636                                                                   | 400,063                                                          |
|     | Others                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |              | 962,934                                                                   | 2,249,025                                                        |
|     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |              | 6,881,107                                                                 | 6,927,353                                                        |
|     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |              | 28,290,100                                                                | 16,796,052                                                       |

**34.1** This represents revenue from contracts with customers.

**34.2** This represents dividend received from Pak-Arab Pipeline Company Limited, a related party.

34.3 Includes mark-up of Rs. 180,710 (2023: Rs. 4,873) from bank accounts under Islamic mode.

|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | Note                 | 2024                                                                                                                                                                             | 2023                                                                                                                                                                       |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 35. DISTRIBUTION AND MARKETING EXPENSES                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |                      |                                                                                                                                                                                  |                                                                                                                                                                            |
| Salaries, wages and benefits<br>Transportation costs<br>Depreciation on property, plant and equipment<br>Depreciation on right-of-use assets<br>Security and other services<br>Rent, rates and taxes<br>Repairs and maintenance<br>Insurance<br>Travelling and office transport<br>Printing and stationery<br>Communication<br>Utilities<br>Storage and technical services<br>Sales promotion and advertisement<br>Fees and subscription<br>Other expenses | 36.1<br>5.1.1<br>6.2 | 9,125,191<br>1,341,071<br>2,198,630<br>1,072,266<br>643,189<br>151,723<br>2,136,526<br>307,943<br>506,784<br>28,935<br>39,148<br>552,418<br>4,536<br>976,214<br>128,110<br>2,507 | 8,118,374<br>885,109<br>1,939,638<br>708,417<br>446,509<br>171,904<br>1,597,750<br>292,568<br>418,438<br>28,115<br>19,795<br>423,861<br>64,593<br>597,278<br>57,860<br>882 |

For the year ended June 30, 2024

|     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |                                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                           | (Amounts in Rs. '000)                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|-----|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | Note                                        | 2024                                                                                                                                                                                                      | 2023                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| 36. | ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |                                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                           |                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|     | Salaries, wages and benefits<br>Depreciation on property, plant and equipment<br>Depreciation on right-of-use assets<br>Amortisation<br>Security and other services<br>Rent, rates and taxes<br>Repairs and maintenance<br>Insurance<br>Travelling and office transport<br>Printing, stationery and advertisements<br>Communication<br>Utilities<br>Storage and technical services<br>Legal and professional<br>Auditors' remuneration<br>Contribution towards expenses of<br>Board of Management / Board of Directors<br>Donations<br>Fees and subscription | 36.1<br>5.1.1<br>6.2<br>7.3<br>36.3<br>36.4 | 4,245,012<br>431,954<br>93,940<br>170,467<br>78,718<br>72,856<br>640,181<br>336,929<br>281,378<br>50,333<br>60,388<br>156,480<br>168,934<br>412,342<br>32,787<br>32,670<br>395,183<br>39,146<br>7,699,698 | 3,301,975<br>325,466<br>61,601<br>112,554<br>60,572<br>46,173<br>426,818<br>319,538<br>159,906<br>32,447<br>43,065<br>129,703<br>139,875<br>458,858<br>25,590<br>21,030<br>569,763<br>34,595<br>6,269,529 |

**36.1** Salaries, wages and benefits also include charge of Rs. 90,240 (2023: Rs. 120,134) in respect of Holding Company's staff compensated absences. It also includes charge for gratuity, pension and medical benefits as mentioned in note 22 to these consolidated financial statements.

#### 36.2 Remuneration of Managing Director, Directors and Executives

**36.2.1** The aggregate charge for the year in respect of remuneration and benefits to the Managing Director and Executives are as follows:

|                                                                                                                                                   | 2024                                              |                                                                       | 2024 2023                                         |                                                                     |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                                                                                                                                                   | Managing<br>Director                              | Executives                                                            | Managing<br>Director                              | Executives                                                          |
| Managerial remuneration<br>Housing and utilities<br>Performance bonus<br>Retirement benefits<br>Leave encashment<br>Other allowances and benefits | 25,559<br>14,058<br>6,863<br>4,780<br>-<br>16,140 | 2,272,107<br>1,213,981<br>556,068<br>1,170,600<br>77,270<br>1,754,129 | 21,121<br>11,616<br>5,689<br>3,986<br>-<br>13,476 | 1,858,142<br>1,012,367<br>487,085<br>902,432<br>59,237<br>1,213,675 |
|                                                                                                                                                   | 67,400                                            | 7,044,155                                                             | 55,888                                            | 5,532,938                                                           |
| Number, including those who<br>worked part of the year                                                                                            | 1                                                 | 816                                                                   | 1                                                 | 633                                                                 |

- **36.2.2** The amount charged in respect of fee to 10 (2023: 14) non-executive directors aggregated to Rs. 27,200 (2023: Rs. 21,875).
- **36.2.3** In addition, the Managing Director and certain executives are provided with free use of the Group maintained cars. Further, the Managing Director and Executives are also entitled to avail medical facilities and other benefits as per the respective policies of the Holding Company and the Subsidiary Companies. In addition, certain executives of PRL are provided furnished accommodation within refinery premises according to their respective terms of employment.

### **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements**

For the year ended June 30, 2024

|      |                                                |        | (Amounts in Rs. '000) |
|------|------------------------------------------------|--------|-----------------------|
|      |                                                | 2024   | 2023                  |
| 36.3 | Auditors' remuneration                         |        |                       |
|      | Fee for the:                                   |        |                       |
|      | - audit of consolidated financial statements   | 1,495  | 1,495                 |
|      | - audit of unconsolidated financial statements | 16,357 | 7,757                 |
|      | - review of half yearly financial information  | 2,263  | 2,063                 |
|      | Tax certifications                             | 7,595  | 7,686                 |
|      | Other certifications                           | 3,270  | 3,698                 |
|      | Out of pocket expenses                         | 1,807  | 2,891                 |
|      |                                                | 32,787 | 25,590                |

**36.4** All donations are made to Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Trust which is an independent entity responsible for payment of donations except for Rs. 45,183 donated by PRL in respect of laptops and desktops to Indus Hospital, Childlife Foundation, Institute of Business Administration, Layton Rahmatullah Benevolent Trust, and Goread.pk and the amount donated to Citizen Foundation for provision of quality education. During the year, no donations have been paid to any donee / party in which any director of the Holding Company or Subsidiary Companies are interested.

|     |                                                                                                                                                                                    | Note  | 2024                              | 2023                            |
|-----|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| 37. | OTHER EXPENSES                                                                                                                                                                     |       |                                   |                                 |
|     | Research cost on refinery upgradation<br>Penalties                                                                                                                                 | 37.1  | 6,195,857<br>-                    | 2,175,700                       |
|     | Workers' Profit Participation Fund<br>Workers' Welfare Fund<br>Exchange loss arising on currency transactions - net<br>Provision against stores, spares, chemicals and loose tools | 27.13 | 2,587,980<br>1,047,537<br>685,091 | 1,482,398<br>599,334<br>212,387 |
|     | including capital stores<br>Others                                                                                                                                                 |       | -<br>57<br>10,516,522             | 43,419<br>2,093<br>4,515,331    |

**37.1** This represents costs incurred in respect of planning phase and other related studies for future upgradation and expansion of refinery.

|     |                                                                                                                                                       | Note | 2024                                                              | 2023                                                                  |
|-----|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------|-------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 38. | FINANCE COSTS                                                                                                                                         |      |                                                                   |                                                                       |
|     | Interest / mark-up on short-term borrowings in:<br>- local currency<br>- foreign currency                                                             | 38.1 | 8,591,925<br>40,922,096<br>49,514,021                             | 12,413,684<br>26,398,269<br>38,811,953                                |
|     | Mark-up on bank accounts under Islamic mode<br>Markup on long term loans<br>Mark-up on salary refinancing<br>Late payment surcharge and other charges |      | 3,374,624<br>817,192<br>-<br>1,228,400<br>5,420,216<br>54,934,237 | 1,604,866<br>145,015<br>6,355<br>1,882,701<br>3,638,937<br>42,450,890 |
|     | Finance cost on wharfage liability<br>Finance cost on lease liabilities                                                                               | 38.2 | 54,934,237<br>89,482<br>944,048<br>55,967,767                     | 42,430,890<br>98,910<br><u>860,580</u><br>43,410,380                  |

**38.1** Includes mark-up amounting to Rs. 5,856,402 (2023: Rs. 4,007,083) on facilities under Islamic mode and Rs. 35,065,694 (2023: Rs. 22,391,186) on facilities under conventional mode.

For the year ended June 30, 2024

(Amounts in Rs. '000)

**38.2** Includes mark-up and bank charges amounting to Rs. 13,922,987 (2023: Rs. 6,452,399) on facilities obtained from National Bank of Pakistan - a related party.

|      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | Note         | 2024                                                             | 2023                                                                   |
|------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 39.  | TAXATION                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |              |                                                                  |                                                                        |
|      | Current<br>- for the year<br>- for prior years - (net)<br>Deferred                                                                                                                                                                                | 11.1<br>39.1 | 18,471,975<br>(2,269,255)<br>16,202,720<br>238,866<br>16,441,586 | 13,722,608<br>(593,723)<br>13,128,885<br>(4,729,357)<br>8,399,528      |
| 39.1 | <b>Relationship between accounting profit and tax expense</b><br>Accounting profit before taxation, minimum tax<br>differential and final taxes                                                                                                   |              | 48,168,556                                                       | 29,929,323                                                             |
|      | Tax at the applicable tax rate of 29% (2023: 29%)<br>Tax effect of:<br>- Final tax regime and income subject to lower tax rate                                                                                                                    |              | 13,968,881<br>(452,246)                                          | 8,679,504<br>625,739                                                   |
|      | <ul> <li>Non-recognition of deferred tax on tax loss and<br/>deductible temporary differences of the Subsidiary Company</li> <li>Permanent differences</li> <li>Adjustments relating to prior years</li> <li>Super tax</li> <li>Others</li> </ul> |              | (2,269,255)<br>4,797,373<br>396,833<br>16,441,586                | 156,390<br>(134,487)<br>(593,723)<br>540,326<br>(874,221)<br>8,399,528 |
|      | Effective tax rate                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |              | 34%                                                              | 28%                                                                    |

**39.2** Reconciliation of current tax charged as per tax laws for the year, with current tax recognised in the profit or loss account, is as follows:

|                                                                                                                  | Note | 2024         | 2023         |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------|--------------|--------------|
| Current tax liability for the year as per applicable tax laws                                                    | 39.5 | 30,548,770   | 25,436,258   |
| Portion of current tax liability as per tax laws, representing income t<br>under IAS 12                          | ax   | (18,471,975) | (13,722,608) |
| Portion of current tax computed as per tax laws, representing levy in terms of requirements of IFRIC 21 / IAS 37 | n    | (12,076,795) | (11,713,650) |
| Difference                                                                                                       |      |              |              |

- **39.3** This represents portion of minimum tax paid under section 148 & 153 of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001, representing levy in terms of requirements of IFRIC 21 / IAS 37.
- **39.4** This represents final taxes paid under section 154 of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001, representing levy in terms of requirements of IFRIC 21 / IAS 37, and includes super tax thereon.
- **39.5** The aggregate of minimum / final tax and income tax, amounting to Rs. 30,548,770 represents tax liability of the Group calculated under the relevant provisions of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001.

For the year ended June 30, 2024

|     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |                                                                                          |                                                                                                                                                                                      | (Amounts in Rs. '000)                                                                                                                                                   |
|-----|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | Note                                                                                     | 2024                                                                                                                                                                                 | 2023                                                                                                                                                                    |
| 40. | EARNING PER SHARE - BASIC AND DILUTED                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |                                                                                          |                                                                                                                                                                                      |                                                                                                                                                                         |
|     | There is no dilutive effect on the basic earnings per share of the Holding Company, which is based on:                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |                                                                                          |                                                                                                                                                                                      |                                                                                                                                                                         |
|     | Profit for the year attributable to the owners of the Holding Company                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | у                                                                                        | 18,326,723                                                                                                                                                                           | 9,318,649                                                                                                                                                               |
|     | Weighted average number of ordinary shares in                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |                                                                                          | (Number                                                                                                                                                                              | of shares)                                                                                                                                                              |
|     | issue during the year                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |                                                                                          | 469,473,300                                                                                                                                                                          | 469,473,300                                                                                                                                                             |
|     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |                                                                                          | (Rup                                                                                                                                                                                 | ees)                                                                                                                                                                    |
|     | Earning per share - basic and diluted                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |                                                                                          | 39.04                                                                                                                                                                                | 19.85                                                                                                                                                                   |
|     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | Note                                                                                     | 2024                                                                                                                                                                                 | 2023                                                                                                                                                                    |
| 41. | CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATIONS                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |                                                                                          |                                                                                                                                                                                      |                                                                                                                                                                         |
|     | Profit before taxation, minimum tax differential and final taxes                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |                                                                                          | 48,168,556                                                                                                                                                                           | 29,929,323                                                                                                                                                              |
|     | Adjustments for:<br>Depreciation of property, plant and equipment<br>Depreciation of right-of-use assets<br>Amortisation of intangibles<br>Provision for write down to net realisable value<br>Loss on termination of leases<br>Provision for impairment on trade debts - net<br>(Reversal) / provision for impairment against doubtful other receivables - net<br>(Reversal) / provision for impairment against stores,<br>spares, chemicals and loose tools<br>Provision for retirement and other services benefits<br>Gain on disposal of operating assets<br>Share of (profit) / loss from associates - net of tax<br>Dividend income from FVOCI Investment<br>Interest on lease payments<br>Finance costs | 5.1.1<br>6.2<br>7<br>13<br>14.4<br>17.7.1<br>12.1<br>34<br>8.3.1<br>34<br>38<br>38<br>38 | 3,908,261<br>1,182,116<br>172,386<br>380,567<br>4,766<br>319,819<br>(58,481)<br>(75,250)<br>2,823,515<br>(61,805)<br>(1,645,162)<br>(194,475)<br>944,048<br>55,023,719<br>62,724,024 | 3,510,639<br>785,927<br>112,668<br>56,720<br>-<br>202,524<br>234,636<br>60,132<br>2,561,146<br>(163,552)<br>868,781<br>(325,546)<br>860,580<br>42,549,800<br>51,314,455 |
| 42. | Changes in:<br>- Stores, spares, chemicals and loose tools<br>- Stock-in-trade<br>- Trade debts<br>- Loans and advances<br>- Short-term deposits and prepayments<br>- Other receivables<br>- Investments<br>- Trade and other payables<br><b>CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS</b><br>Cash and cash equivalents comprise of the following items included<br>in the statement of financial position:<br>- Cash and bank balances                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | 18                                                                                       | (381,334)<br>8,929,286<br>12,709,447<br>(691,377)<br>866,707<br>(27,426,977)<br>(4,200,895)<br>6,902,033<br>(3,293,110)<br>107,599,470                                               | (1,350,503)<br>36,305,973<br>(73,032,665)<br>58,852<br>(809,757)<br>(53,255,413)<br>-<br>(187,532,639)<br>(279,616,152)<br>(198,372,374)<br>40,624,965                  |
|     | - Finances under mark-up arrangements                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | 30                                                                                       | (12,396,196)<br>7,993,705                                                                                                                                                            | (8,347,297)<br>32,277,668                                                                                                                                               |

For the year ended June 30, 2024

#### 43. SEGMENT INFORMATION

#### **43.1** Segment wise results are as follows:

| 0                                                                               | 2024                  |             |                                       | 2023                |                           |             |                       |           |                                  |                        |                           |             |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|-------------|-----------------------|-----------|----------------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------|-------------|
|                                                                                 | Petroleum<br>Products | LNG<br>     | Refining<br>Operation<br>(Rupees in r | Others<br>nillions) | Intergroup<br>Elimination | Total       | Petroleum<br>Products | LNG       | Refining<br>Operation<br>(Rupees | Others<br>in millions) | Intergroup<br>Elimination | Total       |
| Net Sales                                                                       | 2,528,617             | 1,033,886   | 305,540                               | 9,247               | (135,208)                 | 3,742,082   | 2,414,925             | 969,409   | 261,860                          | 6,778                  | (113,817)                 | 3,539,155   |
| Cost of products sold                                                           | (2,457,566)           | (1,008,227) | (290,690)                             | (8,667)             | 134,962                   | (3,630,188) | (2,366,142)           | (943,764) | (254,849)                        | (6,359)                | 116,364                   | (3,454,750) |
| Gross profit                                                                    | 71,051                | 25,659      | 14,850                                | 580                 | (246)                     | 111,894     | 48,783                | 25,645    | 7,011                            | 419                    | 2,547                     | 84,405      |
| Other income                                                                    | 16,864                | -           | 4,431                                 | 6,995               |                           | 28,290      | 9,111                 | -         | 4,068                            | 3,617                  |                           | 16,796      |
| Administrative, distribution and<br>marketing expenses                          | (20,853)              | (3,350)     | (2,034)                               | (678)               |                           | (26,915)    | (16,950)              | (3,052)   | (1,562)                          | (477)                  | -                         | (22,041)    |
| Reversal / (provision) for<br>impairment on financial assets - net              | (320)                 |             |                                       | 59                  |                           | (261)       | (502)                 |           |                                  | 65                     | -                         | (437)       |
| Other expenses                                                                  | (4,285)               | 1,223       | (6,870)                               | (583)               | -                         | (10,517)    | (1,293)               | 426       | (3,414)                          | (234)                  |                           | (4,515)     |
| Operating costs                                                                 | (25,458)              | (2,127)     | (8,904)                               | (1,204)             |                           | (37,693)    | (18,745)              | (2,626)   | (4,976)                          | (646)                  | -                         | (26,993)    |
| Profit from operations                                                          | 62,457                | 23,532      | 10,377                                | 6,371               | (246)                     | 102,491     | 39,149                | 23,019    | 6,103                            | 3,390                  | 2,547                     | 74,208      |
| Finance costs                                                                   | (12,564)              | (39,774)    | (3,630)                               | -                   |                           | (55,968)    | (11,651)              | (28,684)  | (3,075)                          |                        |                           | (43,410)    |
| Share of profit of associates - net of tax                                      |                       |             | 19                                    | 1,626               |                           | 1,645       |                       |           | (10)                             | (859)                  |                           | (869)       |
| Profit / (loss) before<br>taxation, minimum tax<br>differential and final taxes | 49,893                | (16,242)    | 6,766                                 | 7,997               | (246)                     | 48,168      | 27,498                | (5,665)   | 3,018                            | 2,531                  | 2,547                     | 29,929      |
| Minimum tax differential                                                        | -                     | (11,593)    | (10)                                  | -                   | -                         | (11,603)    | -                     | (10,639)  | (706)                            |                        |                           | (11,345)    |
| Final taxes                                                                     | (128)                 |             | (345)                                 |                     | -                         | (473)       | (100)                 | -         | (268)                            |                        | -                         | (368)       |
|                                                                                 | (128)                 | (11,593)    | (355)                                 | -                   | •                         | (12,076)    | (100)                 | (10,639)  | (974)                            | -                      | -                         | (11,714)    |
| Profit before taxation                                                          | 49,765                | (27,835)    | 6,411                                 | 7,997               | (246)                     | 36,092      | 27,398                | (16,304)  | 2,044                            | 2,531                  | 2,547                     | 18,216      |
| Taxation                                                                        | (11,976)              |             | (2,534)                               | (1,932)             |                           | (16,442)    | (7,349)               |           | (435)                            | (616)                  |                           | (8,400)     |
| Profit / (loss) for the year                                                    | 37,789                | (27,835)    | 3,877                                 | 6,065               | (246)                     | 19,650      | 20,049                | (16,304)  | 1,609                            | 1,915                  | 2,547                     | 9,816       |
|                                                                                 |                       |             |                                       |                     |                           |             |                       |           |                                  |                        |                           |             |

(Amounts in Rs. '000)

- **43.2** As referred in note 3.20 to these consolidated financial statements, the expenses have been allocated based on the sales volume in metric tons, which is in line with the basis of reporting to Management Committee.
- **43.3** Net sales in LNG segment relates to single customer.
- **43.4** Receivable and payable balances pertaining to LNG segment have been disclosed in notes 14.6 and 27.3 respectively. Moreover, majority of the remaining assets and liabilities pertains to the petroleum segment.
- **43.5** Out of total sales of the Group, 99.2% (2023: 99.3%) relates to customers in Pakistan. Further, all non-current assets of the Group as at June 30, 2024 are located in Pakistan.
- **43.6** The Group sells its products to dealers, OMCs, Government agencies and autonomous bodies, independent power projects and other corporate customers. Sales to five major customers of the Group are approximately 34% during the year ended June 30, 2024 (2023: 35%).
- **43.7** Out of total gross sales of the Group, sales amounting to Rs. 1,218,172,715 (2023: Rs. 1,201,662,102) relates to circular debt customers.

For the year ended June 30, 2024

|      |                                                                                                                                                                                                      |                              |                                                                                               | (Amounts in Rs. '000)                                                                          |
|------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|      |                                                                                                                                                                                                      | Note                         | 2024                                                                                          | 2023                                                                                           |
| 44.  | FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY                                                                                                                                                                    |                              |                                                                                               |                                                                                                |
| 44.1 | Financial assets as per statement of financial position                                                                                                                                              |                              |                                                                                               |                                                                                                |
|      | Fair value through other comprehensive income                                                                                                                                                        |                              |                                                                                               |                                                                                                |
|      | - Long-term investments - Pak-Arab Pipeline Company Limited                                                                                                                                          | 8                            | 4,558,321                                                                                     | 3,993,199                                                                                      |
|      | At amortised cost                                                                                                                                                                                    |                              |                                                                                               |                                                                                                |
|      | - Loans and advances<br>- Deposits<br>- Trade debts<br>- Other receivables<br>- Cash and bank balances                                                                                               | 14<br>18                     | 1,473,171<br>550,362<br>492,939,166<br>17,177,219<br>20,389,901<br>532,529,819<br>537,088,140 | 1,211,681<br>574,955<br>505,968,432<br>12,589,586<br>40,624,965<br>560,969,619<br>564,962,818  |
| 44.2 | Financial liabilities as per statement of financial position                                                                                                                                         |                              |                                                                                               |                                                                                                |
|      | At amortised cost                                                                                                                                                                                    |                              |                                                                                               |                                                                                                |
|      | <ul> <li>Long-term borrowings</li> <li>Lease liabilities</li> <li>Trade and other payables</li> <li>Unclaimed dividend</li> <li>Accrued interest / mark-up</li> <li>Short-term borrowings</li> </ul> | 23<br>24<br>28<br>30.5<br>30 | 3,000,000<br>8,370,484<br>296,637,424<br>1,640,667<br>5,424,511<br>428,997,487<br>744,070,573 | 2,000,000<br>7,255,856<br>293,607,533<br>1,581,095<br>11,999,938<br>452,539,602<br>768,984,024 |

#### 44.3 Fair values of financial assets and liabilities

A fair value measurement assumes that the asset or liability is exchanged in an orderly transaction between market participants to sell the asset or transfer the liability at the measurement date under current market conditions.

The carrying values of all financial assets and liabilities reflected in these consolidated financial statements approximate their fair values.

#### Fair value estimation

The Group discloses the financial instruments carried at fair value in the statement of financial position in accordance with the following fair value hierarchy:

- Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).
- Level 3: Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

As at June 30, 2024, except for the Holding Company's investment in Pak-Arab Pipeline Holding Company Limited, none of the financial instruments are carried at fair value. The valuation technique and assumptions used in fair valuation are disclosed in note 8.2 of these consolidated financial statements.

For the year ended June 30, 2024

### 45. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

#### 45.1 Financial risk factors

#### Introduction and overview

The Group has exposure to the following risks from financial instruments:

- market risk
- credit risk
- liquidity risk
- operational risk

This note presents information about the Group's exposure to each of the above risks, the Group's objectives, policies and processes for measuring and managing risk, fair value of financial instruments and the Group's management of capital.

#### Financial risk factors and risk management framework

The Group's overall risk management programme focuses on having cost effective funding as well as to manage financial risk to minimise earnings volatility and provide maximum return to shareholders.

The Group's objective in managing risk is the creation and protection of shareholders' value. Risk is inherent in the Group's activities but it is managed through monitoring and controlling activities which are based on limits established by the internal controls set on different activities of the Group by the Board of Management of the Holding Company and Board of Directors of the Subsidiary Company through specific directives. These controls and limits reflect the business strategy and market environment of the Group as well as the level of the risk that the Group is willing to accept.

The Group's finance department oversees the management of the financial risk reflecting changes in the market conditions and also the Group's risk taking activities, and provide assurance that these activities are governed by appropriate policies and procedures and that the financial risks are identified, measured and managed in accordance with the Group's policies and risk appetite.

#### (a) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the value of the financial instrument may fluctuate as a result of changes in foreign exchange rates, market interest rates or the equity prices due to a change in credit rating of the issuer or the instrument, change in market sentiments, speculative activities, supply and demand of securities and liquidity in the market. There has been no change in the Group's exposure to market risk or the manner in which this risk is managed and measured except for the fair valuation of Group's Investment in Pak-Arab Pipeline Company Limited.

Under market risk the Group is exposed to currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk (equity price risk).

#### (i) Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Group imports crude oil, petroleum products, LNG, chemicals and is exposed to currency risk, primarily with respect to foreign creditors for purchase of aforementioned products denominated in US Dollars (US\$ or USD).

For the year ended June 30, 2024

|                            |                  |                  | (Am                    | ounts in Rs. '000)     |  |
|----------------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------------|------------------------|--|
|                            | USD              | '000             | PKR                    |                        |  |
|                            | 2024             | 2023             | 2024                   | 2023                   |  |
| Trade payables<br>Advances | 592,838<br>2,630 | 375,882<br>2,173 | 165,156,762<br>732,684 | 107,727,228<br>622,642 |  |
|                            | Average rates    |                  | Spot rate              |                        |  |
|                            | 2024             | 2023             | 2024                   | 2023                   |  |
| USD to PKR                 | 283.47           | 247.90           | 278.59                 | 286.60                 |  |

The Group has incurred exchange losses of Rs. 3,763,294 (2023: Rs. 89,786,052) and Rs. 685,091 (2023: Rs. 212,387) that have been recognised as part of cost of products sold and other expenses respectively. Exchange losses recognised as part of cost of products sold of the Holding Company of Rs. 3,215,672 (2023: Rs. 83,569,576) have been recovered through the pricing mechanism.

Further, the Group has also availed foreign currency borrowing (FE-25) as of June 30, 2024. However, there is no foreign currency risk involved on these borrowings as detailed in note 17.5 to these consolidated financial statements.

#### (ii) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates.

The Group's interest rate risk arises from local creditors, security deposits, borrowings and running finance facilities amounting to Rs. 481,848,587 (2023: Rs. 525,527,988). These are benchmarked to variable rates which expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk only.

|                                                                                                                        | Carrying                                                                   | amount                                                                     |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                                                                                                                        | 2024                                                                       | 2023                                                                       |
| Variable rate instruments                                                                                              |                                                                            |                                                                            |
| Financial assets<br>- Saving accounts                                                                                  | 13,855,330                                                                 | 28,446,578                                                                 |
| Financial liabilities<br>- Long-term borrowings<br>- Short-term borrowings<br>- Local creditors<br>- Security deposits | (3,000,000)<br>(428,997,487)<br>(49,611,700)<br>(239,400)<br>(481,848,587) | (2,000,000)<br>(452,539,602)<br>(70,755,380)<br>(233,006)<br>(525,527,988) |
| Net financial liabilities at variable interest rates                                                                   | (467,993,257)                                                              | (497,081,410)                                                              |

#### Cash flow sensitivity analysis for variable rate instrument

A change of 100 basis points in interest rates at the year end would have increased or decreased the profit for the year and shareholder's equity by Rs. 2,854,759 (2023: Rs. 3,032,197). This analysis assumes that all other variables remain constant. The analysis is performed on the same basis as performed in 2023.

#### (iii) Equity price risk

Equity price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from currency risk or interest rate risk), whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument or its issuer, or factors affecting all similar financial instruments traded in the market.

For the year ended June 30, 2024

#### (Amounts in Rs. '000)

As at June 30, 2024, Group's investment in Pak-Arab Pipeline Company Limited is measured at fair value. Sensitivity related to risks have been disclosed in note 8.2.2.

#### (b) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss, without taking into account the fair value of any collateral. Concentration of credit risk arises when a number of counter parties are engaged in similar business activities or have similar economic features that would cause their ability to meet contractual obligations to be similarly affected by changes in economic, political or other conditions. Concentration of credit risk indicates the relative sensitivity of the Group's performance to developments affecting a particular industry.

Credit risk arises from balances with banks and financial institutions, trade debts, loans, advances, deposits and other receivables. The credit risk on liquid fund is limited because the counter parties are banks with reasonably high credit rating. The maximum exposure to credit risk before any credit enhancement is given below:

|                                    | 2024                                                   |             | 202                                   | 23                  |
|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|-------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------|
|                                    | Statement of Maximum<br>financial exposure<br>position |             | Statement of<br>financial<br>position | Maximum<br>exposure |
| Financial assets at amortised cost |                                                        |             |                                       |                     |
| - Loans and advances               | 1,473,171                                              | 1,473,171   | 1,211,681                             | 1,211,681           |
| - Deposits                         | 550,362                                                | 550,362     | 574,955                               | 574,955             |
| - Trade debts                      | 492,939,166                                            | 66,804,715  | 505,968,432                           | 126,449,643         |
| - Other receivables                | 17,177,219                                             | 17,144,166  | 12,589,586                            | 5,495,085           |
| - Bank balances                    | 20,376,391                                             | 20,376,391  | 40,610,731                            | 40,610,731          |
|                                    | 532,516,309                                            | 106,348,805 | 560,955,385                           | 174,342,095         |

Significant concentration of credit risk is on amounts due from Government agencies and autonomous bodies amounting to Rs. 430,053,810 (2023: Rs. 436,896,122). Credit risk on private sector other than retail sales is covered to the maximum possible extent through legally binding contracts. The Group attempts to control credit risk by monitoring credit exposures, limiting transactions with specific customers and continuing assessment of credit worthiness of customers. Sales to dealers are settled in cash or using short-term financial instruments. However, some of the Group's trade debts are secured by way of bank guarantees and security deposits.

Loans, advances, deposits, and other receivables as mentioned in notes 9, 10, 15, 16 and 17 other than those provided in these notes are neither past due nor impaired.

Based on the past experience, past track record of recoveries and forward looking information, the Group believes that the past due amount included in above trade debts (net of existing provision) does not require any further provision or impairment testing.

The credit quality of the Holding Company's bank balances can be assessed with reference to external credit ratings as follows:

For the year ended June 30, 2024

|                                            |            |           | (An        | nounts in Rs. '000) |  |
|--------------------------------------------|------------|-----------|------------|---------------------|--|
| Bank                                       | Date of    | Rating    | Rating     |                     |  |
|                                            | Rating     | agency    | Short term | Long term           |  |
| Allied Bank Limited                        | June 2024  | PACRA     | A1+        | AAA                 |  |
| Askari Bank Limited                        | June 2024  | PACRA     | A1+        | AA+                 |  |
| Bank Alfalah Limited                       | June 2024  | PACRA     | A1+        | AAA                 |  |
| Bank Al-Habib Limited                      | June 2024  | PACRA     | A1+        | AAA                 |  |
| Citibank N.A Pakistan Branches             | March 2024 | Moody's   | P-1        | Aa3                 |  |
| Faysal Bank Limited                        | June 2024  | PACRA     | A1+        | AA                  |  |
| Habib Bank Limited                         | June 2024  | VIS       | A-1+       | AAA                 |  |
| Habib Metropolitan Bank Limited            | June 2024  | PACRA     | A1+        | AA+                 |  |
| MCB Bank Limited                           | June 2024  | PACRA     | A1+        | AAA                 |  |
| Meezan Bank Limited                        | June 2024  | VIS       | A-1+       | AAA                 |  |
| National Bank of Pakistan                  | June 2024  | PACRA     | A1+        | AAA                 |  |
| Standard Chartered Bank (Pakistan) Limited | June 2024  | PACRA     | A1+        | AAA                 |  |
| United Bank Limited                        | June 2024  | VIS       | A-1+       | AAA                 |  |
| Soneri Bank Limited                        | June 2024  | PACRA     | A1+        | AA-                 |  |
| The Bank of Punjab                         | June 2024  | PACRA     | A1+        | AA+                 |  |
| JS Bank Limited                            | June 2024  | PACRA     | A1+        | AA                  |  |
| MCB Islamic Bank Limited                   | June 2024  | PACRA     | A-1        | A+                  |  |
| Bank of China - Pakistan Operations        | June 2024  | SP Global | A1         | A+                  |  |

#### Settlement risk

Settlement risk is the risk of loss due to the failure of an entity to honour its obligations to deliver cash or other assets as contractually agreed on sale. The risk is addressed more or less in accordance with the parameters set out in the credit risk management above.

#### (c) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk represents the risk that the Group will encounter difficulties in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and marketable securities, the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities. Due to dynamic nature of the business the Group maintains flexibility in funding by maintaining committed credit lines available.

The Group's liquidity management involves projecting cash flows and considering the level of liquid assets necessary to meet the financial liabilities, monitoring of liquidity ratios and maintaining debt financing plans.

The following are the contractual maturities of financial liabilities, including estimated interest payments:

#### Maturity analysis of financial liabilities

The table below analyses the Group's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the reporting date to the contractual maturity date and represents the undiscounted cash flows.

|                                                                           | Contractual maturity<br>Up to three months |                                        |  |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|--|
|                                                                           | 2024 2023                                  |                                        |  |
| <b>Financial liabilities</b><br>Trade and other payables                  | 296,637,424                                | 293,607,533                            |  |
| Unclaimed dividend<br>Accrued interest / mark-up<br>Short-term borrowings | 1,640,667<br>5,424,511<br>428,997,487      | 1,581,095<br>11,999,938<br>452,539,602 |  |
| Shore term borrowings                                                     | 732,700,089                                | 759,728,168                            |  |

For the year ended June 30, 2024

In respect of above, there were no liabilities with remaining contractual maturity of more than three months from reporting date. Further, maturity analysis of long-term borrowings and lease liabilities has been disclosed in note 23 and 24 respectively to the consolidated financial statements.

#### (d) Operational risk

Operational risk is the risk of direct or indirect loss arising from a wide variety of causes associated with the processes, technology and infrastructure supporting the Group's activities, either internally within the Group or externally at the Group's service providers, and from external factors other than credit, market and liquidity risks such as those arising from legal and regulatory requirements and generally accepted standards of operation behaviour. Operational risks arise from all of the Group's activities along with refinery segment.

Business Continuity Plans for respective areas are in place and tested. Work-from-home capabilities have been enabled for staff where required, while ensuring adequate controls to ensure that Group's information assets are adequately protected from emerging cyber threats.

The Group's objective is to manage operational risk so as to balance limiting of financial losses and damage to its reputation while achieving its business objective and generating returns for investors.

Primary responsibility for the development and implementation of controls over operational risk rests with the management of the Group. This responsibility encompasses the controls in the following areas:

- requirements for appropriate segregation of duties between various functions, roles and responsibilities;
- requirements for the reconciliation and monitoring of transactions;
- compliance with regulatory and other legal requirements;
- documentation of controls and procedures;
- requirements for the periodic assessment of operational risks faced, and the adequacy of controls and procedures to address the risks identified;
- ethical and business standards;
- risk mitigation, including insurance where this is effective; and
- operational and qualitative track record of the plant and equipment supplier and related service providers.

#### 45.2 Capital risk management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide adequate returns to shareholders and to benefit other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital. The Group is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements. The Group's overall strategy remains unchanged from 2023.

The Group manages its capital structure and makes adjustment to it in the light of changes in economic conditions. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders or issue new shares.

The capital structure of the Group consists of net debt consistent with other companies in the industry, the Group monitors the capital on the basis of the gearing ratio. This ratio is calculated as net debt divided by total capital. Net debt is calculated as total borrowings less cash and bank balances with lenders. Total capital is calculated as sum of equity shown in statement of financial position and net debt.

For the year ended June 30, 2024

The gearing ratios as at June 30, 2024 and 2023 are as follows:

(Amounts in Rs. '000)

|                                                                                                                                   | Note     | 2024                                                                                  | 2023                                                                                  |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Long-term borrowings<br>Short-term borrowings<br>Cash and bank balances with lenders<br>Net debt<br>Total equity<br>Total capital | 23<br>30 | 3,000,000<br>428,997,487<br>(20,376,391)<br>411,621,096<br>251,032,529<br>662,653,625 | 2,000,000<br>452,539,602<br>(40,610,731)<br>413,928,871<br>232,343,998<br>646,272,869 |
| Gearing ratio                                                                                                                     |          | 62.12%                                                                                | 64.05%                                                                                |

The Group finances its operations through equity, borrowings and management of working capital with a view to maintaining an appropriate mix between various sources of finance to minimise risk.

#### 46. TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

**46.1** Following are the related parties with whom the Group had entered into transactions or had agreements and / or arrangements in place during the year:

| Name of Related parties                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | Direct<br>Shareholding                                                  | Relationship                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Government of Pakistan<br>Pak-Arab Refinery Company Limited<br>K-Electric Limited<br>Pakistan International Airline Corporation Limited<br>Karachi Port Trust<br>Civil Aviation Authority<br>Pakistan Railways<br>National Insurance Company Limited<br>National Bank of Pakistan<br>Pakistan Steel Mills Corporation (Pvt.) Limited<br>PSO Employees Empowerment Trust<br>WAPDA Foundation | 22.47%<br>N/A<br>N/A<br>N/A<br>N/A<br>N/A<br>N/A<br>N/A<br>3.04%<br>N/A | Controlling Authority<br>Government related entity<br>Government related entity<br>Government related entity<br>State owned / controlled entities<br>State owned / controlled entities |
| Gas & Oil Pakistan Limited<br>Meezan Bank Limited<br>Overseas Investors Chamber of Commerce and Industry<br>Pak Grease Manufacturing Company (Private) Limited<br>Asia Petroleum Limited<br>Retirement benefit funds namely:<br>1. Pension funds<br>2. Gratuity funds and                                                                                                                   | N/A<br>N/A<br>22%<br>49%                                                | Common Directorship<br>Common Directorship<br>Common Directorship<br>Associate<br>Associate<br>Post employment benefits                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| 3. Provident fund<br>PSO CSR Trust<br>Board of Management - Oil<br>Pak-Arab Pipeline Company Limited<br>Water and Power Development Authority<br>Genco Holding Company Limited<br>Sui Northern Gas Pipelines Limited<br>Sui Southern Gas Company Limited<br>Oil Companies Advisory Council<br>Oil and Gas Development Company                                                               | N/A<br>N/A<br>12.5%<br>N/A<br>N/A<br>N/A<br>N/A<br>N/A                  | Trust Controlled by KMP<br>Charged with governance<br>Government Related Entity / Common Directorship<br>Government related entity<br>Government related entity / Common Directorship<br>Government related entity<br>Government related entity<br>Government related entity<br>Government related entity                                                                                                            |

For the year ended June 30, 2024

| Name of Related parties                  | Direct<br>Shareholding | Relationship                                       |
|------------------------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|
| Pakistan Petroleum Limited               | N/A                    | Government related entity / Common Directorship    |
| Oil and Gas Regulatory Authority (OGRA)  | N/A                    | Regulatory Authority - Government related entity   |
| Federal tax authorities                  | N/A                    | Regulatory Authorities - Government related entity |
| Pakistan National Shipping Corporation   | N/A                    | Government related entity                          |
| ABM Investment                           | N/A                    | Common Directorship                                |
| Digital Bridge (Pvt.) Limited            | N/A                    | Common Directorship                                |
| Marina City Developers                   | N/A                    | Common Directorship                                |
| Iman Construction (Pvt.) Limited         | N/A                    | Common Directorship                                |
| Prestige Communications (Pvt.) Ltd.      | N/A                    | Common Directorship                                |
| MM Management Consultants (Pvt.) Limited | N/A                    | Common Directorship                                |
| Hinopak Limited                          | N/A                    | Common Directorship                                |
| Sindh Insurance Limited                  | N/A                    | Common Directorship                                |
| Petromen Corporation - Saudi Arabia      | N/A                    | Common Directorship                                |
| Faisalabad Electric Supply Company       | N/A                    | Government related entity                          |
| Islamabad Electric Supply Company        | N/A                    | Common Directorship                                |
| Power Holding (Private) Limited          | N/A                    | Government related entity                          |
| Saudi Pak Investment Company             | N/A                    | Common Directorship                                |
| Mari Petroleum Company Limited           | N/A                    | Common Directorship                                |
| Saindak Metals Limited                   | N/A                    | Common Directorship                                |
| Flow Petroleum (Private) Limited         | N/A                    | Common Directorship                                |
| Petroleum Institute of Pakistan          | N/A                    | Common Directorship                                |
| Cnergyico Pk Limited                     | N/A                    | Common Directorship                                |
| Pakistan LNG Limited                     | N/A                    | Government related entity / Common Directorship    |
| Pakistan LNG Terminals Limited           | N/A                    | Government related entity                          |
| Gulzar G Khoja                           | N/A                    | Key management personnel                           |
| Abdus Sami                               | N/A                    | Key management personnel                           |
| Rashid Umer Siddigui                     | N/A                    | Key management personnel                           |
| Mohsin Ali Mangi                         | N/A                    | Key management personnel                           |
| Shah Mujadad Uddin Jawad                 | N/A                    | Key management personnel                           |
| Asif Aslam Khan                          | N/A                    | Key management personnel                           |
| Raja Imranullah Khan                     | N/A                    | Key management personnel                           |
| Mansoor Ismail                           | N/A                    | Key management personnel                           |
| Nadeem Afridi                            | N/A                    | Key management personnel                           |
| S Khawar Abbas Jillani                   | N/A                    | Key management personnel                           |
| Asad Raza Faiz                           | N/A                    | Key management personnel                           |
| Syed Moinuddin Balkhi                    | N/A                    | Key management personnel                           |
| Babar Hamid Chaudhary                    | N/A                    | Key management personnel                           |
| Muhammad Ali                             | N/A                    | Key management personnel                           |
| Muhammad Zeeshan Hyder                   | N/A                    | Key management personnel                           |
| Mir Shahzad Khan Talpur                  | N/A                    | Key management personnel                           |
| Brig. (R) Rizwan Ahmed                   | N/A                    | Key management personnel                           |
| Syed Sajjad                              | N/A                    | Key management personnel                           |
| Shamail Sharaf Shah                      | N/A                    | Key management personnel                           |
| Raja Muhammad Faisal Abdullah            | N/A                    | Key management personnel                           |
| Ghulam Murtaza Sheikh                    | N/A                    | Key management personnel                           |
| Ayesha Afzal                             | N/A                    | Key management personnel                           |
| lyshah Faizan                            | N/A                    | Key management personnel                           |
| Om Perkash                               | N/A                    | Key management personnel                           |
| Irfan Raouf Malik                        | N/A                    | Key management personnel                           |
| Nida Yousuf                              | N/A                    | Key management personnel                           |
| Syed Muhammad Taha                       | N/A                    | Key management personnel / Director                |
| Asad Rehman Gilani                       | N/A                    | Director                                           |
| Hassan Mehmood Yousufzai                 | N/A                    | Director                                           |
|                                          | N/A                    | Director                                           |
| Asif Baigmohamed                         | IN/A                   | Director                                           |
| Ahmed Jamal Mir                          | N/A                    | Director                                           |

(Amounts in Rs. '000)

# Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended June 30, 2024

| Name of Related parties | Direct<br>Shareholding | Relationship |
|-------------------------|------------------------|--------------|
| Mushtaq Malik           | N/A                    | Director     |
| Shahbaz Tahir Nadeem    | N/A                    | Director     |
| Waheed Ahmed Shaikh     | N/A                    | Director     |

**46.2** Related parties comprise of associates, retirement benefit funds, state owned / controlled entities, GoP and its related entities, and key management personnel. Details of transactions with the related parties during the year is in accordance with accounting and reporting standards. The transactions with related parties other than those disclosed elsewhere in these consolidated financial statements, are as follows:

|                                                          |                                  | 2024    | 2023    |
|----------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------|---------|
| Name of related parties and relationship with the Group  | Nature of transactions           |         |         |
| Associates                                               |                                  |         |         |
| - Pak Grease Manufacturing Company<br>(Private) Limited  | Purchases                        | 24,995  | 66,337  |
| - Asia Petroleum Limited                                 | Income facility charges          | 644,483 | 119,096 |
|                                                          | Pipeline charges                 |         | 119,291 |
| - Overseas Investors Chamber of<br>Commerce and Industry | Services received                | 400     | 300     |
| - Meezan Bank Limited                                    | Services received                | 11      | 2       |
| Retirement benefit funds                                 |                                  |         |         |
| - Pension funds - Holding Company                        | Charge for the year              | 618,334 | 721,296 |
|                                                          | Contributions                    | 600,965 | 213,700 |
| - Gratuity Fund - Holding Company                        | Charge for the year              | 706,951 | 597,096 |
|                                                          | Contributions                    | 727,213 | 219,750 |
| - Provident Fund - Holding Company                       | Charge for the year              | 222,283 | 205,196 |
|                                                          | Contributions                    | 222,283 | 205,196 |
| - Contributory pension funds - Holding Company           | Charge for the year              | 231,617 | 225,437 |
|                                                          | Contributions                    | 231,617 | 225,437 |
| - Management Pension Fund - Subsidiary                   | Charge for the year              | 19,834  | 128,824 |
|                                                          | Contributions                    | 143,065 | 128,824 |
| - Non-Management Pension Fund - Subsidiary               | Charge for the year              | 31,262  | 20,638  |
|                                                          | Contributions                    | 31,262  | 20,638  |
| - Management Gratuity Fund - Subsidiary                  | Charge for the year              | 54,460  | 24,746  |
|                                                          | Contributions                    | 31,649  | 24,746  |
| - Non-Management Gratuity Fund - Subsidiary              | Charge / (reversal) for the year | 765     | (849)   |
|                                                          | Contributions                    | -       |         |
| - Management Provident Fund - Subsidiary                 | Charge for the year              | 116,385 | 103,220 |
|                                                          | Contributions                    | 116,385 | 103,220 |

For the year ended June 30, 2024

2024 2023 Name of related parties and Nature of transactions relationship with the Group Key management personnel Managerial remuneration 515,865 439,681 Housing and utilities 141,904 126,804 Performance bonus 67,693 60,674 Other allowances and benefits 253,762 198,606 Retirement benefits 127,568 106,815 Leave encashment Vehicles having net book value of Rs. 3,497 (2023: Rs. 3,990) transferred under employee car scheme (sale proceeds) 3,497 5,873

#### 46.3 Related parties by virtue of GoP holdings

The Federal Government of Pakistan directly holds 22.47% of the Holding Company's issued share capital and is entitled to appoint members of the Board of Management under the provisions of the Marketing of Petroleum Products (Federal Control) Act, 1974, for the management of the affairs of the Holding Company. The Holding Company, therefore, considers that the GoP is in a position to exercise control over it and therefore, regards the GoP and its various bodies as related parties for the purpose of the disclosures in respect of related parties.

The Group has availed the exemption available to it under its reporting framework, and therefore has not provided detailed disclosures of its transactions with GoP related entities, except for transactions stated below, which the group considers are significant:

|                                                          |                                                    | 2024                        | 2023                       |
|----------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|
| Name of related parties and relationship with the Group  | Nature of transactions                             |                             |                            |
| - Government of Pakistan                                 | Dividend paid<br>Price differential claim received | 791,281<br>7,061,448        | 1,055,041                  |
| - PSOCL Employees Empowerment<br>Scheme                  | Dividend paid to the Trust                         | 106,977                     | 142,636                    |
| - Board of Management                                    | Contribution                                       | 32,670                      | 26,870                     |
| - Pak-Arab Pipeline Company Limited                      | Pipeline charges<br>Dividend received              | 7,979,319<br>194,475        | 7,732,152<br>325,546       |
| - Distribution Companies                                 | Utility charges                                    | 268,805                     | 187,647                    |
| - Gas & Oil Pakistan Limited                             | Gross sales                                        | 2,278,965                   | 1,634,941                  |
| - Oil and Gas Development<br>Company Limited             | Gross sales<br>Purchases                           | 6,173,614<br>3,612,200      | 2,117,551                  |
| - Pakistan Petroleum Limited                             | Purchases                                          | 69,755                      | 99,749                     |
| - GENCO                                                  | Gross sales                                        | 1,766,436                   | 3,497,652                  |
| - Pakistan International Airlines<br>Corporation Limited | Gross sales<br>Purchases                           | 51,642,091<br><u>11,322</u> | 54,381,904<br><u>4,712</u> |
| - Pakistan Railways                                      | Gross sales                                        | 34,474,769                  | 28,245,674                 |

(Amounts in Rs. '000)

For the year ended June 30, 2024

|                                                         |                                                                   |                                                  | (Amounts in Rs. '000)                                  |
|---------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|
|                                                         |                                                                   | 2024                                             | 2023                                                   |
| Name of related parties and relationship with the Group | Nature of transactions                                            |                                                  |                                                        |
| - Pak-Arab Refinery Company Limited                     | Gross sales<br>Purchases<br>Pipeline charges<br>Services rendered | 32,407,018<br>662,899,559<br>1,604,598<br>21,866 | 5,586,849<br>537,374,553<br>1,516,857<br><u>31,330</u> |
| - Government Holdings (Private) Limited                 | Purchases                                                         |                                                  | 1,612,540                                              |
| - Sui Northern Gas Pipelines Limited                    | Gross sales                                                       | 1,216,406,279                                    | 1,140,232,271                                          |
| - Sui Southern Gas Company Limited                      | Purchases                                                         |                                                  | 306,432                                                |
| - Petroleum Institute of Pakistan                       | Services received                                                 | 14,902                                           | 6,055                                                  |
| - K-Electric Limited                                    | Gross sales<br>Income facility charges<br>Utility charges         | 20,885,004<br>8,959<br>297,828                   | 90,792,362<br>39,441<br><u>222,649</u>                 |

The transactions described below are collectively but not individually significant to these consolidated financial statements and therefore have been described below:

- (i) The Group sells petroleum products to various Government bodies in the normal course of its business and has banking relationship with institutions controlled by GoP. As an Oil Marketing Group, Oil and Gas Regulatory Authority (OGRA) is the regulatory authority of the Group.
- (ii) The Group collects income tax, sales tax, federal excise duty and petroleum levy in capacity of withholding agent on behalf of GoP. The Group also pays various taxes and duties to different regulatory authorities including Federal Board of Revenue and custom authorities.
- (iii) The Group incurs rental charges in respect of storage facilities at Keamari terminal and at various airports which are paid to Karachi Port Trust and Civil Aviation Authority, respectively. The Group also utilises port facilities of Port Qasim Authority and Karachi Port Trust.
- (iv) The Group has obtained insurance cover for its inventory and fixed assets from National Insurance Company Limited.
- (v) The Group utilises carriage services of Pakistan National Shipping Corporation and Pakistan Railway for movement of its petroleum products.
- (vi) The Group obtains utility services from Civil Aviation Authority, Sui Northern Gas Pipelines Limited and Sui Southern Gas Company Limited on account of utility charges.
- (vii) The Group has obtained various financing facilities from National Bank of Pakistan.
- (viii) The Group also pays dividend to various Government related entities who are shareholders of the Group.
- **46.4** The status of outstanding receivables from and payables to related parties as at June 30, 2024 are included in respective notes to these consolidated financial statements.
- **46.5** Contributions to staff retirement benefit funds are in accordance with the terms of the service rules. Remuneration of key management personnel are in accordance with the terms of the employment / appointment. Other transactions with the related parties are carried out at agreed terms.

For the year ended June 30, 2024

(Amounts in Rs. '000)

- **46.6** Dividend income is recorded on the basis of dividend / rates declared by the related party. Dividend paid is recorded on the basis of rates declared by the Group.
- **46.7** All the transactions with directors have been disclosed in note 36.2 to these consolidated financial statements.

#### 47. PROVIDENT FUND RELATED DISCLOSURES

The investments out of the provident funds have been made in accordance with the provisions of Section 218 of the Companies Act, 2017 and the conditions specified there under.

#### 48. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING DATE

The Board of Management of the Holding Company in its meeting held on August 27, 2024 proposed (i) a final cash dividend of Rs. 10/- per share amounting to Rs. 4,694,734, (ii) Nil % Bonus shares (Nil shares) for approval of the members at the Annual General Meeting.

#### 49. CAPACITY AND ACTUAL PERFORMANCE

| Lube Manuf | acturing Plant | Crude Ref | ining Plant |
|------------|----------------|-----------|-------------|
|            | Metri          | c Ton     |             |
| 2024       | 2023           | 2024      | 2023        |
| (Note      | e 49.1)        | (Note     | 49.2)       |
| 70,000     | 70,000         | 2,133,705 | 2,133,705   |
| 41,918     | 43,788         | 1,482,468 | 1,342,20    |

**49.1** The above pertains to production from Lube Manufacturing Plant of the Group and the production is carried out as per sales demand.

**49.2** The production from the Crude Refining Plant of the Group is carried at the level which gives optimal yield of products.

|     |                                             | 2024  | 2023  |
|-----|---------------------------------------------|-------|-------|
| 50. | NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES                         |       |       |
|     | Total employees as at June 30               | 2,490 | 2,506 |
|     | Average number of employees during the year | 2,505 | 2,545 |

#### 51. GENERAL

The figures have been rounded off to nearest thousand Rupees unless otherwise stated.

#### 52. DATE OF AUTHORISATION FOR ISSUE

These consolidated financial statements were approved and authorised for issue on August 27, 2024 by the Board of Management.

Sved Muhammad Taha **Managing Director & CEO** 

Mushtaq Malik Member - Board of Management

**Chief Financial Officer** 





# Energy with Durpose

For over 48 years, PSO has been honored to serve the nation with dedication and passion. As we continue to grow and expand our reach, we remain deeply committed to the people who are at the heart of our purpose. Our Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) programs and community uplift initiatives are designed to make a profound impact, empowering communities and transforming lives across Pakistan.

With every initiative, we strive to create a ripple effect of hope, opportunity, and positive change. Our commitment to giving back and making a difference remains unshakeable, driven by our vision of a brighter, more prosperous future for all. We believe that by investing in the people and communities we serve, we are building a stronger, more resilient nation, and a better tomorrow.

# **Stakeholders' Information**

### **Stake Holders' Engagement Policy**

PSO cultivates trust with its stakeholders by embracing a transparent and open communication approach, understanding that clear and consistent messaging is vital to nurturing strong relationships and a positive reputation. These stakeholder communications are carefully aligned with regulatory requirements, striking a balance between transparency and the safeguarding of sensitive corporate information.

# Stake Holders' Identification and Engagement

A stakeholder is any party that has a stake or interest in a company's activities, performance, or future. This includes both internal stakeholders, such as employees and shareholders, and external stakeholders, like customers, suppliers, partners, and regulatory authorities. Stakeholders can either affect or be affected by the company's business, making their engagement and consideration crucial to its success.

PSO recognizes the significance of its stakeholder relationships and adopts a comprehensive approach to identify, engage, and manage these connections. By leveraging various channels, touch points, and research studies, the company ensures strong, collaborative relationships that yield win-win outcomes for both PSO and its stakeholders. Through a combination of formal and informal interactions, the company maintains regular and periodic open dialogue with its diverse stakeholder community, which includes but is not limited to:

#### **Government of Pakistan**

As the majority shareholder, the Government of Pakistan holds a significant stake in PSO. It actively participates in decision-making processes, provides policy direction, and ensures the company's compliance with regulatory frameworks.

#### **Employees**

The company fosters a culture of open communication and collaboration through its open-door policy, encouraging continuous interaction among employees at all levels. A highly motivated and competent workforce is the cornerstone of PSO's human resource strategy, driving business success. The company prioritizes regular employee engagement, recognizing its significance in boosting performance and achieving strategic objectives. To support its employees' well-being, PSO has invested in a state-of-the-art health and recreation club and a fully equipped medical center. Additionally, the company focuses on employee development through training programs and cross-functional engagements, empowering its employees

to grow professionally and contribute to the company's success.

#### Customers

The customer service department at PSO provides top-tier support, ensuring prompt resolution of customer complaints and queries. Customer satisfaction is paramount, driving the company's long-term success and sustainability. PSO's customer portfolio includes dealers, distributors, and industries, with whom the company engages in an ongoing dialogue. Regular conferences and forums facilitate open communication, enabling PSO to understand customer expectations, gather feedback, and adapt its offerings to meet their needs.

#### **Suppliers**

The company's continued growth is attributed, in part, to its strategic alliances with reputable and reliable suppliers. Through continuous engagement, including vendor conferences, pre-bid meetings, and informal discussions, PSO nurtures these relationships, ensuring alignment with its business needs and promoting an environment that drives mutual success.

#### Shareholders/Investor

PSO focuses on building and maintaining strong relationships with its shareholders through transparent communication and active engagement. To facilitate informed investment, the company maintains a transparent and up-to-date online presence, providing easy access to relevant information on its website. Quarterly and annual financial statements, as well as notices, are promptly uploaded to the stock exchange website. PSO encourages shareholder participation in Annual General Meetings and briefing sessions, providing a platform for investors to raise questions, express concerns, and share valuable insights. This collaborative approach enables PSO to leverage shareholder expertise, address areas for improvement, and refine its strategies to achieve optimal performance and drive long-term success.

#### Regulators

PSO operates within a highly regulated market, necessitating ongoing engagement with key stakeholders, including OGRA, ministries, and other regulatory bodies across local, provincial, and federal levels. To ensure effective collaboration, the company's senior management maintains regular, high-level dialogue with government officials, addressing various issues pertinent to the company and the broader oil industry. This strategic engagement enables PSO to provide valuable insights and input, influencing regulatory directives and shaping the policy landscape to support the company's interests and industry growth.

#### **Banks**

The treasury department engages in regular discussions with premier banks to identify optimal borrowing and trade financing solutions, capitalizing on its well-established connections with the country's top financial players. While substantial receivables from the Power Sector and SNGPL necessitate occasional bank borrowings, PSO's robust banking relationships facilitate advantageous negotiations, resulting in reduced interest rates, superior financing terms, and exceptional customer service, which collectively enhance the company's EPS.

#### Media

As a key driver of success, media management has become an essential component of PSO's communications strategy. The company maintains a strong media presence through a multi-channel approach, utilizing press releases, TVCs, social media, and its website to share its achievements, financial results, CSR activities, and corporate news with the public. This proactive engagement generates awareness, builds brand equity, and reinforces PSO's reputation as a responsible and innovative industry leader.

#### **Analysts**

PSO conducts comprehensive briefing sessions to share in-depth information on its financial results and address analysts' questions on performance and future growth prospects. By engaging with analysts, the management acknowledges their influential role in shaping investor sentiment and market expectations. These sessions provide PSO with valuable market intelligence, competitor analysis, and fresh perspectives, ultimately supporting informed decision-making, attracting potential investors, and enhancing the company's reputation among stakeholders.

### **Analyst and Corporate Briefings**

The company recognizes the value of corporate and security analyst briefings to disseminate important information about announced results and address analysts' inquiries regarding future prospects. The management acknowledges the significance of analysts' perspectives on the company's future outlook.

During the briefing session conducted in FY24, a range of important topics were discussed which included the company's brief, group structure, business lines, Industry's highlights, company's operational and financial highlights, the Group's financial highlights, and PSO's future outlook.

Additionally, the following is a summary of the significant discussions that took place during the session:

- Global price fluctuations' impact on profitability
- Circular debt resolution proposals and plans
- PRL expansion project status and potential impact on PSO
- Prospects for recovering SNGPL receivables were also discussed

By addressing these important topics, the briefing session allowed for a comprehensive understanding of the company's performance, challenges, and future prospects.

PSO's Board has taken the certain- steps to solicit and understand stakeholder views through corporate briefing sessions as given below:

- 1. Implemented a regular briefing session policy to keep stakeholders informed and engaged
- 2. Provided comprehensive updates on company performance, including operational, financial, and strategic developments
- 3. Facilitated open discussions on critical topics and encouraged stakeholder participation, questions, and feedback
- 4. Fostered a transparent and informed environment to minimize speculation and misinterpretation

### **Corporate Benefits to Shareholders**

PSO is focused on delivering long-term value to its shareholders through a strategic approach centred on operational excellence, financial resilience, innovation, and diversification.

This vision has yielded tangible results in FY24, with a 49.7% increase in market price of the company's shares and a proposed 100% dividend payout, subject to approval at the Annual General Meeting.

Moreover, the Total Shareholder Return (TSR) for this period stands at an impressive 47.7%, reflecting the company's strong performance and attractive investment proposition.

# **Stakeholders' Information**

# Resolution of Concerns raised at the Last AGM

Safeguarding and maximizing the shareholders' value is an important goal of the company. The company's Annual General Meeting is one of the most effective ways to engage its shareholders, wherein all queries and concerns of the shareholders are addressed and their advice for future actions is encouraged. No significant issues were raised at the last AGM.

# Encouragement of the Shareholders to attend the General Meetings

PSO actively encourages its shareholders to participate in the general meetings, recognizing the value of their attendance. To ensure transparency and compliance, the notice of these meetings is circulated well within the regulatory time frame.

The company publishes the notice in prominent Urdu and English newspapers that reach a large audience across the nation. As part of its commitment to keeping shareholders informed, PSO diligently updates the company's website with all relevant notices pertaining to the general meetings.

### Presence of Chairperson of Board Audit & Compliance Committee at AGM

The Chairperson Board Audit & Compliance Committee attended the AGM for the FY23 to answer questions on the committee's activities, matters within the scope of the committee's responsibilities and any other related questions.

### **Redressal of Investors' Grievances**

The Company Secretariat actively engages with investors by promptly addressing their queries, responding to their requests for information, and resolving their grievances through PSO's Share Registrar. So far, there have been no grievances from the shareholders.

# Investors' Relations Section on PSO's Website

The company disseminates information to its investors and shareholders through a mix of information exchange platforms, including its corporate website, maintained in both English and Urdu Languages under the applicable regulatory framework. The website is updated regularly to provide detailed and latest company information including but not limited to financial highlights, investor information, dividend and other requisite information.

As at June 30, 2024

| No. of       | Having Shares |         | Having Shares Shares Held |  |
|--------------|---------------|---------|---------------------------|--|
| Shareholders | From          | То      |                           |  |
|              |               |         |                           |  |
| 6,966        | 1             | 100     | 232,856                   |  |
| 5,495        | 101           | 500     | 1,589,319                 |  |
| 2,964        | 501           | 1,000   | 2,365,774                 |  |
| 5,451        | 1,001         | 5,000   | 13,408,028                |  |
| 1,281        | 5,001         | 10,000  | 9,285,862                 |  |
| 501          | 10,001        | 15,000  | 6,256,495                 |  |
| 255          | 15,001        | 20,000  | 4,507,881                 |  |
| 183          | 20,001        | 25,000  | 4,202,223                 |  |
| 120          | 25,001        | 30,000  | 3,315,133                 |  |
| 53           | 30,001        | 35,000  | 1,742,639                 |  |
| 79           | 35,001        | 40,000  | 2,991,886                 |  |
| 41           | 40,001        | 45,000  | 1,747,198                 |  |
| 56           | 45,001        | 50,000  | 2,720,466                 |  |
| 50           | 50,001        | 55,000  | 2,622,035                 |  |
| 27           | 55,001        | 60,000  | 1,559,100                 |  |
| 21           | 60,001        | 65,000  | 1,321,457                 |  |
| 22           | 65,001        | 70,000  | 1,502,185                 |  |
| 16           | 70,001        | 75,000  | 1,171,242                 |  |
| 14           | 75,001        | 80,000  | 1,089,421                 |  |
| 15           | 80,001        | 85,000  | 1,239,393                 |  |
| 10           | 85,001        | 90,000  | 880,308                   |  |
| 11           | 90,001        | 95,000  | 1,027,199                 |  |
| 13           | 95,001        | 100,000 | 1,278,766                 |  |
| 6            | 100,001       | 105,000 | 611,523                   |  |
| 6            | 105,001       | 110,000 | 640,296                   |  |
| 5            | 110,001       | 115,000 | 560,732                   |  |
| 3            | 115,001       | 120,000 | 355,129                   |  |
| 7            | 120,001       | 125,000 | 869,212                   |  |
| 2            | 125,001       | 130,000 | 257,500                   |  |
| 5            | 130,001       | 135,000 | 665,966                   |  |
| 4            | 135,001       | 140,000 | 553,339                   |  |
| 2            | 140,001       | 145,000 | 285,770                   |  |
| 5            | 145,001       | 150,000 | 747,992                   |  |
| 6            | 150,001       | 155,000 | 910,696                   |  |
| 4            | 155,001       | 160,000 | 636,010                   |  |
| 2            | 160,001       | 165,000 | 328,000                   |  |
| 4            | 165,001       | 170,000 | 672,386                   |  |
| 4            | 170,001       | 175,000 | 696,596                   |  |
| 3            | 175,001       | 180,000 | 530,487                   |  |
| 2            | 180,001       | 185,000 | 364,961                   |  |

As at June 30, 2024

| No. of       | Havin   | g Shares | Shares Held |
|--------------|---------|----------|-------------|
| Shareholders | From    | То       |             |
| 5            | 185,001 | 190,000  | 935,466     |
| 1            | 190,001 | 195,000  | 194,200     |
| 8            | 195,001 | 200,000  | 1,597,696   |
| 1            | 205,001 | 210,000  | 208,451     |
| 3            | 210,001 | 215,000  | 639,985     |
| 3            | 215,001 | 220,000  | 654,888     |
| 3            | 220,001 | 225,000  | 669,466     |
| 2            | 225,001 | 230,000  | 451,076     |
| 2            | 230,001 | 235,000  | 466,433     |
| 3            | 235,001 | 240,000  | 709,875     |
| 5            | 245,001 | 250,000  | 1,250,000   |
| 3            | 250,001 | 255,000  | 758,984     |
| 3            | 255,001 | 260,000  | 774,539     |
| 1            | 260,001 | 265,000  | 260,451     |
| 2            | 265,001 | 270,000  | 537,457     |
| 2            | 270,001 | 275,000  | 549,000     |
| 3            | 285,001 | 290,000  | 863,960     |
| 2            | 290,001 | 295,000  | 587,000     |
| 2            | 295,001 | 300,000  | 600,000     |
| 1            | 300,001 | 305,000  | 300,001     |
| 2            | 305,001 | 310,000  | 616,291     |
| 2            | 310,001 | 315,000  | 626,000     |
| 1            | 320,001 | 325,000  | 321,853     |
| 1            | 325,001 | 330,000  | 330,000     |
| 1            | 345,001 | 350,000  | 350,000     |
| 2            | 350,001 | 355,000  | 704,260     |
| 1            | 355,001 | 360,000  | 356,662     |
| 1            | 385,001 | 390,000  | 386,345     |
| 2            | 390,001 | 395,000  | 788,000     |
| 6            | 395,001 | 400,000  | 2,395,751   |
| 1            | 400,001 | 405,000  | 400,629     |
| 1            | 410,001 | 415,000  | 410,720     |
| 2            | 415,001 | 420,000  | 835,209     |
| 1            | 425,001 | 430,000  | 428,493     |
| 1            | 445,001 | 450,000  | 448,934     |
| 1            | 465,001 | 470,000  | 466,188     |
| 1            | 475,001 | 480,000  | 477,480     |
| 1            | 480,001 | 485,000  | 480,500     |
| 1            | 490,001 | 495,000  | 492,500     |
| 1            | 495,001 | 500,000  | 495,168     |
| 2            | 520,001 | 525,000  | 1,045,427   |
|              | ,       |          | .,,,        |

| No. of<br>Shareholders         From         To           2         540,001         545,000           2         545,001         550,000           1         550,001         555,000           1         550,001         560,000           1         555,001         560,000           1         570,001         575,000           2         585,001         590,000           1         570,001         575,000           2         585,001         590,000           1         590,001         595,000           1         590,001         600,000           1         600,001         605,000           3         620,001         625,000           1         640,001         645,000           1         645,001         650,000           1         700,001         705,000           1         700,001         705,000 | Shares Held<br>1,083,600<br>1,096,135<br>554,146<br>559,764<br>575,000<br>1,174,703<br>593,760<br>600,000<br>602,511<br>1,865,450<br>640,500<br>650,000<br>703,359 |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 2545,001550,0001550,001555,0001555,001560,0001570,001575,0002585,001590,0001590,001595,0001595,001600,0001600,001605,0003620,001625,0001640,001645,0001645,001650,0001700,001705,000                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | 1,096,135<br>554,146<br>559,764<br>575,000<br>1,174,703<br>593,760<br>600,000<br>602,511<br>1,865,450<br>640,500<br>650,000                                        |
| 2545,001550,0001550,001555,0001555,001560,0001570,001575,0002585,001590,0001590,001595,0001595,001600,0001600,001605,0003620,001625,0001640,001645,0001645,001650,0001700,001705,000                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | 1,096,135<br>554,146<br>559,764<br>575,000<br>1,174,703<br>593,760<br>600,000<br>602,511<br>1,865,450<br>640,500<br>650,000                                        |
| 1550,001555,0001555,001560,0001570,001575,0002585,001590,0001590,001595,0001595,001600,0001600,001605,0003620,001625,0001640,001645,0001645,001650,0001700,001705,000                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | 554,146<br>559,764<br>575,000<br>1,174,703<br>593,760<br>600,000<br>602,511<br>1,865,450<br>640,500<br>650,000                                                     |
| 1555,001560,0001570,001575,0002585,001590,0001590,001595,0001595,001600,0001600,001605,0003620,001625,0001640,001645,0001645,001650,0001700,001705,000                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | 559,764<br>575,000<br>1,174,703<br>593,760<br>600,000<br>602,511<br>1,865,450<br>640,500<br>650,000                                                                |
| 1570,001575,0002585,001590,0001590,001595,0001595,001600,0001600,001605,0003620,001625,0001640,001645,0001645,001650,0001700,001705,000                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | 575,000<br>1,174,703<br>593,760<br>600,000<br>602,511<br>1,865,450<br>640,500<br>650,000                                                                           |
| 2585,001590,0001590,001595,0001595,001600,0001600,001605,0003620,001625,0001640,001645,0001645,001650,0001700,001705,000                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | 1,174,703<br>593,760<br>600,000<br>602,511<br>1,865,450<br>640,500<br>650,000                                                                                      |
| 1590,001595,0001595,001600,0001600,001605,0003620,001625,0001640,001645,0001645,001650,0001700,001705,000                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | 593,760<br>600,000<br>602,511<br>1,865,450<br>640,500<br>650,000                                                                                                   |
| 1595,001600,0001600,001605,0003620,001625,0001640,001645,0001645,001650,0001700,001705,000                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | 600,000<br>602,511<br>1,865,450<br>640,500<br>650,000                                                                                                              |
| 1600,001605,0003620,001625,0001640,001645,0001645,001650,0001700,001705,000                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | 602,511<br>1,865,450<br>640,500<br>650,000                                                                                                                         |
| 3620,001625,0001640,001645,0001645,001650,0001700,001705,000                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | 1,865,450<br>640,500<br>650,000                                                                                                                                    |
| 1640,001645,0001645,001650,0001700,001705,000                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | 640,500<br>650,000                                                                                                                                                 |
| 1     645,001     650,000       1     700,001     705,000                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | 650,000                                                                                                                                                            |
| 1 700,001 705,000                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |                                                                                                                                                                    |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |                                                                                                                                                                    |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | 723,949                                                                                                                                                            |
| 1 735,001 740,000                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | 740,000                                                                                                                                                            |
| 2 790,001 795,000                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | 1,583,814                                                                                                                                                          |
| 2 795,001 800,000                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | 1,595,544                                                                                                                                                          |
| 1 920,001 925,000                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | 921,295                                                                                                                                                            |
| 1 930,001 935,000                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | 931,023                                                                                                                                                            |
| 1 955,001 960,000                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | 960,000                                                                                                                                                            |
| 2 995,001 1,000,000                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | 2,000,000                                                                                                                                                          |
| 2 1,000,001 1,005,000                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | 2,005,952                                                                                                                                                          |
| 1 1,035,001 1,040,000                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | 1,037,411                                                                                                                                                          |
| 1 1,100,001 1,105,000                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | 1,102,387                                                                                                                                                          |
| 1 1,110,001 1,115,000                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | 1,111,013                                                                                                                                                          |
| 1 1,130,001 1,135,000                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | 1,131,115                                                                                                                                                          |
| 1 1,155,001 1,160,000                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | 1,159,800                                                                                                                                                          |
| 1 1,190,001 1,195,000                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | 1,195,000                                                                                                                                                          |
| 1 1,215,001 1,220,000                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | 1,215,674                                                                                                                                                          |
| 1 1,235,001 1,240,000                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | 1,235,198                                                                                                                                                          |
| 1 1,260,001 1,265,000                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | 1,260,358                                                                                                                                                          |
| 1 1,295,001 1,300,000                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | 1,297,746                                                                                                                                                          |
| 1 1,505,001 1,510,000                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | 1,509,912                                                                                                                                                          |
| 1 1,555,001 1,560,000                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | 1,559,935                                                                                                                                                          |
| 1 1,585,001 1,590,000                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | 1,587,600                                                                                                                                                          |
| 1 1,750,001 1,755,000                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | 1,751,416                                                                                                                                                          |
| 4 1,825,001 1,830,000                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | 7,309,746                                                                                                                                                          |
| 1 1,965,001 1,970,000                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | 1,967,438                                                                                                                                                          |
| 1 1,995,001 2,000,000                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | 1,998,665                                                                                                                                                          |
| 1 2,495,001 2,500,000                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | 2,500,000                                                                                                                                                          |
| 1 2,550,001 2,555,000                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | 2,550,526                                                                                                                                                          |

As at June 30, 2024

| No. of       | Having Shares |             | Shares Held |
|--------------|---------------|-------------|-------------|
| Shareholders | From          | То          |             |
| 1            | 2,575,001     | 2,580,000   | 2,577,942   |
| 1            | 2,595,001     | 2,600,000   | 2,600,000   |
| 1            | 2,615,001     | 2,620,000   | 2,620,000   |
| 1            | 3,440,001     | 3,445,000   | 3,442,008   |
| 1            | 3,590,001     | 3,595,000   | 3,593,946   |
| 1            | 3,870,001     | 3,875,000   | 3,873,456   |
| 1            | 4,460,001     | 4,465,000   | 4,463,131   |
| 1            | 4,635,001     | 4,640,000   | 4,636,069   |
| 1            | 4,810,001     | 4,815,000   | 4,810,602   |
| 1            | 10,145,001    | 10,150,000  | 10,148,193  |
| 1            | 11,995,001    | 12,000,000  | 12,000,000  |
| 1            | 14,260,001    | 14,265,000  | 14,263,568  |
| 1            | 27,135,001    | 27,140,000  | 27,136,862  |
| 1            | 34,480,001    | 34,485,000  | 34,482,883  |
| 1            | 35,310,001    | 35,315,000  | 35,312,785  |
| 1            | 37,755,001    | 37,760,000  | 37,757,477  |
| 1            | 105,500,001   | 105,505,000 | 105,504,134 |

23,871

469,473,300

As at June 30, 2024

### **Shareholders' Categories**

|                                                                                                                                    | No. of<br>Shareholders | No. of<br>Shares Held                  | %                      |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------------------|------------------------|
| Members - Board of Management, Chief Executive Officer<br>and their spouse and minor children                                      | -                      | -                                      | -                      |
| Associated companies, undertakings and related parties:                                                                            |                        |                                        |                        |
| Government of Pakistan<br>GoP's indirect holding:- PSOCL Employees Empowerment Trust                                               | 1<br>1                 | 105,504,134<br>14,263,568              | 22.47<br>3.04          |
| NIT and ICP                                                                                                                        | 4                      | 34,728,088                             | 7.40                   |
| Banks, Development Financial Institutions, Non-Banking Financial Institutions<br>Insurance Companies<br>Modarabas and Mutual Funds | 29<br>20<br>91         | 52,894,585<br>43,067,466<br>65,085,615 | 11.28<br>9.17<br>13.86 |
| Shareholders holding 10% or more voting rights:                                                                                    | -                      | -                                      | -                      |
| General Public:                                                                                                                    |                        |                                        |                        |
| Resident<br>Non-resident                                                                                                           | 22,660<br>695          | 97,018,785<br>1,657,386                | 20.67<br>0.35          |
| Others:                                                                                                                            |                        |                                        |                        |
| Non-Resident Companies<br>Public Sector Companies & Corporations and Joint Stock Companies<br>Employee Trusts / Funds etc.         | 74<br>145<br>151       | 22,462,394<br>12,499,054<br>20,292,225 | 4.78<br>2.66<br>4.32   |
|                                                                                                                                    | 23,871                 | 469,473,300                            | 100.00                 |

# **Shareholders' and Investors' Information**

### **Annual General Meeting**

The annual shareholders' meeting will be held at 11:00 am on October 24, 2024 at Grand Ballroom, Pearl Continental Hotel, Karachi.

### **Managing Director & CEO's Interview**

MD & CEO's presentation regarding PSO's performance, business overview, strategy and outlook may be viewed on the company's website https://www.psopk.com/en/investors/financial.

### **Shareholders' Enquiries**

Enquiries about the shareholding, dividends should be directed either to Company's Registered Office or Share Registrar at the following address:

M/s. CDC Share Registrar Services Limited, CDC House, 99-B, Block 'B', S.M.C.H.S., Main Shahrah-e-Faisal, Karachi-74400.

 Tel:
 (Toll Free) 0800-CDCPL (23275)

 Fax:
 (92-21) 34326053

 Email:
 info@cdcsrsl.com

 Website:
 www.cdcsrsl.com

### **Quarterly Reports**

The company publishes interim reports at the end of the first, second and third quarters of the financial year. The interim reports for the preceding year can be accessed at PSO's website (http://www.psopk.com) or printed copies may be obtained by writing to the Company Secretary.

### **Annual Report**

PSO's Annual Report serves as a comprehensive overview of the company's performance throughout the year, while offering valuable insights into the future prospects.

The Annual Report may be downloaded from the company's website (http://www.psopk.com) or printed copies may be obtained by writing to the Company Secretary.

### **Stock Exchange Listing**

Pakistan State Oil's shares are traded on Pakistan Stock Exchange. The symbol code for dealing in shares of Pakistan State Oil Company Limited is "PSO".

340

# Glossary

As Low as Reasonably Practical (ALARP) Automated Teller Machines (ATMs) Automobile Track Services Pakistan (ATS) Board of Management (BoM) Business to business (B2B) Business to consumer (B2C) Calendar Year (CY) Capital expenditure (Capex) Chief Executive Officer (CEO) Company owned and company operated (CoCo) Compressed Natural Gas (CNG) Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Collective Bargaining Agent (CBA) Earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization (EBITDA) Economic Coordination Committee (ECC) Environment Social Governance (ESG) Enterprise resource planning (ERP) Financial Year (FY) Fleet management tank lorries (FMTL) Furnace Oil (FO) Government of Pakistan (GoP) Gross Domestic Product (GDP) Gross profit (GP) Habib Bank Limited (HBL) Heavy diesel engine oil (HDEO) Health, safety and environment (HSE) Hi-Cetane Diesel/High Speed Diesel (HSD) Human Resource (HR) Incident response plan (IRP) Independent Power Producers (IPPs) Industrial Relations (IR) Information Technology (IT) International Monetary Fund (IMF) IT disaster recovery plan (IT DRP) let Fuel (IP-1) Keamari Korangi Link Pipeline (KKLP) Keamari Terminal A (KTA) Key Performance Indicator (KPI) Liquefied Natural Gas (LNG) Liquefied Natural Gas (LNG) Liquefied Petroleum Gas (LPG) Lubricant Manufacturing Terminal (LMT) Managing Director (MD)

Memorandum of Understanding (MoU) Million British Thermal Unit (MMBTU) Ministry of Energy (MoE) Mobile quality testing units (MQTUs) Motor Gasoline (MoGas) Mobile quality testing units (MQTUs) National Bank of Pakistan (NBP) National environmental quality standards (NEQS) National Examination Board in Occupational Safety and Health (NEBOSH) National Highways Authority (NHA) National Highways & Motorway Police (NH&MP) National Command and Operation Centre (NCOC) Near field communication (NFC) Net profit (NP) Oil Companies Advisory Council (OCAC) Oil & Gas Regulatory Authority (OGRA) Oil Marketing Company (OMC) Pakistan Investment Bonds (PIBs) Pakistani Rupee (PKR.) Pakistan State Oil (PSO) Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited (PSX) Passenger car motor oil (PCMO) Price Earnings Ratio (P/E) Profit after tax (PAT) Premier Motor Gasoline (PMG) Quarter (Qtr) Quick Response (QR) Research octane number (RON) Securities & Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) Secure Sockets Layer (SSL) US Dollar (USD) User experience (UX) User interface (UI) Vendor Invoice Management System (VIMS) White Oil Pipeline (WOP) Zulfiqarabad Oil Terminal (ZOT)

#### Feedback

Our commitment to maintaining the highest levels of transparency and accountability has been instrumental in driving our success in annual reporting. We welcome any questions or concerns you may have regarding the contents of this report and encourage you to contact us using the following information:

Email: brand.management@psopk.com

Tell: +92 21 111 111 776 (PSO), Ext.: 2845 | Ta'aluq Care Line: 0800-03000 | Website : www.psopk.com



ريورٹ برائے شيئر ہولڈرز

مالی سال 24 م<sup>ر</sup>ینی عوامل کی وجہ سے نمایاں طور پر متاثر ہوا، جن میں ٹیکس کی بلند شرحیں، بلند مالی لا گتیں اور مغربی سرحدوں سے غیر قانونی آئل کی بہت زیادہ آمد شامل ہیں۔ان چیلنجز کا آنے والے سال میں بھی برقر ارر بنے کا امکان ہے، جس سے کمپنی پر سلسل مالی دباؤ پڑ ہے گا۔

ا گطےسال، پی ایس اومندرجہ ذیل اہداف کی طرف توجہ مرکوز کیے ہوئے اور پر عزم ہے:

- پائیدارمالیاتی کچک: پی ایس اوکا مقصد مالی انتظام کے لیےایک باضا بطہ طریقہ کارکو یقینی بنانا ہے، جو معاشی غیریقینی صورتِ حال کا مقابلہ کرنے اور اسٹریجگ نمو کے اقد امات میں سرما یہ کاری کرنے کے لیے کمپنی کی مسلسل صلاحیت کو یقینی بنا تا ہے۔
- آپریشنل ایکسی لینس: کمپنی کی مؤثر طریقے سے کام کرنے، حفاظت کو یقینی بنانے، اور بہترین خدمات فراہم کرنے کی مسلسل جنتو جاری رہے گی، جس سے اس کے تمام آپریشنز میں مسلسل بہتری آئے گی۔
- جدت طرازی اور تنوع: پیش بنی سوچ کواپناتے ہوئے پی ایس اواپنے صارفین کی بڑھتی ہوئی ضروریات کو پورا کرنے کے لیے جدید ٹیکنالوجیز ، متبادل توانائی کے ذرائع اورجد یدکاروباری ماڈلز کی تلاش کرےگی۔
- ، سماجی ذمہداری: ساجی ذمہداری پی ایس اوکی ایک ترجیح بنی ہوئی ہے کیونکہ بیکیونٹ کی ترقی اور ماحولیاتی استحکام پر مثبت اثر ڈالنے کے لیےکوشاں ہے۔
  - کاروباری نمواوراستعداد سے کممل استفادہ: پیٹرول اور ڈیزل میں مارکیٹ شیئر کو برقر اررکھنا،لبریکنٹس اورایل پی جی کاروباروں میں اضافہ، جبکہ:
  - 0 کاروباری عمل کی ری انجینئر نگ اور ڈیجیٹل تبدیلی کے ذریعے آپریشنل کارکردگی میں بہتری جاری رکھنا۔
- 0 کاروبارکوفروغ دینے کے لیے منصوبوں پر حکمت عملی کے تحت شراکت داریوں کو فروغ دینا

**معلومات اورمفر وضات کے ذرائع** کمپنی نے مختلف معتبر ذرائع سے بڑے پیانے پر معلومات جمع کی ہیں <sup>ج</sup>ن میں وزارت

خزانه اور حکومت پاکستان کے ساتھ ساتھ پاکستان آٹو موبائل مینوفی چررز ایسوسی ایش جیسے نمایاں اداروں کی اشاعتیں بھی شامل ہیں۔

پی ایس اونے عالمی بینک ، بین الاقوامی مالیاتی فنڈ اورایشیائی تر قیاتی بینک جیسے عالمی سطح پر تشلیم شدہ اداروں کی معلومات پر بھی انحصار کیا ہے۔

ہم کمپنی میں غیر متزلزل حمایت اور اعتماد کے لیے اپنے شیئر ہولڈرز، صارفین، کاروباری شراکت داروں اور ملاز مین کا شکر یہ ادا کرتے ہیں۔ ہم رہنمائی اور اعتماد کے لیے، حکومت پاکستان، بالخصوص وزارت توانائی (پڑولیم ڈویڑن) کے بھی شکر گزار ہیں۔ مستقبل میں، ہم پی ایس اوکونی بلندیوں پر لے جانے اور مزید نمایاں کا میابیاں حاصل کرنے کے لیے پرعز مہیں۔

سيّد محمد طهٰ منیجنگ ڈ ائر یکٹر اور سی ای او

27 اگست 2024ء

كراچى

ب آصف بیگ محمد چیزین بورژ آف مینجنٹ

343

اسٹر یی تجگ کرنگ اندیش ایٹوز کے ذریع مستقبل کے لیے تیار شیلنٹ کو پروان چڑ ھانا پی ایس او 30 سے زائد کورسز پر مشتمل سیھنے کے مواقع فراہم کر کے مستقبل کے لیے تیار افرادی قوت کی پرداخت کے لیے پرعز م ہے جس کا مقصد تما مسطحوں کے ملاز مین کو ہنر مند بنانا ہے۔ مالی سال 24ء لا کے دوران ملاز مین کی نمواور پرداخت میں سرما یہ کاری کر کے، کمپنی پیچیدہ دشواریوں سے نمٹنے، جدت طراز کی کو فروغ دینے اور کا روباری کا میابی کو مہمیز دینے کے لیے تیارا یک اعلیٰ کارکردگی کا مظاہرہ کرنے والی شیم تشکیل دے رہی ہے۔

اسٹریٹجک تعادن کے ذریعے نگی جہتوں کی دریافت

پی ایس او عالمی صنعت کے بڑے اداروں ، آ را ملواور سائنو پیک کے ساتھ اسٹر ینجگ اتحاد قائم کرر ، ی ہے، تا کہ گرین فیلڈریفائنری اور پیٹر ویسیکل کمپلیس کا آ غاز کیا جا سکے اور ایف ڈبلیواو کے ساتھ شالی پاکستان میں وائٹ آئل پائپ لائن کا اہم بنیادی ڈھانچہ تیار کیا جا سکے اس اشتر اک نے علاقائی ترقی ، جدت طرازی اور بنیادی ڈھانچے کی تو سیچ کے لیے محرک کے طور پر کام کیا ہے ۔

### پش بنی بیان

بی ایس او پاکستان میں توانائی فراہم کرنے والے ایک اہم ادارے کی حیثیت سے اپنی حیثیت کو برقر ارر کھنے پر توجہ مرکوز کیے ہوئے ہے، جس میں متحرک توانائی کے منظر نا مے کو میز رفماری اور دوراندیش کے ساتھ متحرک کیا گیا ہے۔ کمپنی چیلنجوں سے نمٹ رہی ہے اور مواقع سے استفادہ کررہی ہے، اسلیک ہولڈرز کوطویل مدتی قدر فراہم کرنے اور پائیدار ترقی کو آگے بڑھانے کی اپنی صلاحیت کے لیے پُر اعتماد ہے۔ کمپنی کا نصب العین پاکستان کوتوانائی کے روشن مستقبل کی جانب لے جانا ہے، جو معاشی ترقی کو ماحولیاتی قیادت اور ساجی ذمہ داری کے ساتھ ہم آہتگ کرے۔

گرد بی قرضوں کے اہم مسل سے نمٹنے کے لیے پی ایس اونے حکومت کو جامع تجاویز پیش کی ہیں جواس وقت زیر غور ہیں کے مینی اس اہم معاملے کوحل کرنے کے لیے حکومت کے ساتھ تعمیر کی اشتراک کی توقع کرتی ہے، کیونکہ یہ مستقبل کی ترقی اور استحکام پر دور رس اثرات مرتب کرےگا۔

معاشی اظہار یوں میں بہتری، جدید کار دباری حکمت عملی اور گردشی قرضوں کی وصولیوں میں کمی کے ساتھ اس سے آئندہ برسوں میں غیر معمولی حصص داروں کی قدر کی تخلیق اور ٹاپ کوارٹائل کار کر دگی متوقع ہے۔ رہی ہےتا کہ تصفیحاایک واضح فریم ورک قائم کیا جا سکے، جس میں نفذ اور غیر نفذ دونوں حل تلاش کیے جاسکیں۔ پی ایس اوکو یقین ہے کہ اس کی اسٹریٹج کوششوں سے وقت کے ساتھ ساتھ حکومتی وصولیوں میں نمایاں کمی آئے گی جس سے مالی استحکا مکوتفویت ملے گی۔

سال کے دوران ڈبلیواے تی او جی کے کامیاب عمل درآمد سے گیس سے متعلق گردش قرضے کومؤ تر طریقے سے کنٹر ول کرنے کی توقع ہے، جس سے مزید قرض جع ہونے سے روکا جا سکے گااور پی ایس اوکی مالی کچک میں اضافہ ہوگا۔

### مستقبل کی طلب کی تیاری کے لیے اپنے اثاثوں کے بنیادی ڈھانچے کی استعدادادر سا کھیں اضافہ

پی ایس او نے سال کے دوران اپنی اسٹور بنج کی صلاحیت میں نمایاں اضافہ کیا، 000،91 ٹن نے اسٹور بنج کا اضافہ کیا اور 48،000 ٹن موجودہ اسٹور بنج کی بحالی کی۔ کمپنی نے سال کے لیے 90 فیصد سے زیادہ کی متاثر کن دستیابی حاصل کی ،جس سے اس کے اسٹور بنج انفر اسٹر کچر کا زیادہ سے زیادہ استعال یقینی ہو گیا۔

### ایس این جی پی ایل اورایس ایس جی سی پی او کے ساتھ سەفریقی معاہدے پر عملدرآ مدے ذریعے ایل این جی کاروبارکو بہتر بنانا

پی ایس اواپنے ایل این جی کاروبار کو بہتر بنانے کے لیے ایس این جی پی ایل اور ایس ایس جی سی کے ساتھ سەفریقی معاہد ے پر فعال طور پڑ ممل پیرا ہے۔ ایس این جی پی ایل کے ساتھ مسلسل کوششوں اور مستعد فالواپ کے باوجود، کوئی تسلی بخش حل ابھی تک ممکن نہیں ہوا ہے۔ کمپنی کی کوششوں سے ابھی تک متوقع متائج برآ مدنہیں ہوئے ہیں، اور پی ایس اواس اہم شعبے میں پیش رفت کو آگے بڑھانے کے لیے متبادل حل کی تلاش جاری رکھے ہوئے ہے۔

### کاروباری پراسس کی ری انجینتر تک اور ڈیجیٹل ٹرانسفا رمیشن کواپنا کر آپریشٹل استعداد کار میں مسلسل اضافہ پی ایس اوا یک نمایاں تبدیلی سے گز ری ہے اور کار کردگی اور شفافیت کوفر وغ دینے کے لیے اپنی پڑولیم مصنوعات کی ویلیو چین کو کمل طور پر ڈیجیٹلا تز کیا ہے۔ یہ دوررس تبدیلی منصوبہ بندی، خریداری، لا جنگس اور فروخت کو مربوط کرتی ہے، فرسودہ دسی پر اس کو جدید ڈیجیٹل پلیٹ فارم کے ساتھ تبدیل کیا گیا ہے۔ کاروباری ذہانت کی طاقت سے فائدہ اٹھاتے ہوئے، کمپنی نے ایک ہموار، ڈیٹا سے چلنے والا ماحولیاتی نظام تشکیل دیا ہے چوسنعت کے لیے ایک نئی مثال قائم کرتا ہے۔

ر پورٹ برائے شیئر ہولڈرز

| پاکستانی روپ(ملین) | فندر                                          |
|--------------------|-----------------------------------------------|
| 6,262              | پی ایس اوسی ایل مینجمنٹ ایم پلا ئیز بنیشن فنڈ |
| 5,785              | پی ایس اوسی ایل در کرز اسٹاف پنشن فنڈ         |
| 6,508              | پی ایس اوسی ایل ڈیفائند کنٹری بیوثن پنشن فنڈ  |
| 3,577              | پی ایس اوسی ایل اسٹاف پراویڈنٹ فنڈ            |
| 1,885              | پی ایس اوسی ایل ایم پلائیز پراویڈنٹ فنڈ       |
| 7,669              | پې ايس اوسى ايل اسٹاف گريجو يڭ فنڈ            |

- دورانِ سال، بورڈ آف مینجنٹ کے 27 اجلاس منعقد ہوئے اور ہررکن کی حاضری صفحہ \_\_ پر دی گئی ہے۔
  - 30 جون، 2024ء تک، بورڈ کی ساخت مندرجہ ذیل تھی:

#### بور داركان كىكل تعداد:

| 09 | مرد:    |
|----|---------|
| -  | خواتين: |

# ترتيب وتشكيل

| نام                                   | درجه بندی             |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| <ul> <li>جناب آصف بيگ محد</li> </ul>  | خود مختارارکان:       |
| • جناب احمد جمال مير                  |                       |
| • جناب مشتاق ملک                      |                       |
| • جناب وحيداجم شيخ                    |                       |
| • جناب اسدرخمن گیلانی                 | نان الميكر يكثواركان: |
| • جناباوليس منظور شمرا                |                       |
| • جناب <sup>ح</sup> سن محمود یوسف زئی |                       |
| • جناب شهباز طاهرنديم                 |                       |
| • سيدمحدطه                            | ا گیزیکٹوارکان        |

- بورڈ کمیٹیوں کے ارکان کے نام صفحہ نمبر \_\_\_\_ اور \_\_\_\_ پر دیے گئے ہیں۔
  - شیئر ہولڈنگ کا پیڑن صفحہ نمبر\_\_\_\_\_ پر منسلک ہے۔

یورڈ آف مینچمنٹ کے ارکان، منیجنگ ڈائر پکٹر اورس ای او کے معاوضہ پیکیج کو نوٹ میں غیرمر بوط مالی بیانات میں ظاہر کیا گیاہے۔

سمپنی کی رپورٹ کے صفحہ \_\_\_\_ پر بورڈ کی جانب سے انٹر پرائز ریسورس پلاننگ (ای آر پی ) سے استفادے کے ساتھ ساتھ سا ئبر سیکورٹی کے اقدامات اور منسلک خطرات سے متعلق اہم اظہار شامل کیے گئے ہیں۔

**گذشتہ برس کے پیش بندی اقدامات کے حوالے سے** کمپنی کی کارکردگی ملک بھر میں اپنے کاروباری آپریشنز میں کارکردگی اور حفاظت کی اعلی ترین سطح کو برقرار رکھتے ہوئے گذشتہ برس کیے گئے پیش بندی اقدامات سے ضمن میں کمپنی کی کارکردگی

پی ایس او کے کار پوریٹ کلچر میں ایچ ایس ای پوری طرح پیوست ہے اور کمپنی کے بنیادی مقاصد کا ایک اہم جزو ہے۔ تمام سہولیات، احاطے اور ریٹیل شاپس میں کمپنی کے کاروباری آپریشنز کی حفاظت کو یقینی بنانا اولین ترجیح ہے۔ مالی سال 24ء لا پی ایس او کے لیے ایک اہم کا میا بی تھی، جس میں تمام سہولیات، احاطوں اور ریٹیل شاپس پر کوئی ہلاکت خیز حاد خدر پورٹ نہیں ہوا۔

### پٹرول اورڈیزل میں مارکیٹ شیئر کو برقر ارر کھنے کے ساتھ ساتھ لبریکنٹس اور ایل پی جی کاروبارکی نمو پر مضبوط توجہ

الیں اونے ڈاؤن اسٹریم زمرے میں نمایاں کامیابی حاصل کی اور چیلنجز پر قابو پاتے ہوئے وائٹ آئل میں 51.6 فیصد مارکیٹ شیئر حاصل کیا جو گذشتہ سال کے مقالبے میں 50.6 فیصد زیادہ ہے۔ بینمو مارکیٹ کی حرکیات میں اسٹر یتجگ تبدیلی کی وجہ سے ہوئی، جس میں ڈیزل مارکیٹ شیئر میں 2 فیصد کی کمی شامل ہے، جو 53.2 فیصد پر بند ہوئی، اور پیڑول میں 45.8 فیصد کا نمایاں مارکیٹ شیئر حاصل ہوا۔ کمپنی نے او ایم سی پر من لبریکینٹ مارکیٹ میں قدم جمائے اور 429،38 مٹن فروخت کے ساتھ 26.9 فیصد مارکیٹ شیئر حاصل کیا۔ سال بہ سال 7.7 فیصد اضافہ۔

مالی استحکام کو بہتر بنانے کے لیے سرکاری اداروں سے وصولیوں کو کم کرنا پی ایس اوسر کاری اداروں کی جانب سے واجب الا داوصولیوں کے اہم مسئلے کو حل کرنے کی کوششوں کو تیز کررہی ہے، جواس وقت اس کی ضروری لیکو یڈیٹی پوزیشن کو متاثر کررہا ہے۔ اس سے سنٹنے کے لیے کمپنی مختلف سطحوں پر سرکاری اداروں کے ساتھ ل کر کا م کر پی ایس او تیکس کی ادائیگی کے حوالے سے اپنے عزم پر کار بند ہے۔ کمپنی تمام کسیسز، ڈیوٹیز، لیویز،اوردیگر مالی ذمہداریوں کوقانونی میعادوں کے مطابق فوری طور پرادا کرنے کویٹینی بنانے میں بہت فخر محسوس کرتی ہے۔

حکومت پاکستان کی پالیسیاں اور انرات پی ایس اوا یک باضا بطر فریم ورک کے تحت کا م کرتی ہے جہاں حکومت پاکستان پٹرولیم مصنوعات کی قیمتیں اور مارکیٹ کے لائق خصوصیات کا تعین کرتی ہے۔ کار بن کے اثرات میں کی کے عالمی منظرنا ہے کی بنا پر حکومت ایس پالیسیاں وضع کرر ہی ہے جن کا مقصد پڑولیم مصنوعات کی طلب کو وسط تا طویل مدتی لحاظ ہے کم کرنا ہے، نیز جن میں پی ایس او کی مستقبل کی ترقی اور اسٹر یکجگ منصوبہ بندی کے لیے چیلنجز اور مواقع دونوں پیش کیے جائیں گے۔

انتظام خطر (رسك مينجمنه)

معروف آئل مارکیٹر اور سرکاری ادارے کی حیثیت سے پی ایس اواپنے آپریشنز میں انتظام خطر کے حوالے سیختاط نقط نظرا پناتی ہےاورا پنی کاروباری حکمت عملی کے ساتھ ہم آہنگ رہتے ہوئے عالمی بہترین طریقوں پرعمل پیرا ہے۔ خطرے کیا یک جامع جائزے کاانعقاد کیا گیا ہے جس میں کمپنی کے کاروباری ماڈل ، منتقبل کی کارکردگی اور مالی استحکام کے لیے کلیدی خطرات کی نشاند ہی کی گئی ہے۔

اس جامع جائزے میں ممکنہ خطرات، خطر کو برداشت کرنے کی سطح، اوران کو کم کرنے کے لیےانتظامی فریم ورک اور پالیسیوں کا احاطہ کیا گیا ہے۔ نتائج کو خطرے اور مواقع کی تفصیلی رپورٹ میں دستادیزی طور پر محفوظ کرلیا گیا ہے، جو باخبر فیصلہ سازی اور اسٹر یجٹ منصوبہ بندی کے لیےا یک مضبوط اساس فراہم کرتی ہے۔

**کار پوریٹ اور مالی رپورٹنگ فریم ورک** پی ایس اوکا بور، ڈیبلک سیکر کپنیز (کارپوریٹ گورننس) رولز 2013ء 🛛 اور سیکیورٹیز اینڈ ایسچینج کمیشن آف پاکستان کی جانب سے جاری کردہ لیڈ کپنیز (کوڈ آف کارپوریٹ گورننس) ریگولیشنز 2019ء میں بیان کردہ اپنی ذمہداریوں سے بخو بی آگاہ ہے۔

کارپوریٹ گورنٹس کے اعلیٰ معیار کو برقرار رکھنے اوراس میں مسلسل بہتری کی کمپنی کی کوششوں کےاعتراف میں مندرجہ ذیل تہمرے کیے گئے ہیں:

• کارپوریٹ نظم ونتق کے متعلقہ اصولوں کی تعمیل کی گئی ہے

- کمپنی کی انتظامیہ کی جانب سے تیار کردہ مالی بیانات، اس کی مالی صورتِ حال، آ پریٹنگ نتائج، نفذ بہاؤ، جامع آمدنی کا بیان،اورا یکویٹی میں تبدیلیوں کی درست عکاس کرتے ہیں۔
  - کمپنی کی جانب سےا کا ؤنٹنگ کامناسب ریکارڈ برقر اررکھا گیا ہے
- مالی بیانات کی تیاری میں مناسب اکا وَنٹنگ پالیسیوں کامستفل طور پر اطلاق کیا گیا ہے۔جس میں معقول اور دانشمندا نہ فیصلے پرمبنی اکا وَمٹنگ کے تخیفے شامل کیے گئے ہیں
- مالی بیانات کو پاکستان میں قابلِ اطلاق بین الاقوامی مالی رپورٹنگ معیارات کے مطابق تیارکیا گیا ہے،اورکسی بھی انحراف کومناسب طریقے سے ظاہر کیا گیا ہے۔
- داخلی انضباط کا نظام اچھی طرح سے وضع کیا گیا ہے،جس کا مؤثر طریقے سے نفاذ اورنگرانی کی گئی ہے۔
- بورڈ آف مینجمنٹ کیغیر ایگز بکٹوارکان کے لیےکوئی مشاہرہ طےنہیں کیا گیا ہےاور ہراجلاس میں شرکت کے لیے مقررہ فیس ادا کی جاتی ہے۔فیس کا تعین بورڈ آف مینجمنٹ اجتماعی طور پر کرتا ہے۔
- سمپنی کے ایک منافع بخش کاروبار کےطور پر جاری رہنے کی صلاحیت کے بارے میں کوئی اہم خدشات نہیں ہیں ۔
- پی ایس او نے کار پوریٹ گورننس کے بہترین طریقوں سے مادی طور پر انحراف نہیں کیا ہے،جیسا کہ پبلک سیکٹرپینیز (کارپوریٹ گورننس)رولز،2013ءاورلسٹڈ کمپنیز (کوڈ آفکارپوریٹ گورننس)ریگولیشنز،2019ءمیں بیان کیا گیا ہے۔
- گذشتہ 6 برسوں کے کلیدی آ پریٹنگ اور مالی اعداد و شارخلا صے کی شکل میں منسلک کیے گئے ہیں۔

پراویڈنٹ، پنشن اور گریجو یٹی فنڈ زکی سرمایہ کاری کی مالیت درج ذیل ہے (30 جون، 2024ء تک غیر آڈٹ شدہ کھا توں کے مطابق ):

ر پورٹ برائے شیئر ہولڈرز

یی ایس اود چر کیپٹل ( پرائیویٹ ) کمیٹڈ ( پی وی سی ) کے نام سے ایک کمل ملکیتی ماتحت ادارے کے طور پر شامل کیا گیا تھا۔ اس ادارے کی بنیا دی سرگرمی خمی فنڈ منیج منٹ کمپنی کے کاروبار کو انجام دینا اور نجی ایکویٹی اور ویٹچر کیپٹل فنڈ (Capital Venture کاروبار کو انتظام کی خدمات فراہم کرنا ہے۔ کمپنی کا رجسڑ ڈ دفتر سندھ، پاکستان میں واقع ہوگا۔

ایشیا پڑو لیم کمیٹڈ معاون کمپنی ایشیا پڑو لیم کمیٹڈ (اے پی ایل) کا قیام پاکستان میں ایک غیر فہرستی، پبلک کمیٹڈ کمپنی کے طور پر کیا گیا تھا۔ کمپنی بنیادی طور پر حب، بلوچستان میں واقع حب پاور کمپنی لمیٹڈ کو "ریسیڈ یول فیول آئل" کی نقل وحمل کے لیے قائم کی گئی ہے۔ اس مقصد کو پورا کرنے کے لیے اے پی ایل نے پیپری میں پی ایس او کے ذوالفقار آباد ٹرمیٹل کو حب کے مقام پر جکو سے ملانے کے لیے زیر زمین آئل پائپ لائن بچھائی ہے۔ پی ایس او کے پاس اے پی ایل میں 49 فیصد ایکو پٹی اسٹیک ہیں، جواس منصوبے میں ان کی شرا کت داری کو مشحک کرتے ہیں۔

پاک گریس مینوفی چرنگ مینی (پرائیویٹ) کمیٹڈ - معاون مینی پاک گریس مینوفی چرنگ مینی کمیٹڈ 10 مارچ 1965 ء کو پاکستان میں ایک نجی کمپنی کے طور پر قائم کی گڑتھی، جس کا مقصداعلیٰ معیار کی پڑولیم گریس مصنوعات کی تیاری اورتقسیم تقارا ہم بات ہیہ ہے کہ پی جی ایم سی ایل نے توانائی کی معروف کمپنیوں میں سے ایک پی ایس او سے ساتھ اسٹرینجٹ شراکت داری قائم کی ہے، جو پی جی ایم سی ایل میں 22 فیصد ایکو پٹی اسٹیک کی حامل ہے۔

مالیاتی اکاونٹنگ اور رپورٹنگ کی تعمیل کے معیارات بورڈ نے کمپنی کے مالی گوشواروں کی منظوری دے دی ہے جو پاکستان میں لا گوا کا وَنٹنگ اورر پورٹنگ کے تمام معیارات سے ہم آہتگ ہیں جن میں میں الاقوامی مالیاتی رپورٹنگ اسٹینڈ رڈ ( آئی ایف آرالیس ) کی طرف سے جاری انٹر میشل اکا وَنٹنگ اسٹینڈ رڈ ز بورڈ ( آئی اے ایس بی ) کمپینیز ایک 2017 ء شامل ہیں - جہاں کمپنیوں تے تحت جاری کردہ دفعات اور ہدایات ایک 2017 ء، آئی ایف آر ایس، آئی ایف اے ایس کی ضروریات سے تحلف ہے تو کمپنیز ایک کرچن جاری کردہ دفعات اور ہدایات کی پیروی کی گئی ہے۔

**آڈیٹرز** بیرونی آڈیٹرز نے کچھامور کی نشاندہی کی جن کے سال 2024ء کے مالی بیانات کے

- صحومت پاکستان کی جانب سے واجب الادا تجارتی وصولیاں اور واجبات۔ (مزید تفصیلات کے لیے برائے مہر بانی غیر جامع مالی بیانات میں نوٹ 13 اور 16 ملاحظہ فرما کیں۔
- ، محاصل/ آمدنی کی شناخت۔ (مزید معلومات کے لیے برائے مہر بانی غیر جامع مالی بیانات میں نوٹ 30اور 32 ملاحظہ فرمائیں )

بورڈ آڈٹ اینڈ کمپلائنس کمیٹی کی سفارشات کی بنیاد پر بورڈ آف مینجہنٹ نے 30 جون 2025ءکواختیام پذیر ہونے والے مالی سال کے لیے کے پی ایم جی تا ثیر ہادی اینڈ کمپنی چارٹرڈ اکاؤنٹنٹس کو کمپنی کا آڈیٹر مقرر کرنے کی منظوری دی ہے۔

**کر پڑے رپٹنگ** وی آئی ایس کریڈٹ ریٹنگ کمپنی لمیٹڈ کی جانب سے فراہم کردہ تازہ ترین ریٹنگ کے مطابق پی ایس او کی درجہ بندی حسب ذیل ہے:

| +A1 | قلیل <i>مد</i> تی |
|-----|-------------------|
| +AA | طويل مدتى         |

سمپنی نے محتاط مالی انتظام کی پالیسیوں اور مؤثر کنٹرول کی بنیاد پراپنے مشحکم نقطہ نظر اور درجہ بندی کوکا میابی کے ساتھ برقر اررکھا۔

**قومی خزانے میں حصہ** ٹیکس ادائیگی کےلحاظ سے پی ایس او،قومی خزانے میں سب سے زیادہ حصہ ڈالنے والے اداروں میں سے ایک ہے،جس کی تفصیلات حسبِ ذیل میں:

| ¢2024-202            | 3                                                |
|----------------------|--------------------------------------------------|
| پاکستانی روپےارب میں | _                                                |
| 204                  | سيلز شيكس                                        |
| 147                  | سسم د <b>بو</b> ٹی                               |
| 503                  | پٹرولیم لیوی _                                   |
| 28                   | ڊ گير ڈيو ٹياں اور <i>ٿي</i> س                   |
| 882                  | کل                                               |
|                      | پاڪستانی روپي ارب ميں<br>204<br>147<br>503<br>28 |

- بقے سے انتظام کے لیے، پی ایس اونے 22 تتمبر 2023ء کو جناب محم<sup>حس</sup>ن اقبال کی جگہ جناب حسن محمود یوسف زئی نے <sub>ا</sub>میں محتاط طریقوں کو اپنایا ہے اور کمپنی کی بورڈ میں شمولیت اختیار کی۔ ہریڈٹ لائنز کی مناسب دستیابی کو یقینی بنایا
- کے 29 جنوری 2024ء کو جناب ارشد مجید کی جگہ جناب اسد رحمٰن گیلانی بورڈ کے رکھنے رکن بن گئے۔

بورڈ سبکدوش ہونے والےارکان جناب محمد حسن اقبال اور جناب ارشد مجید کی گراں قدر خدمات کوخراج تحسین پیش کرتا ہےاور نئے ارکان کوخوش آمدید کہتا ہے۔

# معاون اور ذیلی کمپنیاں

### پاکستان ريفائىزى كميشد- دىلى كمىنى

پاکستان ریفائسزی کمیٹڈ (پی آرایل) کا پاکستان میں قیام مکی 1960ء میں ایک پلبک لمیٹڈ کمپنی کے طور پر کیا گیا تھا اور اب میہ پاکستان اسٹاک ایکیچینج میں مندرج ہے۔ اسٹریج طور پر کراچی، پاکستان کی ساحلی پٹی پر واقع اس ریفائسزی کو بالحضوص درآ مدی اور ملکی خام تیل دونوں کی پر وسینگ کے ذریعے ملک کی متنوع ایند تھن کی ضروریات کو پورا کرنے کے لیے وضع کیا گیا ہے۔ اس وقت پی آرایل میں پی ایس او 63.6 فیصد ا یکو پٹی اسٹیک رکھتی ہے جو شراکت داری اور پاکستان کی توانائی کی ضروریات کو پورا کرنے کے عزم کو مزید شکھ کرتا ہے۔

سیر یزما ( پرائیویٹ ) کمیٹڈ - ذیلی کمینی سیریسما ( پرائیویٹ ) کمیٹڈ ایک عکمل ملکیتی ماتحت ادارہ ہے۔ کمپنی کی بنیادی توجہ ای ایم آئی ضوابط کے مطابق الیکٹر انک منی انسٹی ٹیوٹ ( ای ایم آئی ) کے قیام، انتظام، ملکیت، انتظامیہ اور آ پریشن پر مرکوز ہے۔ سیریسما کی مرکزی جائے کارسندھ، پاکستان میں واقع ہے۔

ب<mark>پ ایس اوری نیوا ییل از جی (پرائیویٹ) کمیٹڈ - ذیلی کمپنی</mark> بی ایس اوری نیوا ییل از جی (پرائیویٹ) کمیٹڈ (پی آرای) کوکمل ملکیتی ماتحت ادار ے کے طور پر قائم کیا گیا تھا۔ کمپنی کی بنیا دی توجہ قابل تجد بدتوانا کی کے شعبے پر ہے، جس میں مینونی کچرنگ، پروسینگ اور تنصیب شامل ہے۔ کمپنی کآ پریشنز کی بنیا دی اساس سندھ، پاکستان میں قائم ہے۔

پي ايس اودينچر کيپڻل (پرائيويٹ) کميٹڈ-ذيلي کمپنی

لیکویڈیٹی کی ضروریات کے مؤثر طریقے سے انتظام کے لیے، پی ایس اونے جاری سرمائے کی ضروریات کے انتظام میں مختلط طریقوں کو اپنایا ہے اور کمپنی کی مالیاتی ضروریات کو پورا کرنے کے لیے کریڈٹ لائنز کی مناسب دستیابی کو یقینی بنایا ہے۔30 جون 2024ء تک کمپنی کو بینکوں سے 50.803 ارب روپے تک کے قرضے کی مجموعی سہولت حاصل ہے۔ مالی استحکام اور فوری ادائیکیوں کو برقر ارر کھنے میں نفذ ادائیگی والے صارفین کی اہمیت کو تسلیم کرتے ہوئے کمپنی ایسے صارفین پر زیادہ توجہ مرکوز کرتی ہے۔

پی ایس اواپنی رسائی کو بڑھانے اوراپنی آمدنی کے ذرائع کومنتوع بنانے کے لیے نئے کاروباری ماڈلزاور آپریشن لائنوں کی تلاش کررہی ہے۔

### قرضوں کی ادائیگی

پی الیس او مالی سال 24ء کے دوران محتاط اقد امات اوراسٹرینجگ کارروائیوں کے ذریعے الیس این جی پی ایل کے خطیر واجبات کے چیلنج سے نمٹنے میں بخوبی کا میاب ہوگئی۔ پی الیس اوابی قرضوں کی مؤثر طور پرادائیگی میں کا میاب رہی اور غیر مترازل عزم اور فعال اقد امات کے نفاذ کی وجہ سے مقامی اور بین الاقوامی دونوں سطح پر منتقبل کی تمام مالی ذمہ داریوں کو بروقت پورا کرنے کی کمپنی کی صلاحیت کے لیے پراعتماد ہے۔

### آپریشنل نفع/نقصانات

الیس این جی پی ایل کی جانب سے بڑھتے ہوئے واجبات اور بینک شرح میں اضافے جیسی متعدد مالی دشواریوں کے باوجود پی ایس او مالی سال 24ء کے دوران نفع آوری کے حصول میں کا میاب رہی۔

مستقبل میں، کمپنی کلیدی حکمت عملیوں پر توجه مرکوز کر کے اور بھی متحکم نتائج حاصل کرنے کے لیے پر اعتاد ہے۔ جن میں مارکیٹ شیئر میں اضافہ، بلند مارجن کی حامل مصنوعات کو ترجیح، مناسب مالی افراجات کو برقر اررکھنا، جدید کاروباری ماڈلز کی تلاش اور آپریشنل اخراجات کی بغور نگرانی جیسے امور شامل ہیں۔ ان اقدامات کو ترجیح دے کر پی ایس اونمو کو بڑھانے، کارکردگی کو بہتر بنانے اور اعتماد کے ساتھ مستقبل کے چیلنجوں سے نیٹنے کے لیے تیار ہے۔

ديگرامور

**بورژ آف مینجهنٹ میں تبدیلیاں** دورانِ سال، بورڈ آف مینجهنٹ کی ہیس<sup>ے</sup> میں مندرجہ ذیل تبدیلیاں کی <sup>گ</sup>ئیں:

ر پورٹ برائے شیئر ہولڈرز

2022ء (سال کی بہترین پیش کردہ رپورٹ 2022ء ) کے لیے 'میرٹ شریفیکیٹ' سے نوازا گیا۔ بیا عزاز سالا نہر پورٹ میں شفافیت اور دیانت داری کے پی ایس او کے عزم کا اعادہ کرتا ہے۔



**ان کچ آر پذیکل ایوارڈ** کام کے ماحول اور جگہ کو بہتر بنانے کے ضمن میں، پی ایس اونے ایچ آر پذیکل ایوارڈ ز میں "Wellbeing & Healthin Best" کا ایوارڈ حاصل کیا۔ اپنی اقد ارسے ہم آہنگ، یہ کا میابی پی ایس او کے اپنے ملاز مین کے لیے ایک صحت مند اور کام کے لیے معاون ماحول کوفر وغ دینے کے عزم کی عکاسی کرتی ہے۔



### یا کستان ڈیجیٹل ایوارڈ ز

یپی ایس او کی یوم قائداشتہاری مہم نے پاکستان ڈیجیٹل ایوارڈز (پی ڈی اے) 2024ء میں "تخلیق کاری اورجدت طرازی" کا ایوارڈ حاصل کیا۔ یہ ایوارڈیافتہ مہم پی ایس او ک غیر معمولی نتائج کے حصول کی جنہو کا جشن ہے جو کاروبار کی ترقی اور برانڈ کی کامیابی کا باعث بنی ہے۔



مالی کار کردگی مالی سال 24ء کے دوران پی ایس اونے مالی مشکلات اور مالیاتی اخراجات میں قابل ذکر اضافے، جو 29.8 فیصد اضافے کے ساتھ 25.3 ارب روپے تک پینچ گئے، کے باوجود مالی استحکام کا مظاہرہ کیا۔ کمپنی نے 15.9 ارب روپے (مالی سال 23ء: 5.7 ارب روپے ) کابعد از نیکس نفع حاصل کیا۔ گروپ نے مجموعی طور پر سال کے لیے 18.3 ارب روپے (مالی سال 23ء: 19.9 ارب روپے ) کابعد از نیکس نفع حاصل کیا، جس کے نتیج میں 30 روپے (مالی سال 23ء: 19.9 روپے ) کی فی تحصص آمدنی ہوئی۔

گردشی قرضوں کے بحران کے باوجود پی ایس اونے اپنی وصولیوں کے انتظام میں پیش رفت کی ہے۔ گذشتہ سال کے مقابلے میں گردشی قرضوں کی اوسط وصولیوں میں 6.4 فیصد اضافہ ہوا جبکہ کمپنی نے کامیابی کے ساتھ ایس این جی پی ایل میں اپنی سرمایہ کاری میں 8.8 ارب روپے کی کمی کی اور واجب الا دارقومات کی مدمیں 1.7 ارب روپے وصول کیے۔

30 جون 2024ء تک مجموعی وصولیاں 490.9 ارب روپے تھیں جن میں ایس این جی پی ایل کا حصہ 1.335 ارب روپے تھا۔ کمپنی اس اہم مسلے کا جامع حل تیار کرنے اور اس کے مالی اثرات کو کم سے کم کرنے کے لیے حکومت کے ساتھ فعال طور پر بات چیت کرر بھی ہے۔

سمپنی نے قیمتوں کے اتار چڑھاؤ کا مؤثر طریقے سے انتظام کیا، متحکم سپلائی چین اور اسٹرینجگ انوینٹری مینجمنٹ کا فائدہ اٹھایا کیونکہ ہرینٹ کروڈ کی قیمتیں 83 ڈالرفی ہیرل پرمتحکم ہوگئیں۔

سمپنی کی کارکردگی کو مدنظرر کھتے ہوئے بورڈ آف میٹجنٹ نے 100 فیصد نفذ منافع منقسمہ (10 روپے فی حصص کے مساوی) کا اعلان کیا ہے جس کے نتیج میں مجموعی طور پر 1.7 ارب روپے کی ادائیگی ہوگی۔ کمپنی نے 414.2 ملین روپے (مالی سال 23ء: 243.7 ملین روپے) پی ایس اود پنچر کیپٹل فنڈ میں منتقل کیے ہیں۔

**لیکویڈیٹی چیلنجز پرقابو پانے اور قرضوں کے انتظام کی حکمتِ عملی** لیکویڈیٹی کے چیلنجز سے مؤثر طور پر نمٹنے اور اپنے قرضوں کا انتظام کرنے کے لیے، کمپنی مندرجہ ذیل اقدامات پڑمل درآمد کررہی ہے:

پی ایس او حکومت پا کستان اور پا ور سیکٹر، پا کستان انٹریشنل ایئر لائنز (پی آئی اے) اور سوئی ناردرن گیس پائپ لائنز کمیٹڈ (ایس این جی پی ایل) کے صارفین کے ساتھ مسلسل رابطے میں ہے۔مختلف تجاویز پیش کرنے اور حکومت پا کستان کے ساتھ ضیلی اجلاس منعقد کرنے کے ذریعے کردشی قرضوں کے مسائل کوحل کرنے اور ایس این جی پی ایل کے واجبات کومزید بڑھنے سے روکنے کی کوششیں کی گئی ہیں۔

بطور اہم پیش رفت، نئے قائم کردہ ماتحت ادارے، سیریزما (پرائیویٹ) کمیٹڈ کو الیکٹرا نک منی انسٹی ٹیوٹ(ای ایم آئی)لائسنس کے لیےاصولی منظوری ل گئی ہے، جس سے ایک جامع ڈیجیٹل ایکوسٹم کی تخلیق کی راہ ہموار ہوئی ہے۔

سمپنی کی تنوع کی کوششیں قابل تجدید توانائی تک پھیلی ہوئی ہیں، پی ایس اوری نیوا یہل انرجی ( پرائیویٹ ) لمیٹڈا پنی تنصیبات اورریٹیل اسٹیشنوں میں شمسی منصوبوں کی تیاری کی قیادت کررہی ہے۔ پی ایس اود چڑ کیپٹل ( پرائیوٹ ) لمیٹڈ دیچڑ کیپٹل فنڈ مینجمنٹ کے میدان میں داخل ہونے کے لیے تیار ہے، جس سے مارکیٹ میں سرمایہ کاری کے نئے مواقع کھلیں گے۔

یپ ایس او کا مانحت ادارہ پاکستان ریفائٹر ی لمبیٹڈ (پی آرامل) براؤن فیلڈ ریفائنگ پالیسی سے استفاد بے کی راہ پر گامزن ہے اور منصوبے کا فرنٹ اینڈ انجینئر نگ ڈیزائن (فیڈ) دسمبر 2024ء میں کمل ہوجائے گا۔

کمپنی ایند همن اور پیر و کیمیکل مصنوعات کے لیے مارکیٹ کا بغور مطالعہ کر رہی ہے جس سے مارکیٹ کے حوالے سے قیمتی بصیرت حاصل ہوگی، جو پاکستان میں گرین فیلڈ ریفائٹری اور پیر و کیمیکل منصوبے کی تیاری میں معاون ثابت ہوگی۔ مارکیٹ اسٹڈی میں پاکستان اور خطے کی طویل مدتی طلب اور رسدی حرکیات کا تفصیلی جائزہ پیش کرے گی اور ساتھ ہی مصنوعات کی سطح پر قیمتوں کا تخمینہ بھی فراہم کرے گی۔ مارکیٹ کی میہ قیمتی بصیرت اسٹر یجگ منصوبہ بندی ممکن ہوگی۔

مزید برآل، دائٹ آئل پائپ لائن منصوبے پر فرنٹیئر ورکس آرگنائزیشن (ایف ڈیلیواو) کے ساتھ اسٹرینجنگ تعاون جاری ہے، جس میں مفاہمت کی یادداشت (ایم اویو) موجود ہے اور فیڈ مکمل ہو چکا ہے، کیونکہ کمپنی ج وی پارٹٹر کے ساتھ ٹیرف پٹیشن کے لیے مذاکرات کررہی ہے۔

### اعزازات اورايواردز

لارجسٹ ٹیکس پیئر ایکسی لینس ایوارڈ پی ایس اوکوقو می محاصل میں اس کی نمایاں خدمات کے اعتر اف میں وزیر اعظم پا کستان کی طرف سے "لارجسٹ ٹیکس پیئر ایکسی لینس ایوارڈ" سے نوازا گیا تھا۔ یہ باوقار اعزاز ایک ذمہ دارکار پوریٹ لیڈر کی حیثیت سے پی ایس او کے کر دارکواجا گر کرتا ہے، جو کمیون ٹی پر مثبت اثرات مرتب کرتے ہوئے مالی استحکام اور پائیداری پراپنی توجہ مرکوز کرتی ہے۔



مینجمنٹ الی**وی ایش پاکستان کا38 وال کار پوریٹ ایکسی لینس ایوارڈ** اسکل اینڈ گیس مارکیٹنگ کمپنیوں کے زمرے میں، پی ایس اونے اپنی غیر معمولی کار کر دگی کی بنا پر مینجمنٹ ایسوی ایشن آف پاکستان (ایم اے پی) کے 38 ویں کار پوریٹ ایکسی لینس ایوارڈ ز 2023ء میں پہلا انعام جیتا۔ یہ اعز از صنعت میں پی ایس او کی شاندار کار کر دگی اور قیادت کا اعتراف ہے۔



**آئی تی اے پی کا بیٹ کارپوریٹ رپورٹ ایوارڈ برائے 2022ء** ایندھن اور توانائی کے شعبے میں ، انسٹی ٹیوٹ آف چارٹرڈ اکا ونٹنٹس آف پاکستان ( آئی تی اے پی ) اور انسٹی ٹیوٹ آف کا سٹ اینڈ مینجمنٹ اکا ونٹنٹس آف پاکستان ( آئی تی ایم اے پی ) کی مشتر کہ کمیٹی کے زیرا ہتمام پی ایس او نے بیٹ کار پوریٹ رپورٹ ایوارڈ زیرائے 2022ء حاصل کیا۔ یہ اعز از کارپوریٹ رپورٹنگ میں بہترین کارکردگی کے پی ایس او کے زیرا جار



ساؤتھا یشین فیڈریشن آف اکا وَنَثْنَس میرٹ سر تیفکیٹ پی ایس اوکوساؤتھا ایشین فیڈریشن آف اکاونٹنٹس (ایس اے ایف اے) کی جانب سے سرکاری شعبے کے اداروں کے زمرے میں دی بیسٹ پریزیٹڈ اینول رپورٹ

ر پورٹ برائے شیئر ہولڈرز

مندرجہ ذیل خلاصے میں مالی سال 24ء کے لیے پی ایس او کی مالی کار کردگی کا جائزہ فراہم کیا گیا ہے، مقررہ اہداف کے مقالبے میں کا میا بیوں کو اجا گر کیا گیا ہے نیز گذشتہ برس کے نتائج کے ساتھ تقابلی تجزیہ فراہم کیا گیا ہے، جس میں پیش دفت اور بہتری کے شعبوں کے بارے میں بیان کیا گیا ہے۔

| کارکردگی<br>مالی سال24ء | ہرف<br>مالی سال24ء | صحت، تحفظ اور ماحول (کارپوریٹ)                      |
|-------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|
| 0                       | 0                  | ہلا کتوں( ذاتی /ٹھیکیداروں ) کاجامع نقطہنظر         |
| 3                       | 0                  | تیل گرنے کے بڑے واقعات–10 کٹر سے زائد               |
| 0                       | 0                  | آگ لگنے کے بڑے واقعات                               |
| 0                       | 0.08               | چوٹ لگنے کے واقعات کی تعداد                         |
| 0.12                    | 0.5                | ریکارڈ کرنے کے قابل حادثوں کی مجموعی شرح            |
|                         |                    | (TRIR)                                              |
| 23.4                    | -                  | مجموعی گھنٹے جب چوٹ لگنے کا کوئی واقعہ پیش نہیں آیا |
| ملين گھنٹے              |                    |                                                     |

ب<mark>پالیں ادکی ویلیوچین میں پائیداری سے متعلق خطرات اور مواقع</mark> پی ایس اواپنی ویلیوچین میں پائیداری سے متعلق خطرات اور مواقع کی اہمیت کوتسلیم کرتی ہے، آپریشنز، کاروباری ماڈلز اور بیرونی ماحول کے ساتھ تعامل پران کے اثرات کوتسلیم کرتی ہے۔ کمپنی اہم خطرات کا شفاف طریقے سے انکشاف کرتی ہے، جن میں آب وہوا کی تبدیلی اور ماحولیاتی ضوالط، جوآپریشنل، سپلائی چین، اور سا کھ کے خطرات پیدا کرتے ہیں، شامل ہیں۔

مزید برآں، کاربن کے اخراج اور فضلے کے انتظام کے اخراجات میں اضافہ منافع کو متاثر کرسکتا ہے، جبکہ سما جی اورانتظامی مسائل کوحل کرنے میں نا کا می سا کھ کو نقصان پہنچپا سکتی ہے اور سرمایہ کاروں کے اعتماد میں کمی کا باعث بن سکتی ہے۔

پی ایس اوتر قی اور جدت طرازی کے مواقع کی بھی نشاندہی کرتی ہے۔صاف توانائی کے ذرائع کی طرف منتقلی اور اخراج کو کم کر کے، کمپنی لاگت کی بچیت اور اپنی سا کھ کو بہتر بنا سکتی ہے۔ پائیدار طریقوں کو نافذ کرنے سے آپیشنل کار کردگی کو بہتر بنایا جا سکتا ہے اور فضلے کو کم کیا جا سکتا ہے، جبکہ تنوع، مساوات اور شمولیت کو اپنانے سے جدت طرازی کو فروغ مل سکتا ہے اور اعلی ٹیلنٹ کو راغب کیا جا سکتا ہے۔

ان خطرات اور مواقع سے نمٹنے کے لیے پی ایس اونے متعدد اقد امات کا آغاز کیا ہے۔ ان میں پائیدار پلاسٹک روڈ کی تیاری، بخارات جمع کرنے کا نظام نصب کرنا، الیکٹرک گاڑیوں کی چارجنگ کااشیشن، اور دوبارہ استعال کے لیے پرانے ٹینک ویگن شیل کی مرمت شامل ہے۔

سمپنی آگاہی مہموں کے ذریعے ماحول دوست طریقوں کو بھی فروغ دیتی ہے۔اپنی ویلیو چین میں پائیداری کوضم کرکے، پی ایس اواپنے اسٹیک ہولڈرز کے لیے طویل مدتی قدر پیدا کرتی ہےاورزیادہ پائیدار منتقبل کی تعمیر میں اپنا کر دارادا کرتی ہے۔

یی ایس او کے آب وہوا سے متعلق خطرات اور مواقع

ني ايس اوآئي ايف آرايس ايس 2 كى ضروريات كے مطابق آب وہوا سے متعلق خطرات اور مواقع كو خلام كرنے ميں شفافيت كے ليے برعزم ہے۔ كمپنى پائيدارتر تى كے مواقع سے فائدہ اٹھاتے ہوئے ان خطرات كى نشاندہى اور ان سے نمٹنے كے ليے خصوص طريقوں اور آلات كا استعال كرتى ہے۔ ماحول دوست مستقبل كے ليے پى ايس او كاعزم اس كے جديد سوليوشنز سے واضح ہے، جو ماحولياتى اثرات كوكم كرتے ہيں اور ماحول دوست طريقوں كو فروغ ديتے ہيں۔

سمپنی نے ری سائیکل شدہ پلاسٹک فضلے کا استعال کرتے ہوئے ایک پائیدار پلاسٹک روڈ تیار کیا ہے، کلوز ڈلوپ لبریکنٹ کیون کی ری سائیکلنگ کا ایک سسٹم قائم کیا ہے، اور اخراج کوکم سے کم کرنے کے لیے بخارات جمع کرنے کا نظام نصب کیا ہے۔

بی ایس او نے الیکٹرک گاڑیوں کی چارجنگ کے اسٹیشنوں کا آغاز کیا ہے، پرانی ٹینک ویکوں کی مرمت کی ہے، اور ماحول دوست ڈسپوزل اور کاغذ کے استعال میں کمی کے اقد امات پڑمل درآ مد کیا ہے۔ پی ایس او نے پائیدارزندگی کوفر وغ دینے اور آب وہوا سے متعلق خطرات کوکم کرنے کے لیے زیرو کاربن چینچ، ورلڈ ہیلتھا نیڈ سیفٹی ڈے اور عالمی یوم ماحولیات سمیت آگاہی مہمات کے ذریعے اسٹیک ہولڈرز کو بھی شامل کیا ہے۔

> **اسٹرینجگ اقدامات** پی ایس اد کی طویل مدتی حکمہ یحملی ادر تنوع <u>-</u>

پی ایس او کی طویل مدتی حکمت عملی اور تنوع کے منصوبے کے ایک جصے کے طور پر، کمپنی متعدداسٹر یتجگ اقدامات کے ذریعے اپنے اسٹیک ہولڈرز کے لیے قدر کی فراہمی پر توجہ مرکوز کیے ہوئے ہے۔فن ٹیک کے زمرے میں، پی ایس اواپنی وسیع صارفی اساس، ریٹیل نیٹ ورک، اور کارپوریٹ فنڈ کے بہا ؤک انطا م کی صلاحیتوں سے فائدہ اٹھا کر نمو کو بڑھار ہی ہے۔ سمپنی کے ذمہ دارانہ طریقوں کا براہ راست اثر اس کی سرمائے تک رسائی پر پڑتا ہے، جو خطرات اور مواقع دونوں کو خلام ہر کرتا ہے۔ خطرے کے لحاظ سے، پائیداری کی غیر معیاری کار کردگی سرمائے کی بلندلاگت کا باعث بن سکتی ہے، کیونکہ سرمایہ کار ماحولیاتی ، سماجی اور نظم ونت (ای ایس جی) کے خطرات کے لیے پر میم کا مطالبہ کرتے ہیں، جس سے سرمائے کی استطاعت متاثر ہوتی ہے۔

پائیداری کا ایک کمزور خاکہ سرمایہ کاروں کوروک سکتا ہے، خاص طور پر بڑے پیانے کے منصوبوں کے لیے سرمائے کی دستیابی کو محد ود کر سکتا ہے۔ سخت ماحولیاتی قواعد وضوارط اور کاربن کی قیبتوں سے آپریشنل اخراجات میں بھی اضافہ ہوسکتا ہے، منافع اور سرمایہ کاروں کا اعتماد کم ہوجا سکتا ہے، جس سے سرمائے تک رسائی اور کفایت متاثر ہوسکتی ہے۔ ماحولیاتی یا سابتی مسائل کی منٹی تشہیر بھی پی ایس اوکی ساکھ کو نقصان پہنچا سکتی ہے، جس سے سرمایہ کاروں کو راغب کرنا اور ساز گار شرائط پر سرمائے کا حصول مشکل ہوجا تا ہے۔

موقع کے لحاظ سے، پائیداری کی غیر معمولی کارکردگی سرمائے کی پست لاگت کا باعث بن سکتی ہے، کیونکہ سرمایہ کار کمپنیوں کو مضبوط ای ایس جی طریقہ کار کی حامل کمپنیوں کو ترجیح دیتے ہیں، جس سے سرمائے کی استطاعت میں بہتری آتی ہے۔ پائیداری کا ایک مضبوط خالہ وسیع تر سرمایہ کاروں کی اساس کو بھی راغب کر سکتا ہے، جس سے پی ایس او کے لیے سرمائے تک رسائی کے مواقع وسیع پیانے پر پیدا ہو سکتے ہیں۔ مزید برآں، پی ایس او بڑھتی ہوئی گرین قرضوں کی منڈ کی سے فائد ہ اٹھا سکتی ہے، پائیدار منصوبوں اور اقدامات کے لیے نئے سرمائے کے ذرائع تک رسائی حاصل کر سکتی ہے۔ ان خطرات اور مواقع کو مدنظر رکھتیہو نے، پی ایس او ابھرتے ہوئے استخلام کے منظرنا مے کو آگے بڑھانے اور ابھرتے ہوئی ر بحانات سے فائدہ اٹھانے کے لیے بہتر صورت حال میں ہے، جو بالآخر طویل مدتی مالی کا میابی کی طرف لے جاتی ہے۔

### پی ایس او کے چارستونوں پرشتمل بنیا دی مواد (گورمنس، حکمت عملی، رسک مینجهنٹ اور میٹر کس اور اہداف )

پی ایس اوابی کلیدی خطر ے اور دشواری کے انتظام کے مل کوسلسل بہتر بنانے کے لیے ایک مضبوط نظام برقر اررکھتی ہے۔ برنس فنکشن اسکور کارڈسسٹم اس بات کو یقینی بناتا ہے کہ کمپنی سخت گلرانی کرتی ہے اور اہم حفاظتی میٹر کس کو حل کرتی ہے، جن میں ہلا کتیں، آگ لگنے کے اہم واقعات، تیل کے اخراج کے بڑے واقعات، ریکارڈ کرنے کے قابل حادثوں کی مجموعی شرح (ٹی آر آئی آر)، چوٹ لگنے کے واقعات کی تعداد (ایل ٹی آئی ایف) اور سرڈک پر حادثات کی شرح شامل ہیں۔ یہ میٹر کس کمپنی کی ایچ ایس ای کارکر دگ اس مقصد کے لیے پی ایس اواپنے سی ایس آ راقدامات کے میعادی جائز وں پڑمل درآ مد کرنے کاارادہ رکھتی ہے، جس سےان کے اثر ات کا انداز ہ لگایا جا سکے گااور اُٹھیں کمیونٹیز کی ابھرتی ہوئی ضروریات کے مطابق ڈھالنے میں مدد ملے گی جن کی وہ خدمت کرتی ہے۔

سمپنی کے اسٹر یی مخط مقاصدا وراسٹیک ہولڈرزای ایس جی پر مطلوبہ اثر ات کے بارے میں بورڈ کا بیان ای ایس جی اصولوں کی نا گزیراہمیت کو تسلیم کرتے ہوئے، بورڈ پی ایس او کی کاروباری حکمت عملیوں کے ذریعے انھیں فروغ دینے پر توجہ مرکوز کرر ہا ہے۔ بیطریقہ کارنہ صرف کمپنی کے اسٹیک ہولڈرز کے لیے طویل مدتی قدر کو بڑھا تا ہے بلکہ اس کے ماحولیاتی اثرات کو بھی فعال طور پر کم کرتا ہے۔

پی ایس او نے اقوام متحدہ کے پائیدارتر قیاتی اہداف (ایس ڈی جیز ) خاص طور پر ایس ڈی جی 6 (صاف پانی اور حفظان صحت)، ایس ڈی جی 12 (ذمہ دارانہ کھپت اور پیداوار)اورایس ڈی جی13(موسمیاتی تبدیلی) کے حصول میں نمایاں پیش رفت کی ہے۔ تمپنی کے اقدامات میں درج ذیل شامل ہیں:

- مستقل گلرانی اور تومی ماحولیاتی معیارات کی تعمیل کے ذریعے صاف پانی اور صفائی ستھرائی تک رسائی کویقینی بنانا
- پائىدارطرىقوںكونافذكرنا، جيسے فضلہ ميں كمى، رى سائىكلنگ،اوروسائل كى كفايت
- قابلِ تجدیدتوانائی کوفروغ دینااور بخارات جمع کرنے کے نظام اور شجر کاری مہموں کے ذریعے گرین ہاؤس گیس کے اخراج کوکم کرنا
- آگاہی مہمات اور تربیتی پر وگراموں کے ذریعے ملازمین اور کمیونٹی کی شمولیت کی حوصلہ افزائی

ای ایس جی سے وابستگی پی ایس او کے کاروباری آ پریشنز تک پھیلی ہوئی ہے، جس میں ڈیزاسٹر مینجمنٹ بلاان/ برنس کنٹینیو ٹی بلان کی تیاری بھی شامل ہے، جو کمپنی کے اہم آ پریشنز کی لچک کونیتنی بنا تا ہے۔ پی ایس اوبا قاعد گی سےر پورٹنگ اوراسٹیک ہولڈرز کی شمولیت کے ذریعے شفافیت اورا حتساب کو بھی ترجیح دیتی ہے۔

**پی ایس او کے پائیداری سے متعلق خطرات اور مواقع اور مالی کارکردگی پر ان کے اثرات** پی ایس او تسلیم کرتی ہے کہ پائیداری مالی منظر نامے کو تبدیل کررہی ہے، اور تیل اور گیس کی صنعت میں ایک لیڈر کی حیثیت ہے، کمپنی اس تبدیلی میں سب سے آگے ہے۔

ر بورٹ برائے شیئر ہولڈرز

پیڑسٹ ہرسطح پرستحق طلبا کے لیے تعلیم میں معاونت کرتا ہے، جس میں جامع اقدامات پر توجہ مرکوز کی جاتی ہے جو معذور بچوں کی منفر دضر وریات کو پورا کرتے ہیں، اور سب کے لیے سیچنے کے مواقع تک مساوی رسائی کویقینی بناتے ہیں۔

پی ایس اوآئی ٹی اور پیشہ درانہ مہارتوں میں جامع تربیتی پر دگراموں کی فراہمی کے لیے این جی اوز کے ساتھ کا م کرتا ہے،اور مصنوعی اعضا کے حصول میں مد دفراہم کرتا ہے،جس سے پسماندہ افراد کو خود مختاری اورروز گا رحاصل کرنے میں مدد ملتی ہے۔

کمیونٹی کی فلاح کے حوالے سے اپنے عزم کا اظہار کرتے ہوئے، کمپنی پاکستان کے دیہی علاقوں میں سیلاب سے متاثرہ خاندانوں کے لیے 101 مکانات کی تعمیر کے منصوب پر کام کررہی ہے۔

**خریداری، فضلے کا انتظام اور اخراج** پی ایس اوخریداری، فضلے کے انتظام اور اخراج سے متعلق اپنی پالیسیوں کے انتظام اور رپورٹنگ کے لیےایک جامع اور شفاف فقطہ نظر پڑمل درآ مدکرر ہی ہے۔

خریداری میں، پی ایس اونے ایک مضبوط نظام تیار کیا ہے جو منصفانہ مسابقت، شفافیت اور سلیت پرزوردیتا ہے۔ کمپنی سپلائرز اور وینڈرز کے انتخاب کے لیے ایک سخت پر اسس پرعمل کرتی ہے، اس بات کو یقینی بناتی ہے کہ صرف اہل اور قابل اعتماد شراکت داروں کا انتخاب کیا جائے۔ بیطریقہ کارنہ صرف مصنوعات اور خدمات کے معیار اور ساکھ کو یقینی بناتا ہے بلکہ تمام اسٹیک ہولڈرز کے لیے بکسال مواقع کو بھی فروغ دیتا ہے۔ سرکاری ادارے کی حیثیت سے پی ایس اوبھی پی پی آرا نے قواعد کے تحت کام کرتی ہے۔

اخراج سے نیٹنے کے لیے، پی ایس اواپنی اخراج میں کمی کی حکمت عملیوں میں مسلسل اضافہ کر کے، جدید سولیوشنز کی تلاش اور صاف توانائی کے متبادل میں سرمایہ کاری کر کے اپنے ماحولیاتی اثرات کو کم کرنے کے لیے پرعزم ہے۔مثال کے طور پر، پی ایس اونے یورو5 فیولز کو متعارف کرانے کا آغاز کیا ہے، جونقصان دہ اخراج کو کم کرتے ہوئے انجن کی کار کردگی اور ایندھن کی کفایت کو بہتر بنانے کے لیے جدید مالیولر ٹیکنا لوجی کا استعمال کرتا ہے، اس طرح ایندھن کو زیادہ ماحول دوست بنا تا ہے۔

فضلے کو کم سے کم کرنے کے لیے پی ایس او نے ٹرانس شیمنٹ سے متعلق حکمت عملی اپنائی ہے۔ کمپنی کا ملک کے بالائی حصول میں پیڑول کے جم کا تقریباً 30 فیصد وائٹ آئل پائپ لائن سٹم کے ذریعے منتقل کیا جاتا ہے، جس کا مقصد بذریعہ سڑک نقل وحمل پر

انحصار کوئم کرنا اوراس کے بنتیج میں اخراج میں کمی کرنا ہے، اور بیمل ملک کے تمام خطوں میں پیٹرول کی موثر فراہمی کوئیٹنی بنانا ہے۔

پی ایس او آئل اینڈیس ریگو لیٹری انھارٹی (اوگرا) کے مطابق ٹینک لاریوں کے استعال کوبھی یقینی بناتی ہے جو محفوظ اور موثر نقل وحمل کے لیے تخت معیارات پر پورااتر تی ہیں، اس طرح فضلہ،اخراج اور آپریشنل خطرات کو کم کرتی ہیں۔

سمپنی انصاف، ما حولیاتی تکرانی، اور شفافیت کوتر جیح دیتے ہوئے صنعت کے لیے ایک معیار قائم کرنے اور ساجی اور ما حولیاتی فلاح و بہبود میں مثبت کردارا دا کرنے کی کوشش کر رہی ہے۔

> کاروباری حکت عملی میں سی ایس آرے لیے بہترین طریقوں کو اپنانے اور سی ایس آرطریقوں کی اثر انگیزی کے لیے بورڈ کا بیان

پی ایس او کا بورڈ آف مینجنٹ اپنے کار پوریٹ ساجی ذمہ داری (سی ایس آر) کے اقدامات کے ذریعے کمپنی کی بنیادی اقدار کو برقر ارر کھنے کے لیے پرعز م ہے۔ کمپنی س ایس آر کی اہمیت کو تسلیم کرتی ہے کیونکہ میاس کی کاروباری حکمت عملی کو تو سیع دینے اوران کمیونٹیز میں مثبت کردار ادا کرنے میں مثبت کردار ادا کرتی ہے۔ کمپنی کی اقدار کی رہنما تک میں پی ایس اوس ایس آرٹرسٹ نے صحت کی تکہداشت، تعلیم، کمیونٹی کی ترقی، قدرتی آفات کے انتظام اور ماحولیاتی استحکام پر توجہ مرکوز کرنے کے ساتھ ملک جھر میں نمایاں کردار ادا کیا ہے۔

پی ایس او کورواں سال اپنی کامیا بیوں پر فخر ہے، جس میں "پی ایس اوا یکواسٹریٹ" اقدام کا آغاز، آفات سے بچاؤ کی کوششیں، نگہدا شبِ صحت کی شراکت، تعلیمی معاونت اورپی ایس اوشاہین پروگرام جو 52 فیصد غیر فعال خواتین آبادی کو شخرک کررہا ہے۔ بیہ اقدامات کمپنی کی سماجی ذمہداری اور مثبت اثر پیدا کرنے یحز مکو خلا ہر کرتے ہیں۔

بورڈ پی ایس او کے سی ایس آرطریقوں کی مسلسل بہتری اور اثر انگیز کی کویقینی بنانے کا پختہ عزم رکھتا ہے۔ مستقبل میں، کمپنی اپنے سی ایس آرطریقوں کو سلسل بہتر بنانے کے لیے کممل طور پر پرعزم ہے اور اپنی بنیا دی کا روباری حکمت عملیوں میں سی ایس آرکومر بوط کرنے کی اہمیت پر یقین رکھتی ہیاور اس بات کویقینی بناتی ہے کہ سماجی ذمہ داری کی کوششیں نہ صرف متعلقہ ہوں بلکہ انتہائی موثر بھی ہوں۔ **کار پوریٹ سما جی ذمہداری** پی ایس اوسی ایس آرٹرسٹ اپنی بنیادی اقدار کے مطابق پا کستان بھر میں مثبت اثرات مرتب کرنے کے لیے کوشاں ہے۔ گذشتہ سال کے دوران کمپنی نے تکہداشتِ صحت، تعلیم، کمیونٹی اور بحالی کے انتظام اور ماحولیات کے تحفظ پر توجہ مرکوز کرتے ہوئے 344 ملین روپے سے زائد کی معاونت فراہم کی ہے۔

پی ایس اواپنے منافع کا ایک مخصوص فیصدی ایس آرافدامات کی فنڈنگ کے لیے مختص کرتی ہے، جس میں ایس ای سی پی کے کار پوریٹ سماجی ذمہ داری رضا کارانہ رہنما خطوط، 2013ء اور ٹرسٹ ڈیڈ کے مقاصد سمیت متعلقہ قوانین، پالیسیوں اور رہنما خطوط پڑکل درآ مدکونیتنی بنایا جاتا ہے۔

سی ایس آرٹرسٹ نے پاکستان سینٹر آف فلانتھروپی (پی سی پی ) سے سر ٹیفکیشن حاصل کر لی ہے، جس سے اسے وفاقی دفتر محاصل کی جانب سے غیر منافع بخش ادارے کا درجہ حاصل کرنے میں مدد ملی ہے۔

پلاسٹک کے فضلے کو کم کرنے اور ماحول دوست بنیادی ڈھانچ کو فروغ دینے کی جاری کوششوں کے ایک جصے کے طور پر بمپنی نے ایکواسٹر بیٹ انیشی ایڈ کا آغاز کیا جس نے اپنے لبریکینٹ مینوفی چرنگٹر مینل (LMT)، کراچی سے 5،000 کلوگرام ری سائیک شدہ پلاسٹک کے فضلے کو دوبارہ تیار کیا۔ اس اقدام نے تقریباً 49,428 مربع فٹ کی روایتی سڑک کوسبز زندگی کی علامت میں تبدیل کردیا، نہ صرف فضلے کو کم کیا بلکہ سڑک کی پائیداری میں بھی اضافہ کیا، جس نے ماحولیاتی طور پر ذمہ دار تعمیرات کے لیے ایک نیا معیار قائم کیا۔

سلانی ویلفیئرا نٹرنیشنل ٹرسٹ کے تعاون سے پی ایس اونے راشن کی تقسیم کی مہم چلائی جس سے پاکستان کجر سے 20 سے زائد مختلف مقامات پر 21 ہزار سے زائد مستحق خاندان مستفید ہوئے۔اس اقدام کو 100 ملین روپے کے عطیہ فراہم کیے گئے۔

پی ایس او معتبر اداروں کے ساتھ شراکت داری قائم کر کے ملک بھر میں تکہدا شتِ صحت کی رسائی اور کوریج کو بہتر بنانے میں اہم کر دار ادا کرتی ہے، جس سے اس کے شہر یوں کی فلاح و بہبود میں اضافہ ہوتا ہے۔ اس میں ضروری طبی ساز وسامان کی فراہمی اور زندگی کو تبدیل کرنے والے علاج کے لیے مالی مدد شامل ہے، جس سے پسماندہ برادر یوں اور افراد کے لیے نگہدا شتِ صحت کے خلاکو پر کیا جا سکتا ہے۔ آب و ہوا کی تبدیلی (ایس ڈی جی 13) سے نمٹنے کے لیے، پی ایس او نے بخارات کو جمع کرنے کا نظام نصب کیا ہے، شجرکاری مہم شروع کی ہے، اور زیر و کاربن چیلنج متعارف کرایا ہے۔ پی ایس اوالیکٹرک وہیکل چار جنگ اسٹیشن پیش کرتی ہے، جو ماحولیاتی اثرات کوکم سے کم کرنے کے لیے دوررس سوچ کااظہار ہے۔

پی ایس او کے اقد امات اقوام متحدہ کی ایس ڈی جیز سے مطابقت رکھتے ہیں، جن میں صاف پانی اور صفائی ستھر انی ( ایس ڈی جی بیانا ، پائیدار پیداوار اور کھپت ( ایس ڈی جی کی صاف پانی اور صفائی ستھر انی ( ایس ڈی جی 6) کو یقینی بنانا ، پائیدار پیداوار اور کھپت ( ایس ڈی جی 20 ) کو کم دی جی جا کی جن کی جو پائیداری ، ما حولیاتی انتظام اور سماجی د مدداری میں پی سر ٹیفکی میں ایس او 2000 جی جی بی میں ہے کہ جن میں او 2000 جی جن کی جن کی جی دی جن میں پی سر ٹیفکی میں کے ذمہ دارانہ طریقوں کی عکامی آئی ایس او 2001 جی جن کی ہو کی حکم میں پی سر ٹیفکیٹس کے ذریح ہوتی ہے جو پائیداری ، ما حولیاتی انتظام اور سماجی ذمہ داری میں پی ایس او کی مسلس عمدہ کار کردگی کو خاہر کرتی ہے۔

**پائیداری پرمرکوز تکنیکی اختر اعات** پی ایس اوجد ید سولیوشنز اور مستقبل بین سوچ وضع کرنے کے ذریعے زیادہ پائیدار مستقبل کی تخلیق میں نمایاں ہے، کمپنی ٹیکنالو جی پر توجہ مرکوز کرتے ہوئے اپنے آ پریشنز اور ماحول کے ساتھ تعامل (interactions) کے طریقے تبدیل کررہی ہے۔

پائیداری کے لیے پی ایس اوکا عزم اس کے کاروبار کے ہر پہلو سے واضح ہے، جس میں وائٹ آئل پائپ لائن اقدام جیسے توانائی کی بچپت کرنے والے پر اسس شامل ہیں، جس کا مقصد لا ہور سے پشاور تک پائپ لائن نہیٹ ورک کو بڑھانا، ما حولیاتی اثرات کو کم سے کم کرتے ہوئے کارکردگی، حفاظت اور لاگت میں کفایت کو بہتر بنانا ہے۔

ی ایس او ماحول دوست پیشکشوں کی ریخ کے ساتھ سبز مصنوعات میں بھی سب ہے آگ ہے، بشمول یورو 5 فیولز، جو غیر معمولی کار کردگی کی فراہمی کے ساتھ ماحولیاتی اثر ات کو کم سے کم کرنے کے لیے ڈیزائن کیے گئے ہیں۔ یہ جدید ایند هن انجن کی کار کردگی کو بہتر بنانے، نقصان دہ اخراج کو کم کرنے، اور صاف ہوا کے معیار کو فروغ دینے کے لیے مالیک ولڑ سیکنا لوجی کا استعمال کرتے ہیں، جس سے انہیں صارفین کے لیے سبز انتخاب بنایا جاتا ہے۔ پی ایس اوکی مصنوعات کے پورٹ فولیو میں بھی یہی یقین ظاہر ہوتا ہے۔

سمپنی کا ماننا ہے کہ ٹیکنالو جی اور پائیداری ہم آ ہنگ ہیں جوایک سرسبز اور زیادہ ذمہ دار مستقبل کی طرف لے جانے پر مرکوز ہیں۔

ر پورٹ برائے شیئر ہولڈرز

 معیار کی جامع یقین دہانی: سال کے دوران ایم کیوٹی یوز نے ریٹیل شاپس، ڈیوز اور تنصیبات پر 15,303 سے زائد ٹیسٹنگ وزٹ کیے، صارفین کے خدشات کو دور کیا اور مصنوعات کے معیار کی حلمانت دی۔ کمپنی نے اسٹریخجگ مقامات پر تقریباً 9,980 ٹینک لاریوں کی کیلیبریشن چیکنگ کی، اس بات کویقینی بنایا کہ درست مقدار فراہم کی جائے۔

**پائیداری** پی ایس او میں ذمہ دارانہ طرزِ عمل کمپنی کے کام کا حصہ ہیں، اور ماحولیاتی انتظام اور سماجی ذمہ داری کے لیے گہری وابستگی موجود ہے۔موسمیاتی تنبدیلی کے سکین مسئلے کے حل میں، کمپنی نے اپنے کاربن کے اثرات کو کم کرنے کے لیے ایک جامع حکمت عملی تیار کی ہے۔

اس منصوبے میں گرین ہاؤس گیسوں کے اخراج کو کم کرنے اور قامل تجدید توانائی میں اسٹرینجٹ سرمایہ کاری اور اپنے کاروبار کے تمام پہلوؤں میں توانائی کی بچپت کے اقدامات کے نفاذ کے ذریعے توانائی کی کھپت کو بہتر بنانے پر توجہ مرکوز کی گئی ہے۔

پائیداری کے لیے کمپنی کا مجموعی نقطہ نظر ماحولیاتی انتظام سے آگے بڑھ کر سماجی اور معاشی ترقی کا احاطہ کرتا ہے۔ فعال کمیونٹی شمولیت کے ذریعے، پی ایس اوا یسے اقد امات کی حمایت کرتی ہے جوتعلیم اور صحت کی تکہداشت کو بہتر بناتے ہیں، جبکہ روزگار کی تخلیق اور مقامی کا روباری اداروں کی معاونت کے ذریعے معاشی ترقی کو بھی فروغ دیتی ہے

اپنے آپریشنز کے ہر پہلو میں سبز طور طریقوں کو ہموار طور پرضم کرکے پی ایس او پا کستان کے مزید متحرک اور کچکدار مستقبل میں اپنا کردار ادا کرتی ہے۔ کمپنی قومی ماحولیاتی کوالٹی کے معیارات پر پوری اترنے کے لیے ہوا اور فاضل مادوں کے اخراج کی مسلسل نگرانی کرکے ماحولیاتی ذمہ داری کوتر جیح دیتی ہے۔

بی ایس او نے سال کے دوران مندرجہ ذیل اہم اقدامات کے ساتھ پائیداری میں نمایاں پیش رفت کی ہے:

بخارات جمع کرنے کا نظام: پی ایس اونے ریٹیل شاپس پر ایند سخن کے بخارات کو جمع کرنے اور دوبارہ استعال کرنے کے لیے جدید ٹیکنالو جی کا نفاذ کیا ہے، جس کے نتیج میں اخراج میں نمایاں کمی اور آپریشنل کارکردگی میں اضافہ ہوا ہے۔ یہ جدت ایند سخن کی ذخیرہ کاری اور ہینڈ لنگ کے ماحولیاتی اثرات کو کم سے کم کرتی ہے۔

- سمتنی توانائی: ٹرمینلز اور آؤٹ لیٹس پرنصب سمتنی پینلز کے ذریعے قابل تجدید توانائی کو بروئے کارلاتے ہوئے پی ایس اونے توانائی کے روایتی ذرائع پر اپنا اخصار کم کیا ہے اور کاربن کے اثرات کو کافی حد تک کم کیا ہے۔
- **پانی کا تحفظ: پی** ایس اونے دفاتر میں پانی کی بچت کرنے والےنلکوں کی تنصیب کے ذریعے ماحولیاتی اثرات کو کم کرنے کے لیے اقدامات کیے ہیں، جس سے توانائی کی لاگت اور پانی کی کھپت میں کمی واقع ہوئی ہے۔
- پائیدارآ فس رمی ڈیزائن: ایک جامع آ ڈٹ سے بہتری کے شعبوں کی نشاند ہی کی گئی، جس کے نتیج میں پی ایس اوہا وَس کاری ماڈل تیار کیا گیا جس میں تو انائی ک بچت والے حل، ایر گونو مک فرنیچر، اور صحت مند کام کا ماحول شامل ہے۔ بیری ڈیزائن پی ایس اوکو پائیدار اور ملاز مین پر مرکوز جائے کار بنانے کے عزم کی عکاس کرتا ہے۔

3 آر ( کم کرنا، دوبارہ استعال کرنا اور ری سائیک کرنا) پر توجہ مرکوز کرتے ہوئے پی ایس اوکے ماحولیاتی اقدامات

یپی ایس او3 آرنقط نظر: کم کرنا، دوبارہ استعال کرنا اورری سائیک کرنا، کے ذریعے اپنے ماحولیاتی اثرات کو کم سے کم کرنے کے لیے پرعزم ہے۔ کمپنی کا مقصد وسائل کا تحفظ، فضلے کو کم کرنا اور اقوام متحدہ کے پائیدار ترقیاتی اہداف (ایس ڈی جیز) کے مطابق اپنے آپریشنز میں پائیدار طریقوں کوفر وغ دینا ہے۔

- پی ایس افیشنل انوائرمنٹل کوالٹی اسٹینڈ رڈ ز (این ای کیوایس) پرعمل پیراہے اور صاف پانی اور صفائی ستحرائی (ایس ڈی جی6) کونقینی بنانے کے لیے آئل اور پانی کوالگ کرنے کے آلے، آراو پاہنٹس اورویسٹ مینجمنٹ کے طریقہ کار جیسے فعال اقدامات پڑھل درآ مدکرتی ہے۔
- پائیدار پیداواراور کھپت کے اقدامات (ایس ڈی جی 21) کے ذریعے، پی ایس او نے نمایاں نتائج حاصل کیے ہیں، جن میں فضلے میں کمی، ری سائیکلنگ میں اضافہ،اوروسائل کے بہتر استعال شامل ہیں۔ کمپنی نے ماحول دوست طریقوں کو اپنایا ہے، جیسے ری سائیکل شدہ پلاسٹک کا استعال، کاغذ کے استعال کو کم سے کم کرنا،اورصاف ایندھن کوفر وغ دینا۔ ایک قابل ذکر اقد ام لبریکینٹ پیک سے ری سائیکل شدہ پلاسٹک کے فضلے سے پائیدار پلاسٹک روڈ بنانا ہے۔

- ایڈوانسٹر ڈرائیورٹریننگ: 000, 6 سے زائد ڈرائیوروں نے جامع دفاعی ڈرائیونگٹریننگ کے ذریعے اپنی صلاحیتوں میں اضافہ کیا، جس سے روڈ سیفٹی کی آگاہی اور مہارت میں نمایاں اضافہ ہوا۔
- آ ٹپائز ڈلا<sup>جطک</sup>س طریقے: پی ایس اونے شراکت داروں کی کارکردگی کا جائزہ لینے اور حفاظت میں مسلسل بہتری لانے کے لیے کنٹر یکٹرزا بچ ایس ای اسکورکارڈسٹم متعارف کرایا۔ با قاعدگی سے آڈٹ اور معائنے نے مکنہ خطرات کی نشاند ہی کی اور انہیں کم کیا، جس سے سپلائی چین کے حفاظتی فریم ورک کومزید تقویت ملی ۔
- پروڈ کٹ کے معیاراور مقدار کی یقین دہانی: پی ایس اونے ٹینک لاریوں پر دستی مہروں کی جگہا می -سیلز (seals-e) متعارف کرانے کا پائلٹ پروگرام شروع کیا، تا کہ اس بات کو یقینی بنایا جا سکے کہ مصنوعات پورے معیاراور مقدار کے ساتھ صارفین تک پہنچیں۔ کا میاب یکیل کے بعد ای سیل سسٹم کو پورے فلیٹ میں بندر بنی نافذ کیا جائے گا جس سیصار فین کے اعتماداورا طمینان میں اضافہ ہوگا۔

#### كوالثي ايبثورنس

پی ایس اواپنے جامع ٹیسٹنگ نیٹ ورک کے ذریع اپنی غیر معمولی مصنوعات کے معیار کو برقر اررکھتی ہے۔صنعت کے موبائل کوالٹی ٹیسٹنگ یوٹش (ایم کیوٹی یو) کے سب سے بڑے فلیٹ اور 11 جدید ترین لیبارٹر یوں کے ساتھ، کمپنی ملک بھر میں اپنی پیٹرولیم مصنوعات کی مناسب جارچ اور معیار کی یقین دہانی کو یقینی بناتی ہے۔

تمپنی کے اہم اقدامات کی جھلکیاں مندرجہ ذیل ہیں:

- سخت ٹیسٹنگ: تمام مصنوعات سرکاری قواعد وضوابط اور بین الاقوامی معیارات کی بیجیل اوراس سے تجاوز کرنے کے لیے کمل جائچ سے گزرتی ہیں۔ پی ایس او کی لیہارٹریوں نے رواں سال 89,372 نمونوں کی جائچ کی اور 2,627 ایند شن اورلبریکنٹ مرکب تیار کیے۔
- مین الاقوامی شناخت: لیوب مینوفینچرنگ ٹرمینل اور سیاڑی ٹرمینل (کے ٹی اے) میں پی ایس اوکی لیبارٹر یوں نے بی پی انٹرنیٹنل لیب کوریکیشن پروگرام (بی پی آئی ایل سی پی )2022-23ء میں نمایاں شناخت حاصل کی ۔100 عالمی شرکامیں سے سمپنی کی لیبارٹر یوں کو ایک سخت راؤنڈ رابن کراس چیک پروگرام کے ذریعے "بہترین" کے طور پرجانچا گیا، جو کمپنی کی غیر معمولی درشگی اور مہارت کی توثیق کرتا ہے۔

پی ایس او نے اپنے اینی ایس ای ڈ پار ٹمنٹ اور کلیدی آ پریشٹل سائٹس پر آئی ایس او 45001 سر ٹیفکیشن حاصل کر کے اپنی سیفٹی لیڈر شپ پوزیشن کو مضبوط کیا ہے۔ ریسنگ میل ادارے کی جانب سے تحفظ کے حوالے سے پہل کی ثقافت کے عزم کو تفویت دیتا ہے، جو خطرات کی روک تھام اور ملاز مین کی فلاح و بہبود کی ہنیا د پر تعمیر کی گئی ہے۔

ساتھ ساتھ، پی ایس اونے اپنے ای ایس ای مینوک کوجامع طور پر اپ ڈیٹ کیا ہے، جس نے اسے آئی ایس او 45001 معیارات کے ساتھ ہم آ ہنگ کیا ہے اور صنعت کے بہترین طریقوں کے ساتھ مربوط کیا ہے۔

پی ایس اوملاز مین کوجا مع تربیت کی فراہمی ، اسٹیک ہولڈرز کی مشغولیت اور آگاہی کے خصوصی اقدامات کے ذریعے، اپنی افرادی قوت کواہم اپنچ ایس ای مہارت کے ساتھ بااختیار بنا تا ہے اور حفاظتی ذہنیت کوفر وغ دیتا ہے۔جدید پر وگرام، جیسے "غیر محفوظ ورک کارڈ کورو کنا"اقدام، منظرنا مے پر جنی انتظامی تربیت، اور نئے ملاز مین کی دل چسپ آن بورڈ نگ،اس عزم کومزید تقویت دیتے ہیں۔

جائے کارے باہراپنی اثر انگیزی کوفر وغ دیتے ہوئے، پی ایس اووسیع تر کمیونٹی کو شغول کرنے کے لیے سوشل میڈیا اورلیڈر شپ کی تیاری کے اقد امات سے استفادہ کرتی ہے، جس سے "صفر حادثات" کیہد ف کے حصول اور ایک ایسے مستقبل کی طرف پیش رفت ہوتی ہے جہاں حفاظت سب سے اہم ہے۔

سرك يرحفاظت كاانتظام

پی ایس اوسڑک پر حفاظت کو انتہائی اہمیت دیتی ہے، حادثات کی روک تھام اور مصنوعات کی محفوظ فقل وحمل کو یقینی بنانے کے لیے اپنے آپریشنز کے دوران سخت اقد امات کو مربوط کرتی ہے۔ فعال اقد امات کے ذریعے، پی ایس اواپنے لاجٹک شراکت داروں کے درمیان ایک مضبوط ایچ ایس ای کلچر کوفر وغ دیتی ہے، جو ایک محفوظ سپلائی چین کے لیے کوشاں ہیں۔

سال کے دوران کیے گئے اہم اقدامات میں شامل ہیں:

 ٹینک لاری کی حفاظت میں اضافہ: پی ایس اونے 7،000 سے زیادہ ٹینک لاریوں پر سخت معائنہ اور کیلیبریشن کر کے بلندترین حفاظتی معیارات کو یقینی بنایا، جس نے حفاظتی پردلو کول پر تختی ہے کمل درآ مدکی حفانت دی۔

ريورٹ برائے شيئر ہولڈرز

پی ایس اوکا ای ایس جی کی جانب سفر صرف ایک عہد نہیں بلکہ یہ ایک اسٹر ینجگ طریقہ کار ہے جو بہترین عالمی طریقوں سے ہم آ ہنگ ہے۔ ای ایس جی کے اصولوں کو اپناتے ہوئے، پی ایس او کا مقصد اپنے اسٹیک ہولڈرز، صارفین، اور بحیثیتِ مجموعی معاشرے کے لیے دیریاقد رکی تخلیق ہے۔

ماحولیاتی ،ساجی یانظم ونت کےحادثے کی وجہ سے سپلائی چین میں خلل کا خطرہ اوران خطرات کی نگرانی اور کم کرنے کے لیے کمپنی کی حکمت عملی

پی ایس او ماحولیاتی ، سابق یانظم ونت (ای ایس بی) حادثات کی وجہ سے سپلائی چین میں خلل کے ممکنہ خطرات سے آگاہ ہے، جواس کے کاروباری آ پریشنز اور سا کھ کومتا تر کر سکتے ہیں ۔ کمپنی تسلیم کرتی ہے کہ اس کی سپلائی چین کو مختلف ای ایس جی خطرات کا سامنا ہے، جن میں مندر جہذیل شامل ہیں:

- ، ما حولیاتی خطرات: آب وہوا کی تبدیلی، قدرتی آفات، اور وسائل کی کمی
- س<mark>ہاجی خطرات: مز</mark>دوروں کے تنازعات، کمیونٹی کی بدامنی، اور انسانی <sup>ح</sup>قوق کی خلاف ورزیاں ، صحت اور حفاظت کے امور
- نظم ونسق سے خطرات: بدعنوانی، رشوت، کاروباری اخلا قیات اور اصولوں کی عدم لغمیل،اورر یگولیٹری عدر مخمیل

ان خطرات کی تکرانی اوران کو کم کرنے کے لیے، پی ایس اونے مندرجہ ذیل حکمت عملیوں پڑمل درآ مدکیا ہے:

- خطرے کے جائزے اور آڈٹ
- مکنه سپائی چین میں خلل کے لیے تیار کردہ کاروباری شکسل کے منصوبے
- اپخ ریداری کے فیصلوں اور معاہدوں میں ای ایس جی کے خیالات کوشم کرنا

پی ایس او کا مقصد مکمنہ رکاوٹوں کو کم سے کم کرنا ،عوام کواپنے کا روباری شراکت داروں اور بالآخرا پنی سا کھ کی حفاظت ،اورطویل مدتی استحکام کویقینی بنانا ہے۔

**صحت ، شخفط اور ماحول** پی ایس او کی کارکردگی کی بنیادایک جامع این ای ای پروگرام کے ساتھ حفاظت پر گہری توجہ پر بنی ہے جو "صفر حادثات" کی ثقافت کو حاصل کرنے کی کوشش کرتی ہے۔وقف کمیٹیوں اور فعال انتظامی نگرانی کے ذریعے ، یہ پروگرام صنعت کے معروف حفاظتی اور

ماحولیاتی معیارات کی تخت سے تعمیل کویقینی بنا تا ہے، جس سے مسلسل بہتری اور آ پریشنل خطرات کوکم سے کم کیا جاسکتا ہے۔

سمپنی اپنے پورے نیٹ ورک، جس میں ریٹیل آؤٹ لیٹس ، آئل ٹرمینلز ، اور ایوی ایشن اسٹیشنز شامل ہیں ، ایک بخت آڈٹ اور معا ئند شیڈ ول برقر اررکھتی ہے۔ ایک اہم اضافے کے طور پر ، پی ایس اونے ریٹیل آؤٹ لیٹس کے لیے جدید ، ویب پر مبنی ایچ ایس ای آڈٹ یلیٹ فارم متعارف کرایا ہے ، جس میں ایک آسان موبائل ایپ شامل ہے جو آڈٹ یحمل کو بہتر بناتی ہے۔ بیجد یدحل ریئل ٹائم میں ڈیٹا کیچر ،خود کارر پورٹنگ ، اور مضبوط قبیل کی گرانی کو کمکن بنا تا ہے۔

یہ فعال اقدامات پی ایس او کی اپنے ملاز مین، صارفین اور کمیونٹی کی فلاح و بہبود اور حفاظت کو یقینی بنانے پر مسلسل توجہ کو اجا گر کرتے ہیں، جبکہ ماحول دوست طریقوں کی حمایت کرتے ہیں جو پائیدار مستقبل کے لیے معاون ہیں۔

**پروسیس سیفنی مینجنٹ** پی ایس او کے آپریشز ایک مضبوط پروسیس سیفنی مینجنٹ (PSM) فریم ورک پرمنی ہیں، جو کمپنی کے ایچ ایس ای پروگرام سے پوری طرح مر بوط ہیں۔ سیفنی ایکسیلینس 40 سے زیادہ مینجنٹ آف چینج (ایم اوس) کمیسز کے حفت جائز ےاور منظوری کے ذریعے حاصل کی جاتی ہے، اس بات کو یقینی بناتے ہوئے کہ مک میں تمام تبدیلیاں کو انتہائی حفاظت اور د کچھ بھال کے ساتھ مک میں لائی جائیں۔

جدیدا یم اوسی کنٹر دکرا یپلی کیشن کے تعارف نے منظوری کے عمل کومزید ہموار کیا ہیاوراعلیٰ ترین حفاظتی معیارات کو برقر ارر کھتے ہوئے کارکر دگی کو بڑھایا ہے۔

ی ایس او نے مربوط ٹیم ورک کے ذریعے ایک محفوظ اور قابل اعتماد آپریٹنگ ما حول کو یقینی بنانے کے لیے پرمٹ ٹو ورک (پی ٹی ڈبلیو) اور ایم جنسی رسپانس پلان (ای آرپی) سمیت اہم پروسیس سیفٹی مینجمنٹ (پی ایس ایم) سسٹم کو کا میابی سے مربوط کیا ہے۔ اس مشترک طریقہ کار نے شاندار حفاظتی کا رکر دگی کا مظاہرہ کیا ہے، جس میں دوران مدت ہلا کتوں کے کوئی واقعات نہیں ہوئے اور صفر مہلک واقعات اور معمولی چوٹیں لگنے کے واقعات کی اطلاع دی گئی۔

سمپنی کا مثالی حفاظتی ریکارڈ افراد، آلات اور پراسس کی حفاظت پراس کی توجہ اور آپریشنل عمد گی کے لیےاس کے مزم کا ثبوت ہے۔

، پائیدار سنقتبل کے ہمارے عزم کے حصے کے طور پر کمپنی صاف شمسی توانائی پر انحصار کرتے ہوئے کمپنی کی سہولتوں اورریٹیل آؤٹ لیٹس کو فعال طور پر تبدیل کررہی ہے۔ اس اقدام کے با قاعدہ آغاز کے لیے پی ایس اونے ہمارے شکار پورٹر مینل پرسولر پاور پلانٹ نصب کیا۔سورج کی طاقت سے استفادہ کرتے ہوئے، کمپنی کا مقصد توانائی کے روایتی ذرائع پر انحصار کم کرنے اور سبز تر مستقتبل کی تعمیر میں اپنا کردارادا کرنا ہے۔

• پی ایس اونے پیر کی مارشلنگ بارڈ میں 12 ہزار اور اسلام آباد 11 ویں ایو نیو میں 500،6 درخت لگائے ہیں۔ شجر کاری کی یہ کوششیں ماحولیاتی انتظام اور آب وہوا کے ضابطے کے لیے کمپنی کے عزم کی نشاند ہی کرتی ہیں۔

نيك زير واخراج

جیسا کہ کمپنی توانائی پرسر مایہ کاری کوتر جیح دیتی رہی ہے، لہٰذا، 2050ء تک ایک نیٹ زیر و اخراج والا کار وبار بننا پی ایس او کے اسٹرینجٹ نصب العین کا مرکزی نکتہ ہے۔ اس ضمن میں کمپنی کاارادہ ہے کہ 2035ء تک اس کیپریشنز میں کاربن کے اخراج کو 50 فیصد تک کم کر دیا جائے۔

مزید برآں، پی ایس اونے سولرتوانا کی، برقی گاڑیوں کی چارجنگ کے انفر اسٹر کچراور دیگر پائیدارحل میں سرمایہ کاری بڑھاتے ہوئے مذکورہ شعبوں میں کی جانے والی کوششوں میں نمایاں معاونت کی ہے۔

#### ساجی اقدامات

ماحولیات کے تحفظ کے خیال کے ساتھ ساتھ کمپنی ساجی ذمہداری کو بھی ترجیح دیتی ہے۔ پی ایس او مقامی آبادیوں کے ساتھ تعلیمی پروگراموں کی معاونت، نگہدا شتِ صحت کے اقدامات اور کمیونٹ کے تر قیاتی منصوبوں کے لیے فعال طور پر منسلک رہتی ہے۔ کمپنی معاشرے پر مثبت اثرات مرتب کرنے میں یقین رکھتی ہےاور جن آبادیوں میں سے کام کرتی ہےان کی بہودکی کاوشوں میں حصہ لیتی ہے۔

**صحت اور تحفظ** پی لیس اوا پچ ایس ای مینجمنٹ سسٹم کے ذریعے اپنے ملاز مین ، ٹھیکیداروں ، صارفین ، اور عوام کی بہبوداور تحفظ کوتر جیح دیتی ہے۔

- ۱ یک جامع اورمننوع جائے کارکا فروغ جہاں ہر فر دکوا ہمیت اور تکریم کا احساس ملے۔
  - بین الاقوامی سطح پرتشلیم شده معیارات کے مطابق انسانی حقوق کا خیال رکھنا۔
    - مقامی آبادیوں کی نمواورتر قی میں حصہ لینیکے لیے سرما یہ کاری
  - ، معاشرے پرمثبت اثرات کی تغییر کے لیے رفا ہی سرگرمیوں سے منسلک ہونا۔
- دیانت داری اور بھرو سے کویقینی بنانے کے لیےاخلاقی کاروباری طریقوں کی قابلِ تحسین سطح کو برقر اردکھنا۔

ان عزائم پر قائم رہتے ہوئے ، کمپنی ایک ایسی تنظیم تخلیق کرنے کے لیے کوشاں ہے جونہ صرف کا روبار میں بہترین ہے بلکہ معاشر ے کی بہتری میں بھی فعال طور پر حصہ لیتی ہے۔

لظم وزمق: پی ایس اوا پھیظم ونسق کے طریقوں کی اہمیت کو پھتی ہے اور شفافیت ، احتساب اور اخلاقی برتا وکو یقینی بنانے کے لیے ٹھوس نظام اور پروسس کا نفاذ کر چکی ہے۔ کمپنی کم پلا تکنس کے سخت معیارات پر قائم رہتی ہے، شفاف کا روباری طریقوں کا فروغ دیتی ہے اور اپنے متعلقہ فریقوں (اسٹیک ہولڈرز) میں اعتماد کو پروان چڑ ھاتی ہے۔

کاروباری اصولوں اوراخلاقی پالیسی موجود ہے جومندرجہ ذیل پہلوؤں کا احاطہ کرتی ہے:

- رشوت اور بد عنوانی
- مفادات کا تصادم
  - رازداری
- عام سرگرمیاں
- رقوم،ا ثانۋں، دصوليوں،ادائيكيوں كامناسب ريكار ڈ
- سرکاری افسران، میڈیا، سپلائرز، مشاورت کاروں، ایجنٹوں، ثالثوں اور دیگر فریقوں نے تعلق اور معاملات
  - جائےکار پر ہراسانی
  - اعتمادشکنی کے قوانین وغیرہ
  - ضابطهار(كود آف كند كه)
    - مالى سالا نەر يورپ كااخلىرار
  - و پاکستان اسٹاک ایکیچینج کمیشن کے قواعد وضوا بط کل تعمیل

358

ريورٹ برائے شيئر ہولڈرز

ان اصولوں پر قائم رہتے ہوئے یی ایس او نہ صرف این سالیت کو برقر اررکھتی ہے بلکہ بیر 2024ء کے تحت مالی سال 2023–24ء کے لیے صنف کی بنیاد پر تخواہ کے فرق کا تنظیم کے اندراعتاد اور شفافیت کے کلچر کو بھی فروغ دیتی ہے۔ بیہ صغبوط فریم ورک ملازمین کوٹھوس اخلاقی فیصلے کرنے کا اختیار دیتی ہے اور ایک قابل اعتماد اور ذمہ دار -34 فيصد کاریوریٹ ادارے کےطور پر کمپنی کی ساکھ کو تحفظ دیتی ہے۔ 85.7 فيصد

مفادات کے تصادم کی پالیسی کمپنی کی پالیسی کوخصوص حالات کی فعال طور پرنشاند ہی کرنے کے لیے وضع کیا گیا ہے جو مکنہ طور پر کمپنی کے مفادات سے متصادم ہو سکتے ہیں۔ فیصلہ سازی کے ممل میں شفافیت کو برقرار رکھنے اور منصفانہ برتا وً اور غیر جانبداری کے اصولوں کو برقرار رکھنے کے لیے، پی الیس اوکسی بھی ممکنہ تنازعات کے ریکارڈ کواپ ڈیٹ اور برقرار رکھنے کے لیے سالانہ جائزہ لیتی ہے۔ بیمل اس بات کی ضمانت دیتا ہے کہ ہمارے ملاز مین یوری طرح سے باخبر ہیںاورکسی بھی نوع کے تناز عات سے نمٹنے اوران کے تصفیے کے لیے تیار ہیں۔

مکنہ تناز عات کامستفل جائزہ لے کراوران سے نمٹنے کے ذریعے، پی ایس اوکام کے ایک ہم آ ہنگ اوراخلاقی ماحول کویقینی بناتی ہے، جہاں تمام فیصلے ایما نداری اور کمپنی کے بہترین مفادمیں کیے جاتے ہیں۔

ماحولياتي سماجي نظم ونسق یی ایس او ماحولیاتی ، سماجی اورنظم ونسق کے بہترین طریقے اپنانے کے سفر کی جانب گا مزن ہےجس کا مقصد یا ئیداری اور ذمہ دار کا روباری آپریشنز کا فروغ ہے۔

ماحوليات یی ایس اواس بات کوشلیم کرتی ہے کہ ماحولیاتی مسائل انتہائی اہمیت کے حامل ہیں اور ماحولیاتی منفی اثرات میں کمی کے عزم پر قائم ہے۔مختلف اقدامات، جیسے توانائی کو محفوظ کرنے کے پروگرام (انرجی کنزرویشن پروگرامز)، اور صاف تر شیکنالوجیز کواپنانے کے ذ ریعے، پی ایس اوآلودگی کے اخراج میں کمی اور سبز ترمستقتبل کوفر وغ دینے کاارادہ رکھتی ہے۔

یی ایس اوایچ ایس ای یا لیسی برقر ارر کھنے کاعز مرکھتی ہے اور مندرجہذیل اقدامات کر چکی ہے:

یی الیس اونے کاربن فٹ یرنٹ یرایک جامع شخصی کی ہے جس میں کاربن کے اخراج کے بلاواسطہ اور بالواسطہ ذرائع کی نشاندہی اور بین الاقوامی طریقے، جو جی ایچ جی پروٹوکول، بی اے ایس 2050 اور تخمینے کے دیگر معیارات استعال کرتے ہوئے گرین ہاؤس کیس کے اخراج کا تخمینہ لگایا گیا ہے۔

حساب درج ذیل ہے: تنخواه ميں صنف کی بنياد پراوسط فرق (j) صنف کی بنیاد پروسطان پنخواہ (ii) روپے فی گھنٹہ مردملا زمین کی اوسط الف 1,026 خواتین ملازمین کی اوسط 1,377 Ļ مردملاز مين كاوسطانيه  $\mathcal{C}$ 778 خواتين ملازمين كاوسطانيه

## وسل بلوئنگ بالیسی

یی ایس اوابیخ آپریشنز میں شفافیت ، احتساب اور اخلاقی طرز عمل کوتر جیح دیتی ہے۔ ان اقدار کی برقراری میں معاونت کے لیے، ایک مضبوط وسل بلوئنگ پالیسی ان افراد کو بااختیار بناتی اور حفاظت کرتی ہے جو ہماری کمپنی کے اندر کسی بھی ممکنہ غلط کا م یاغیر اخلاقی طرزعمل کے بارے میں خدشات کا اظہار کرتے ہیں۔

717

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ېپه پالېسې ملاز مېن، ځهيکيدارول، سپلائرز اور ديگر اسٹېک ہولڈرز کو دهو که دېمي، بدعنواني يا قوانین اورضوابط کی خلاف درزیوں جیسی کسی بھی بدا نتظامی کی اطلاع دینے کے لیےا بک محفوظ اورخفیہ پلیٹ فارم فراہم کرتی ہے۔ پی ایس اوا یک ایسے کلچر کوفر وغ دینے کی اہمیت کو بچھتی ہے جہاں افراد آواز اٹھانے کے لیے بااختیار محسوس کرتے ہیں،اور منصفانداور غیر جانبدارانہانداز میں تمام ریورٹس کی مکمل تحقیقات کرنے کے لیے برعز م ہے۔

کمپنی کی سالیت کے تحفظ میں وسل بلوئرز ( آواز اٹھانے والے ) کے اہم کردارکونشلیم کرتے ہوئے کمپنی انہیں ضروری مددادر تحفظ فراہم کرتی ہے۔ بولنے کی ثقافت کو فعال طور یرفروغ دے کر، بی ایس او کا مقصد ایک ایسا ماحول پیدا کرنے کی کوشش کرتی ہے جہاں اخلاقی روپے کی نہ صرف تلقین کی جاتی ہے بلکہ اسے تسلیم کیا جاتا ہے۔

کاردباری اصول اور اخلا قیات کی یالیسی پی ایس ادکی کاروباری اصول اوراخلا قیات کی پالیسی تمام ملاز مین کے لیے رہنما قطب نما کے طور پر کام کرتی ہے، جوان کے کاروباری اور پیشہ درانہ طر زِعمل لیے ایک حتمی معیار قائم کرتی ہے۔اعلیٰ ترین اخلاقی معیارات سے غیر متزلزل وابستگی کے ساتھ کمپنی خودکوا پنی بنیادی اقدار سے ہم آ ہنگ کرتی ہےاور پی ایس او کے مفادات کو *کسی بھی* ذاتی فائدے برتر جیچر دیتی ہے۔

بناتا ہے۔نفسیاتی جائزوں کے ذریعے، پی ایس اوذاتی ترقی کی ثقافت کوفر وغ دیتی ہے، جہاں افرادا پنی ذمہ داریوں کو کامیابی سے انجام دیتے ہیں اور کاروباری کامیابی کوفر وغ دیتے ہیں۔

### سه ماہی اپریزل

پی ایس او میں، سہ ماہی دار با قاعدہ اپریزل سے منیجرز کو کار کردگی کے مسائل کی فعال طور پر نشاند ہی اور حل تلاش کرنے، خطرات کو کم کرنے اور ملاز مین کی کار کردگی کو بہتر بنانے میں مدد ملتی ہے۔ می<sup>نظ</sup>م طریقہ کارچیلنجوں کا جلد پتہ لگانے اور حل کرنے، داضح ہدف مقرر کرنے اور پیش رفت کی ٹریکنگ، اور اہداف میں ضرورت کے مطابق ایڈ جسٹمنٹ کی سہولت فراہم کرتا ہے، جس سے طلویں نتائج حاصل ہوتے ہیں۔

تو قعات، کامیا بیوں اور بہتری کے شعبوں پر ملاز مین اور سپر وائز رز کے درمیان اعتماد اور صف بندی پیدا کر کے، سہ ماہی تشخیص کاعمل ملاز مین کے لیے ہدف کی کامیا بیوں اور تو قعات پر وضاحت کو یقینی بناتا ہے. مزید برآل، سی کیر یئر میں ترقی پر بات چیت کے مواقع فراہم کرتا ہے، ملاز مین کو کو قدر کی نگاہ سے دیکھا جاتا ہے اور تقویت کا احساس دلاتا ہے، جس سے با قاعدگی سے فیڈ بیک کی فراہمی اور معاون کام کے ماحول کو فروغ دے کر شکایات کی تعداد کو نمایاں طور پر کم کیا گیا ہے۔

ملاز مین کی فلاح و بہبود میں سرمایہ کاری کمپنی کے لیے مفید ثابت ہوتی ہے، جس میں غذائیت کے کلینک، آگا ہی سیشن، اور فٹنس پروگرام جیسے اقد امات کے ذریعے ملاز مین کے اطمینان اور مثبت سرگرمیوں میں نمایاں اضافہ ہوا ہے۔فلاح و بہبود کے اس عزم نے کمپنی کو 2 قابلِ فخر ایوارڈز: " بہترین صحت اور تندر تی " کے لیے Pinnacle HR اور Award Excellence Management Asian اور جیستے میں مدددی ہے۔

اس کامیابی کی بنیاد پر پی ایس او متعدد اقد امات کرنے کے لیے تیار ہے جن کا مقصد ملاز مین کی استعداد کاری اور مہارتوں کو بہتر بنانا، تنظیمی صلاحیتوں میں اضافہ اور بہترین ٹیلنٹ کے حصول، برقر ارکی اور پرداخت کے ذریعے شیئر ہولڈرز کے لیے طویل مدتی قدر کوفروغ دینا ہے۔

صنف کی بنیاد پر شخواہ کے فرق کا تجزیر سیکوریٹیز اینڈ ایم پینی آف پاکستان کے سرکلر نمبر 10 / 2024 بتاریخ 17 اپریل کے انتظام کے طریقوں کو بہتر بنانے پر توجہ مرکوز کرتے ہوئے پی ایس او کا مقصد ایک ایسی جائے کا رشکیل دینا ہے جہاں افراد ترقی کر سکیں، کمپنی کی کا میا بی میں حصہ لے سکیں، اور توانائی کے شیعیے میں ترقی کو فروغ دے سکیں۔ ٹیلنٹ پائپ لائن تیار کرنے کے لیے، پی ایس او نے مختلف تعلیمی اداروں میں منعقد ہونے والے متعدد کیریئر اور پلیسمدے میلوں میں فعال طور پر حصہ لیا اور ادارے کی نمائندگی کی۔

30 جون، 2024ء تک، صنفی نمائندگی کی معقول سطح کے ساتھ، ملاز مین کی کل تعداد 203،2 ہے. پی ایس اواس سال صنفی نمائندگی اور شمولیت پر اپنی توجہ بڑھارہی ہے، جس میں خواتین کولیڈر شپ عہدوں تک ترقی دینے اور وابستگی کی ثقافت کوفروغ دینے پر زور دیا گیا ہے۔

پی ایس او کارکردگی کے انتظام اور اعلیٰ صلاحیتوں کی نشاندہی کو ترجیح دیتی ہے، اور اسٹریٹیجک طور پر صلاحیتوں میں بہتری پر زور دیتی ہے، جس کے لیے ہدف پر منی نشان دہی اور جائزے کے ذریعے اقدامات کیے جاتے ہیں۔

360 ڈگری قیادت کی ترقی کے لیے جاری اقدامات کے ایک جصے کے طور پر، پی ایس اوسینئر ملاز مین (لیول 15 اور اس سے او پر) کے لیے جامع 360 ڈگر کی جائز کے کا ہتما م کرتی ہے۔ یہ تشخیصی عمل، جس میں سپر وائز رز ، ساتھیوں، ماتخوں، اور خود تشخیصی آ راء لا شامل ہیں، جو سالا نہ کار کردگی کے جائز نے میں بخوبی ضم کی گئی ہے۔ اس جائز نے کے کمیر جہتی طریقہ کار کو استعمال کرتے ہوئے، پی ایس او مختلف محکموں اور امور میں قائدا نہ صلاحیتوں کی درست نشاند ہی اور نشو ونما کرتی ہے۔

پی ایس او کا360 ڈ گری جائزہ ایک سخت اور جامع تشخیص کاعمل ہے، جس میں سپر وائز رز، ساتھیوں، ماتخو ں اورخود افراد سے رائے حاصل کرنے کے لیے ان ہاؤس ٹولز سے کا م لیا جاتا ہے۔ یہ کنیر الجہتی نقطہ نظر قائدانہ صلاحیتوں اور استعداد کی شناخت میں ایک کلیدی محرک رہا ہے۔

سائىكومىٹرك ٹىيىٹ

یپی ایس اوامیدواروں اور ذمہ داریوں کے درمیان درست مطابقت کوئیتنی بنانے کے لیے سائیکو میٹرک ٹیسٹ کا استعال کرتی ہے، جس سے ان کی شخصیت ،علمی صلاحیتوں اور طریق کے رجحانات کو کمپنی کی ثقافت کے ساتھ ہم آ ہنگ کرتی ہے۔ بیاسٹر یکجٹ طریقہ کارایچ آرکو باخبر فیصلے کرنے، ٹیلنٹ کے حصول، پر داخت اور برقرار رکھنے کے قابل

ريورٹ برائے شيئر ہولڈرز

آ پریشنز کے ایک تاریخی معاہدے سے ہوا۔ یہ اشتر اک جلد ہی ملک بھر کے 6 مزید مقامات تک بڑھایا جائے گا۔

بنیادی ڈھانچ کی تیاری میں ایک اہم پیش رفت کرتے ہوئے، پی ایس او نے فوجی آئل ٹرمینل کمپنی (ایف اوٹی سی او) کے ہیڈر کو بائی پاس کرتے ہوئے ذوالفقار آباد آئل ٹرمینل اوٹی اور دائٹ آئل ٹرمینل سروسز (ڈبلیواو ٹی ایس-1) کے در میان براہ راست رابطہ قائم کیا ہے اور ٹی آپیشنل کا رکردگی کی راہ ہموار کی ہے۔اس حل میں پیٹرول اور ایچ ایس ڈی کے لیے 2 مخصوص 24 ایٹج پائی لائنیں ہیں، جن میں سے ہرا کی 5.1 کلومیٹر پر پھیلی ہوئی ہے، جو پی ایس او بوسٹر اشیشن سے شروع ہوتی ہیں۔ ڈبلیواو پی میں براہ راست مصنوعات کی منقلی کو کمکن بنا کر، کیکشن زیڈاو ٹی استور تی کی استعداد کو کافی حد تک بڑھا تا ہے،

*شيکنالوجی* 

سمپنی کی قدر کو بڑھانے میں ایک اہم کردار کے طور پر ٹیکنالوجی ، پی ایس او آپریشنل کنٹر ول بہتر بنانے، کارکردگی کو مزید مستعد بنانے اور ممکنہ خطرات کو کم سے کم کرنے کے لیے اپنی صلاحیت کو بہتر بنانے کے لیے پُرعز م ہے۔ کمپنی کے ڈیجیٹرل اقدامات ڈیجیٹرل ٹرانسفارمیشن کی وسیع تر حکمت عملی سے ہم آ ہنگ ہیں جو پوری سپلائی چین میں ایک مضبوط موجودگی کے قیام، جدت طرازی، تیز رفتاری اور ترقی کوفروغ دینے کے لیے وضع کیا گیا ہے۔

رواں سال، پی ایس اونے متعدد کا میاب منصوبوں کے ساتھ قابلِ ذکر پیش رفت کی جس سے تکنیکی ترقی پراس کی مستقل توجہ کا اظہار ہوتا ہے:

- محمودکوٹ اور شکار پور میں 2 اضافی ٹر مینلز کے انتخام اور خودکاری سے مجموعی تعداد5 ہوگئی ہے، اور اس عمل کے ذریعے ہموار آ پریشنز اور ایند صن کے صحیح معیار اور مقدار کو لیقینی بنا ناممکن ہوا۔
- پی ایس او نے مرکزی کمانڈ اینڈ کنٹر ول سٹم سے ساتھ اضافی 1000 رمیٹیل شالیس کا انضام مکمل ہوا جبکہ 200 مزید سائٹس پر تعیناتی جاری ہے، جس میں ریموٹ پاس ورڈ کی تبدیلی اور ریموٹ آٹو / مینوکل موڈ تبدیلی کی صلاحیتیں شامل ہیں ، یہ بروقت تگرانی کا کا نظام قیت کے تعین سے دشق انتظام کو ختم کرتے ہوئے مؤثر تگرانی ، کنٹرول اور آپریشنز کی منصوبہ بندی کرنے کے قابل بنا تا ہے۔
- مزید 2 مقامات (محمود کوٹ اور شکاریور) پر آلومیط کیو مینجمنٹ اینڈ شیڈ وانگ سسٹم

(اے کیوا یم ایس) کی تنصیب، جس سے پاکستان بھر میں ایسے مقامات کی مجموعی تعداد 9 ہوگئی ہے۔ بیدنظام اوزان کی تقسیم کوخود کار بنا تا ہے اور انسانی مداخلت کی ضرورت کے بغیر بھرنے (فلنگ) کے لیےٹو کن تیار کرتا ہے۔

- کمپیوٹر وڑن ٹیکنالوجی کا ستعمال آپریشنل کارکردگی کے نئے معیار حاصل کرنے کے لیے کیا جار ہا ہے۔ ریٹیل آؤٹ لیٹس اورٹر مینلز سے کیمرہ ڈیٹا کا تجزید کر کے، کمپنی اسٹور کی تر تیب کو بہتر بنا سکتی ہے تا کہ صارفین کی آمدورفت آسان ہو، عملے ک تعیناتی کو بہتر بنانے کے لیے مصروف اوقات کی پیش گوئی کی جا سکے، خود کارنگرانی سے سکیو رٹی کو بہتر بنایا جا سکے، اور حقیقی وقت میں نگرانی کے ذریعے حفاظتی پروٹو کول کو مضبوط کیا جا سکے۔
- وسائل کے بہترین استعال اور مصنوعات کے بہا وَ کو بہتر بنانے کے لیے خود کارویلیو چین پلاننگ اور مینجہنٹ سسٹم کا نفاذ۔
- ڈیلرز کے لیے کمپیوٹرائز ڈیکٹنٹن مینجنٹ سٹم (CMMS) کا آغاز، جس کے ذریعے وہ شکایات درج کر سکتے ہیں اوران کے حل کا وقت ٹریک کر سکتے ہیں، جس سے خدمات کا معیار بہتر ہوتا ہے۔ یہ نظام پی ایس اوکونیٹ ورک جمر میں کارکردگی بہتر بنانے کے لیے اہم معلومات فراہم کرتا ہے۔
- آن لائن ر پورٹنگ ٹولز، خودکار بکنگ مسٹم، اورا نوینٹری مینجمنٹ، لاس ٹریکنگ ، اور کرائے کی ادا ئیگی جیسے کا موں کے لیے ڈیجیٹل ریکارڈ رکھنے سمیت متعدد آ ٹومیشن اورڈ یحجیٹلا ئزیشن منصوبوں کوانجام دینا۔
- ، سسمپنی کے ڈیجیٹل انفراسٹر کچر کی حفاظت کے لیے جدید ترین فائر وال کا نفاذ۔ یہ نظام مجموعی خطرات کے انتظام، نیٹ ورک کی بہتر تگرانی، اور جدید خطرات کی نشاندہی جیسی خصوصیات فراہم کرتا ہے، جس سے کمپنی کے اثاثے اور اسٹیک ہولڈرز کااعتاد محفوظ رہتا ہے۔

ان پیش رفتوں کے ذریعے پی ایس اوا پنی سپلائی چین میں انقلاب بر پا کررہی ہےاور کارکردگی، شفافیت، تا ثیر کے حصول اورفر وغ کے لیے ہر شعبے میں ٹیکنالو جی کواپنار ہی ہے۔

**انسانی وسائل (ہیومن ریسورسز )** پی ایس اوشلیم کرتی ہے کہ ہمارے ملازمین ہماراسب سے بڑاا ثاثہ ہیں۔انسانی وسائل اس توسیع کے ساتھ پی ایس او پنجاب اور کے پی کے بھر میں 1500 سے زائد نئے ریٹیل اسٹیشنز قائم کرکے اپنی مارکیٹ پوزیشن کو متحکم کرنے کے لیے تیار ہے۔ کمپنی نے اپنے ٹرمینلز پر موجودہ مینک کی 48,000 میٹرکٹن گنجائش کو بحال کیا، جس سے ان کی آپریشنل لائف میں نمایاں اضافہ ہوااور حفاظتی معیارات میں خاطر خواہ بہتری آئی۔

پی ایس او نے مختلف ڈیوز پر فائر فائٹنگ مسٹم کواپ گریڈ کیا، جس میں پانی ذخیرہ کرنے اور تقسیم سے بہتر نبیٹ ور کس شامل ہیں۔ کمپنی نے پیٹاور کے قریب تر وجبّہ ڈیو میں 104 کینال اراضی حاصل کرنے کی بھی منظوری حاصل کی جس سے ذخیرہ کاری کی صلاحیت میں اضافہ ہوا۔ یہتو سیچ پی ایس اوکوا پنی اسٹور بیچ کی سطح کو بڑھانے اور صارفین کی بڑھتی ہوئی طلب کو بروفت اور محفوظ طریقے سے پورا کرنے کے قابل بنائے گی۔

سمپنی نے اپنے اسٹوریخ ٹینکوں کو جدیدترین ریڈار گچنگ سسٹم سے کیس کیا ہے، جو درست اور قابل اعتماد پیائش، آسان تنصیب اور موجودہ بنیادی ڈھانچ کے ساتھ ہموار انضام کویفینی بنا تاہے۔

کیاڑی بندرگاہ پر، 3 طرفہ والوز متعارف کروا کے ٹینکر ڈسچارج آپریشز کو کمل طور پر خودکار بنا دیا ہے، دستی مداخلت کو ختم کر دیا ہے اور حفاظت، کار کر دگی اور پید اواری صلاحیت میں نمایاں اضافہ کیا ہے۔ دریں اثنا، کیاڑی ٹرمینل سی (کے ٹی سی) م piping receipt میں ہدف کے مطابق تبدیلیوں نے رکاوٹوں کو کا میابی کے ساتھ ختم کیا ہے، مصنوعات کی ہینڈ لنگ کو ہموار کیا ہے اور مجموعی آپریشنل کار کر دگی کو بڑھا دیا ہے۔

اپن تکنیکی سفر میں ایک اہم پیش رفت کے ساتھ کمپنی نے کیاڑی ٹرمینل اے (کراچی) اور سہالہ (اسلام آباد) میں ٹینک ٹرک بھرنے کے لیے جدید میٹرنگ سٹم متعارف کرایا ہے۔اس نفاذ سے حاصل ہونے والا تجربہ اور علم میٹر پر مبنی ایند ھن بھرنے کے آپریشنز کو دوسر ے مقامات تک پھیلانے میں معاون ثابت ہوگا، جس سے مزید آپریشنل بہتری آئے گی۔

یپالیس اونے سہالہ ٹرمینل پر 2 کلیدی منصوبوں پر کا میابی کے ساتھ عملدر آمد کیا، آپریشنل صلاحیتوں میں اضافہ کیا۔ کمبی لوڈ نگ مسٹم بھرنے کی صلاحیت کو 20 فیصد تک بڑھا تا ہے اور ٹینک بحالی کا منصوبہ اہم ایندھن کی فراہمی کو بحال کرتا ہے اور جیٹ ایندھن کی وصولی کومکن بنا تا ہے۔

کمپنی نے اپنے اسٹر یجل صارفین کو بہتر خدمات فراہم کرنے کے لیے ایک اہم اقدام کا آغاز کیا ہے، جس کا آغاز لا ہوراور کراچی میں پاکستان ریلوے (PR) کے لیے فیولنگ سپلانکی چین پی ایس اونے سال بھر پٹر ولیم مصنوعات کی فراہمی کواسٹر میٹیجک انداز میں منظم کیا ،فر وخت کے رجحانات کی بنیاد پر درآمدات اور مقامی ریفائنری کی پیداوار کومتوازن رکھتے ہوئے ملک بھرمیں مناسب ذ خائر برقر ارر کھے۔

معاش اورموسی مسائل کی وجہ سے طلب میں کمی اوراسم گلنگ میں اضافے سے پیدا ہونے والے سپلائی اور طلب کے فرق کے باوجود، پی ایس اونے درآمدات اور مقامی سپلائی کو ایڈ جسٹ کرتے ہوئے اضافی ذخائر سے بچنے کے لیے پیشگی اقدامات کیے۔

سمپنی نے کویت پیٹرولیم سمپنی (کے پی سی) سے ریکارڈ توڑ درآمدات کے ذریعے ریفائٹری شٹ ڈاؤن کے دوران ایوی ایشن کی صنعت کے لیے جیٹ فیول کی بلاقطل فراہمی کویقینی بنایا۔ پی ایس اونے نئی کمپنیوں کوراغب کرکے اور سابقہ کمپنیوں کی دوبارہ شمولیت سے اپنی رسدی اساس کو بہتر بنایا، مسابقتی قیتوں پر پیٹرول سپلائی چین کو بہتر بنانے اور محفوظ بنانے کے لیے میعادی معاہدے متعارف کروائے۔

زراعت اور صنعت کے لیے ہائی اسپیڈ ڈیزل کی اہمیت کو تسلیم کرتے ہوئے، پی ایس او نے فصل کی کٹائی کے موسم کے دوران اسٹاک کی سطح کوقو اعد و ضوابط سے کہیں زیادہ بر قرار رکھتے ہوئے سال بھراس کی دستیا بی کو قینی بنایا۔Ron-95 میں مار کیٹ لیڈر کی حیثیت سے، کمپنی نے مسابقتی قیتوں کی پیش کش کرنے اور مار کیٹ شیئر بڑھانے کے لیے مقامی ذرائع کے ساتھر دیکارڈ فروخت اور اسٹر یکج طور پر متوازن درآ مدات کیں۔

مزید برآل پختاط منصوبہ بندی ہے کمپنی کو منصوبہ بندریفائنری شٹ ڈاؤن کے دوران کافی ذخیرہ برقر ارر کھنے اور جنوبی اور مرکزی پاور پلانٹس کے لیے ایند ھن کے تیل کی غیر متوقع طلب کوکا میابی سے پورا کرنے میں مدد ملی ۔

**آپریشٹز** پی ایس اونے اپنے بنیادی ڈھانچے کی سا کھاور دستیابی کو بڑھانے میں خاطر خواہ پیش رفت کی ہے،جس کا مقصد جموعی کارکردگی ،حفاظت اور آپریشنل صلاحیت میں اضافہ ہے۔

کمپنی نے فقیر آباد، محمود کوٹ اور فیصل آباد ٹرمینلز پر 3 نے ٹینکول کی کامیاب تعمیر اور کمیشنگ کے ساتھا پنی ایندھن ذخیرہ کرنے کی صلاحیتوں میں اضافہ کیا، جس کے نتیج میں استعداد میں 91،000 میٹرکٹن کا خاطر خواہ اضافہ ہوا، جس سے مجموعی طور پر ذخیرے کی استعداد 1.24 ملین ٹن تک پہنچ گئی۔

ريورٹ برائے شيئر ہولڈرز

معروف ڈلیوری کمپنیوں کے ساتھ اسٹر ینجٹ شراکت داری نے ڈیچی کیش کی رسائی اور سہولت میں مزید اضافہ کیا ہے۔صارفین اب آسان بینک کارڈ ٹاپ اپ کے ذریعے بلانغطل والٹ مینجمنٹ سے لطف اندوز ہو سکتے ہیں۔

سیکیورٹی کواولین ترجیح دیتے ہوئے پی ایس اونے نادرا کے ساتھ اشتر اک کیا ہے تا کہ آن بورڈ نگ کے عمل کے دوران ٹھوس، بروقت شاختی تصدیق پر عمل درآ مد کیا جا سکے، جس سے صارفین کو تحفظ اوریقین دہانی کی ایک اضافی پرت فراہم کی جا سکے۔ جیسا کہ ڈیچی کیش کی نمو کی رفتار بڑھر ہی ہے، پی ایس اوڈ یجیٹل ادائیکیوں کے منظر نامے کو مزید بہتر بنانے کے لیے تیار ہے۔

**نان فیول ریٹیل** پی ایس اونے اپنے کنونینس اسٹورنیٹ ورک کو کا میابی کے ساتھ از سر نو تر تیب دیا ہے، جس سے صارفین کے لیے خریداری کے تجربے میں اضافہ ہوا ہے۔کلیدی تبدیلیوں میں درج ذیل شامل ہیں:

- پردڈ کٹ پورٹ فولیو میں اضافہ: معروف برانڈز کے ساتھ اسٹرینچگ شراکت داری نے مصنوعات کی رینچ کو دسعت دی ہے، جس سے صارفین کو اعلی معیار کی اشیا کا وسیع ترانتخاب پیش کیا گیا ہے۔
- آپٹائز ڈاسٹور لے آؤٹ: ڈیٹاسے چلنے والے پلانو گرامز نے مصنوعات کور کھنے کی جگہ کو بہتر بنایا ہے، جس سے صارفین کے لیے اپنی مطلوبہ اشیا کو تلاش کرنا آسان ہوجا تا ہے۔اسٹور کا تربیت یا فتہ عملہ صارف کے بہتر اور خوش گوار تجربے کو یقینی بنا تاہے۔
- ڈیجیٹل ادائیگی کا انضام:35 کنونینس اسٹورزاب ڈیجیٹل ادائیگیوں کوقہول کرتے ہیں،جس سے لین دین ہموار ہوا ہے اور صارفین کی سہولت میں اضافہ ہوا ہے۔
- نیٹ ورک کی توسیع: پی ایس اونے اپنج کنونینس اسٹورنیٹ ورک میں 50 نئے مقامات شامل کیے ہیں، جس سے خاص طور پر چھوٹے شہروں میں اس کی رسائی اور پہنچ میں اضافہ ہوا ہے۔
- ٹیکنالوجی سے لیس کارکردگی: پی ایس اوا یک نے ریٹیل پی اوا یس سٹم کے ساتھ آ پریشنل کارکردگی کے لیے ٹیکنالوجی کا فائدہ اٹھار بی ہے جوریئل ٹائم میں انوینٹری کوٹر یک کرتا ہے،اسٹاک کی سطح کو بہتر بنا تا ہے،اور فضلے کو کم سے کم کرتا ہے۔

- صارف کے تجربے میں بہتری: پی ایس اواپنے کنونینس اسٹورز کو جدید، صارف پر مرکوز مقامات میں تبدیل کر رہی ہے، پریمیم آٹو کیئر خدمات اور کافی شاپس جیسی سہولیات پیش کررہی ہے۔اس تبدیلی کا مقصدصار فین کے تجربے کو بہتر بنانا، لائکٹی کوفروغ دینا اوراطمینان کوفروغ دینا ہے۔
- اسٹرینجٹ پارٹنرشپ اورٹر یول سپورٹ: کمپنی نے مصنوعات کی مستقل دستیابی کویقینی
   بنانے اور اپنی پیش کشوں کو بڑھانے کے لیے سپلائرز کے ساتھ کلیدی شراکت داری
   قائم کی ہے۔

صارف کے بہتر تجربے کے لیے ڈیجیٹل جدت طرازی

- ور چوکل اسٹیٹن: پی ایس او نے فیول لنک ایپ کو ایک جامع ور چوکل اسٹیٹن میں تبدیل کردیا ہے، جو صارفین کو ایل پی جی سلنڈروں کا پیشگی آرڈ ر کرنے، کار خدمات کی بکنگ اوراپنے موباکل آلات پر ضروری اسٹالپس کے ساتھ سفری راستوں کی منصوبہ بندی کرنے کے قابل بنا تاہے۔
- ، ای کامرس: پائلٹ ای کامرس پلیٹ فارم کا آغاز صارفین کو لچک دار پک اپ یا ڈلیوری آپشز کے ساتھ ہموار اور بلار الطہ گروسری شاپنگ کا تجر بہ فراہم کرتا ہے، جس سےصارفین کے مجموعی تجربے میں مزید اضافہ ہوتا ہے۔

سسٹمر سروس پی ایس اوایک ملٹی چینل اپروچ کے ذریعے بے مثال کسٹمر سروس فراہم کرتی ہے، جس میں فون،ای میل، سوشل میڈیا،اور پوراہفتداور 24 گھنٹے دستیاب ویب پورٹل شامل ہے جس کے ذریعے ڈیلرز مرمت کے مسائل کی اطلاع دینے کے لیے رابطہ کر سکتے ہیں ۔

جدید ' کال اینڈ <sup>ک</sup>نٹری بیوٹ' پروگرام صارفین، ڈیلرز اور پی ایس او کی انتظامیہ کے درمیان براہ راست رابطہ قائم کرتا ہے،جس سے فوری رڈمل اور فوری حکم کمکن ہوتا ہے۔

مالی سال 24ء کے دوران پی ایس اونے ایک لا کھ سے زائد صارفین کے ساتھ کا میاب رابطوں کا انتظام کیا اور لبریکینٹ کی دستیابی، کال بیک، کارڈ اپ ڈیٹس، ایل پی جی ڈلیوری اور دیگر خدمات کے لیے بروفت معاونت فراہم کی۔ پی ایس اونے 30,000 سے زائد ڈیجی کیش اور بی 2 بی فیول کارڈ صارفین کی مدد کی، صارفین کے تجربات کو بہتر بنایا اور غیر معمولی خدمت کے اپنے عزم کو تفویت دی۔ مائع قدرتی گیس (ایل این جی) ملک میں ایل این جی درآ مدکر نے والے سب سے بڑے ادارے کی حیثیت سے پی ایس او ملک کو ایند هن فراہم کرنے کے نصب العین میں اہم کر دارا داکرتی ہے۔ کمپنی اس وقت قطر گیس کے ساتھ 2 طویل مدتی ایل این جی معاہدوں کے سایتھ منسلک ہے، جو حکومت تا حکومت بنیا د(G-G) پر قائم ہیں۔

کمپنی نے ایل این جی درآمدات کے ذریعے قدرتی گیس کی طلب اوررسد کے فرق کو پُر کرنے میں اہم کردارا دا کیا ہے۔سال کے دوران پی ایس اونے 6,369 ہزارٹن کے مساوی 105 ایل این جی جہاز درآمد کیے جوگذشتہ سال کے مقابلے میں 6.6 فیصد زیادہ ہیں۔



### فيول كارڈز اور فيول لنك

پی ایس اوایند هن بھر نے لیے تجربے کو تندیل کررہی ہے،صارفین پر مرکوز حل اور خدمت کو آسان بنانے پر توجہ مرکوز کر رہی ہے۔ فیولنک ایپ کے ساتھ مربوط جدید کارڈ ٹرزائن اور جدید خصوصیات متعارف کروانے سے پی ایس او کے کارڈ پر مینی لین دین کے ذریعے ریٹیل فروخت میں خطیر اضافہ ہوا ہے۔ کمپنی نے اسٹریٹیجبک شراکت داریوں اور نئے کلائنٹس حاصل کر کے اپنے کاروبار کو بھی بڑھایا ہے، جس سے صنعت میں اس کی سرکردہ حیثیب مشتحکم ہوئی ہے۔

پی ایس او کارڈ بر جنی تمام لین دین کو کامیابی کے ساتھ اسارٹ پی او ایس ٹرمینلز میں منتقل کردیا ہے، جس سے صارفین کے مجموعی تجربے میں اضافہ ہوا ہے اور مستقبل کے اقدامات کی راہ ہموار ہوئی ہے۔ مزید برآل، کمپنی کے ڈیجی کیش والٹ کو تیزی سے اپنایا جارہا ہے، مالی سال 24ء کے دوران 63،000 نئے صارفین شامل ہوئے، جس سے کل صارفین کی تعداد 334,919 ہوگئی۔ ڈیجی کیش اب ایند هن اور لبریکنٹس کے علاوہ خدمات کی ایک وسیع ریٹے پیش کرتا ہے، جس میں کنونینس اسٹور کی خریداری اور گھر تک تر سل شامل ہے۔



پاک کیس ہوم ڈیلپوری پی ایس او نے ملک بھر میں 38 ایل پی جی نتاد لے کی سہولیات کے ساتھ اپنے صارفین کے لیے سہولت اور حفاظت میں اضافہ کیا ہے، جو اوگرا کی منظور شدہ قیمتوں پر سلنڈ رک محفوظ اور ریگولیڈ تباد لے کی پیش کش کرتا ہے۔ نومبر 2023ء میں شروع ہونے والا پی ایس اوکا ایل پی جی ہوم ڈلیوری پائلٹ صارفین کو آن لائن یا تعلق کیئر لائن کے ذریعے آرڈر کرنے کی سہولت دیتا ہے اور اوگرا کی جانب سے مقرر کردہ قیمتوں پر گھر تک تر سال کو بین اتا ہے۔

### بليوايل يي جي

پی ایس او پا کستان کی انرجی ویلیو چین کو منتحکم کرنے کے لیے کو شاں ہے اور ملک بھر میں ارزاں اور قابلِ اعتماد ذرایعہ فراہمی کو یقینی بنارہی ہے۔ شمالی حصے کے منفر دچیلنجز سے منٹنے کے لیے کمپنی نے ہنرہ، ملکت بلتستان میں پروجیکٹ بلیوکا آغاز کیاجو بوٹیلٹی بیسڈ ماڈل کے ذریعے پائیدارایل پی جی فراہم کرتا ہے۔ بیا اقدام اعلیٰ معیار کی مصنوعات اور مستقل دستیابی کو یقینی بنا تا ہے، جو صارفین کی دہلیز پر محفوظ طریقے سے پہنچا کی جاتی ہیں۔

ویلیوچین میں دستیاب مواقع کو باہم منسلک کر کے پی ایس اوایک موثر اینڈ ٹو اینڈ سٹم کی تشکیل میں مصروف ہے اور اس کے ساتھ ساتھ معاشرتی ترقی ، ماحولیاتی اینحکام کوفر وغ اور لوگوں کی زندگی میں معنی خیز تیدیلی لائی جارہی ہے۔ پر وجیکٹ بلیو پاکستان کے دیگر شالی حصوں تک پھیلایا جائے گا جو وہاں کے لوگوں کو پائیدار حرارت اور کھانا پکانے کے عمل میں سہولت فراہم کر ہے گا۔

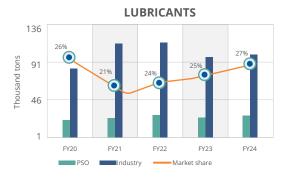


ر پورٹ برائے شیئر ہولڈرز

لبریکین توانائی کے شعبے کی مجموعی صورت ِ حال کی طرح ،لبریکینٹ کی صنعت بھی مختلف عوامل سے نمایاں طور پر متاثر ہوئی ہے۔ بڑھتی ہوئی مہنگائی ، درآ مدی پابند یوں اور گاڑیوں کی فروخت میں کمی ،ان سب عوامل نے مارکیٹ کے پیچیدہ منظرنا مے میں اہم کر دارادا کیا۔ لبریکینٹ کی قیبتوں میں اضافے اور طویل عرصے تک چلنے والے تیل کی بڑھتی ہوئی تر جیح کی وجہ سے بھی طلب متاثر ہوئی ،جس نے مارکیٹ کو مزید نقصان پہنچایا۔

صنعت میں گذشتہ سال کے مقابلے میں 3 فیصد کی معمولی نمود کھائی دی جبکہ پی ایس او کی فروخت 9.7 فیصد نمو کے ساتھ مارکیٹ کو پیچھے چھوڑتے ہوئے 38,429 ٹن تک پہنچ گئی۔گذشتہ سال کے دوران کمپنی 26.9 فیصد مارکیٹ شیئر حاصل کرنے میں کا میاب رہی ہے۔

پی ایس او کی پریمیم مصنوعات اور صارفین کی وفاداری پر مرکوز حکمت عملی نے شاندار کامیابی حاصل کی، جس نے کمپنی کو مسالقتی لبریکینٹ مارکیٹ میں مستقل نمو کے قابل ہنایا۔دورانِ سال شروع کیے گئےاہم اقدامات میں درج ذیل شامل ہیں:



**پی ایس او کی مستقتبل کی شختیق اور ترقیاتی اقدامات** لبریکنٹس کے کاروبار میں قیادت حاصل کرنے کے لیے ہمارے اسٹر یکجبگ وڑن کے ایک حصے کے طور پر، کمپنی کی تحقیق اور ترقی پر توجہ اس بات کو یقینی بناتی ہے کہ میڈیکنالو جی کے جدید ترین سطح پر برقر اررہے۔

اپنی لبریکنٹس ریٹج کے اندر، پی ایس او ماحول دوست مصنوعات پیش کررہی ہے جو غیر معمولی کارکردگی فراہم کرتے ہیں، ماحولیاتی نقصان کو کم کرتے ہیں، اورصارفین کی بدتی ہوئی ضروریات کو پورا کرتے ہیں۔ پائیدارطریقوں اورجد بد ٹیکنا لوجیز پر توجہ مرکوز کرتے ہوئے پی ایس اولبریکنٹس کے مستقبل کو دوبارہ تر تیب دے رہی ہے اور موٹر لبریکنٹس میں اپنے مستقبل کے ریسر چی اینڈ ڈیو لپہنٹ ( آراینڈ ڈی) اقدامات کے ذریعے نئے معیار قائم کررہی ہے۔

- .3 لېرىكىيىڭ ئىيكنالو جى ميں اضافہ: ايندھن كى بہتر كاركرد گى، اخراج ميں كمى، اور گاڑى كى كاركرد گى ميں اضافے بے ليےلېرىكىيىڭ فارمولىيشنز كوبہتر بنانا
- 4. اختراعی حل: لبریکنٹ کی ری سائیکلنگ، دوبارہ استعال، اور دوبارہ ریفا مُنگ کے لیے نٹی ٹیکنالوجیز کی تلاش

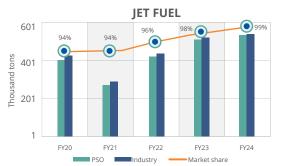
پی ایس اوجدت طرازی، پائیداری اورصارفین کے اطمینان کو بڑھانے کے لیےریسر پن اینڈڈیو لیمنٹ ( آراینڈڈی) میں سرما یہ کاری کے لیے پرعزم ہے۔ کمپنی کے آراینڈڈی اقدامات جدیدترین موڑلبر کینٹس تیارکرنے پر توجہ مرکوز کریں گے جواس کے صارفین اور ماحول کی بڑھتی ہوئی ضروریات کو پورا کرتے ہیں۔

**مائع پڑولیم گیس (ایل پی جی)** مائع پڑولیم گیس (ایل پی جی) کی صنعت میں نمایاں نمودیکھی گئی، جس کی بنیادی وجہ گھریلو اور تجارتی شعبہ ہے۔ گذشتہ سال کے مقابلے میں رواں سال صنعت میں 5.7 فیصد نمو ہوئی، جس کی بڑی وجہ پائپ ہے گیس کی فراہمی میں خلل تھا۔

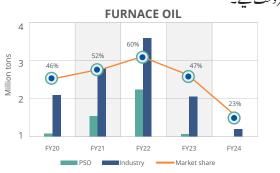
پی ایس او نے رواں سال 49,111 ٹن کی ریکارڈ فروخت کا حجم حاصل کیا جو گذشتہ سال کے مقابلے میں 22 فیصد زیادہ ہے۔اس نمایاں نمو کی بڑی وجہ مقامی پیداوار اور درآمدات کے ذریعے اسٹرینج کسور سنگ کی کوششیں ہیں۔

25 نے ڈسٹری بیوٹرز اور 13 صنعتی صارفین کی شمولیت کے ساتھ مجموعی 348 ڈسٹری بیوٹرز کے ملک گیرنیٹ ورک کے ساتھ کمپنی کی مارکیٹ پوزیشن مزید مضبوط ہوئی۔ اس کے علاوہ ، ساہیوال، دیر اور کورنگی (کراچی) میں 3 نے hospitality انتظامات شروع کیے گئے ہیں، جس سے کمپنی کوایل پی جی کی سہولتوں سے محروم علاقوں میں اضافی جم حاصل کرنے میں مدد ملے گی۔ پی ایس اواپنے صارفین کو 15 ایل پی جی پائٹس سے خدمات فراہم کرتی ہے، جن میں سے 4 کمپنی کی ملکیت ہیں اور 11 hospitality انتظامات انتظامات کے تحت کام کررہے ہیں۔ جیٹ فیول پی ایس او نے ایوی ایشن صنعت میں اپنی قائدانہ حیثیت کو برقر اررکھا اور 9.91 فیصد کا مارکیٹ شیئر حاصل کیا۔ ، کمپنی نے گذشتہ برس کے مقابلے میں 5.1 فیصد کی نمایاں نمو حاصل کی ، جس کے نتیج میں دورانِ سال 652 ہزارٹن کے مجموعی حجم کی فروخت ہوئی۔ متعدد ذمی ایئر لائنز کے ساتھ کمپنی کی اسٹر یکجٹ شراکت داری کو اس اہم کا میابی کی وجہ قرار دیا جاسکتا ہے، جس نے کسٹر میں کومزید و سعت دی۔

واضح رہے کہ ایوی ایشن کے کاروبار میں پی ایس او کی شمولیت نے پا کستان کے زرمبادلہ کے ذخائر کو بڑھانے میں اہم کردارادا کیا ہے۔ بین الاقوامی ایئر لائنز کو ایندھن کی فراہمی کی خدمات سے پی ایس اونے محاصل کی مد میں ملک کے غیرملکی کرنسی کے ذخائر میں 278 ملین ڈالرآ مدنی کی صورت میں اپنا حصہ ڈالا ہے۔



فرنس آئل فرنس آئل کی صنعت کونمایاں مندی کا سامنا کرنا پڑااور پاور سیکٹر کی جانب سے طلب میں کمی کی وجہ سے کھپت میں 47 فیصد کمی آئی۔ یہ یکی گئی عوامل کے امتزاج کی وجہ سے ہوئی، جن میں ست معاشی سرگرمی، بجلی کی بڑھتی ہوئی لاگت کے سبب قابل تجدید توانائی کے ذرائع کواپنانااور پاکستان کے توانائی مکس میں اسٹر یکجٹ تبدیلی شامل ہیں۔ نیوکلیئر، کو کلے اور ہائیڈل اور قابلی تجدید توانائی کے پانٹس کی شمولیت نے بجلی کی پیداوار کے لیے فرنس آئل پر انحصار کم کر دیا ہے۔ اس بدلتے ہوئے منظرنا مے کے سبب فرنس آئل کی فروخت کا جم کم ہو کر 2.1 ملین ٹن رہ گیا، جس میں پی ایس او نے 285,000 مٹن فروخت کیے۔



پاکستان کی توانائی کی ضروریات کو پورا کرنے میں اینے اہم کردار کو مد نظرر کھتے ہوئے کمپنی نے 101 نئے آؤٹ لیٹس متعارف کروا کر اینے ریٹیل انفر اسٹر کچر کو وسعت دی ہے۔ اس توسیع سے ملک بھر میں میں اسٹیشنز کی کل تعداد3,580 تک پہنچ گئی ہے، جس سے مزید صارفین کو ایند ہمن تک رسائی حاصل ہوگئی ہے۔

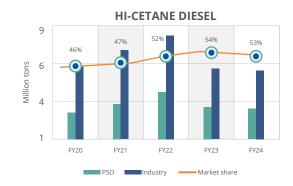
### موكيس

بی ایس او کی متحکم تحکمت عملی نے مشکل مار کیٹ میں کا میا بی حاصل کی ، اور پیٹر ول میں اپنی قیادت کو مزید متحکم کیا۔ مالی سال 24ء میں، پی ایس اونے 45.8 فیصد کا زبردست مار کیٹ شیئر حاصل کیا، جبکہ قومی پیٹرول کی فروخت میں کمی آئی، جس سے پی ایس او ک مشکل حالات میں خودکوڈ ھالنے اور پیھلنے پھو لنے کی صلاحیت اجا گر ہوئی۔ 3.3 ملین ٹن کی فروخت کے ساتھ، پی ایس اونے ملک کی اقتصادی نمواور خوشحالی کے لیے ایک اہم محرک کے طور پراپنا کردار مضبوط کیا۔



ڈیزل

ڈیزل مارکیٹ کو معاشی تخفیف، ٹرکول اور بسوں کی فروخت میں 31 فیصد کی، قیتوں میں مسلسل اضافے اور مغربی سرحدوں سے اسمگل شدہ مصنوعات کی بھاری آمد کی وجہ سے نمایاں مند کی کا سامنا کرنا پڑا۔ اس کے نتیج میں قومی سطح پرڈیزل کی فروخت کم ہوکر 6.2 ملین ٹن رہ گئی جو گذشتہ سال کے مقابلے میں 2 فیصد کم ہے۔ اگر چہ صنعت پر اثر ات پڑے تاہم، کمپنی مشکل حالات میں تیزی سے رڈمل دیتے ہوئے 53.2 فیصد کے مارکیٹ شیئر کے حصول میں کا میاب رہی۔



366

ريورٹ برائے شيئر ہولڈرز

مالی سال 24ء کے دوران حکومت کی مالیاتی استحکام کی کوششوں کے امید افزا نتائج سامنے آئے ہیں اور گذشتہ سال کے مقابلے میں محاصل کی وصولی میں 30 فیصد اضافہ ہوا ہے۔ بیکا میابی اخراجات کو منظم کرنے اور بجٹ خسارے کو کم کرنے کے لیے حکومت کے عز مکو فطا ہر کرتی ہے۔

اگر چہ چیلنجز بدستور موجود میں تاہم بین الاقوامی مالیاتی فنڈ ( آئی ایم ایف) نے تسلیم کیا ہے کہ حکومت کی جانب سے مختلط پالیسی کے نفاذ کے عزم کے نتیج میں معاشی سرگر میوں میں استحکام آیا ہے۔ ساختی اصلاحات، خاص طور پر سرکار کی ملکیت والے اداروں ( الیں اوالی) کی پالیسی پر حکومت کی پیش رفت حوصلہ افزا ہے اور اس میں وسائل کی زیادہ موثر تقسیم اور طویل مدتی اقتصادی نموکو آگے ہڑھانے کی صلاحیت ہے۔

حکومت کلّی معاشی پالیسیوں اور ساختی اصلاحات کو دوگنا کر کے موجودہ استحکام سے استفادے کے لیے تیار ہے جو معیشت کو مضبوط، زیادہ جامع اور پائیدارتر قی کی راہ پر گامزن کر ےگی۔اس رفتارکو برقر ارر کھنے کے لیے حکومت مہنگائی پر قابو پانے، مالی نظم و ضبط کو مضبوط بنانے اور ساختی اصلاحات میں پیش رفت کے اقد امات کوتر جیچے دیگی۔ سے کوششیں معاش استحکام کو برقر ارر کھنے اور نموکو فروغ دینے میں اہم ثابت ہوں گی۔

آئندہ سال کے لیے اقتصادی منظرنامہ پیچیدہ اور کثیر الجہتی ہے، جس میں مواقع اور چیلنجز دونوں شامل ہیں۔ عالمی بینک کے تخمینوں کے مطابق جی ڈی پی کی شرح نمو میں معتدل اضافہ متوقع ہے جوتقر یباً 3.5 فیصد تک پینچ جائے گا۔ تاہم، میشرح نمواب بھی ملک کی مکنہ صلاحیت سے کم ہے۔

مضبوط اقتصادی نموحاصل کرنے کے لیے عالمی بینک جامع مالیاتی استحکام کے اقدامات کی ضرورت پر زور دیتا ہے۔ اس طرح کے اقدامات طویل مدتی قرضوں کی بحالی میں سہولت فراہم کریں گے اور سرما بیکاری کے لیے سازگار ماحول کوفروغ دیں گے۔ نجی شعبے کی سرما بیکاری کو بحال کرنا، جو اس وقت پست سطح پر ہے، پائیدارا قتصا دی ترقی کو آگ بڑھانے اور ملک کی مکمل صلاحت کو بروئے کارلانے کے لیے بھی ضروری ہے۔

**پٹر ولیم کی صنعت کاعمومی جائزہ** پاکستان کی پڑ دلیم صنعت قومی معیشت میں اہم کر دار ادا کرتی ہے اور ملک کو تو انائی کی فراہمی میں ایک بڑا حصہ فراہم کرتی ہے۔ اس شعبے کو مختلف چیلنجز کا سامنا ہے، جن میں عالمی سطح پر تیل کی قیمتوں میں اتار چڑ ھاؤ، جغرافیائی سیاسی غیریقینی صورت ِحال، سلامتی کو لاحق خدشات اورانفراسٹر کچر کی رکاوٹیں شامل ہیں۔

ملک کی آبادی میں اضافہ اور تو انائی کی بڑھتی ہوئی ضروریات ان چیلنجوں کو بڑھادیتی ہیں، جس سے صنعت پر اضافی دباؤ پڑتا ہے۔ ان مسائل کو کم کرنے کے لیے ضروری ہے کہ پاکستان کی بڑھتی ہوئی تو انائی کی ضروریات کو پورا کرنے کے لیے ایک پائیدار اور مضبوط پیٹر ولیم سیٹر کوفروغ دینے کے لیے جامع حکمت علمی اپنائی جائے اور اس پڑمل درآ مدکیا جائے۔

پیٹرولیم کی صنعت میں حالیہ دنوں میں نمایاں کمی دیکھی گٹی ہے، جس کی وجہ دائٹ آئل کی کھپت میں 3 فیصد کمی اور پیٹرول اورڈیزل کی فروخت میں بالتر تیب 2.4 فیصد اور 2 فیصد کمی ہے۔ بیتزلی بنیا دی طور پر معاشی نمو میں سست روی ، ایندھن کی بڑھتی ہوئی قیتوں اور مغربی سرحد سے پیٹرولیم مصنوعات کی غیر قانونی آمد کی وجہ سے ہے۔

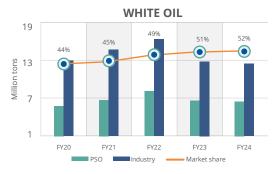
نیر اکی رپورٹ کے مطابق بلیک آئل کی طلب میں 46 فیصد کمی دیکھی گئی جس کی بنیادی وجہ فرنس آئل ریٹنی بجلی کی پیداوار میں سال بہ سال 47 فیصد کمی ہے۔ بجلی کی مجموعی پیداوار 1.9 فیصد کم ہونے کی وجہ سے ریک مزید بڑھ گئی۔

نیتجناً، مائع ایند هن کی کل کھپت 15.4 ملین ٹن تک گھٹ گئی، جو 9 فیصد کمی کو ظاہر کرتی ہے۔گاڑیوں کی بڑھتی ہوئی قیمتوں اورگاڑیوں کے قرضوں پر بلند شرح سود کی وجہ سے گاڑیوں کی صنعت کونمایاں مندی کا سامنا کرنا پڑا،گاڑیوں کی فروخت میں 21 فیصد کمی واقع ہوئی۔اس رجحان کے آئندہ سال کے دوران بھی برقر ارر ہے کا امکان ہے۔

# سمپنی کی کارکردگی

پی ایس او پا کستان کے تو انائی کے بنیادی ڈھانچے میں ریڑھ کی ہڈی کی حیثیت رکھتی ہے، جوملک کو قابل اعتماد اور بلار کاوٹ تو انائی کی فراہمی کو یقینی بناتی ہے۔ سخت مسابقتی وائٹ آئل مارکیٹ میں، پی ایس اونے اپنے مارکیٹ شیئر میں 60 فیصد اضافہ حاصل کیا، جس نے اپنے سابقہ ریکارڈ کو پیچھے چھوڑ دیا اور صنعت کے مجموعی حجم کا متا ترکن 6.16 فیصد شیئر حاصل کیا۔

یہ کامیابی بڑی حدتک پی ایس او کی موگیس میں غیر معمولی کارکردگی کی وجہ ہے ہے، جہاں اس نے مارکیٹ شیئر میں 1.6 فیصد کا اضافہ حاصل کیا، اس کے نتیج میں اس کا مارکیٹ شیئر 45.8 فیصد تک پہنچ گیا۔



# ر پورٹ برائے شیئر ہولڈرز

بورڈ آف مینجمنٹ (بی اوایم) کی جانب سے 30 جون 2024 وکوختم ہونے والے مالی سال کے لیے کمپنی کی جامع مالی اور آپریشنل کارکردگی پیشِ خدمت ہے۔ اس رپورٹ میں زیرِ جائزہ مدت کے دوران پی ایس او کی کلیدی کا میا بیوں اور نمایاں پیش رفت پر روشنی ڈالی گئی ہے نیز میہ ہماری اہم کا میا بیوں اور مستقبل کے اقدامات کواجا گر کرتی ہے۔

## عالمي اقتصادي ماحول

2024ء کے دوران عالمی معیشت ست اور غیر مساوی بحالی کا سامنا کررہی ہے، کساد بازاری سے بیچنے کے باوجودتر قی تاریخی رجحانات سے کم رہی۔ پیش گوئیوں کے مطابق، 2024ء کے دوران عالمی نمو 3.2 فیصد تک پہنچنے کی توقع ہے، جس کی وجہ ترقی یافتہ معیشتوں میں قدر بے تیزی ہے۔

ان معیشتوں کی نمو 2023ء کے 1.6 فیصد سے بڑھ کر 2024ء کے دوران 1.7 فیصداور 2025ء میں 1.8 فیصد تک بڑھنے کا امکان ہے، جس سے انجرتی ہوئی منڈ یوں اور ترقی پذیر معیشتوں میں معمولی ست روی کی جزو کی طور پرتلافی ہوجائے گی۔ تو قع ہے کہ شرح نمو 2023ء کی 4.3 فیصد سے کم ہو کر 2024ء اور 2025ء دونوں میں 4.2 فیصد ہوجائے گی۔

2023ء میں بلندترین سطح پر پہنچنے کے بعد سے مہنگائی کے دباؤ میں نمایاں کمی آئی ہے، بنیادی طور پرتوانائی اورخوراک کی بین الاقوامی قیمتوں میں کمی کی وجہ سے مہنگائی میں کمی آئی ہے، جو حالیہ مہینوں کے دوران منتحکم ہوئی ہے۔خوراک اورتوانائی کے علاوہ بنیادی مہنگائی بھی اس سطح پر پہنچ رہی ہے جس کی وجہ سے بہت سے مما لک میں پالیسی سازا پنی موجودہ پابندزری پالیسیوں کااز سرنو جائزہ لے سکتے ہیں اورانھیں آسان بنا سکتے ہیں ۔

دریں اثنا، 2024ء کے دوران عالمی تجارتی ماحول بحالی کے لیے تیار ہے۔سال کی پہلی ششماہی کے دوران تجارتی بہاؤمیں ابتدائی بہتری کی وجہ مالی سال 23ء کی سپلائی چین میں خلل کے دوران جمع ہونے والی انوینٹریز میں کی کو قرار دیا جا سکتا ہے۔ 2024ء کی آخری ششماہی کے دوران زیادہ مضبوط تجارتی بحالی کی توقع ہے، بالخصوص اگر مرکزی بینک، جیسے امریکی فیڈرل ریز رو اور یورپی مرکزی بینک، شرح سود کو کم کرنا شروع کردیں، تواس سے اقتصادی نموکومز یوفروغ ملے گا۔

اگر چہ عالمی معیشت نے اکتوبر 2023ء کے بعد سے حیرت انگیز کچک کا مظاہرہ کیا ہے، لیکن متعدد منفی خطرات عالمی نمو کے لیے خطرہ بنے ہوئے ہیں۔ان خطرات میں سے اہم جغرافیائی سیاسی تناؤ ہے، جو مارکیٹ کی غیریقینی صورتِ حال کو بڑھا سکتا ہے، سرمایہ کاری کوروک سکتا ہے،اور معاشی توسیع میں رکاوٹ ڈال سکتا ہے۔

مزید برآں ،مشرق وسطی میں کشیدگی میں اضافہ تیل کی قیمتوں میں اضافے کا باعث بن سکتا ہے، جوان منفی پہلوؤں کے خطرات کومزید بڑھا سکتا ہے۔

اگر چہ عالمی معیشت کو خالص صفر اخراج کے مستقبل کے حصول میں چیلنجز کا سامنا ہے، تاہم قابل تجدید توانائی اور بیڑی اسٹور تنج میں تکنیکی پیش رفت امید افزا ہیں۔ ان ٹیکنالوجیز کے لیے درکاراہم معدنیات کی کھدائی، پروسینگ اور استعال اقتصادی ترقی کے نمایاں مواقع پیش کرتا ہے۔ یہ بالخصوص ان اہم معدنیات سے مالا مال ترقی پذیر معیشتوں کے لیے فائدہ مند ثابت ہو سکتے ہیں، جو پائیدار تر قیاتی اہداف (ایس ڈی

## پاکستان کا اقتصادی جائزہ

دیگرتر قی پذیر مما لک کی طرح پاکستان کی معیشت کوبھی دوران سال نمایاں مالی مشکلات کا سامنا کرنا پڑا۔ اپنی مالیاتی اور بیرونی صورت حال میں شدید عدم توازن کودور کرنے کے لیے، حکومت نے فیصلہ کن کارروائی کی اورا ستحکام کی بحالی کے لیے پالیسی کو شخت بنانے کے اقد امات کا نفاذ کیا۔ اگر چہ ان اقد امات سے اقتصادی ترقی میں قریب المیعادست روی پیدا ہوئی، تاہم انہوں نے زیادہ کچک داراور پائیدار معاشی مستقبل کی راہ ہموار کی۔

مالى سال 24ء كے دوران پاكتان كى معيشت نے معمولى نموكا مظاہرہ كيا اور حقيقى جى ڈى ىي ميں 1.8 فيصد نمو ہوئى - يہ نمو تخت كلّى معاشى پاليسيوں ، درآ مدى كنٹر ول اور بلند مېنگائى كاثرات كى عكاسى كرتى ہے - زراعت كے شعب ميں نماياں توسيع دكھائى دى اور گذشتہ سال ك 2.3 فيصد كے مقابلے ميں 6.3 فيصد اضافہ ہوا۔ اس كے برعكس صنعتى اور خدمات كے شعبوں ميں 1.2 فيصد كى ست نمو ہوئى - مالى سال 24ء كے دوران مېنگائى بدستوراكي تشويش ناك پېلورى ہے اور اس مدت ميں مېنگائى اوسطاً 4.29 فيصد رى سے تاہم ، بلندا ساسى اثرات اور عالمى اجناس كى متوقع پست قيتوں كى وجہ سے وسط مدت ميں تيزى سے كى متوقع ہے -

مالى سال 24ء كے ليے مالياتى خسارہ گذشتہ برس كى طرح جى ڈى پى كا5.4 فيصدر يكار ڈ كيا گيا تھا۔ تاہم، بڑھتى ہوئى سودى ادائىكيوں كى وجہ سے مالى سال كے آخر تك اس ميں اضافے كا امكان ہے۔ بہتر اقتصادى سرگر ميوں اور متحكم شرح مبادلہ كى وجہ سے فى كس آمدنى گذشتہ سال كے 1,551 ڈالر سے بڑھ كر 1,680 ڈالر ہوگئى۔ عالمى سست روى، ملك كى سياسى صورت حال اور محدود كلى معاشى پاليسيوں كى وجہ سے مالى سال 24ء كے ليے سرما يہ كارى اور جى ڈى پى كا تناسب مالى سال 23ء كے 14.1 فيصد سے كم ہوكر 13.1

## چيئر مين کاجائزه

مستقبل کی تشکیل اور شیئر ہولڈرز کے لیے سرمائے کی قدر میں اضافے کے لیے کوشاں ہے۔ اقتصادی اور جغرافیائی سیاسی غیر کیفینی صورتحال کے در میان، بورڈ اور انتظامیہ باہمی تعاون کے ساتھ طلب اور رسد کی حرکیات سے نمٹنے کے لیے موافقت پذیر حکمتِ عملی بیتا رکر رہے ہیں۔

مضبوط بنیادوں پر قائم بورڈ کو پائیدارتر قنی کا دروازہ کھولنے اور گروپ کوآ گے بڑھانے کی صلاحیت پر یقین ہے۔ اپنی تمام تر متنوع حکمت عملی کے اہداف کوآ گے بڑھاتے ہوئے سیرز ما، پی ایس اور بنیوا یبل انرجی، اور پی ایس اودینچر کیپٹل جیسے مختصوبوں کے ذریعے، کمپنی جدت لانے، منظمواقع پیدا کرنے، اور شیئر ہولڈرز کی قدرکو بڑھانے کے لیے دیتارہے۔

اپنی ادارہ جاتی ساجی ذمنے داری (CSR) کی کوششوں میں، ہم نے تاریخی طور پر حکومتی اقدامات اور معتبر اداروں کی حمایت کی ہے جو کیسما ندہ طبقوں کو فائد ہ پہنچاتے ہیں۔ تاہم، ہماری توجہ اپنے اخراجات کے اثر کوزیادہ سے زیادہ کرنے کی طرف مبذول ہوگئی ہے۔ اس مقصد کے حصول میں ہم صحت کی دکھ بھال اور تعلیم کے فروغ کے اقدامات کو بڑھانے کے لیے الم یاورڈ ڈاکٹر زاور پرسنل نز ڈالم ٹیوٹر زجیسے اختر اع حک تلاش کررہے ہیں تا کہ ہم جن طبقات کی خدمت کررہے ہیں اُن پر مثبت اثر ات مرتب ہوں۔

میں کمپنی کی انتظامیہ سے اُن کے مسلسل عزم وحوصلے کے لیےا ظہارِ تِشکَر کرتا ہوں ، اپنے پارٹنرز کا اُن کے غیر متزلزل تعاون پر بھی شکریہا داکرتا ہوں ،اوراپنے تمام اسٹیک ہولڈرز کابھی شکریہاداکرتا ہوں جنھوں نے اپنے بھر پوراعتاداور بھروسے سے نوازا۔ میں حکومتِ پاکستان خاص طور پروزارتِ نوانائی (پیٹرولیم ڈویژن) کے مسلسل تعادن اور کارکردگی کے ہمارے سفر میں رہنمائی کے لیے بھی شکریہاداکرتا ہوں۔

آ خرمیں ، میں یفین سے کہہ سکتا ہوں کہ ہما رامستقبل روثن ہےا ور بیر کہ پی الیں او ، پاکستان کے لیےخوشحالی اوراُمید کی کرن بنی رہے گی۔ پاکستان زندہ باد!

آصف بیگ محمد چیر مین

27 اگست 2024ء، كراچى

عمدہ فیصلہ سازی کی سہولت فراہم کرنے کے لیے بہتری کے شعبوں کی نشاند ہی کرنے اور حل تجویز کرنے میں اہم کردارادا کیا۔

یپالیس اوکے بورڈ آف مینجمنٹ کی تشکیل 29 مئی 2023 ءکو گائی جس میں 4 نے آزاد ممبرز کی تقرر کی کے ساتھ نیا منظرنامہ متعارف کروایا گیا۔ سبکہ دق ہونے والے اراکین کی شراکت، حکمت پوٹن بصیرت اور قیادت نے پی ایس اوکے لیے کا میا بیوں کے حصول میں اہم کر دارا دا کیا ہے۔

بورڈ نے کارکردگی کا تخت ضوابط کے تحت جائزہ لینا جاری رکھا،اندرونی کنٹرول کے عمل کی تا ثیر کا اندازہ لگانا،اندرونی کنٹرول اور کمپنی کے عمل کی مناسبت، اپنی تا ثیر بمیٹیز اورانفر ادی ارا کین کو جانچنا،اس سے گروپ کی کامیا بیوں کوآ گے بڑھانے میں بورڈ کی سلسل تا ثیر کو قینی بنایا۔

## نماياں عزائم

بحیثیت چیئر مین، میر نے نمایا سرحز اتم میں حکمت عملی پر مینی مالیاتی، ادارہ جاتی سابتی ذمنے داری (CSR)، اور ماحولیاتی سابتی اور انتظامی (ESG) اقد امات کی ایک جامع رینج شامل ہے، جس میں گزشتہ سال کے مقابلہ ESG اور CSR پر یا دہ زور دیا گیا ہے۔ ہم نے تعاون، شقافیت اور جواہد ہی کی ثقافت کو فروغ دینے کے لیے بورڈ کے اجلاس اور فیصلہ سازی کے مؤثر انعقا دکو یقینی بنایا ہے ۔ اس میں تما م بڑی پر و ڈ کٹ لائنز میں ما رکیٹ شیئر کو مستقبل کے محتلف منصوبوں کے لیے ایک فریم ورک وضع کرنا، اور لائح مل کی کرانی کرنا، ڈ حمانے کے منصوبوں میں پیش رفت کی مگرانی کرنا شامل ہے۔ خاص طور پر، ہم نے اُکھرتی ہوئی مارکیٹس میں اپنی موجو دگی و بڑھانے، جد ید مصنوعات بی ارکرنے، اور ایخ ڈ جیچیٹیل تبد یلی کے سفر کو بڑھانے پر توجہ مرکوزر کھی۔

اس کے علاوہ، ہم نے طویل مدتی بقایا جات کی وصولی، مالیاتی نظم وضبط کو بڑھانے کے لیے مضبوط اقد امات پر عملدر آمد، اور اپنے سرمائے کے ڈھانچ کو بہتر بنانے کی کوششوں کو ترجیح دی۔ ادارہ جاتی ساجی ذخے داری (CSR) کے دائرے میں، ہم نے تعلیم، صحت کی دیکھ بھال، اور ماحولیاتی پائیداری کو فروغ دینے کے لیے اقد امات شروع کیے، جب کہ ہماری ماحولیاتی ساجی انتظامی (ESG) کو شمیں کار بن فٹ پرنٹ کو کم کرنے، اخلاتی انتظامات کو یقینی بنانے، اور تنوع و شمولیت کو فروغ دینے پر مرکوز تھیں۔ بیعز ائم یا ئیدار ترقی کو آگے بڑھانے، عملی کار کر دگی میں اضافے اور متقبل کی کا میا بی کے لیے ترجیح دینے کے لیے ہمارے عزم کی عد کی سی تھ ساجی و ماحولیا تی ذخے داری کو بھی

مستعقب کا بیان گروپ ترقی اور تنوع کے مواقع سے فائدہ اُٹھانے، پاکستان کے لیے پائیدار توانائی کے إس رفتا رکوا گے بڑھاتے ہوئے ، پی ایس او وینچر کیپٹل ( پر ائیویٹ ) کمیٹڈ نے اتو ویڈیو اسٹارٹ ایس کو بڑھانے پر تو تجہ مرکوز کرتے ہوئے اپنے سر ما بیکاری کے پور ٹفو لیوکو فنڈینج منٹ میں شامل کر کے وسعت دی ہے۔ ہم پختہ یفتین رکھتے ہیں کہ پاکستان غیر معمولی، ز بین اور وسائل سے مالا مال نوجوانوں کا حامل ملک ہے، جو عالمی سطح پر ایک اسیا منظر نامہ تشکیل دینے کی صلاحت رکھتے ہیں جود نیا کا مقابلہ کر سکے۔ پی ایس او ہمارے باصلاحت افراد اور پاکستان کے ستعقبل میں خاطر خواہ سرما دیکاری کرنے کے لیے پڑ عزم ہے۔ ہم بڑے پیانے پر کا میابی حاصل کرنے کے لیے اپنے روشن ذہنوں کے حال پُر جوش نو جوانوں کو اپنے پایٹ فارم سے فائدہ اُٹھانے کی دعوت دی تے ہیں، خاص طور پر مصنوعی ذہانت (AI) کے دائر بے میں، تا کہ دریا یا تاثر قائم کرنے کے لیے اُٹھیں با اختیار بنایا جا سکے۔

مزید بیر کہ، پاکستان ریفائنری کمیٹڈ (PRL) نے براؤن فیلڈریفا ئنگ پالیسی کا فائدہ اُٹھایا ہے، جس میں دسمبر 2024 ء تک FEED کی پیمیل متوقع ہے، جواس کی اسٹریٹجگ ترقی کی رفتار میں ایک اہم پیشرفت ہے۔

پی ایس اوما حولیاتی ذینے داری کونو انائی کے تحفظ اورا یک لچکدار قومی سپلائی چین کے ساتھ مربوط کر لے ایک پائیدار سنقبل کی تشکیل کررہی ہے۔ پائیداری کے لیے ہمارا مجموعی نقطہ نظر ایک طاقتو ر د و ہر ااثر چیش کرتا ہے : یعنی نمایاں مالی منافع کا حصول اور ہما رے ماحولیاتی اثرات کو کم کرنا۔ہم نے توانائی بچانے والی ٹیکنالوجیز میں اسٹرینجگ سرمایہ کاری، وسائل کی پہتر تقسیم،اور شخلک ماحول کے ذریعے آپریشٹل لاگت میں نمایاں کمی کی ہے۔

ہمار بے عزم استحکام نے جمیں ریگولیٹری شفٹس ، مار کیٹ کے اُتار چڑھا وَ ، اور نیک نامی سے جڑے خطرات سے نمٹنے کے قابل بنایا ہے۔استحکام کوتر جیح دے کرہم نے جدّت، ہاہمی تعاون اور ذیتے داری کا کلچر پروان چڑھایا ہے جوطویل مدّتی مالی کارکردگی کو آگے بڑھا تا ہے اوراپنے اسٹیک ہولڈرز کے لیے قدر پیدا کرتا ہے۔

اگرچہ پی ایس اونے بنیادی طور پر بڑھتے ہوئے گردتی قرضوں اور مالیاتی اخراجات جیسی مالی مشکلات کا سامنا کیا، کمپنی نے ترقمی کے مواقع، کچک کے اظہاراور شرا کت وموافقت پر توجّہ مرکوزرکھی ہے۔

## بورڈ کی کارکردگی

بورڈ اپنی بہترین کارکردگی کے حصول کے لیے پڑعز م رہا، اس بات کو یقینی بنایا کہ مضبوط کارپوریٹ گورننس کو برقر اررکھتے ہوئے شیئر ہولڈر کے مفادات کو مقدّ م رکھا جائے۔ فعال گکرانی کے ذریعے انتظامیہ کی کارکردگی پر گہری نظر رکھی اور کمپنی کو در پیش مکنہ خطرات کا اندازہ لگایا۔ اس نے کمپنی کی منصوبہ بندی اور فیصلہ سازی کے طریقۂ کارک کارکردگی کی بھی توثیق کی ، جس کی ہد داس کی ذیلی کمیٹیز نے کی ، جس نے کارکردگی کو بہتر بنانے اور وسیع سٹر میں پہلے ہی اپنی آمدنی کا تقریباً،20 ایند هن کے اخراجات کے لیختص کرتا ہے، جس کے نتیج میں صرف ایند هن کی ادائیگیوں کے لیے خاصی رقم صرف ہوتی ہے۔

د وسرابید که اہم مقامات پر پی ایس او کی موجودگی اُن مختلف اضلاع اور قصبوں کے مالی مرکز کے طور پر سامنے آسکتی ہے کہ جہاں متفرق مالی خدمات بشمول نفذ کی وصولی وفراہمی، بیرونِ ملک سے آئی رقم نکلوانا ، بیکنس ڈلوانا ، بلز کی ادائیگی وغیرہ سے اُن علاقوں کے لوگ بھی فائدہ اُٹھا سکتے ہیں کہ جہاں منظم اور محفوظ خدمات کے آؤٹ لیٹس موجود نہیں ہے۔ تیسرا بیر کہ، ہمارے بین الاقوا می سطح پر مقررہ ، آ زمودہ اور جائچ شدہ قومی نظام الامور متعدداداروں کو بے مثال قدریں فراہم کرتے ہیں جہاں فنٹیک کوایک قابلِ بھروسہ اور قابلِ اعتاد پارٹنر کے طور پر تسلیم کیا جاتا ہے۔

پی الیس او نے ایک ای - کا مرس پلیٹ فارم قائم کرنے کا بھی منصوبہ بنایا ہے۔ اِس اومنی چینل پلیٹ فارم کوبطورور چوکل انٹیشن کا م کرنے کے لیے بنایا گیا ہے جہاں صارفین کسی ریٹیل آؤٹ لیٹ پر جائے بغیر تمام سہولیات وخد مات اپنے دروازے پر حاصل اور تبدیل کرواسکتے ہیں، تازہ ترین اقدام کے مطابق ایل پی جی سیانڈ رکا آرڈرد سے سکتے ہیں، گروسری اوردیگرا شیائے خورونوش اسٹور سے اُٹھانے کے لیے پہلے سے آرڈ رکر سکتے ہیں یا گھر پر منگواسکتے ہیں۔ چیسے جیسے ہمارے ریٹیل آؤٹ کیٹس پری - اسٹورز کا دائرہ بڑھور ہا ہے، ہمارے ای - کا مرس کا کاروبار تیزی سے ترقی کے لیے سیار ہور ہے، اور ہمارے فورکورٹس

اس کے ساتھ ساتھ ، پی ایس اور ینیوا یہل انرجی ( پرائیویٹ) کمیٹڈ مختلف سائٹس پر سمیں توانائی کے اہم اقد امات کے ذریعے پائیداری کوفر وغ دے رہی ہے، جس سے شاندار نتائج برآ مدہور ہے ہیں۔ ہم رینیوا یہل انرجی امبر یلا کے تحت فعال طور پر متنوع راستوں میں B2B کے مواقع تلاش کررہے ہیں تا کہ کافی مقدار میں توانائی کو محفوظ بنایا جاسکے ہماری بنیادی توجہ منی گرڈ زکو سیار کرنے اور بڑی ادارہ جاتی فروخت کو اہم کر دارادا کرنے والے اپنے تج بہ کا را ہلکاروں کی مہمارت سے فائدہ اٹھایا ہے۔

پی ایس او کی پیچید ہ سپلائی چین کو منظم کرنے کے اپنے وسیع تج بے کسا تھ، ہمارے پاس بڑے پیانے کے پر وجیکٹس کی مؤثر طریقے سے بحیل کا ایک ثابت شدہ ٹر یک ریکارڈ ہے۔ ہمارا مقصد پاور پوٹیلیٹیز کونمایاں طور پر کم قیت پر بجلی فراہم کرنا اور ان کی عملی کارکردگی کو بڑھانا ہے۔ہم اپنے ہم خیال اداروں کودعوت دیتے ہیں کہ آئیں اورایک منافع بخش اور پائیدارتوانائی کے مستقبل کی تشکیل میں ہم سے تعاون کریں۔

# چيئر مين کاجائزه

معزز شيئر ہولڈرز،

بورڈ آف مینجمنٹ کی جانب سے مجھے پی ایس او اور اس کے ذیلی ادارے، پاکستان ریفائٹری کمیٹڑ (PRL)، سیرزما (CERISMA) (پرائیویٹ) کمیٹڈ، پی ایس او رینیوا یبل انرجی (پرائیویٹ) کمیٹڈ (PSORE) اور پی ایس او ویٹچر کیپٹل (پرائیویٹ) کمیٹڈ (PSOVC) کی 30 جون 2024 وکوختم ہونے والے مالی سال کی کارکردگی پراپنا جائزہ پیش کرتے ہوئے خوشی محسوں ہورہی ہے۔

سب سے پہلے، میں پی ایس او کی مینجمنٹ اور ملاز مین کے لیے اظہار ستائش کرنا چا ہتا ہوں جنھوں نے عالمی غیر یقینی صورتحال اور اندورنی دباؤکے باعث ایک چیلبنگ معاشی منظرنا مے کے مقابلے میں قابل ذکر کچک اور موافقت کا مظاہرہ کیا۔ دور اندلیثی پر مینی حکمتِ عملی اور امور کار میں مہارت کا فائدہ اُٹھاتے ہوئے، کمپنی نے بڑی رکا دلوں کوعبور کیا ہے، اور ایک مشتحکم کار کردگی کا مظاہرہ کیا ہے جو ہمار ے طویل مدتی وژن کے مطابق ہے۔ بورڈ تنوع کی کوششوں میں گروپ کے ملاز مین اور مینجمنٹ کی طرف سے کی گئی قابل ذکر پیشرفت کا اعتراف کرتا ہے، جو ہمار ے اسٹیک ہولڈرز کے لیے اقد ار کالسلسل جاری رکھ گا۔

معاشى جائزه

عالمی معیشت نے 2024 ء میں آ ہستہ آ ہستہ حالیہ مشکلات پر قابو پا کر دوبارہ رفتار حاصل کی ہے۔افراطِ زرمیں کی اور تجارت میں بہتری کے باوجود ترقی معتدل رہی۔ ترقی یافتہ معیشتیں بتدریخ مضبوط ہونے کے لیے تیار ہیں، جب کہ اُ بھرتی ہوئی منڈیوں کو معمولی کی کا سا منا ہوسکتا ہے۔اس کے باوجود ، جغرافیا کی سیاسی تنا وَاور مارکیٹ کی غیریقینی صورتحال خطرات کاباعث بنی ہوئی ہیں۔

پاکستان کی معیشت بھی اسی رائے پر چل رہی ہے۔معاشی عدم توازن کودور کرنے کے لیے حکومت کے سخت اقدامات کی وجہ سے زرعی شعبے کے علاوہ مجموعی ترقی سست روکی کا شکار ہے۔ صنعت اور خدمات کے شعبے سخت اقتصادی پالیسیز سے متاثر ہوئے ہیں جس کے نتیجہ میں جی ڈی پی میں %1.8 کی واجن سی نموہوئی، جو محدود معاشی منظرنا مے کی عرکا سی کرتی ہے۔

گروپ کی کارکردگی

پی الیس اونے 24-2023ء میں 15.9 بلین روپے کے بعد از نیکس منافع کے ساتھ ایک متحکم مالی کارکردگی کا مظاہرہ کیا۔ بورڈ نے 10 روپے فی حصص کے منافع منقسمہ کا اعلان کیا جو 100% منافع کی نمائندگی کرتا ہے۔ پی الیس او کے ذیلی ادارے PRL نے 1.4 بلین روپے بعد از نیکس منافع اور 403.6 بلین روپے کی مجموعی آمد نی کے ساتھ اسی طرح کے رجحان کی پیروی کی۔ گروپ کا بعد از نیکس مجموعی منافع 18.3 بلین روپے تک پہنچ گیا ہے جس سے تو انائی کے شعبے میں پی ایس او کی قیادت مزید مشکم ہوئی ہے۔

کمپنی کی مارکیٹ میں برتر کی وائٹ آئل کے شعبے میں اس کے % 6 . 1 5 شیئر اور جیٹ فیول مارکیٹ میں % 99.1 کے متاثر کن شیئر سے واضح ہے۔ بورڈ کی رہنمائی میں مینجنٹ نے بیقینی بنایا کہ کمپنی کی توجہ غیر معمولی کارکردگی پیش کرنے اور شیئر ہولڈرز کے لیے سرمائے کی قدر بڑھانے پر مرکوزر ہے۔

یی ایس اوایک غیر معمولی تبدیلی سے گزری ہے اور ایک متحرّک اور سنفتبل کی سوچ رکھنے والی توانا کی کمپنی کے طور پرا بھر رہی ہے۔ میتبدیلی عمدگی کی تلاش میں اسٹر ینجُب اقدامات کے ذریعے کارفر ما ہے جس نے کاروباری عمل کی دوبارہ انجینئر نگ، آٹومیشن اور ڈیجیلال تزیشن اور ایک مضبوط، اَپ گریٹڈ اسٹورتی انفر ااسٹر کچر کے ذریعے آپریشنل کارکردگی کو بڑھایا ہے۔

ہم نے 760 پر وسیسز کوری- انجینئر نگ کے ذریعے 430 مزید مؤثر پر وسیسز میں تبدیل کر کے کامیابی کے ساتھ اپنے آپریشنز کو ہموار کیا اور بعد از اں انھیں ڈیجیٹا ئر بھی کیا ہے۔ SAP کی صلاحت سے فائدہ اُٹھاتے ہوئے، ہم نے اپنی آپریشنل مہارت کو مزید بڑھانے کے لیے عالمی معیار کے ERP سسٹمز تیار کیے ہیں۔ مزید بر آں، ہم اپنے تمام آپریشنز میں مصنوعی ذہانت (AI) کو آگے بڑھا رہے ہیں، جس کا مقصد اپنے لوگوں کی صلاحیتوں کو بڑھانا ہے۔

اس سفر میں ایک اہم سنگ میل ہماری فنٹیک سیرز ما ( پرائیویٹ) کمیٹڈ نے حاصل کیا ہے جس نے ایک جدید یجیٹل مالیاتی انفر ااسٹر کچر کی بنیادر کھتے ہو کلا EM لائسنس کے لیے اصل منظور کی حاصل کر لی ہے ۔ سیرز ما پی ایس او کے 580, 3 کے وسیع اور متحکم ریٹیل نیٹ ورک کی بے مثال رسائی جس کی ریٹیل فر وخت پا کستان کی جی ڈ ی پی کا گل آٹھ فیصد ہےکو بروئے کارلاتے ہوئے اور حکمت عملی پرینی، زیادہ منافع بخش شراکتیں قائم کرنے کے لیے پاکستان کے معروف مالیاتی راہداری میں تبدیل ہونے کے لیے سیار ہے۔ اس دیژن کو حاصل کر نے کے لیے، ہم فعال طور پرجد ت طراز اور متحرک شراکت داروں کی تلاش میں ہیں تا کہ ہا جمی ترقی کے سفر کو آ کے بڑھایا جا سکے۔

پی ایس او دیگر شعبوں میں منافع بخش فر وخت کو آگے بڑھانے کے لیے ایندھن میں اپنی مارکیٹ لیڈر شپ کا بھی فائدہ اُٹھار ہی ہے۔ غیر ایندھن فر وخت کا ایک ایسا شعبہ بھی قائم کیا گیا ہے جس میں ہمارے سہولت اسٹورز، آٹو کیئر سرومز اور دیگر سہولت پلیٹ فار مز بشمول کیفے، بیکریز، اور دیگر فوری خدمت والے ریستوران میں جارحانہ تو سیع شامل ہے۔ نمبرز میں اضاف کے علاوہ زیادہ زور خوشگوار ماحول میں معیاری پروڈ کٹس کی فراہمی کے ذریعے صارفین کے لیے فروخت کے تجربات کو بہتر بنانے پر دیا جارہا ہے۔ اپنی فروخت اور منافع کے اضاف میں تیز کی لانے کے لیے ہم مبنی بر حکمت شراکت داریوں اور مختلف لائح پیمل کو آزما کر، زیادہ مؤثر اور منافع بخش طریقہ کار کی تلاش میں ہیں۔ سیرز ما پی ایس او کے ساتھ اپنی وابستگی سے تین اہم فو اکد حاصل کرتی ہے۔ پہلا ہے کہ کمپنی کا PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK





| ( تكمل پېټه )                                                              |                                                 |                                                                                                                                                         | ساكن                                                                   |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| عمومی شیئر زکی تحویل رکھتا ہوں/ رکھتے ہیں،                                 |                                                 | پېرې سے<br>پېرې                                                                                                                                         | پاکستان اسٹیٹ ا <sup>ت</sup> کل کمپنی کمیٹڑ کے ممبر کی <sup>&lt;</sup> |
| کاؤنٹ نمبر ہے                                                              | اورذیلی ا                                       | کے مطابق اور/یاسی ڈی سی شریک آئی ڈی نمبر                                                                                                                | رجسٹر ڈفولیونمبر                                                       |
|                                                                            |                                                 |                                                                                                                                                         | میں/ ہم بذریعہ ہٰذاجناب/محترمہ                                         |
| ( مکمل پیتہ                                                                |                                                 |                                                                                                                                                         | ساكن                                                                   |
|                                                                            |                                                 |                                                                                                                                                         | یاان کی جگه جناب/محتر مه                                               |
| (ىكىل پېتە)                                                                |                                                 |                                                                                                                                                         | ساکن                                                                   |
| مقررہ پر منعقد ہونے والے کمپنی کے اڑتالیسواں                               | مورت میں کسی بھی دیگر وقت                       | ہ بروز جمعرات 24 اکتوبر، 2024 کو صبح 11:00 بج یا التواء کی <sup>م</sup>                                                                                 | کا تقررکرتا / کرتی ہوں/ کرتے ہیں کہو                                   |
|                                                                            |                                                 | راکسی کی حیثیت سے شرکت کریں اورووٹ دیں۔<br>بر                                                                                                           | •                                                                      |
|                                                                            |                                                 | 2024 كور شخط كئے گئے۔                                                                                                                                   | اس پرمیری/ ہماری طرف سے                                                |
|                                                                            |                                                 |                                                                                                                                                         | گوایان:                                                                |
|                                                                            |                                                 |                                                                                                                                                         | 1) دستخط:                                                              |
| 5رو پےکارسیدی                                                              |                                                 |                                                                                                                                                         | نام:<br>شاختی کارڈنمبر :                                               |
| 5رو پےکارسیدی<br><sup>ٹ</sup> کٹ چسپا <i>ں کر</i> یں                       |                                                 |                                                                                                                                                         | شنا می کارد مبر :<br>بی <b>ة</b> :                                     |
|                                                                            |                                                 |                                                                                                                                                         |                                                                        |
|                                                                            |                                                 |                                                                                                                                                         | 2) دستخط:                                                              |
| (****** ( \$                                                               |                                                 |                                                                                                                                                         | ئام:                                                                   |
| ممبر <b>کے دستخط</b><br>ملینی کے پاس رجسٹرڈ کردہ نمونہ دستخط کے مطابق ہو ) | (بەدىشخط)                                       |                                                                                                                                                         | شناختی کارڈ نمبر :                                                     |
|                                                                            | **                                              |                                                                                                                                                         | • ~~~                                                                  |
| ÷ • • •                                                                    |                                                 |                                                                                                                                                         |                                                                        |
|                                                                            |                                                 |                                                                                                                                                         | ا په مربو _ ط_                                                         |
|                                                                            | نا پرانسی مقرر کر سکتا ہے۔ پر انسی <sup>'</sup> | <br>پینے کااہل ممبرا پنی جانب سے شرکت اور ووٹ دینے کے لئے کسی دوسر یے فر دکوا پ                                                                         | ا ہم <b>نو</b> ٹ:<br>1) اجلاس بلدامیں شرکت کرنے اورودٹ د               |
| کا کمپنی کاتمبر ہونالا زمی ہے۔                                             |                                                 | ینے کااہل ممبرا پنی جانب سے شرکت اورووٹ دینے کے لئے کسی دوسر نے فردکوا پ<br>کے تحت اس پر اکسی پر د شخط کئے گئے ہوں یا اس پاور آف اٹارنی کی نوٹر می سے ن | 1) 'اجلاس لٖذامیں شرکت کرنے اور ووٹ د۔                                 |

# **Pakistan State Oil Company Limited**



Forty-Eight Annual General Meeting - 2024

## Form of Proxy

| I / We                                                       |                                             |                                                               |                                                                                  |
|--------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| of                                                           |                                             |                                                               | (full address)                                                                   |
| being a member of Pakistan Stat                              | e Oil Company Limit                         | ed and holder of                                              | ordinary shares                                                                  |
| as per Registered Folio No                                   |                                             | and / or CDC Participant l.                                   | D. No                                                                            |
| and Sub Account No                                           |                                             | hereby appoint                                                |                                                                                  |
| of                                                           |                                             |                                                               | (full address)                                                                   |
| or failing him                                               |                                             |                                                               |                                                                                  |
| of                                                           |                                             |                                                               | (full address)                                                                   |
| as my/our proxy to attend and company to be held on Thursday | vote for me/us and<br>y, October 24, 2024 a | on my/our behalf at the 48th<br>at 11:00 am and at any adjour | Annual General Meeting of the nment thereof.                                     |
| Signed by me/us this                                         | day of                                      | 2024.                                                         |                                                                                  |
| Witnesses:                                                   |                                             |                                                               |                                                                                  |
| 1. Signature:                                                |                                             |                                                               |                                                                                  |
| Name:                                                        |                                             |                                                               | Please affix                                                                     |
| CNIC No.:                                                    |                                             |                                                               | Revenue<br>Stamp of                                                              |
| Address:                                                     |                                             |                                                               | Rs. 5                                                                            |
|                                                              |                                             |                                                               |                                                                                  |
| 2. Signature:                                                |                                             |                                                               |                                                                                  |
| Name:                                                        |                                             |                                                               | Signature of Member                                                              |
| CNIC No.:                                                    |                                             |                                                               | (Signature should agree with the specimen signature registered with the company) |
| Address:                                                     |                                             |                                                               |                                                                                  |
| Important:                                                   |                                             |                                                               |                                                                                  |

1. A member entitled to attend and vote at this meeting, is entitled to appoint a proxy to attend and vote instead of him/her. Such proxy must be a member of the company.

2. This instrument appointing a proxy and the power of attorney or other authority under which it is signed or a notarially attested copy of power of attorney must be deposited at the Registered Office of the company situated at PSO House, Khayaban-e- Iqbal, Clifton, Karachi at least 48 hours before the time of the meeting.

3. CDC shareholders or their Proxies are each requested to attach an attested photocopy of their National Identity Card or Passport with this Proxy Form before submission to the company.

# **Pakistan State Oil Company Limited**



## **POSTAL BALLOT PAPER**

for voting through post for the Special Business at the 48th Annual General Meeting to be held at Grand Ballroom, Pearl Continental Hotel, Karachi on Thursday, October 24, 2024 at 11:00 a.m., a duly filled postal ballot should be sent at **PSO House, Khayaban-e-Iqbal, Clifton, Karachi; UAN:** +92 111-111-776; **Website:** www.psopk.com or email at amir.ali@psopk.com

| Folio / CDS Account Number                                                                                               |  |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| Name of Shareholder / Proxy Holder                                                                                       |  |
| Registered Address                                                                                                       |  |
| Number of shares Held                                                                                                    |  |
| CNIC/Passport No. (in case of foreigner) (copy to be attached)                                                           |  |
| Additional information and enclosures (in case of representative of body corporate, corporation, and federal Government) |  |
| Name of Authorized Signatory                                                                                             |  |
| CNIC/Passport No. (in case of foreigner) of Authorized Signatory (copy to be attached)                                   |  |

#### **SPECIAL BUSINESS:**

#### Agenda No 5

To consider and pass with or without any amendment/modification the following resolution as special resolution:

The matter with respect to remaining payments of estimated FEED cost for Pakistan Refinery Limited ("PRL") was presented before the Board of Management in its meeting held on April 26, 2024 whereby options were presented for financing arrangements. After detailed deliberations and presentations, the Board recommended for approval the payment mechanism which is placed before the AGM for approval as follows;

**"RESOLVED** that the members of PSO hereby approve the amount of Rs. 3.15 billion or proportionate amount in USD for PRL's FEED to be paid by PSO through loan facility to PRL.

#### FURTHER RESOLVED that for the loan to PRL:

- PSO will borrow the amount in Pak Rupees from local bank(s) and extend it as loan at market competitive rate (i.e. at same or higher premium) to PRL subject to necessary approval from SECP.
- PRL will utilize the borrowed amount in Pak Rupees to purchase US dollars (through forward or spot contracts) to settle final FEED payments.
- PSO will have the right of repayment and an option to convert the loan into equity after necessary approvals. This option will be utilized if deemed essential for PSO's long-term interests.
- For the purpose of loan, PSO shall have the first Pari-Passu right in the event of PRL's default in repayment of loan. This provision shall be made part of the financing arrangement with PRL."

**FURTHER RESOLVED THAT** for the purpose of giving effect to the foregoing, the Managing Director & CEO and / or the Company Secretary be and are hereby singly or jointly authorized to do all necessary acts, deeds and things and take any and all necessary steps to fulfill the legal, corporate and procedural formalities and to file all documents/returns as deemed necessary, expedient and desirable to give effect to this resolution."

#### Agenda No 6

To consider and, if thought fit, to pass, the following resolution:

"**RESOLVED THAT** pursuant to the [draft] Scheme of Arrangement (initialed by the [Chairman] and presented before the meeting), (i) the carve-out/separation of (a) Digicash Undertaking and (b) Solar Undertaking from Pakistan State Oil Company Limited (the "Company"); (ii) the carve-out, transfer and merger, by way of amalgamation, of the DigiCash Undertaking with and into Cerisma (Private) Limited; and (iii) the carve-out, transfer and merger, by way of amalgamation, of the DigiCash Undertaking with and into Cerisma (Private) Limited; and (iii) the carve-out, transfer and merger, by way of amalgamation, of the Solar Undertaking with and into PSO Renewable Energy (Private) Limited, along with all ancillary matters thereto, subject to any modifications/amendments required or conditions imposed by the Honorable High Court of Sindh at Karachi, and subject to sanction by the Honorable High Court of Sindh at Karachi, in terms of the provisions of Sections 279 to 282 and all other enabling provisions of the Companies Act, 2017, be and is hereby approved and adopted.

**FURTHER RESOLVED** THAT the Managing Director & CEO and / or the Company Secretary be and are hereby singly or jointly authorized to do all necessary acts, deeds and things in connection therewith and ancillary thereto as may be required or expedient to give effect to the spirit and intent of the above resolution."

#### **INSTRUCTIONS FOR POLL**

1. Please indicate your vote by ticking  $(\sqrt{})$  the relevant box.

2. In case if both the boxes are marked as (√), your poll shall be treated as "Rejected".

I/we hereby exercise my/our vote in respect of the above resolution through ballot by conveying my/our assent or dissent to the resolution by placing tick ( $\checkmark$ ) mark in the appropriate box below;

| Resolutions                        | I/We assent to the<br>Resolution (FOR) | I/We dissent to the<br>Resolution (AGAINST) |
|------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|
| Agenda Item No. 5: as stated above |                                        |                                             |
| Agenda Item No. 6: as stated above |                                        |                                             |

- Duly filled ballot paper should be sent to the Chairman, Board of Management of Pakistan State Oil Company Limited at PSO House, Khayaban-e-Iqbal, Clifton, Karachi or email at amir.ali@psopk.com
- Copy of CNIC/ Passport (in case of foreigner) should be enclosed with the postal ballot form.
- Ballot paper should reach the Chairman within business hours by or before October 23, 2024. Any postal ballot received after this date, will not be considered for voting.
- Signature on ballot paper should match with signature on CNIC/ Passport (In case of foreigner).
- Incomplete, unsigned, incorrect, defaced, torn, mutilated, over written poll paper will be rejected.
- 6. In case of a representative of a body corporate, corporation or Federal Government, the Ballot Paper Form must be accompanied by a copy of the CNIC of an authorized person, an attested copy of Board Resolution, / Power of Attorney, / Authorization Letter etc., in accordance with Section(s) 138 or 139 of the Companies Act, 2017 as applicable.
- Ballot Paper form has also been placed on the website of the Company at www.psopk.com. Members may download the ballot paper from the website.

Shareholder / Proxy holder Signature/Authorized Signatory (In case of corporate entity, please affix company stamp)

Date:





# بوشل بيلٹ پيپر

48 واں سالا ندا جلاس عام جو جمعرات24 اکتوبر 2024ء، شبخ 11:00 بج گرینڈ بال روم، پرل کانٹی نیٹل ہول ، کراچی میں خصوصی امور کی انجام دبی کے لیے منعقد ہوگا میں بذریعہ ڈاک ووٹ کے لیے؛ درست طریقے سے پُر کیے گئے پوٹل بیلٹ بیپر اس بے پرچیجنا ہوں گے؛ **بی ایس اد ہاؤں، خیابانِ اقبال ، کاچی سے پاس**این: **950-111-2111 + ویب سائٹ**:www.psopk.com ان میل پنہ: amir.ali@psopk.com

| فولیو/ی ڈی ایس ا کا ؤنٹ نمبر                                                                  |  |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| شيئر ہولڈر/نمائندے کا نام                                                                     |  |
| رجرؤ پت                                                                                       |  |
| تحویل میں شیئرز کی تعداد                                                                      |  |
| شاختی کارڈ/ پاسپورٹ نمبر(غیرملکی کی صورت میں )(فوٹو کا پی منسلک کی جائے )                     |  |
| اضافی معلومات اوردستاویزات (اگرنمائنده کهی ادارے، کار پوریشن، یادفاقی حکومت کاہو )            |  |
| مجاز د ستخط کنند ه کا نام                                                                     |  |
| ىجاز د يتخط كننده كاشاختى كارڈ/ پاسپور نے نبر(غیرملکی کی صورت میں )(فوٹو کا پی منسلک کی جائے) |  |
|                                                                                               |  |

خصوصي امور

ايجنڈانمبر5

اس قرارداد پربطور خصوصی قرارداد، مع ترمیم/ تبدیلی یا بلاتر میم کے نور دخوض کرنا اور منظور کرنا:

پاکستان ریفائنز کی کمیٹڈ ("پی آرایل") سے تنخید شدہ ایف ای ای ڈی (FEED) اخراجات کی باقی ماندہ ادائیکیوں کے معاطر کو بورڈ آف میٹجنٹ کے 26 اپریل 2024 وکو منعقدہ اجلاس میں بیش کیا گیا، جس میں مالی انتظامات کے لیے محقق پشز بیش کیے گئے تفصیلی غورہ خوض اور پریز میشنز کے بعد، بورڈ نے ادائیگی کے درج ذیل طریقہ کار کی منظوری کی سفارش کی، جو کہ سالا نہ اجلاس عام (اے بحی ایم) میں منظوری کے لیے بیش کی جارہی ہے:

" پی فیصلہ کیا گیا ہے کہ پی ایس او کے ارا کمین پی آرایل کے ایف ای ای ڈی اخراجات کے لیے 3.15 ارب روپے یا اس سے مساوی امر کی ڈالرز کی قم پی ایس او کی جانب سے پی آ رایل کو بطور قرضہ اد اکر نے کی منظور کی دیتے ہیں۔

مزيد فيصله كيا كياكه في آرايل كوقرض دينے كے ليے:

- پی ایس اومقامی بینکوں سے پاکستانی روپے میں قرض لے گی اورا سے مارکیٹ کی مسابقتی شرح (لیعنی اُسی یا زیادہ پر یمیم پر) پی آرایل کو بطور قرض فراہم کر کے گی جوالیں ای پی کی جانب سے ضرور کی منظور کی ہے شروط ہے۔
- پی آرایل پاکستانی روپے میں لی گٹی قرضے کی اس رقم سے امریکی ڈالرخرید ے گی ( فارورڈیا اسپاٹ کنٹریکٹس کے ذریعے )، تاکر چتمی ایف ای ای ڈی ادائیکیوں کی چکتائی کر کیے۔
- پی ایس او قرضے کی واپسی کاحق رکھتی ہے اور اے قرض کو ایکوئی میں تبدیل کرنے کا اختیار رکھتی ہے، جو ضرور کی
  منظور کی مشروط ہے۔ اس اختیار کو پی ایس او کے طویل مدتی مفادات کو مد نظر رکھتے ہوئے استعمال کیا جائے گا۔
- قرض کے طمن میں،اگر پی آرایل قرض کی والیتی میں ناکام ہوجائے تو اس قرض کی والیتی کے لیے پی ایس اوکو ( first Pari-Passu ) حاصل ہوگا۔ پیشرط پی آرایل کے ساتھ مالی معاہد کا حصہ بنائی جائے گی۔"

" هزید مید خصله کمیا که مذکوره بالاکو علی جامد پربنانے سے مقصد سے لیے، ینجنگ ڈائر یکٹراوری ای ادادر/ یا کمپنی تیکر یٹری کو انفرادی یا مشتر کہ طور پر بیداختیار دیا جاتا ہے کہ وہ تمام صروری کارروائیاں، امور اور معاملات انحبام دیں اور قانونی، کار پوریٹ اور طریقیہ کار کمیں جواس قراردادکوما فذکرنے کے لیے تمام صروری اقدامات کریں، اور وہ تمام دستاویزات/ریٹرز جمع کرائیں، جواس قراردادکوما فذکرنے کے لیے ضروری، موز دوں اور مطلوب ہوں۔"

#### ايجنڈانمبر6

مندرجهذيل قرارداد يرغور وخوض كرنااورا گرمناسب ،وتو،منظور كرنا:

' میہ فیصلہ کیا گیا کہ ( چیئر مین کے دستخط کے ساتھ پیش کر د ہ ) اسکیم آف ار ینجمن ( معود ہ ) کے مطابق (i) (الف) ڈیچی کیش یونٹ اور (ب) سولریونٹ کی پاکستان اسٹیٹ آکس کمپنی کمیٹر ( کمپنی ) سے تقدیم/ علیحدگی، (ii) ،اورڈیچی کیش یونٹ کا سیرزما ( پرائیویٹ ) کمیٹڈ میں انعام : اور (iii) سولریونٹ کا پی ایس اور کی نیوا بل از بی ( پرائیویٹ ) کمیٹڈ کے ساتھ انعام ، اور اس سے متعلق تمام ختنی امور، جو سندھ پائی کورٹ ، کرا چی کی جانب سے عائمہ کر کردہ کوئی بھی تر امیم/ تبدیلیوں یا شرائط سے مشکن وط ہے، نیرکیپنیز ایک ، 2017ء کی د فعات 1929 سے اور افستار کی ماتھوا ت کے مطابق سندھ پائی کورٹ ، کرا چی کی منظور کی سے شروط ہے بذریعہ بلا امنظور اور افستار کیے جاتے ہیں ۔

" مزید میڈ صلد کمایا گیا که ند کوره بالاکو تلکی جامد پرہنانے کے مقتصد کے لیے، یتبجتگ ڈائر کیٹراوری ای اداور/یا کمپنی تیکریٹر کی کو بذریعہ بلا اافغراد کی یامشتر کہ طور پر بیاد ختیا ردیا جاتا ہے کہ وہ تما مضرور کی کا رروائیاں ، اموراور معاملات انجام دی جواس قرار داد کے من وعن نفاذ کے لیے ضرور کی اور موز وں سمجھ جائیں۔"

### بول کے لیے مدایات

| 1۔ براہ کرم متعلقہ خانے میں (۷) کا نشان لگا کراپنے ووٹ کا اظہار کریں۔                                          |                   |          |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|----------|
| 2_اگردونوں خانوں میں (۷) کانشان لگایا گیا ہوتو آپکاووٹ "مستر د" سمجھا جائے گا۔                                 |                   |          |
| میں/ ہم اس قرارداد کے حوالے سے بیلٹ کے ذریعة اپنی رائے کا اظہار کرتا ہوں/کرتے میں اور یٹیجد یے گئے متعلقہ خانے |                   |          |
| میں (۷) کا نشان لگا کر قرارداد کے حق یا مخالفت میں اپنی رائے خاہر کر تا /کرتے ہیں؟                             |                   |          |
| میں/ہم قرارداد کے                                                                                              | میں/ہم قرارداد کے | قراردادي |

| مخالفت میں ہیں (نہیں ) | حق میں بیں (ہاں) |                                  |
|------------------------|------------------|----------------------------------|
|                        |                  | ایجنڈا آئٹم نمبر 5کے لیے قرارداد |
|                        |                  | ایجنڈا آئٹم نمبر6کے لیے قرارداد  |

- 1۔ ووٹ شدہ بیلٹ پیرکو بنام چیئر میں، بورڈ آف میٹجنٹ، پاکستان اسٹیٹ آئک کمپنی کمیٹر، پی ایس اوہاؤس، خیابانِ اقبال کلفٹن کراچی پر جیجبتا ہوگا، یا دی میل کے زریعے amir.ali@psopk.com پر جیجا جائے گا۔
  - 2۔ شاختی کارڈ/ پاسپورٹ (غیرملکی کی صورت میں ) کی فوٹو کاپی پوٹٹل ہیلٹ فارم کے ساتھ منسلک ہونی چاہیے۔
  - 3۔ میٹ پیرکوکا روباری اوقات کے دوران، 23 اکتو بر 2024ء سے پہلے یا اس تاریخ پر چیئر مین کے پاس پینچ جا چاہیے۔اس تاریخ کے بعد موصول ہونے والے کسی بیٹل میڈ کو دونٹک میں شامل نہیں کیا جائے گا۔
    - 4۔ بیلٹ ہیپر پرموجودد شخط کا شاختی کا رڈ/ پاسپورٹ ( غیرمککی کی صورت میں ) پرموجود د شخط ہے مماثل ہونالا زمی ہے۔
    - 5- نامكمل، بغيرد سخط، غلططور پرجرا كيا، خسته حال، بيشا ہوا، خراب ياكانٹ چھانٹ شدہ بيلٹ پير مستر دكرد بے جائيں گ۔
    - 6۔ کسی ادارے، کار پوریشن یاد فاقی تحکومت کا نمائندہ ہونے کی صورت میں بیلٹ پیر فارم کے ساتھ، مجاذ فحض کے شاختی کارڈ کی نفل، بورڈ کی قرار داد،/ پاورآف اٹارنی،/متنار نامے وغیرہ کی صدقہ فو کو کی منسلک ہونا لازمی ہے، جناب کی نیز کا یک معدقہ فو کو کی منسلک ہونا لازمی ہے، جیسا کی پینزا یک، 2017ء کی دفعہ 138 یا 139 کے مطابق ضروری ہے۔
    - 7۔ یلیٹ پیر فارم سمپنی کی ویب سائٹ www.psopk.com پر بھی موجود ہے۔ارا کمین ویب سائٹ سے بیلٹ پیرڈا ڈن لوڈ کر سکتے ہیں۔

شیئر ہولڈر/نمائند ے کے دشخط/مجاز د شخط کنندہ ( کارپوریٹ ادارہ ہونے کی صورت میں براہ م ہرانی کمپنی کی مہرلگا ئیں )

تاريخ:\_\_\_\_



PSO House, Khayaban-e-lqbal, Clifton, Karachi-75600, Pakistan. UAN: (92-21) 111-111-PSO (776) | Ta'aluq Care Line: 0800-03000 | Website: www.psopk.com